The Institute for Computational and Mathematical Engineering (iCME) leverages Stanford's strengths in engineering algorithmic and mathematical tools that impact many applied disciplines. iCME’s teaching mission is to provide courses for graduate students and undergraduates from all departments in the mathematical sciences focusing on theoretical work and its role in the solution of real problems, integrating numerical computation to facilitate application of mathematical techniques and theories. The institute identifies research areas that benefit from a multidisciplinary approach in which computational mathematics plays a key role such as discrete mathematics, including computational probability and combinatorial optimization, optimization, stochastics, and numerical solution of partial differential equations. Research applications include the physical sciences, business, medicine, and information science.

A strength of iCME is its multidisciplinary intellectual environment, with interaction among students and faculty with diverse backgrounds and expertise. iCME offers service courses for undergraduates and graduate students to fulfill departmental requirements, core courses for M.S. and Ph.D. students in Scientific Computing and Computational Mathematics, and specialized electives in various application areas.

**GRADUATE PROGRAMS IN COMPUTATIONAL AND MATHEMATICAL ENGINEERING**

University regulations governing the M.S. and Ph.D. degrees are described in the “Graduate Degrees” section of this bulletin.

**MASTER OF SCIENCE IN COMPUTATIONAL AND MATHEMATICAL ENGINEERING**

The M.S. degree in Computational and Mathematical Engineering is intended as a terminal professional degree and does not lead to the Ph.D. program. Students interested in the doctoral program should apply directly to the Ph.D. program. Master’s students who have maintained a minimum grade point average (GPA) of 3.5 are eligible to take the Ph.D. qualifying exam; those who pass this examination and secure a research adviser may continue into the Ph.D. program upon acceptance by the institute.

The master’s program consists of 45 units of course work taken at Stanford. No thesis is required; however, students may become involved in research projects during the master’s program, particularly to explore an interest in continuing to the doctoral program. Although there is no specific background requirement, significant exposure to mathematics and engineering course work is necessary for successful completion of the program.

Applications to the M.S. program and all required supporting materials must be received by January 13, 2009. See http://icme.stanford.edu/admissions for up-to-date information including departmental deadlines. See http://gradadmissions.stanford.edu for information and application materials.

For University coterminal degree program rules and University application forms, see http://registrar.stanford.edu/shared/publications.htm#Coterm.

**REQUIREMENTS**

A candidate is required to complete a program of 45 units of course work numbered 200 or above. Courses below 200 level will require special approval from the program office. At least 36 of these must be graded units, passed with a grade point average (GPA) of 3.0 (B) or better. Master’s students interested in continuing to the doctoral program must maintain a 3.5 or better grade point average in the program.

**Requirement 1**—The following courses may be needed as prerequisites for other courses in the program: MATH 41, 42, 51, 52, 53, 103, 113; CME 100, 102, 104, 108, 200, 204, 302; CS 106A, 106X, 108, 205, 229; ENGR 62; STATS 116 or 202.

**Requirement 2**—Students must demonstrate breadth of knowledge in the field by completing the following core courses:

- **CME 302. Nonlinear Ordinary Differential Equations.**
- **CME 303. Partial Differential Equations.**
- **CME 304. Numerical Optimization.**
- **CME 305. Discrete Mathematics and Algorithms.**
- **CME 306. Numerical Solution of Partial Differential Equations.**
- **CME 308. Stochastic Methods in Engineering.**

Courses in this area must be taken for letter grades. Deviations from the core curriculum must be justified in writing and approved by the student’s iCME adviser and the chair of the iCME curriculum committee. Courses that are waived may not be counted towards the master’s degree.

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**Emeritus:** (Professor) Joe Keller (Mathematics, Mechanical Engineering)

**Director:** Peter Glynn (Management Science and Engineering)

**Director of Student Affairs:** Walter Murray (Management Science and Engineering)

**Professors:** Stephen Boyd (Electrical Engineering), Gunnar Carlsson (Mathematics), Persi Diaconis (Mathematics, Statistics), David Donoho (Statistics), Charbel Farhat (Mechanical Engineering), Peter Glynn (Management Science and Engineering), Leonidas Guibas (Computer Science), Pat Hanrahan (Computer Science, Electrical Engineering), Jerry Harris (Geophysics), Antony Jameson (Aeronautics and Astronautics), Peter Kitani (Civil and Environmental Engineering), Sanjiva Lele (Mechanical Engineering, Aeronautics and Astronautics), Parviz Moin (Mechanical Engineering), Brad Osgood (Electrical Engineering), George Papavolos (Mathematics), Peter Pinsky (Mathematical Engineering), Eric Shaejle (Chemical Engineering, Mechanical Engineering), Lawrence Wein (Graduate School of Business), Wing Wong (Statistics), Yinyu Ye (Management Science and Engineering)

**Associate Professors:** Juan Alonso (Aeronautics and Astronautics), Ronald Fedkiw (Computer Science), Ashish Goel (Management Science and Engineering), Charles Taylor (Bioengineering), Benjamin Van Roy (Management Science and Engineering), Andras Vasy (Mathematics)

**Assistant Professors:** Eric Darve (Mechanical Engineering), Oliver Fringer (Civil and Environmental Engineering), Margot Gerritsen (Energy Resources Engineering), Gianluca Iaccarino (Mechanical Engineering), Ramesh Johari (Management Science and Engineering), Adrian Lew (Mechanical Engineering), Heinz Pitts (Mechanical Engineering), Amin Saberi (Management Science and Engineering)

**Professors (Research):** Walter Murray (Management Science and Engineering), Arogyaswami Paulraj (Electrical Engineering), Michael A. Saunders (Management Science and Engineering)

**Acting Assistant Professor:** James Lambers (Energy Resources Engineering)

**Consulting Professors:** Sepandar Kamvar, Vadim Khayms, Pat Langley, Pat Miller

**Web Site:** http://icme.stanford.edu

**Mail Code:** 94305-4042

**Phone:** (650) 736-9038

Courses offered by the Institute for Computational and Mathematical Engineering have the subject code CME, and are listed in the “Computational and Mathematical Engineering (CME) Courses” section of this bulletin.

The central research mission of the Institute for Computational and Mathematical Engineering (iCME) is to develop sophisticated algorithmic and mathematical tools that impact many applied disciplines. iCME leverages Stanford’s strengths in engineering applications and the physical, biological, and information sciences to guide the development of modern methods for research and education in computational mathematics.

iCME’s teaching mission is to provide courses for graduate students and undergraduates from all departments in the mathematical sciences focusing on theoretical work and its role in the solution of real problems, integrating numerical computation to facilitate application of mathematical techniques and theories. The
Requirement 3—12 units of general electives to demonstrate foundational breadth of knowledge. The elective course list represents automatically accepted electives within the program but is not limited to the list below and the list is expanded on a continuing basis; the elective part of the iCME program is meant to be broad and inclusive of relevant courses of comparable rigor to iCME courses. Courses outside this list can be accepted as electives subject to approval by the student’s iCME adviser.

Aeronautics and Astronautics:
AA 214A. Numerical Methods in Fluid Mechanics
AA 214B. Numerical Computation of Compressible Flow
AA 214C. Numerical Computation of Viscous Flow
AA 218. Introduction to Symmetry Analysis

1. Computational and Mathematical Engineering:
  CME 206. Mathematical Programming and Combinatorial Optimization
  CME 212. Introduction to Large Scale Computing in Engineering
  CME 215 A,B. Advanced Computational Fluid Dynamics
  CME 324. Advanced Methods in Matrix Computation
  CME 340. Large-Scale Data Mining
  CME 342. Parallel Methods in Numerical Analysis
  CME 380. Constructing Scientific Simulation Codes

2. Computer Science:
  CS 164. Computing with Physical Objects: Algorithms for Shape and Motion
  CS 221. Artificial Intelligence: Principles and Techniques
  CS 222. Probabilistic Models in Artificial Intelligence
  CS 229. Machine Learning
  CS 255. Introduction to Cryptography
  CS 261. Optimization and Algorithmic Paradigms
  CS 268. Geometric Algorithms
  CS 315A. Parallel Computer Architecture and Programming
  CS 340. Level Set Methods
  CS 348A. Computer Graphics: Geometric Modeling
  CS 364A. Algorithmic Game Theory

3. Electrical Engineering:
  EE 222. Applied Quantum Mechanics I
  EE 223. Applied Quantum Mechanics II
  EE 262. Two-Dimensional Imaging
  EE 278. Introduction to Statistical Signal Processing
  EE 292E. Analysis and Control of Markov Chains
  EE 368. Digital Image Processing
  EE 369. Introduction to Statistical Communication

4. Management Science and Engineering:
  MS&E 220. Probabilistic Analysis
  MS&E 221. Stochastic Modeling
  MS&E 223. Simulation
  MS&E 251. Stochastic Decision Models
  MS&E 310. Linear Programming
  MS&E 313. Vector Space Optimization
  MS&E 316. Pricing Algorithms and the Internet
  MS&E 321. Stochastic Systems
  MS&E 322. Stochastic Calculus and Control
  MS&E 323. Stochastic Simulation

5. Mechanical Engineering:
  ME 335A,B,C. Finite Element Analysis
  ME 408. Spectral Methods in Computational Physics
  ME 412. Engineering Functional Analysis and Finite Elements
  ME 469A,B. Computational Methods in Fluid Mechanics
  ME 484. Computational Methods in Cardiovascular Bioengineering

6. Statistics:
  STATS 208. Introduction to the Bootstrap
  STATS 227. Statistical Computing
  STATS 237. Time Series Modeling and Forecasting
  STATS 250. Mathematical Finance
  STATS 305. Introduction to Statistical Modeling
  STATS 310A,B,C. Theory of Probability
  STATS 324. Classical Multivariate and Random Matrix Theory
  STATS 345. Computational Molecular Biology
  STATS 362. Monte Carlo Sampling
  STATS 366. Computational Biology

7. Other:
  CEE 281. Finite Element Structural Analysis
  CEE 362G. Stochastic Inverse Modeling and Data Assimilation Methods
  ENGR 209A. Analysis and Control of Nonlinear Systems
  MATH 221. Mathematical Methods of Imaging
  MATH 227. Partial Differential Equations and Diffusion Processes
  MATH 236. Introduction to Stochastic Differential Equations
  MATH 237. Stochastic Equations and Random Media
  MATH 238. Mathematical Finance

Requirement 4—9 units of focused graduate application electives, approved by the iCME graduate adviser, in the areas of engineering, mathematics, physical, biological, information and other quantitative sciences. These courses should be foundational depth courses relevant to student’s professional development and research interests.

Requirement 5—3 units of an iCME graduate seminar or other approved seminar.

DOCTOR OF PHILOSOPHY IN COMPUTATIONAL AND MATHEMATICAL ENGINEERING

Applications to the Ph.D. program and all required supporting documents must be received by December 16, 2008. See http://icme.stanford.edu/admissions for up-to-date information. Prospective graduate students should see http://gradadmissions.stanford.edu for information and application materials. Applicants should take the Graduate Record Examination by October of the year the application is submitted.

Admission to the Ph.D. program does not imply that the student is a candidate for the Ph.D. degree. Advancement to candidacy requires superior academic achievement and passing the qualifying examination.

Requirements—
Complete a minimum of 135 units of residency at Stanford, including:

a. 45 units from the master’s program,
b. 27 units of focused electives in an area planned with the student’s Ph.D. adviser; 12 of these units should come from iCME specialized electives with significant computational content such as the CME 320-380 series; the focused and specialized elective component of the iCME program is meant to be broad and inclusive of relevant courses of comparable rigor to iCME courses. The elective course list following represents automatically accepted electives within the program but is not limited to the list below and the list is expanded on a continuing basis; courses outside the list can be accepted as electives subject to approval by the student’s iCME adviser.

c. 60 units of thesis research
d. 3 units of free elective

8. Maintain a grade point average (GPA) of 3.5
9. Pass the qualifying examination administered by iCME
10. Complete an approved program of original research
11. Complete a written dissertation based on research
12. Pass the oral examination that is a defense of the dissertation research.

Elective List—See requirement 1b above.

CE 362G. Stochastic Inverse Modeling and Data Assimilation Methods
CS 221. AI: Principles and Techniques
CS 228. Probabilistic Models in AI
CS 229. Machine Learning
CS 268. Geometric Algorithms
CS 348A. Computer Graphics: Geometric Modeling
EE 256. Numerical Electromagnetics
EE 363. Linear Dynamical Systems
EE 364A,B. Convex Optimization I,II
EE 368. Digital Image Processing
MATH 221. Mathematical Methods of Imaging
MATH 227. Partial Differential Equations and Diffusion Processes
MATH 236. Introduction to Stochastic Differential Equations
MATH 237. Stochastic Equations and Random Media
MATH 238. Mathematical Finance
FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE

The department awards a limited number of fellowships, course assistantships, and research assistantships to incoming graduate students. Applying for such assistance is part of submitting the application for admission to the program. Students are appointed for half-time assistantships which provide a tuition scholarship at the 8, 9, 10 unit rate during the academic year and a monthly stipend. Halftime appointments generally require 20 hours of work per week. Most course assistantships and research assistantships are awarded to students in the doctoral program in ICME. If the number of Ph.D. students is not sufficient to staff all course and research assistantship positions available, these positions may be open to master’s students. However, master’s students are not guaranteed financial assistance.

PH.D. MINOR IN COMPUTATIONAL AND MATHEMATICAL ENGINEERING

For a minor in Computational and Mathematical Engineering (CME), a doctoral candidate must complete 20 unduplicated units in the program. These should include three CME core courses and three CME graduate electives at the 300 level or above. A maximum of two units can be taken as iCME seminar units. All courses, except the seminar courses, must be taken for a letter grade and passed with a grade of ‘B’ or better. Minor programs must receive approval from the iCME curriculum chair prior to completing any of the CME graduate electives. Minor programs should be developed in close discussion between the student and their primary Ph.D. adviser.

COMPUTATIONAL AND MATHEMATICAL ENGINEERING (CME) COURSES

For information on graduate programs in the Institute for Computational and Mathematical Engineering, see the "Computational and Mathematical Engineering" and "School of Engineering" sections of this bulletin.

UNDERGRADUATE COURSES IN COMPUTATIONAL AND MATHEMATICAL ENGINEERING

CME 100. Vector Calculus for Engineers

(Same as ENGR 154.) Computation and visualization using MATLAB. Differential vector calculus: analytic geometry in space, functions of several variables, partial derivatives, gradient, unconstrained maxima and minima, Lagrange multipliers. Integral vector calculus: multiple integrals in Cartesian, cylindrical, and spherical coordinates, line integrals, scalar potential, surface integrals, Green’s, divergence and Stokes’ theorems. Examples and applications drawn from various engineering fields. Prerequisites: MATH 41 and 42, or 10 units AP credit. GER:DB-Math

5 units. Aut (Khayms, V)

CME 102. Ordinary Differential Equations for Engineers

(Same as ENGR 155A.) Analytical and numerical methods for solving ordinary differential equations arising in engineering applications: Solution of initial and boundary value problems, series solutions, Laplace transforms, and non-linear equations; numerical methods for solving ordinary differential equations, accuracy of numerical methods, linear stability theory, finite differences. Introduction to MATLAB programming as a basic tool kit for computations. Problems from various engineering fields. Prerequisite: CME 100/ENGR 154 or MATH 51. GER:DB-Math

5 units. Win (Darve, E)

CME 104. Linear Algebra and Partial Differential Equations for Engineers


5 units. Spr (Khayms, V)

CME 105. Introduction to Discrete Mathematics and Algorithms

Discrete mathematics and algorithms as used in modeling and problem solving technique emphasizing contemporary problems. Topics: introduction to set theory, logic, combinatorics, and graph theory; formal proof techniques in induction, recursion, and programming; algorithms for sorting, shortest paths, minimum spanning trees, and bipartite matching. Applications to Internet advertising, viral marketing, routing, social networks and games of chance. Recommended: background in linear algebra/matrix theory.

3 units. Sum (Arcaute Aizpuru, E)

CME 106. Introduction to Probability and Statistics for Engineers

(Same as ENGR 155C.) Probability: random variables, independence, and conditional probability; discrete and continuous distributions, moments, distributions of several random variables. Topics in mathematical statistics: random sampling, point estimation, confidence intervals, hypothesis testing, non-parametric tests, regression and correlation analyses; applications in engineering, industrial manufacturing, medicine, biology, and other fields. Prerequisite: CME 100/ENGR154 or MATH 51. GER:DB-Math

3-4 units. Win (Khayms, V), Sum (Khayms, V)

CME 108. Introduction to Scientific Computing

Numerical computation for mathematical, computational, and physical sciences and engineering: numerical solution of systems of algebraic equations, least squares, quadrature, minimization of a function, banded matrices, nonlinear equations, numerical solution of ordinary and partial differential equations; truncation error, numerical stability for time dependent problems, stiffness, boundary value problems. Prerequisites: CS106A or familiarity with MATLAB; MATH 51, 52, 53; inappropriate for students who have taken CME 102,104/ENGR 155A.B. GER:DB-EngrAppSci

3-4 units. Win (Lambers, J), Sum (Staff)
CME 200. Linear Algebra with Application to Engineering Computations
(Same as ME 300A.) Solving matrix-vector systems. Direct and iterative solvers for non-singular linear systems of equations; their accuracy, convergence properties, and computational efficiency. Under- and over-determined systems, and nonlinear systems of equations. Eigenvalues, eigenvectors, and singular values; their application to engineering problems. Concepts such as basis, linear independence, column space, null space, rank, norms and condition numbers, projections, and matrix properties. Recommended: familiarity with computer programming; mathematics background equivalent to MATH 103, 130.
3 units, Aut (Gerritsen, M)

CME 204. Partial Differential Equations in Engineering
(Same as ME 300B.) Geometric interpretation of partial differential equation (PDE) characteristics; solution of first order PDEs and classification of second-order PDEs; self-similarity; separation of variables as applied to parabolic, hyperbolic, and elliptic PDEs; special functions; eigenfunction expansions; the method of characteristics. If time permits, Fourier integrals and transforms, Laplace transforms. Prerequisite: CME 200/ME 300A, equivalent, or consent of instructor.
3 units, Win (Shafigh, E)

CME 206. Introduction to Numerical Methods for Engineering
3 units, Spr (Moin, P)

CME 210. Multiscale Methods in Engineering
Multigrid methods to solve partial differential equations including anisotropic and nonlinear equations; multilevel adaptive refinement; fast multipole methods based on Taylor expansions, Chebyshev polynomials, plane wave representation, and singular value decomposition; and wavelets for signal and image compression, Haar wavelets, splines, and multiscale representation of curves and surfaces. Prerequisites: numerical methods (iterative solution of linear equations, interpolation, partial differential equations), scientific programming language.
3 units, given next year

CME 211. Computer Programming in C++ for Earth Scientists and Engineers
(Same as ENERGY 211.) Computer programming methodology emphasizing modern software engineering principles: object-oriented design, decomposition, encapsulation, abstraction, and modularity. Fundamental data structures. Time and space complexity analysis. The basic facilities of the programming language C++. Numerical problems from various science and engineering applications.
3 units, Aut (Lambers, J)

CME 212. Introduction to Large-Scale Computing in Engineering
Advanced programming methodologies for solving fundamental engineering problems using algorithms with pervasive application across disciplines. Overview of computer systems from a programming perspective including processor architectures, memory hierarchies, machine arithmetic, performance tuning techniques. Algorithms include iterative, direct linear solvers, fft, and divide and conquer strategies for n-body problems. Software development; other practical UNIX tools including shell scripting, vi/emacs, gcc, make, gdb, gprof, version control systems and LaTeX. Prerequisites: CME 200/ME 300A, CME 211, and CS 106X or equivalent level of programming in C/C++.
3 units, Win (Barad, M)

CME 215A. Advanced Computational Fluid Dynamics
(Same as AA 215A.) High resolution schemes for capturing shock waves and contact discontinuities; upwinding and artificial diffusion; LED and TVD concepts; alternative flow splittings; numerical shock structure. Discretization of Euler and Navier Stokes equations on unstructured meshes; the relationship between finite volume and finite element methods. Time discretization; explicit and implicit schemes; acceleration of steady state calculations; residual averaging; math grid preconditioning. Automatic design; inverse problems and aerodynamic shape optimization via adjoint methods. Pre-or corequisite: 214B or equivalent.
3 units, Win (Jameison, A)

CME 215B. Advanced Computational Fluid Dynamics
(Same as AA 215B.) High resolution schemes for capturing shock waves and contact discontinuities; upwinding and artificial diffusion; LED and TVD concepts; alternative flow splittings; numerical shock structure. Discretization of Euler and Navier Stokes equations on unstructured meshes; the relationship between finite volume and finite element methods. Time discretization; explicit and implicit schemes; acceleration of steady state calculations; residual averaging; math grid preconditioning. Automatic design; inverse problems and aerodynamic shape optimization via adjoint methods. Pre-or corequisite: 214B or equivalent.
3 units, Spr (Jameison, A)

CME 291. Master’s Research
Students require faculty sponsor.
1-5 units, Aut (Staff), Win (Staff), Spr (Staff), Sum (Staff)

CME 300. Departmental Seminar Series
Required for first-year ICME Ph.D. students; recommended for first-year ICME M.S. students. Presentations about research at Stanford by faculty and researchers from Engineering, H&S, and organizations external to Stanford. May be repeated for credit.
1 unit, Aut (Murray, W), Win (Murray, W)

CME 302. Numerical Linear Algebra
First in a three quarter graduate sequence. Solution of systems of linear equations: direct methods, error analysis, structured matrices; iterative methods and least squares. Parallel techniques. Prerequisites: CME 108, MATH 103 or 113.
3 units, Aut (Lambers, J)

CME 303. Partial Differential Equations of Applied Mathematics
(Same as MATH 220.) First-order partial differential equations; method of characteristics; weak solutions; elliptic, parabolic, and hyperbolic equations; Fourier transform; Fourier series; and eigenvalue problems. Prerequisite: foundation in multivariable calculus and ordinary differential equations.
3 units, Aut (Nolen, J)

CME 304. Numerical Optimization
(Same as MS&E 315.) Solution of nonlinear equations; unconstrained optimization; linear programming; quadratic programming; global optimization; general linearly and nonlinearly constrained optimization. Theory and algorithms to solve these problems. Prerequisite: background in analysis and numerical linear algebra.
3 units, Win (Murray, W)
CME 305. Discrete Mathematics and Algorithms
(Same as MS&E 316.) Topics: enumeration such as Cayley’s theorem and Prüfer codes, SDR, flows and cuts (deterministic and randomized algorithms), probabilistic methods and random graphs, asymptotics (NP-hardness and approximation algorithms). Topics illustrated with EE, CS, and bioinformatics applications. Prerequisites: MATH 51 or 103 or equivalents.
3 units, Win (Korte, A)

CME 306. Numerical Solution of Partial Differential Equations
Hyperbolic partial differential equations: stability, convergence and qualitative properties; nonlinear hyperbolic equations and systems; combined solution methods from elliptic, parabolic, and hyperbolic problems. Examples include: Burgers equation, Euler equations for compressible flow, Navier-Stokes equations for incompressible flow. Prerequisites: CME 302, MATH 220A.
3 units, Spr (Fedkiw, R)

CME 308. Stochastic Methods in Engineering
Review of basic probability; Monte Carlo simulation; state space models and time series; parameter estimation, prediction, and filtering; Markov chains and processes; stochastic control; and stochastic differential equations. Examples from various engineering disciplines. Prerequisites: exposure to probability; background in real variables and analysis.
3 units, Spr (Glynn, P)

CME 324. Advanced Methods in Matrix Computation: Iterative Methods
3 units, Spr (Staff)

Finite volume and finite difference methods for initial boundary value problems in multiple space dimensions. Emphasis is on formulation of boundary conditions for the continuous and the discrete problems. Analysis of numerical methods with respect to stability, accuracy, and error behavior. Techniques of treating non-rectangular domains, and effects of non-regular grids.
1-2 units, not given this year

CME 330. Applied Mathematics in the Chemical and Biological Sciences
(Same as CHEMENG 300.) Mathematical solution methods via applied problems including chemical reaction sequences, mass and heat transfer in chemical reactors, quantum mechanics, fluid mechanics of reacting systems, and chromatography. Topics include generalized vector space theory, linear operator theory with eigenvalue methods, phase plane methods, perturbation theory (regular and singular), solution of parabolic and elliptic partial differential equations, and transform methods (Laplace and Fourier). Prerequisites: CME 102/ENGR 155A and CME 104/ENGR 155B, or equivalents.
3 units, Aut (Shafer, E)

CME 334. Advanced Methods in Numerical Optimization
(Same as MS&E 312.) Topics include interior-point methods, relaxation methods for nonlinear discrete optimization, sequential quadratic programming, optimal control and decomposition methods. Topic chosen in first class; different topics possible. Individual or team projects. May be repeated for credit.
3 units, Aut (Murray, W)

CME 336. Linear and Conic Optimization with Applications
(Same as MS&E 314.) Linear, semidefinite, conic, and convex nonlinear optimization problems as generalizations of classical linear programming. Algorithms include the interior-point, barrier function, and cutting plane methods. Related convex analysis, including the separating hyperplane theorem, Farkas lemma, dual cones, optimality conditions, and conic inequalities. Complexity and/or computation efficiency analysis. Applications to combinatorial optimization, sensor network localization, support vector machine, and graph realization. Prerequisite: MS&E 211 or equivalent.
3 units, Win (Ye, Y), alternate years, not given next year

CME 337. Information Networks
(Same as MS&E 337.) Network structure of the Internet and the web. Modeling, scale-free graphs, small-world phenomenon. Algorithmic implications in searching and inter-domain routing; the effect of structure on performance. Game theoretic issues, routing games, and network creation games. Security issues, vulnerability, and robustness. Prerequisite: basic probability and graph theory.
3 units, alternate years, not given this year

CME 338. Large-Scale Numerical Optimization
(Same as MS&E 318.) The main algorithms and software for constrained optimization emphasizing the sparse-matrix methods needed for their implementation. Iterative methods for linear equations and least squares. Interior methods. The simplex method. Factorization and updates. The reduced-gradient, augmented Lagrangian, and SQP methods. Recommended: MS&E 310, 311, 312, 314, or 315; CME 108 or 302.
3 units, Spr (Saunders, M)

CME 340. Large-Scale Data Mining
Focus is on very large scale data mining on the web and on social networks. Topics include network models, ranking algorithms, reputation, collaborative filtering, and supervised and unsupervised learning. Individual or group applications-oriented programming project. i unit without project; 3 units with final project. Prerequisites: programming at the level of CS 108; statistics at the level of MATH 103 and STATS 116. Recommended: machine learning at the level of CS 229; knowledge of Java.
1-3 units, Aut (Kamvar, S)

CME 342. Parallel Methods in Numerical Analysis
Emphasis is on techniques for obtaining maximum parallelism in numerical algorithms, especially those occurring when solving matrix problems and partial differential equations, and the subsequent mapping onto the computer. Implementation issues on parallel computers. Topics: parallel architecture, programming models, matrix computations, FFT, fast multiple methods, domain decomposition, and graph partitioning. Prerequisite: CME 302 or 200/ME 300A, or consent of instructor. Recommended: differential equations and advanced programming language such as C or C++.
3 units, Spr (Alonso, J)

CME 352. Molecular Algorithms
Recent research in DNA and RNA based nanotechnology, mathematical models of DNA self-assembly, algorithmic techniques and stochastic analyses for efficient and robust DNA self-assembly, experimental advances in molecular motors and machines which use DNA migration/enzymes, and algorithmic issues in the design of molecular motors and machines. Prerequisite: consent of instructor.
3 units, alternate years, not given this year

CME 356. Engineering Functional Analysis and Finite Elements
3 units, Win (Lew, A)

CME 380. Constructing Scientific Simulation Codes
Practical methods for writing and combining software components to generate simulation applications. Practical methodologies for constructing simulation code applications. How to design, write, and combine software components to generate simulation applications. Steering: using a small driver language like Python to script or steer the progress of a code. Data models and formats: how data is represented and shared inside an application and its external representation on disk. Mixed language programming using C, C++, F77, F90, and Python. Rational software engineering including testing, configuration control, code generation and makefiles. Other technologies needed to create real world applications regardless of scientific discipline.
3 units, Spr (Staff), given only once
CME 390. Curricular Practical Training
May be repeated three times for credit.
  1 unit, Aut (Staff), Win (Staff), Spr (Staff), Sum (Staff)

CME 400. Ph.D. Research
  1-15 units, Aut (Staff), Win (Staff), Spr (Staff), Sum (Staff)

CME 444. Computational Consulting
Advice by graduate students under supervision of ICME faculty.
Weekly briefings with faculty adviser and associated faculty to
discuss ongoing consultancy projects and evaluate solutions. May be
repeated for credit.
  1-3 units, Aut (Gerritsen, M), Win (Gerritsen, M), Spr (Gerritsen,
  M), Sum (Gerritsen, M)

CME 500. Numerical Analysis and Computational and
Mathematical Engineering Seminar
Weekly research lectures by experts from academia, national
laboratories, industry, and doctoral students. May be repeated for
credit.
  1 unit, Aut (Staff), Win (Lew, A), Spr (Van Roy, B)

CME 510. Linear Algebra and Optimization Seminar
Recent developments in numerical linear algebra and numerical
optimization. Guest speakers from other institutions and local
industry. Goal is to bring together scientists from different
theoretical and application fields to solve complex scientific
computing problems. May be repeated for credit.
  1 unit, Aut (Saunders, M), Win (Saunders, M), Spr (Saunders, M)