## NO. 137, ORIGINAL

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## IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES

STATE OF MONTANA,	)
Plaintiff,	)
vs.	) No. 220137 ORG
STATE OF WYOMING and	)
STATE OF NORTH DAKOTA,	)
Defendants.	)
	)

## TRANSCRIPT OF TELEPHONIC PROCEEDINGS

STATUS CONFERENCE

DECEMBER 13, 2012

Reported by: Antonia Sueoka, RPR, CSR No. 9007

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     11:03 a.m. before Antonia Sueoka, Certified Shorthand
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     Reporter, CSR No. 9007, RPR, in and for the state of
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     California,
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1 THURSDAY, DECEMBER 13, 2012, 11:03 A.M. 2 3 SPECIAL MASTER THOMPSON: Why don't we go on the 4 record. 5 This is a status conference in State of Montana vs. State of Wyoming and State of North Dakota, which is 6 7 Number 137 Original in the Supreme Court of the United 8 States. 9 And why don't we begin by having identification of counsel. So we'll start as always with the State of 10 11 Montana. 12 MR. DRAPER: Good morning, Your Honor. This is 13 John Draper. Also appearing this morning by telephone is Jennifer Anders from the State of Montana. 14 15 SPECIAL MASTER THOMPSON: Thank you, very much, 16 Mr. Draper. 17 And next is Wyoming? MR. KASTE: Good morning, Your Honor. This is 18 James Kaste on behalf of the State of Wyoming. With me 19 today is Peter Michael and David Willms. 20 21 SPECIAL MASTER THOMPSON: Thank you, Mr. Kaste. 22 So next, State of North Dakota? 23 MS. VERLEGER: Jennifer Verleger. 24 SPECIAL MASTER THOMPSON: Thank you very much. And then we have Amicus United States? 25

1 MR. DuBOIS: James DuBois for the United States, 2 Your Honor. Good morning. 3 SPECIAL MASTER THOMPSON: Good morning, 4 Mr. DuBois. 5 And then next, North Cheyenne Tribe? MS. WHITEING: Yes. This is Jeanne Whiteing for 6 7 the Tribe. SPECIAL MASTER THOMPSON: Thank you very much. 8 9 Good morning, Ms. Whiteing. And then finally, Anadarko? 10 MR. WIGMORE: Yes, Your Honor. Michael Wigmore 11 12 of Bingham McCutchen for Anadarko. 13 SPECIAL MASTER THOMPSON: Thank you. 14 So the things that I wanted to cover this morning were, first of all, just get an update on the status of 15 16 discovery and see whether or not there are any disputes 17 that need to be raised this morning, and then, second of 18 all, I just wanted to talk just very briefly about the Renewed Motion for Partial Summary Judgment and Montana's 19 20 submission last Friday. And then I also just wanted to 21 alert everyone that I'll probably be putting in a fee 22 motion to the Supreme Court within the next week or two. 23 So let's start with discovery. And I got last 24 week both of the two parties' discovery update, but I'm

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just curious, are people holding depositions again this

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1 | week?

2 MR. DRAPER: Your Honor, this is John Draper --

3 (Interruption)

4 SPECIAL MASTER THOMPSON: Mr. Draper, why don't

5 you start over.

MR. DRAPER: Okay. In answer to your question,
Your Honor, we have conducted depositions in Sheridan
yesterday, and so we have completed the depositions that
we were expecting to take this week. And we're working on
completing our expert reports.

We do have some remaining concerns that we have spoken to Wyoming about getting together to work out.

We're hopeful that we can do that, but we don't have anything in the category of discovery disputes to bring to you this morning.

And, as I say, we're continuing to work in accordance with deadlines that have been imposed to provide our expert disclosures by January 4.

And as part of our expert report preparation, we came to the determination yesterday that we will not be pursuing any claims on the Powder River, the Powder River Basin at this time. So I wanted to let you and Wyoming know that immediately. And so that's just a very recent result of our work and preparation.

SPECIAL MASTER THOMPSON: So that -- go ahead.

MR. DRAPER: That covers our status at the moment.

SPECIAL MASTER THOMPSON: Okay. And so that's -- so that's very helpful. Thank you for that update.

Now, when we talked several weeks ago, there were some disputes regarding documents and information on various water claims. Is that part of what you're still working out with Wyoming?

MR. DRAPER: Yes. This is John Draper, again, Your Honor.

Yes. As you know, we did resolve certain disputes in conjunction with the last status conference, and we were given access to the materials that we had asked for. We still have some lingering concerns that we are hopeful will be resolved in a telephone conference tomorrow.

SPECIAL MASTER THOMPSON: Okay. Thanks.

And so, Mr. Kaste?

MR. KASTE: I think Mr. Draper has pretty well accurately outlined the course of discovery in the last two weeks. We had three depositions up in Sheridan yesterday, no additional depositions have been scheduled at this time. And we anticipate having a call tomorrow between the parties to discuss the narrowing that we discussed of the discovery requests and trying to hone in

on those things that we can easily find for Montana. And we -- I'm not sure exactly what -- how they're going to approach that and how they're going to ask for it, but we'll do what we can to accommodate their requests tomorrow.

SPECIAL MASTER THOMPSON: Okay. So if you need to call me for any reason in connection with that discovery, I will be in town. And, in fact, I will tell you right now, I will be in town through December 29th. I then will disappear for a couple of days to go down to Pasadena for a Bowl Game, but otherwise I'll be here.

MR. KASTE: I want to bring -- this is James
Kaste -- a matter, I guess, up and get it on everybody's radar.

The State of Wyoming anticipates in the very near future -- and when I'm saying "near future," I mean like tomorrow and next week -- beginning to issue subpoenas for the production of documents to various water users in the State of Montana.

Obviously, in light of the representation made this morning, the number of subpoenas is going to drop somewhat by eliminating water users along the Powder River basin, but there are significant number of water users in the Tongue River Basin who we will be sending subpoenas to obtain information about their water use and calls

regulations and things of that sort.

There are two things that I want to mention about that. One ties into the discussion we're going to have here in a minute about the additional materials that Montana submitted with regard to the Renewed Motion for Summary Judgment. As these subpoenas are currently being drafted, we're going to be asking water users in the State of Montana on the Tongue River Basin for information related to all the years that are in issue currently.

If we were able to know what the final determination is going to be with regard to the years in issue, obviously, we would limit our subpoenas to those years. You know, if it was two years, four years, or if it's the full nine years, whatever it is, that's the subpoena the folks are going to get. And so to, you know, limit the burden as much as we all possibly can on these various citizens, the sooner we know what that final outcome is going to be, the better.

I have sat on these subpoenas for a while, but, you know, it's beginning to be our turn to go out and talk to folks and take depositions about what went on in Montana during the periods in issue, and so I can't really sit on issuing these subpoenas much longer.

The second issue with regard to these subpoenas is that there are about eight of them that are going to go

to like, I think, six to water users and two to water commissioners that the State of Montana identified in their joint -- or in their initial witness list as folks that should be contacted through counsel for the State of Wyoming. And I just want to have it clear between counsel and the Court that if these subpoenas are sent directly to counsel for the State of Montana, that that is an effective mechanism of service because these individuals are not employed by the State of Montana, the water commissioners and some of the water users, and I think they're the -- kind of the big ones on the Tongue River, but they're not in Montana's actual control.

And I'm more than happy to have them served, like any other water user, but if that's -- if that's not everybody's preference, I'm more than happy to send it directly to counsel for the State of Montana. I kind of just want some direction mostly so that we don't cause any confusion about that.

SPECIAL MASTER THOMPSON: So just to clarify for me, so there are a total of eight of the subpoenas that you plan to issue that will go to individuals that Montana in prior documents asked that you contact through them rather than directly, and then in addition to that, there are a number of other subpoenas that you'll be issuing directly to other individuals.

MR. KASTE: That's correct. Just regular citizens in Montana who have water rights along the Tongue and whose irrigation is an issue.

SPECIAL MASTER THOMPSON: Okay. So I think,
Mr. Draper, that Mr. Kaste's last question was really
addressed to you as to whether or not, given that you've
requested that he contact those eight individuals through
you, whether or not that is an appropriate service.

MR. DRAPER: Your Honor, this is John Draper.

Yes, we hadn't heard about this before this call. I would suggest that Wyoming provide us draft subpoenas to us, and then that will be a subject of discussion at our conference call tomorrow so that we can minimize any confusion and make it as streamlined as possible for everyone concerned. And we are certainly happy to cooperate with that to achieve that goal.

MR. KASTE: Your Honor, this is James Kaste.

I will e-mail counsel from Montana the list of individuals that I'm interested in after this call, and then when we speak tomorrow, then they can tell me up or down whether they want the subpoena directly to the individual or to counsel.

MR. DRAPER: Your Honor, John Draper.

That's fine with me.

SPECIAL MASTER THOMPSON: Okay. Great. And

again, I'll be available up until December 21st. If you
need to set up a time when we can meet and discuss any
discovery issues, then you can e-mail or contact

Ms. Carter on that, and she can find a time as quickly as
possible for us to meet over the telephone.

After January -- I'm sorry, after December 21, the university closes down, and so at that point, probably the easiest thing to do will be to send me an e-mail directly because there will be no other way to alert me to that and then I can set something up. And what I'll ask Ms. Carter do is to, well, send my e-mail around to everybody so that you have that available.

MR. DRAPER: This is John Draper.

Thank you, Your Honor.

SPECIAL MASTER THOMPSON: Anything else on discovery for the moment?

MR. KASTE: Not from the State of Wyoming.

SPECIAL MASTER THOMPSON: Okay. Thank you.

Finally, my intent then is the supplemental evidence that Montana produced in response to my order.

And so I've reviewed this, and I can tell you that, you know, sort of preliminarily, that although -- you know, again, this is not everything that I'd hoped for and would like memories to -- well, to be better, that for the 2000

years -- 2000, 2001, 2002, and 2003 -- that in those

years, my inclination is to permit Montana to present evidence on damages in those particular years, recognizing that that would not be resolving the ultimate question as to whether or not Montana can claim those, but that they at least can present evidence.

I'm more uncertain about the years in the 1980s, in part because the information that is provided is much less detailed and more spotty, which might be -- to be expected given the difficulties of actually recalling events back at that point in time.

And so I would love to actually hear a little bit from both sides as to their thoughts as to those years, that's the 1987, 1988, and 1989 years, and maybe start with Montana.

So I've read through your papers, Mr. Draper, and I understand entirely your point that given the particular way in which original jurisdiction cases are tried, that as a general matter I should error in favor of permitting full development of the record so that we don't end up in a situation where the Supreme Court disagrees with me on the years in which you should have been able to present evidence and then we're all back here four or five years from now having to present evidence on those particular years.

At the same time, I also do not want to take up

an immense amount of counsel time, counsel expense,

witness time trying years that ultimately you're unable to

convince me and then the Court that you actually should

have been able to present evidence of damages.

So that, as always, is my quandary on this, and would love to -- if you have any additional thoughts to those that you had presented in your -- in your brief in support of the supplemental evidence, I would love to give you the opportunity.

MR. DRAPER: Your Honor, this is John Draper.

One point that I think might be helpful to mention is the distinction here between liability and damages, this has been with me, pursuant to the Memorandum of the Special Master on Wyoming's Renewed Motion for Partial Summary Judgment (Notice Requirement For Damages). And I think that expresses well the distinction I just want to remind everyone else, and that is between liability and remedies, damages is a remedy and liability, on the other hand, is -- which I -- that's the state of the case we're in now, relates to whether there's a violation and the amount of the violations, as opposed to any remedy for that violation.

So I view this particular ruling as really focused more on the issues that will be addressed as necessary in the remedies phase of the case. It may be

that there are violations of the Compact, for instance, that Your Honor will rule that even if there were violations, the notice was insufficient, and therefore, no remedy would be provided for those in terms of damages or under compensation. So I just wanted to make sure that that distinction was clear.

And as I think Your Honor is aware, as we get back in time, it is harder to identify as specifically the notices and conversations that would qualify as notice of a violation from Montana to Wyoming. But I would -- I would point out that typically in the Tongue River Basin, the pre-Compact rights have to start calling for stored water by mid-July, specifically, even in relatively normal years. And that means that the supply through direct flows for those pre-Compact rights has become insufficient. And at that point there is, I think, an obvious situation where those pre-Compact rights are not being satisfied, which I think is a generally known condition.

And it's in that context that we're trying -that we did our best in our submittal to find specific
instances where there has been communications that could
be identified at this date that might help in providing
more specific information for you.

So I think maybe that's what I can add at this

1 point, Your Honor.

SPECIAL MASTER THOMPSON: So let me ask you two or three questions.

entirely your distinction between liability and damages.

Although we haven't talked about this before, I think

it's, you know, an interesting question. I have to take a

look back at the cases and prior rulings as to whether or

not the issue of notice here goes to just damages or

whether or not it's really an issue of liability as to

whether or not there's even an obligation to provide water

unless there is -- unless there's notice.

But assume for the moment that the issue is simply one of damages. So I guess I'm struggling with if, in fact, you knew that you couldn't present damages -- evidence for damages in particular years, why you would still be arguing over liability; in other words, what's the relevance of liability here for those prior years if there's no damages?

MR. DRAPER: Your Honor, this is John Draper.

The relevance, I believe, is that it shows that indeed there has been violations in the past of the requirements of the Compact and that an appropriate decree needs to be entered against allowing those violations to occur in the future.

SPECIAL MASTER THOMPSON: Okay. I understand that.

Okay. So then a second question I had, and you might not know the answer to this, I was curious, in the declaration of Richard Moy, he has in Paragraph 24, which is on Page 6 of his declaration, a statement that during these informal meetings, and he talked the year before -- I'm sorry, in the paragraph above about various informal meetings during the drought years of '87, '88, and '89. It says: "During these informal meetings from 1987 to 1989, I personally informed Wyoming water officials that Montana was not receiving sufficient water to satisfy its pre-1950 water rights."

And then on Page 8, and this is the very end of Paragraph 35, he says: "I believe I informed Wyoming that Montana was not receiving sufficient water to satisfy its pre-1950 water rights in the following years," and he now lists '88 and '89 and he no longer lists '87. And I just want to make sure that when I do rule on this, that I have, you know, an accurate record.

Do you have any reason -- do you know why there's that discrepancy or do you think its a typo?

MR. DRAPER: Your Honor, my first reaction -this is John Draper again. My first reaction is that it's
a typo and that that year was inadvertently left out of

- 1 | that list.
- 2 SPECIAL MASTER THOMPSON: Okay. Thanks.
- And how easy is it to reach Mr. Moy and verify
- 4 that?
- 5 MR. DRAPER: I believe we can reach him and
- 6 | verify that and provide that clarification to you and the
- 7 parties.
- 8 SPECIAL MASTER THOMPSON: Okay. That would be
- 9 useful, if you could. I think no matter which way I go on
- 10 these years, I think that's useful for the record.
- So, Mr. Kaste, your thoughts.
- MR. KASTE: Well, I get the impression that my
- 13 thoughts are limited to the '80s.
- 14 | SPECIAL MASTER THOMPSON: As I said, that's just
- 15 | my initial inclination having read these papers, so feel
- 16 | free to address the 2000s if you want to.
- MR. KASTE: Well, clearly, I think the 1980s
- 18 | stand out in terms of the quality of the evidence
- 19 | presented in the supplemental materials, it is
- 20 | qualitatively similar to the preexisting evidence in that
- 21 | it is so inspecific -- or unspecific in its particulars as
- 22 | to be unhelpful.
- I think that as it relates to 1987 and 1988 and
- 24 | 1989, at best we can glean from Mr. Moy's supplemental
- 25 | affidavit, that he had a communication at some point

during the year. It's not clear from the content of his affidavit when during the year. It appears that it occurred during Compact commission meetings and the informal meetings that are associated with the formal Compact commission meetings which, of course, occur outside of the irrigation season.

And I think -- I mean, the easiest way to address the 1980s here is to look at that portion of your draft ruling that says that if a specific date can't be identified, we'll assume it's the last date in that period. And in light of Mr. Moy's supplemental affidavit, I think we should assume it's the last day in the water year and that those years are really off of the table.

And frankly, there's just no -- nothing new that was submitted that would lead us to a different conclusion as it relates to those years. And it would be an awful lot simpler for the folks on both sides of the case and the folks on the ground in Montana and Wyoming who are going to be asked to provide information about these claims if we're just talking about things that occurred at least in the last 12 years, as opposed to the last 20.

The pragmatic effect of that ruling isn't really a good basis for throwing out all those years, but I just note that it would make a lot of people's lives easier.

And there's just nothing new in there.

As it relates to the 2000s, I think we do need to focus very heavily on the representation essentially that while we made these communications during the irrigation season and you look at the declaration of Mr. Stults and the best he can do is to stay, "Well, it was May or June of 2001 and 2002," and this isn't much more specific than what we got before. I think at a minimum, those claims in years preceding 2004 and 2006 have to be limited to at most the end of June in any given year.

You know, as it relates to the communications, the evidence before you from our side, of course, is clear and definitive from the supposed recipients of these communications. I will tell you, and it's entirely up to you and what your preference is, there have been some depositions taken, and I see that you were provided with some deposition testimony by the State of Montana, but there is other deposition testimony that has been developed subsequent to the original hearing on this matter, particularly from Mr. Mike Whitaker, who is the supposed recipient of these communications, Ms. Sue Lowry, another supposed recipient, who were asked point-blank whether they ever received a call, and the answer was, no, in no uncertain terms.

We could submit those portions of those transcripts to you, if you thought that that would be

valuable. If you don't think that that would be valuable to your determination, that's okay. But I think, you know, at end of the day, this is the case about 2004 and 2006, and these remaining years, the evidence just isn't in there, it's just not available to us.

And, of course, it makes all the sense in the world that we have no trouble finding that a call was made in 2004 and 2006 because Montana wrote a letter. There's documentation of this event. And, you know, perhaps it doesn't meet the standard, but you have to ask yourself, if Montana really made a call in these other years, wouldn't one of these employees have written it down somewhere?

I mean, it strikes me as sort of outside the bounds of reality that nobody working in the State of Montana would have written that down anywhere. And I think the sooner we get this case narrowed down to 2004 and 2006, the better off we'll all be.

And like I said, we can submit something in writing and we can make more formal arguments to you if you would like. I don't know whether we have much more to say than what we said in our earlier pleadings, but I do know that I'd very much like to get started on sending out subpoenas to folks and knowing from you what years are really going to be an issue going forward would be very

helpful to us and helpful to the folks that are going to have to respond to these subpoenas.

SPECIAL MASTER THOMPSON: No, I understand the desire to, well, narrow down the case, and the Summary Judgment Motion is the appropriate way of doing that. At the same time, I can't judge credibility in this particular motion.

And so looking at the years from 2000 to 2003 at this particular point in time, yeah, there's a number of very explicit statements in Mr. Stults' declaration that, for example, in 2002 and 2003 he did notify Wyoming officials, including Pat Tyrrell and Sue Lowry of water shortages, and he did that in May and June, and statements, for example, earlier in Paragraph 15 with respect to concerns about the irrigation methods throughout the irrigation season, especially during the drought years of 2000, 2001, 2002, and 2003.

I'm not sure what deposition statements from, for example, Ms. Lowry and -- I'm sorry. Yeah, Ms. Lowry -- and I've now lost my place -- and Mr. Tyrrell, how that can help me on the Summary Judgment Motion.

MR. KASTE: No, I understand completely, Your Honor, that you're not being asked to weigh the credibility at this phase of the litigation. And so that's why I say if you want them, we can provide them to

you. If not, we're happy to go forward without doing that and present their testimony at trial.

I guess the only other thing that I would say is, you know, when you look at Mr. Stults' affidavit, he says in Paragraph 20, "I notified Pat Tyrrell and Sue Lowry of water shortages at a specific point in time."

And that's all well and good, but a call is more than that. A call is a request for water. A call is request for action by the State of Wyoming, and all he says about that is, "My intent was to make a verbal request for water."

And by the virtue of saying that was his intent, he sort of admits that he didn't actually do it.

And that's the problem with Montana's evidence as it relates to these years outside of 2004 and 2006 where they actually made a specific request is that they have indicated, Mr. Stults says, "Well, I intended to do it," and that's not good enough.

He actually has to do it in order to put us on notice that they're making a call, and that's where their allegations fall short.

And so I think you'd be perfectly within the bounds of reason and within the law to throw out the years 2000, 2001, 2002, and 2003 based on this implicit admission that the call wasn't made.

SPECIAL MASTER THOMPSON: Okay. So, Mr. Draper, any response?

MR. DRAPER: Your Honor, this is John Draper.

I think, Mr. Kaste's comment show the reason why summary judgment is not appropriate here because it does require weighing competing statements and competing inferences for someone to take the position that when a downstream water user tells an upstream water user that they are out of water and need water, that that somehow does not amount to notice sufficient to require them to pass down whatever water they're obligated by law to do, seems to be taking an inference, at the very least, in a direction that is not appropriate for summary judgment.

So I would -- and this is -- as I mentioned earlier, this is all done in the context that it's well known when water users in Montana start taking water from Tongue River Reservoir and that means that their direct flow rights are not being satisfied. And for them to say, "Oh, well, we are" -- "under these" -- "in this context and getting specific additional statements from Montana officials is not sufficient to put us on notice," it seems to me that it's inappropriate to rule in favor of Wyoming under summary judgment under those circumstances.

SPECIAL MASTER THOMPSON: Okay. So I think at this stage, I note both side's positions and the arguments

1 in favor of it. What time is your meeting tomorrow 2 morning? 3 MR. KASTE: Your Honor, this is Mr. Kaste, and 4 it's tomorrow afternoon. 5 SPECIAL MASTER THOMPSON: Okay. MR. KASTE: And I think Mr. Wechsler might be 6 7 traveling, and so he was going to tell me what time worked best for him, so we haven't set a particular time tomorrow 8 9 for our conference. SPECIAL MASTER THOMPSON: Okay. Well, what I 10 will do is I will notify all the parties by tomorrow 11 12 morning what my final ruling is on these particular years 13 so then when you do have that conference discussion, you'll know which years you're talking about. 14 Thank you, Your Honor. 15 MR. KASTE: Great. 16 MR. MICHAEL: Your Honor, this is Peter Michael. 17 I wanted to throw my two cents in on an issue that Wyoming 18 actually hasn't responded to Mr. Draper about. 19 SPECIAL MASTER THOMPSON: Feel free to do so. 20 MR. MICHAEL: It was the distinction between 21 liability and damages? 22 SPECIAL MASTER THOMPSON: 23 MR. MICHAEL: My understanding from way back,

because I have discussed this with Mr. Draper many times,

and my understanding throughout this case up to this point

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has been that when we -- the reason, for example, I understood you to put on claim for damages in your -- on this issue of a call was because we were referring to what happened in the past. But surely, you know, to me the damage part of this case has been bifurcated and set aside for later proceedings. What we're talking about is quantifying damages.

The idea that -- you know, I see this maybe the camel's nose coming under the tent, where Montana at some point here is going to say, we don't have to prove in our liability case that there's a causation of some effect in Montana, that we can wait to do that as damages.

I don't think that's correct. I think the liability phase, you know, begins with, you know, there has to be some kind of violation that leads to, you know, a lack of water, and then they can go ahead and prove, you know, what they ought to get in monetary compensation in the bifurcated part of this case, but I don't think they get to walk away from in the first part of the case of proving causation of things that may have been done in Wyoming would have actually affected somebody in Montana.

And that's the way I've looked at it throughout.

I wanted to put that on that marker for Wyoming that
that's the way we see it, and I didn't want to leave that
unresponded to.

SPECIAL MASTER THOMPSON: Mr. Draper, did you want to say anything at this point?

MR. DRAPER: Yes, Your Honor. Thank you.

I think the distinction here is between a Compact violation and the damages arising from that violation.

Those are two quite distinct considerations. And Your Honor has ruled that in order to get damages for a violation, there had to be a call or a form of notice as you described in your memorandum decision. But that goes to the damages, whether they might be in monetary terms or what should be paid back in -- in response to those violations. That's a different consideration than whether the Compact was violated and by how much in terms of water.

So there is a -- there is a bit of a point that we do need to ultimately be clear on, but we are not anticipating addressing those remedy issues of damages in this first phase of trial. And it's the first phase that we're involved in here is were there violations, and if so, by how much?

So I think the way Mr. Michael described it was a little bit more responsive or expansive than that, and to the extent that it is, we wish to agree with him on that.

SPECIAL MASTER THOMPSON: So let me just see if I

1 understand.

Mr. Michael, if I understand your concern, it is the possibility that in this initial liability stage that Montana might come forward and argue that they can show liability on the part of Wyoming, and particularly that Wyoming has violated the Compact, without ever having to show whether or not there was insufficient water to actually meet the needs of any pre-1950 appropriators in Montana. Is that your concern?

MR. MICHAEL: That's correct, Your Honor. And that kind of pulls in what we were talking about earlier today which, you know, that calls would be part -- a precondition of Montana showing liability. A call -- and also, again, if somebody was ready, willing, and able to use the water; some things that we talked about back in 2011 when we were talking about some of the meanings of the difference between a mass delivery concept and any prior appropriation concept. We think all that, what you just said, and then the other things, the calls and futile calls, all that is part of the liability -- part of the liability case.

SPECIAL MASTER THOMPSON: And again, this has not been briefed and there's no motion in front of me, so I'm not in any way making a ruling at this point, but I will state that as I see this case at the moment that it -- you

know, that what Wyoming's obligation is to provide water 1 2 so that pre-1950 appropriate rights in Montana can be met, 3 and that would suggest that as part of the liability phase 4 that there would be a showing that, in fact, there was 5 inadequate water in Montana as a result of Wyoming actions 6 violative of the Compact that has presented 1950 7 appropriate rights being fulfilled in Montana. So does that help you, Mr. Wechsler --8 9 Mr. Michael? MR. MICHAEL: Yes, Your Honor. Thank you very 10 11 I think that really cleared the air nicely. 12 SPECIAL MASTER THOMPSON: Okay. Anything else? 13 Today, again, I appreciate the parties' time, talking about the Renewed Summary Judgment Motion. 14 15 MR. KASTE: Nothing from the State of Wyoming, 16 Your Honor. 17 MR. DRAPER: Nothing from the State of Montana, 18 Your Honor. SPECIAL MASTER THOMPSON: Okay. So the only 19 20 other thing I mentioned is I will be putting in a fee 21 request. I said last time I hadn't put in a fee request 22 because it just didn't seem like there were enough hours

24 appropriate for me to do it. And so I'll be doing it 25 probably in the next week or two.

to -- well, to justify it, but I think it's probably

23

The second reason I want to do it is that it's the easiest way of keeping all members of the U.S. Supreme Court informed as to the status of the case; I'll also use it to talk about where we are at the moment.

Okay?

So unless there is anything else from any of the various parties or amicus, then I think we can adjourn this particular status conference call.

MR. DRAPER: This is, John Draper. Thank you very much, Your Honor.

SPECIAL MASTER THOMPSON: Okay. Thank you all.

And so I think our next -- one final thing is I believe

our next call is set for January the 14th. Unfortunately,

my computer just went to sleep, so I can't -- it takes

forever to pull it back up.

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: That's right, Your Honor.

SPECIAL MASTER THOMPSON: So, again, January the 14th, but, as I said, you can contact Ms. Carter through, well, next Friday if you need to talk to me before then, and then after that, I'll have Ms. Carter send my e-mail around and you can use that, I think, through the first week in January the university is closed. So she'll give you the exact dates when you should just contact me directly if you need to schedule a phone call.

MR. MICHAEL: Your Honor, this is Peter Michael.

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1
    There's one more thing. I'm sorry, you're about to sign
 2
     off, and I hate to bring it up belatedly, but it occurred
 3
     to me that -- I just want to make sure we're very clear.
 4
    You know, it was a fairly succinct comment Mr. Draper made
 5
     about the Powder River, and I just want to make sure that
    we're very clear so that we really know where we're going
 6
7
    on the Powder River. There's a tributary to the Powder
     that enters the Powder in Montana called the Little Powder
8
    River. I assume that's included, but I'm not sure whether
9
    Montana intends to also drop any claims related to that.
10
              MR. DRAPER: Your Honor, I can clarify that.
11
12
    This is John Draper.
              Yes, it included -- it included issues on the
13
    Little Powder.
14
              MR. MICHAEL: Okay. Very good. Thank you.
15
              SPECIAL MASTER THOMPSON: Okay. So again, thank
16
17
    you all very much. If I don't talk to you before the end
18
    of the year have a great holiday season with your
19
     families, to the degree that you have the time, and have a
20
    great New Year's.
21
              VARIOUS SPEAKERS: Thank you, Your Honor.
22
23
               (End of proceedings at 11:51 A.M.)
24
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1	STATE OF CALIFORNIA )
2	) ss COUNTY OF SAN DIEGO )
3	COUNTI OF SAN DIEGO
4	I, ANTONIA SUEOKA, Certified Shorthand Reporter
5	No. 9007, State of California, do hereby certify:
6	That said proceedings were taken at the time and
7	place therein named and were reported by me in shorthand
8	and transcribed by means of computer-aided transcription,
9	and that the foregoing pages are a full, complete, and
10	true record of said proceedings.
11	And I further certify that I am a disinterested
12	person and am in no way interested in the outcome of said
13	action, or connected with or related to any of the parties
14	in said action, or to their respective counsel.
15	The dismantling, unsealing, or unbinding of the
16	original transcript will render the reporter's certificate
17	null and void.
18	IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand
19	this 27th day of December, 2012.
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