

# Timer-Based Animation

## Timer-Based Animation

Jerry Cain  
CS 106J  
April 24, 2017

### Timer Events

- The programs you saw on Friday responded to mouse events by adding an event listener to the `GWindow` object.
- JavaScript also allows you to listen for *timer events*, which occur after a specified time interval.
- As with mouse events, you specify the listener for a timer event in the form of a callback function that is automatically invoked at the end of the time interval.
- You can add animation to a JavaScript program by setting a timer for a short interval and having the callback function make small updates to the graphical objects in the window.
- If the time interval is short enough (typically between 20 and 30 milliseconds), the animation will appear smooth to the human eye.

### Timeouts

- JavaScript supports two kinds of timers. A *one-shot timer* invokes its callback function once after a specified delay. You create a one-shot timer by calling

```
setTimeout(function, delay);
```

where *function* is the callback function and *delay* is the time interval in milliseconds.

- An *interval timer* invokes its callback function repeatedly at regular intervals. You create an interval timer by calling

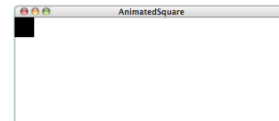
```
setInterval(function, delay);
```

The `setInterval` function returns a numeric value that you can later use to stop the timer by calling `clearTimeout` with that numeric value as an argument.

### A Simple Example of Animation

```
function AnimatedSquare() {  
  var gw = GWindow(GWINDOW_WIDTH, GWINDOW_HEIGHT);  
  var dx = (gw.getWidth() - SQUARE_SIZE) / N_STEPS;  
  var dy = (gw.getHeight() - SQUARE_SIZE) / N_STEPS;  
  var square = GRect(0, 0, SQUARE_SIZE, SQUARE_SIZE);  
  square.setFilled(true);  
  gw.add(square);  
  var stepCount = 0;  
  var step = function() . . .  
  var timer = setInterval(step, TIME_STEP);  
}
```

gw	dx	dy	square	stepCount	step	timer
	4.5	2.5	■	0	...	id



### A Simple Example of Animation

```
function AnimatedSquare() {  
  function() {  
    square.move(dx, dy);  
    stepCount++;  
    if (stepCount === N_STEPS) clearTimeout(timer);  
  }  
}
```

gw	dx	dy	square	stepCount	step	timer
	4.5	2.5	■	100	...	id

