

Intro to Drush

Check If It's Installed on Your Server

- `drush help`
- `which drush`
- `drush --version`

Download and Install Drush

- `curl http://ftp.drupal.org/files/projects/drush-7.x-5.1.tar.gz | tar zxv`
- `echo $SHELL`
- `vi ~/.bash_profile`
- `alias drush='~/drush/drush.php'`
- `source ~/.bash_profile`
- Note: you can install multiple versions of drush this way; e.g.
`alias drush4='~/drush4/drush.php'`

Drush Drupal Core Commands

<code>drush help</code> <code>drush help grep download</code> <code>drush help dl</code>	<code>drush dl</code>
<code>drush en</code>	<code>drush dis</code>
<code>drush pml</code>	<code>drush sql-connect</code>
<code>drush sql-cli</code>	<code>drush sql-dump</code>
<code>drush sqlq</code>	<code>drush vget</code>
<code>drush vset</code>	<code>drush vdel</code>
<code>drush up</code>	<code>drush mmas</code>

Drush Site Aliases

- `mkdir ~/.drush`
- `cp ~/drush/examples/examplealiases.drushrc.php ~/.drush`
- `mv ~/.drush/examplealiases.drushrc.php ~/.drush/site1.alias.drushrc.php`
- `vi ~/.drush/site1.alias.drushrc.php`
- A simple `site1.alias.drushrc.php` file would include:
`<?php`

```
$aliases['site1'] = array(  
    'root' => '/afs/ir/group/mygroup/cgi-bin/drupal',  
    'uri' => 'default',  
);
```

?>

- drush @site1 cc all

Drush Contrib Commands

- drush imagecache-flush
- drush generate-content

More Fun with Drush

- Drupal QuickStart <http://drupal.org/project/quickstart>
 - drush help qc
- Drush Make (included in Drush 5 core; earlier at https://drupal.org/project/drush_make)
 - drush help make

(Almost) Passwordless SSH

On Leland, with Kerberos and GSSAPI

- Install Kerberos (included in Stanford Desktop Tools)
- Get Kerberos credentials at login (Mac)
 - http://www.stanford.edu/group/macossig/blog/2008/02/getting_kerberos_credentials_a_1.html
 - Edit ~/.ssh/config to include the following lines:

```
Host corn
    GSSAPIDelegateCredentials yes
    GSSAPIAuthentication yes
    GSSAPIKeyExchange no

Host *.stanford.edu
    GSSAPIDelegateCredentials yes
    GSSAPIAuthentication yes
    GSSAPIKeyExchange no

Host *.*
    GSSAPIDelegateCredentials no
```
 - ssh sunetid@corn.stanford.edu
 - ssh corn
- On Windows XP/7 it's easier, just configure SecureCRT to use Kerberos and GSSAPI authentication

On other servers, with ssh authorized_keys

- http://www.eng.cam.ac.uk/help/jpmg/ssh/authorized_keys_howto.html