RMAIS: RFID-based Medication Adherence Intelligence System

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Agenda

- Motivation and Problem
- Related Work
- System Architecture and Design
- Our Prototype
- Patient Operation
- Summary
Problem and Motivation

- Medication noncompliance of outpatients is a growing issue.
- Retirement age Americans are predicted to overload the current healthcare system within the next 10 years.
- In-home care is more efficient, but current assistive technologies are either costly or too complicated for elderly patients to use.
Problem and Motivation

Our goal is to develop a marketable device that implements the following features:

– *Provide medication reminders to the patient.*
– *Track medication usage without changing the patient’s normal routine.*
– *Accurately monitor medication intake.*
– *Assist the patient in choosing the correct medication.*
– *Notify the caregiver if noncompliance is detected.*
Related Work

EMMA
- Remotely controlled by doctors
- Dispenses individual dosages for patient
- Format restricted to pills
- Medicine must be packed by manufacturer into special hard paper board.
System Architecture and Design

System Components
- RFID Reader
- Scale
- Microcontroller
- LCD Panel
- Rotation Platform
System Architecture and Design

Assembly Model

Birds-eye View
System Architecture and Design

Scale-top Plane

RFID Reader
Our Prototype
Patient Operation

- Adding New Medicine:
  - Patient places medicine on front of platform.
  - No other manual input required.

- Taking Medicine:
  - Audible alarm activated and text message sent.
  - Medicine is automatically rotated to front of platform.
  - Display shows dosage instructions.

- Handling Noncompliance:
  - Display shows patient that noncompliance was detected.
  - Patient’s caregiver is alerted via text message.
Summary

- Remote monitoring can greatly increase caregiver efficiency.
- Our completed prototype satisfies the project goals.
- The system is user friendly and mostly automatic.
- Our next step is a human trial.
Microcontroller

Arduino Mega

- An open-source prototyping platform based on the Atmel ATmega1280 microcontroller
- 60 I/O ports and 4 UARTs
- 128KB code space
- 4KB EEPROM
- 8KB RAM
RFID Reader

SkyeModule M1-mini

- Integrated antenna with 1-2 inch read range
- Simple TTL interface
- Read and write to HF (13.56 MHz) RFID tags including ISO15693
- TI Tag-it HF-I Standard RFID Tags with 64 bit UID and 256 bit memory