

Lecture 4 Quiz

⚠ This is a preview of the published version of the quiz

Started: Apr 14 at 9:25pm

Quiz Instructions

Choose the best answer for each question. You may look back at lectures and notes.

Question 1

1 pts

F and Z are coefficients for

- Neither of these
- Longitudinal and Transverse bases, respectively
- Transverse and Longitudinal bases, respectively

Question 2

1 pts

If the non-zero EPG coefficients are $F_{-2} = i$ the equivalence magnetization is

- $M_x = \cos(4\pi z)$, $M_y = -\sin(4\pi z)$
- $M_x = -\sin(4\pi z)$, $M_y = -\cos(4\pi z)$
- $M_x = \sin(4\pi z)$, $M_y = \cos(4\pi z)$
- $M_x = \cos(4\pi z)$, $M_y = +\sin(4\pi z)$

Question 3

1 pts

On EPG F and Z coefficients, the effect of relaxation (with E1 and E2 defined as previously) is to

- None of these
- Attenuate all F states by E2, all Z states by E1
- Attenuate all F states by E2, all Z states by E1, and add (1-E1) to Z0
- Attenuate all F states by E2, all Z states by E1, and add (1-E1) to all Z states

Question 4

1 pts

The effect of a *negative* unit gradient on a non-zero state F_1^+ is to

- Refocus the magnetization to F0
- None of these
- Mix magnetization between states of order 1
- Dephase the magnetization to a 2nd-order state

Question 5

1 pts

The rotation matrix due to precession in EPG takes the form

- $R = [\exp(i\theta) \exp(-i\theta) \exp(i\theta)]$ (transpose)
- $R = [\exp(i\theta) \exp(i\theta) 1]$ (transpose)

None of these

$R = [\exp(i\theta) \exp(-i\theta) \ 1]$ (transpose)

Question 6

1 pts

If $Z_2 = 0.25 + 0.25i$ then the longitudinal magnetization is

$0.5\cos(2\pi z) - 0.5\sin(2\pi z)$

$0.5\cos(2\pi z) + 0.5\sin(2\pi z)$

$0.25\cos(2\pi z) - 0.25\sin(2\pi z)$

$0.25\cos(2\pi z) + 0.25\sin(2\pi z)$

Question 7

1 pts

When magnetization passes from F^+ states to F^- , then is refocused subsequently without passing through a Z state, this is

a stimulated echo

both spin echo and stimulated echo

gradient spoiling

a spin echo

Question 8

1 pts

When dephased magnetization passes through a Z state, and is subsequently refocused, this is

- a spin echo
- both a spin echo and a stimulated echo
- gradient spoiling
- a stimulated echo

Question 9

1 pts

To generate 2 cycles of twist in magnetization from an F_0 state you can

- apply a unit gradient and an RF pulse
- apply 2 unit gradients
- apply 2 RF pulses
- apply 2 RF pulses and a unit gradient

Question 10

1 pts

The transverse EPG basis functions are best described as

- integer numbers of positive and negative twists (transverse magnetization) and integer numbers of sine/cosine cycles (longitudinal magnetization)
- integer numbers of negative twists (transverse magnetization) and integer numbers of sine/cosine cycles (longitudinal magnetization)

integer numbers of positive twists (transverse magnetization) and integer numbers of sine/cosine cycles (longitudinal magnetization)

integer numbers of positive and negative twists (transverse magnetization) and integer numbers of cosine cycles (longitudinal magnetization)

Quiz saved at 9:25pm

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