Online Learning Materials for Non-Heritage Students

Columbia University

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Rationale (1/3)

Non-heritage vs. Heritage students

1st year

AATK 2012
Rationale (2/3)

Non-heritage vs. Heritage students

2nd year

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<tr>
<td>(%)</td>
<td>85</td>
<td>89</td>
<td>72</td>
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<td>Heritage (%)</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>11</td>
<td>28</td>
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Rationale (3/3)

- Non-heritage students' needs
- Why online materials?
Outline

- Campus-based project
- Language Resource Center
- INTEGRATED KOREAN
  KLEAR textbooks
  Beginning 1 & 2 (2nd edition)
  Intermediate 1 & 2

AATK 2012
Design

- **Pre-lesson**
  - Han'gŭl and pronunciation / expressions

- **Lesson**
  - Conversations
  - New Words and Expressions
  - Grammar Exercises
  - Drills
  - Listening Activities
  - Narration
  - Culture
  - Extra Reading (Intermediate)
Learning Materials

- **Pre-lesson**
  - Han'gŭl and pronunciation / expressions

- **Lesson 16**
  - Conversations
  - New Words and Expressions
  - Grammar Exercises
  - Drills: Substitution, Pattern, Response, Integration, Expansion
  - Narration
Listening Activities (1/3)

Dictation and Translation

1. Listen and write down the expressions.

2. Translate the Korean sentences into English.
Listening Activities (2/3)

Listening comprehension

1. Listen to the dialogue, then mark down each statement true or false.

2. Listen to the (extended) narration, then mark each statement true or false.
Listening Activities (3/3)

Listening and writing

1. Listen to the questions that are addressed to the student.

2. Write down the questions and answer them.
CULTURE

음식 문화 (Food culture)

The importance of rice in the Korean diet cannot be overemphasized. In fact, various terms are used to differentiate rice in different stages: rice seedlings are called 모, rice plants growing in a paddy are called 비, processed rice without coating is called 밥, and cooked rice ready to be served is called 밥. Considering the centrality of rice in the Korean diet, it is no coincidence that 밥 refers to an entire meal as well.

A typical Korean meal would start with a bowl of rice and a bowl of soup in front of you. The rice is placed on the left and the soup on the right. Next to the soup are a pair of chopsticks and a spoon. In the common area of the table is food to share. Koreans share food with others at the same table and don’t usually mind eating directly from the shared dishes. It is thought to be impolite to make loud sounds when you eat, and you are encouraged not to hold up your bowl of rice with your hands.

Even though 불고기 and 김치 might be the best-known Korean dishes to the world, the single most popular food for eating out in Korea is 삼겹살. It is the part of the pig that comes from the belly and has layers of fat on one end. The most popular way to eat it is to wrap the roasted 삼겹살 in a piece of lettuce with such vegetables as garlic, green onion, and chili, and add a special sauce before you pop it into your mouth. 소주 is a popular liquor Koreans enjoy with 삼겹살.
Extra Reading

- Intermediate Korean
- Authentic materials
  - Edited
  - Reading comprehension (True / False)
Computer

- **Software**
  - Drupal (platform)
  - Audacity (audio)
  - Adobe Acrobat (image)
  - Adobe Fireworks (image)
  - Adobe Flash (audio & animation)
  - Window Live Movie Maker (video) and others

- **Video**
  - Language Resource Center:
    media hosting & video format conversion
Evaluation
Thank You!

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