

Grounded language understanding: Listeners: From language to the world

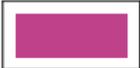
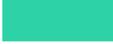
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Stanford Linguistics

CS224u: Natural language understanding

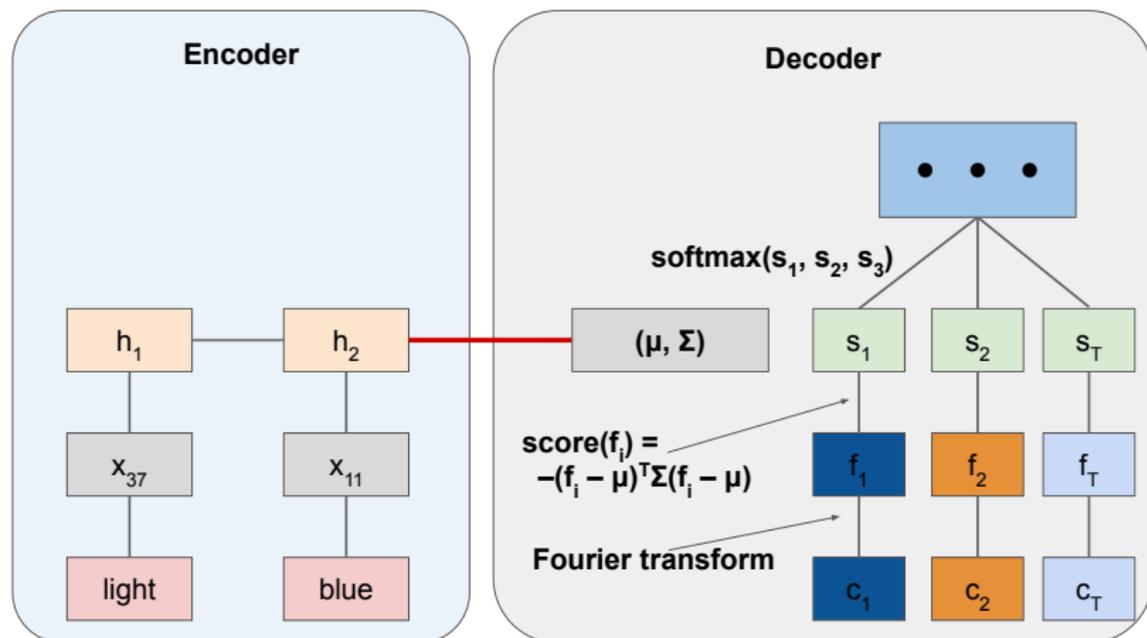


Color interpreter: Task formulation and data

	Context			Utterance
				blue
				The darker blue one
				teal not the two that are more green
				dull pink not the super bright one
				not any of the regular greens
				Purple
				blue

Stanford Colors in Context corpus
(Monroe et al. 2017)

A neural listener model



Other ideas and datasets

- **NLU classifiers** are very simple listeners: they consume language and make an inference in a structured space.
- **Semantic parsers** are very complex listeners: they consume language, construct rich latent representations, and predict into structured output spaces.
- **Scene generation** is the task of mapping language to structured representations of visual scenes (Seversky and Yin 2006; Chang et al. 2014, 2015).
- Young et al. (2014) seek to learn visual denotations for linguistic expressions.
- Mei et al. (2015) develop essentially a seq2seq version of the above model: given a linguistic input, they predict action sequences. (Kai Sheng Tai did his 2015 CS224u project on this, working at the same time as Mei et al.!)
- Suhr et al. (2019): Released the CerealBar data and game engine for learning to execute instructions.

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