

CENTRAL TEAM

University of California, Los Angeles



Chelsea
E



Lindsey
E



Imke
CM



Marina
E



Andres
CM



Sebastian
LCFM



Mads
MEP



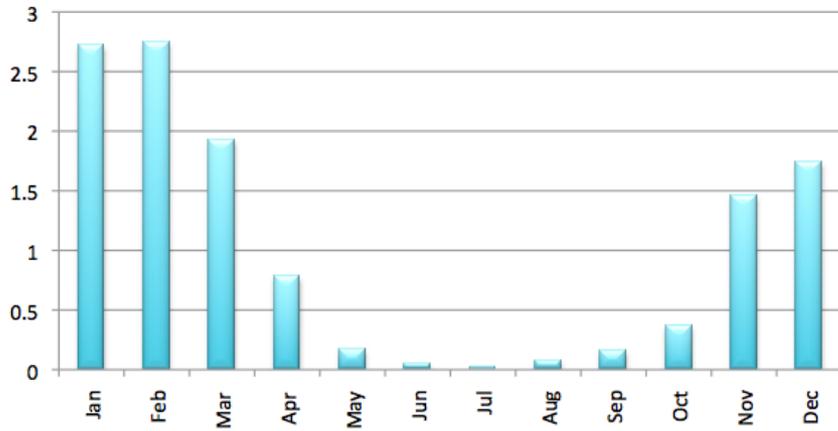
Karol
A

OWNERS:
Dimitra
Joanna

Winter Quarter 2011

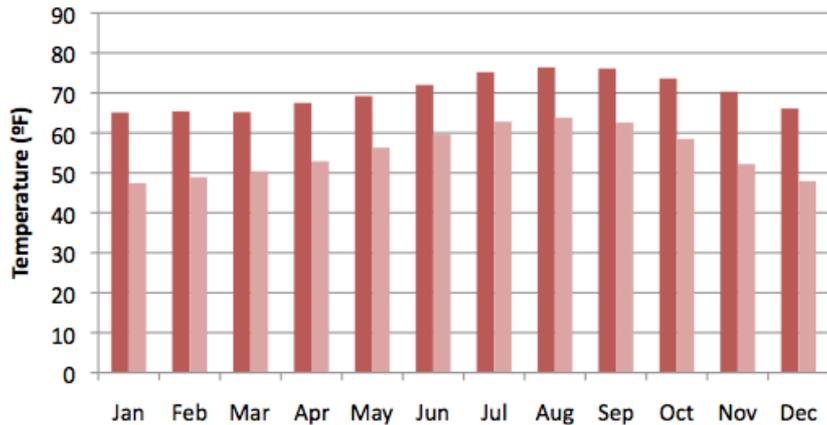
ADVISOR:
Renate

Average Total Precipitation (in.)



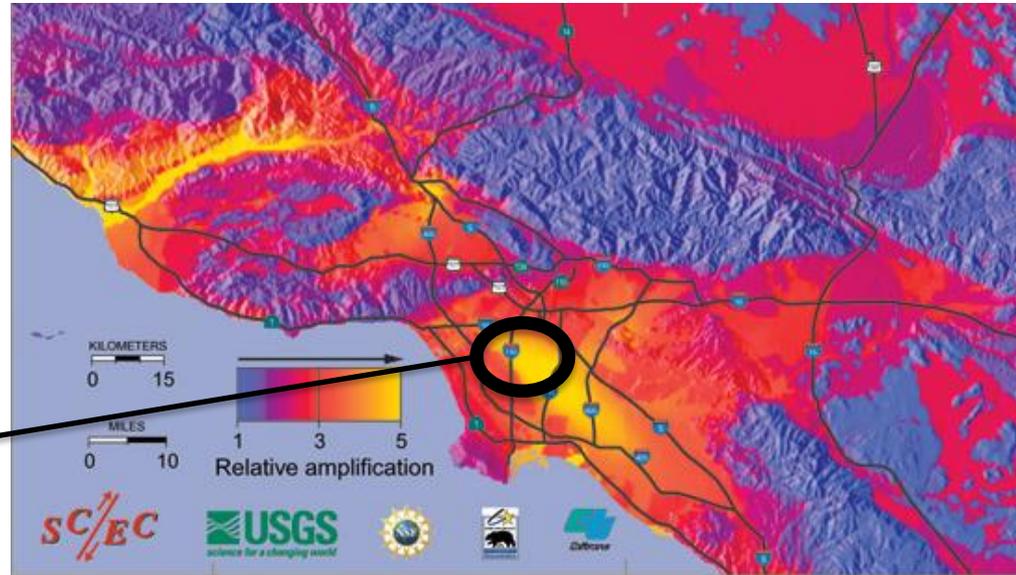
- Warm, moderate, dry climate
- Yearly precipitation – 13”
- Avg. max temperature < 80°F
- Avg. min temperature > 45°F

Average Max and Min Temperatures



- **Earthquakes**

- Highly seismic area



- **Air quality**

- Smog

- NO Flooding Concerns
- NO Snow
- NO Freezing



{ARCHITECTURAL DESIGN}

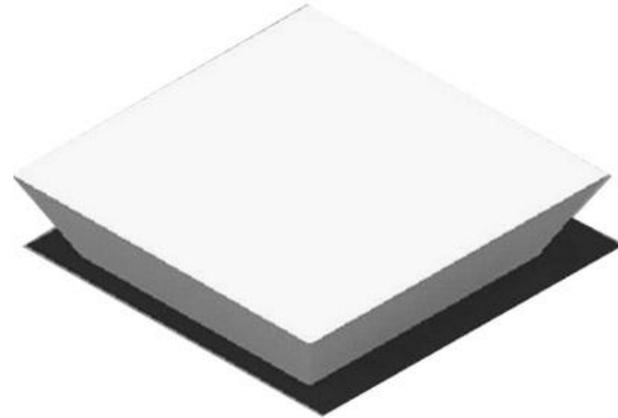
GUIDELINES

ARCHITECT

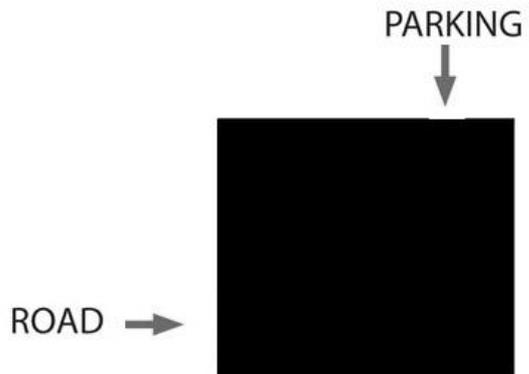
FOOTPRINT IN 3D



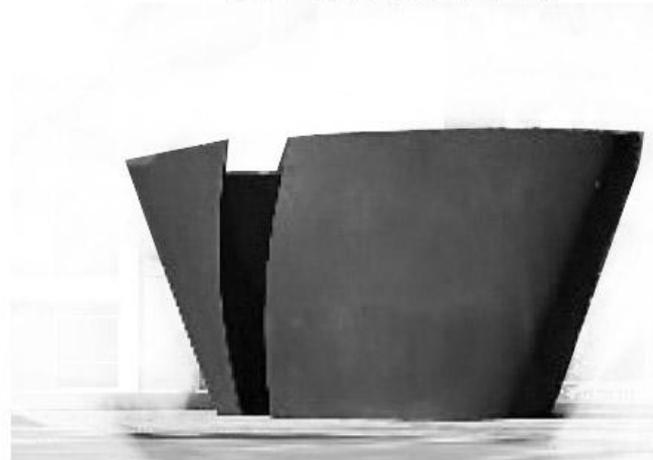
SELFSHADING

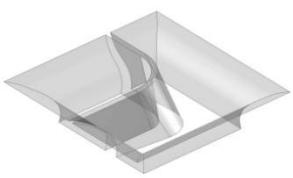


ACCESS



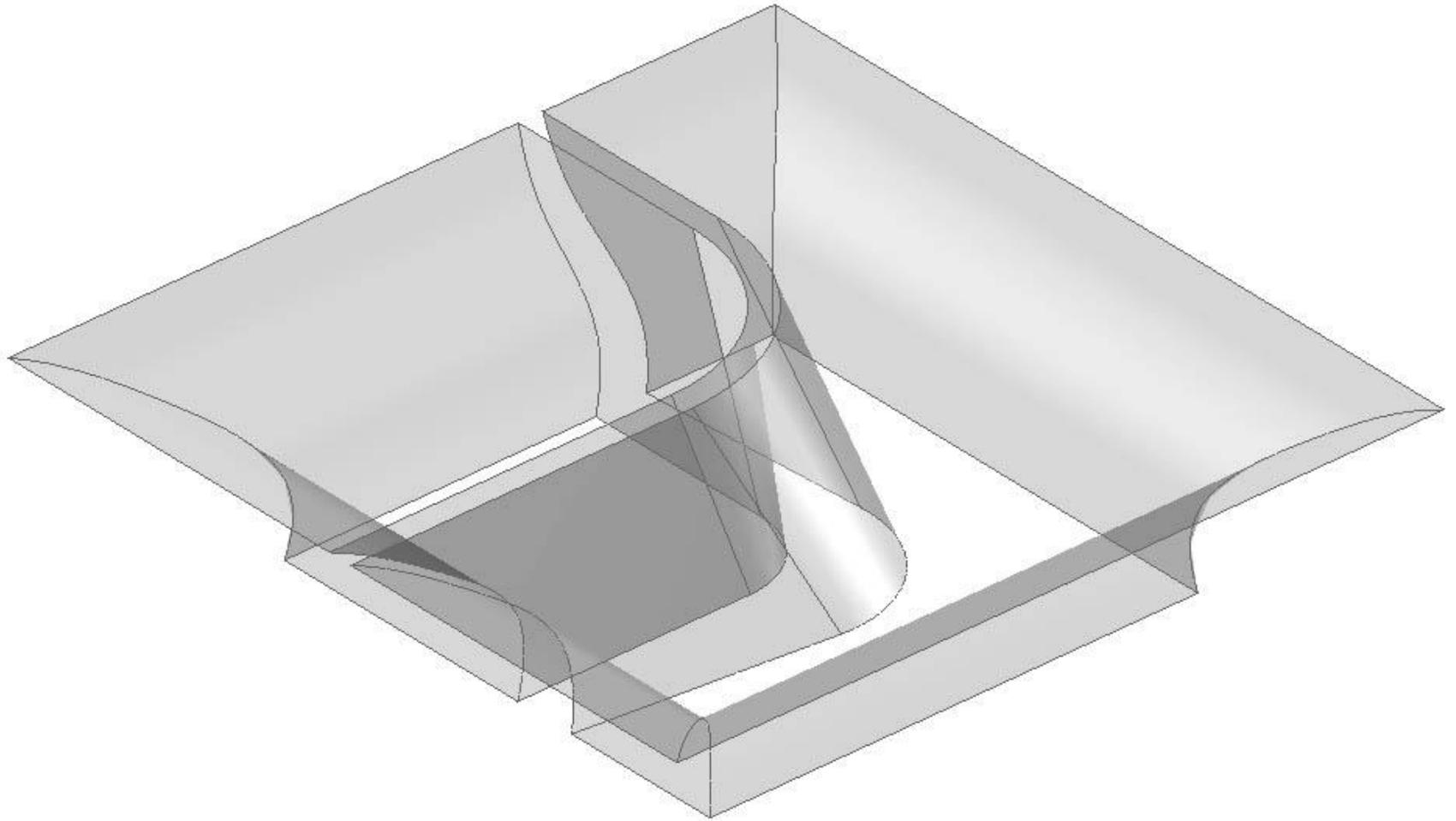
SITE ARTWORK

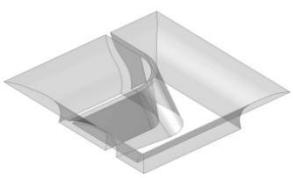




SHAPE MERGE

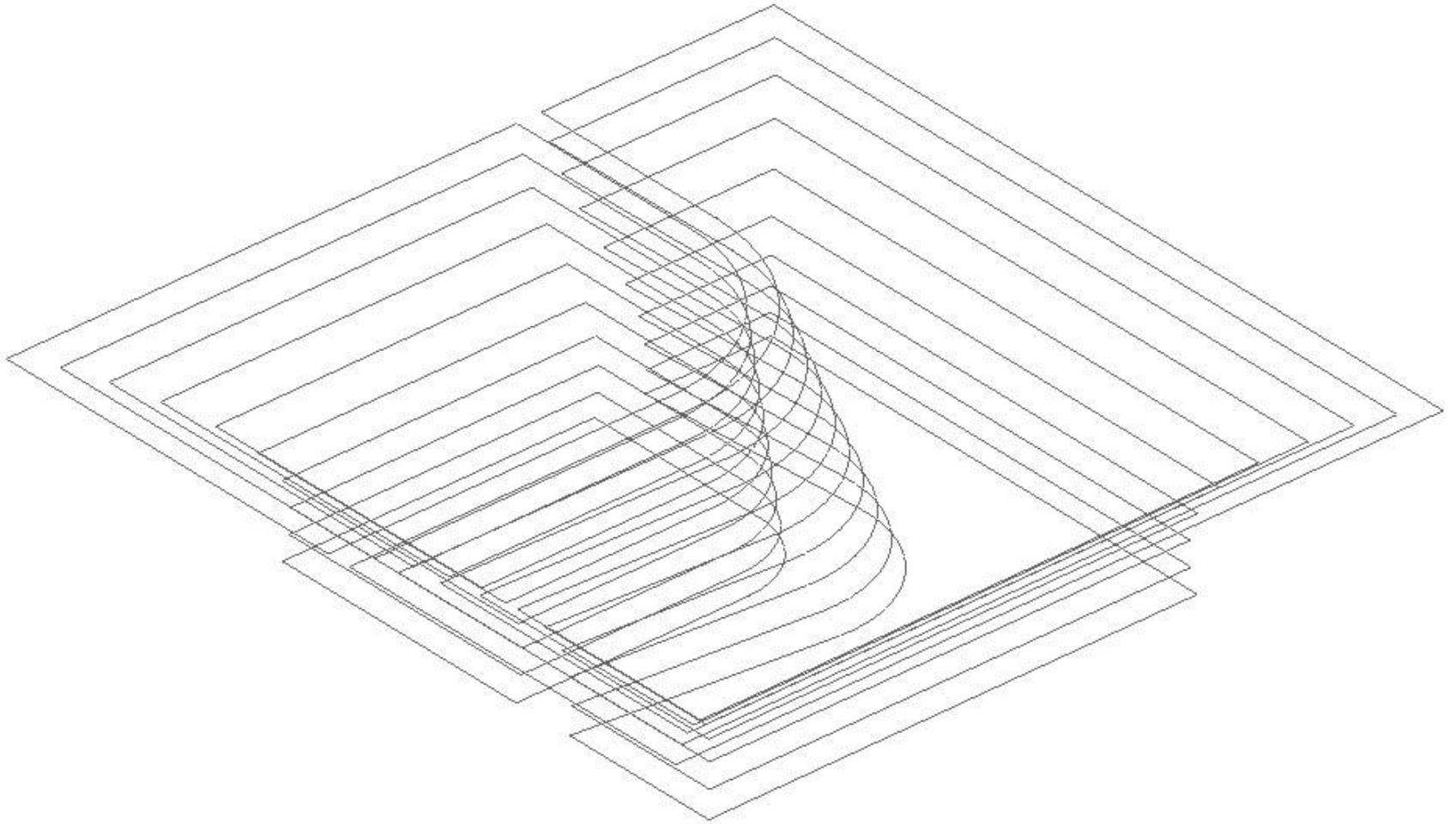
ARCHITECT

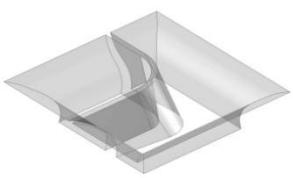




SURFACES VERTICAL DIVISION

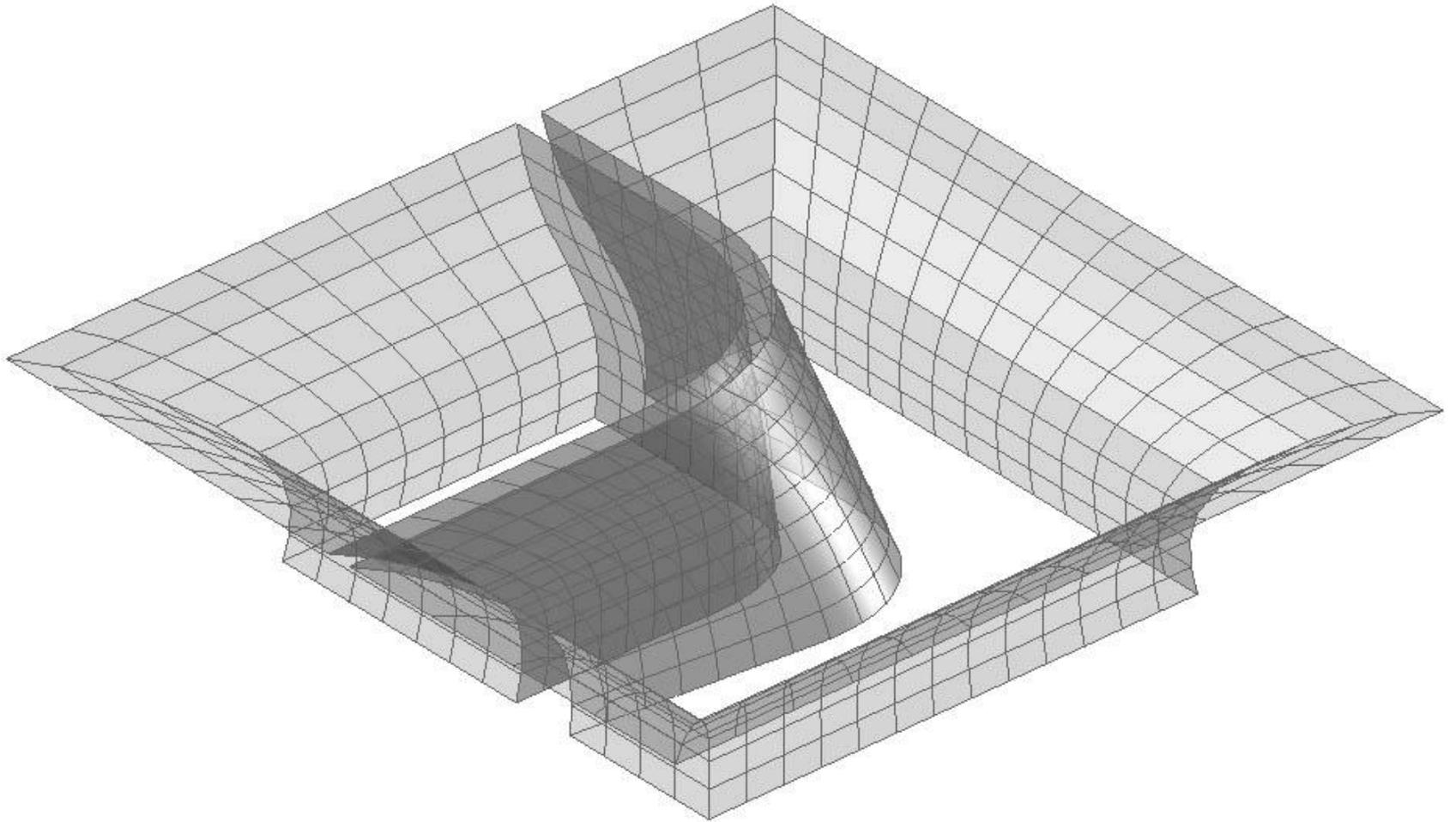
ARCHITECT

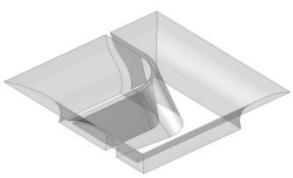




PANELS & FRAMES GUIDELINES

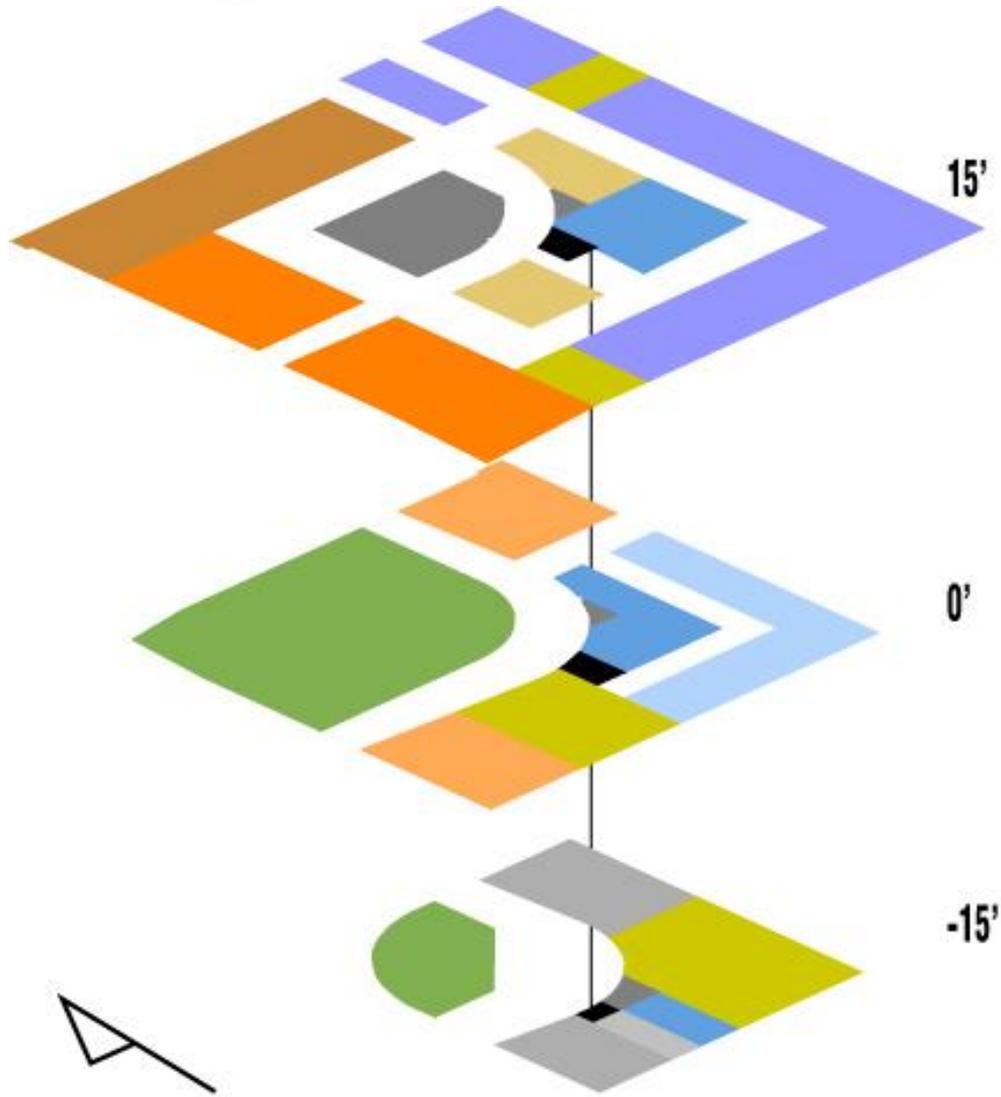
ARCHITECT



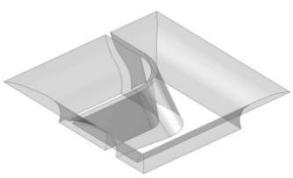


ORGANIGRAM

ARCHITECT

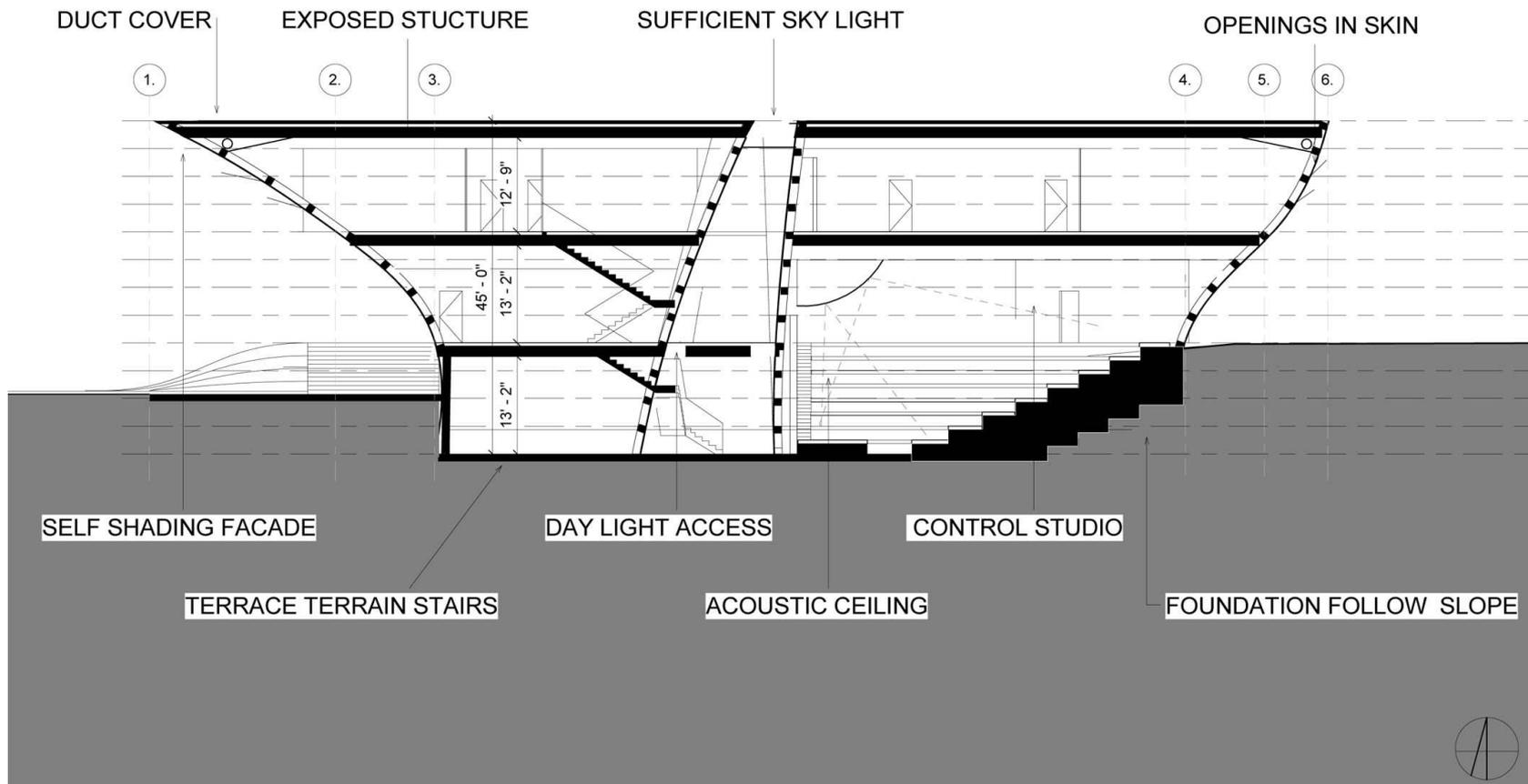
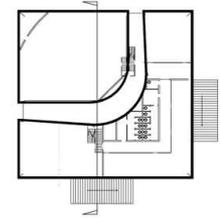


AUDITORIUM
CAFE/REST
LABS
SEMINARS
SMALL CLASS
LARGE CLASS
STUD OFFICES
OFFICES
TOILET
TECHNICAL



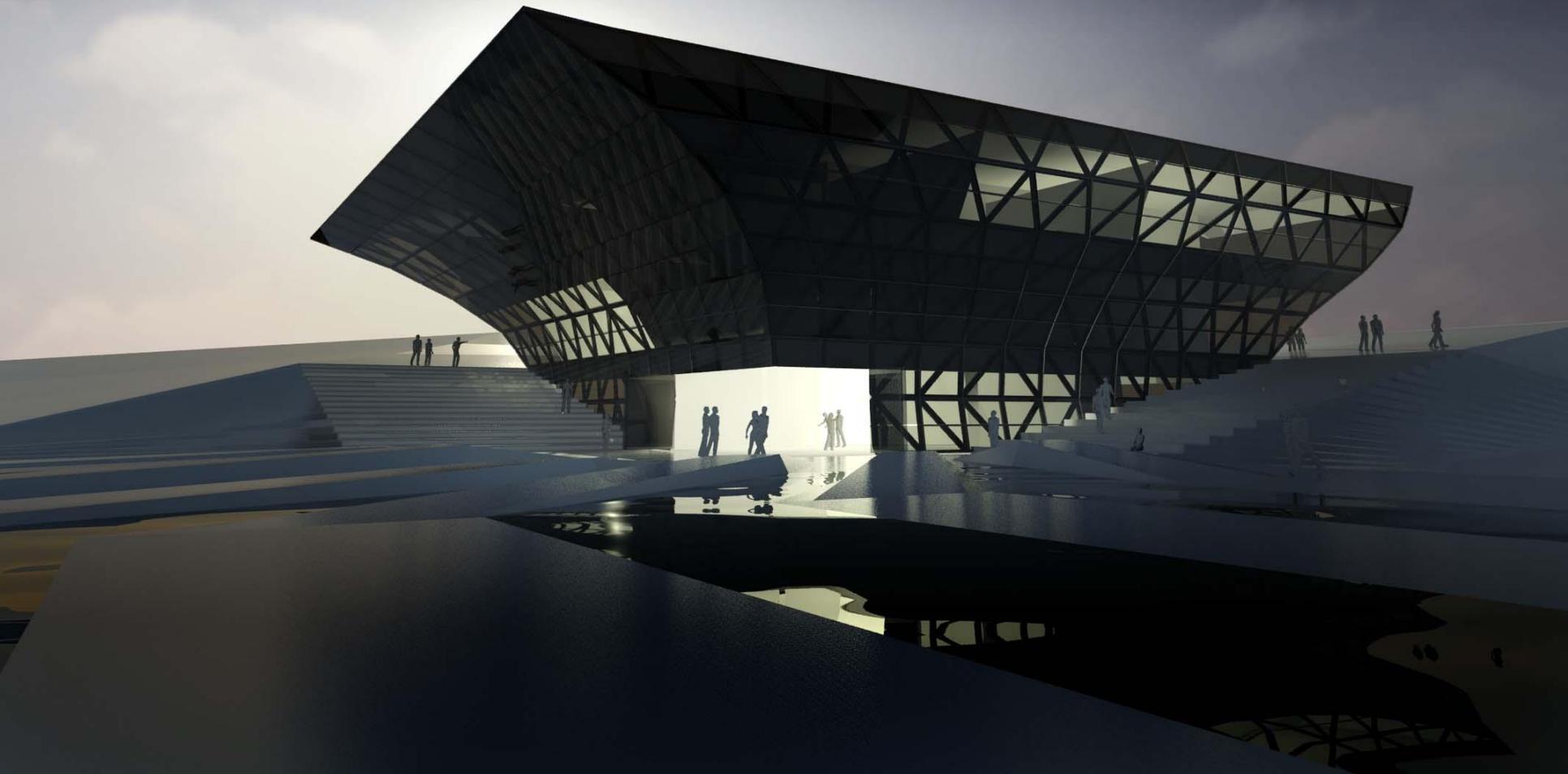
N-S SECTION

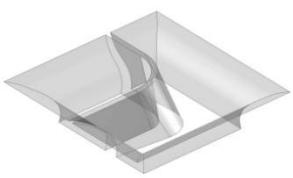
ARCHITECT



S-W CORNER

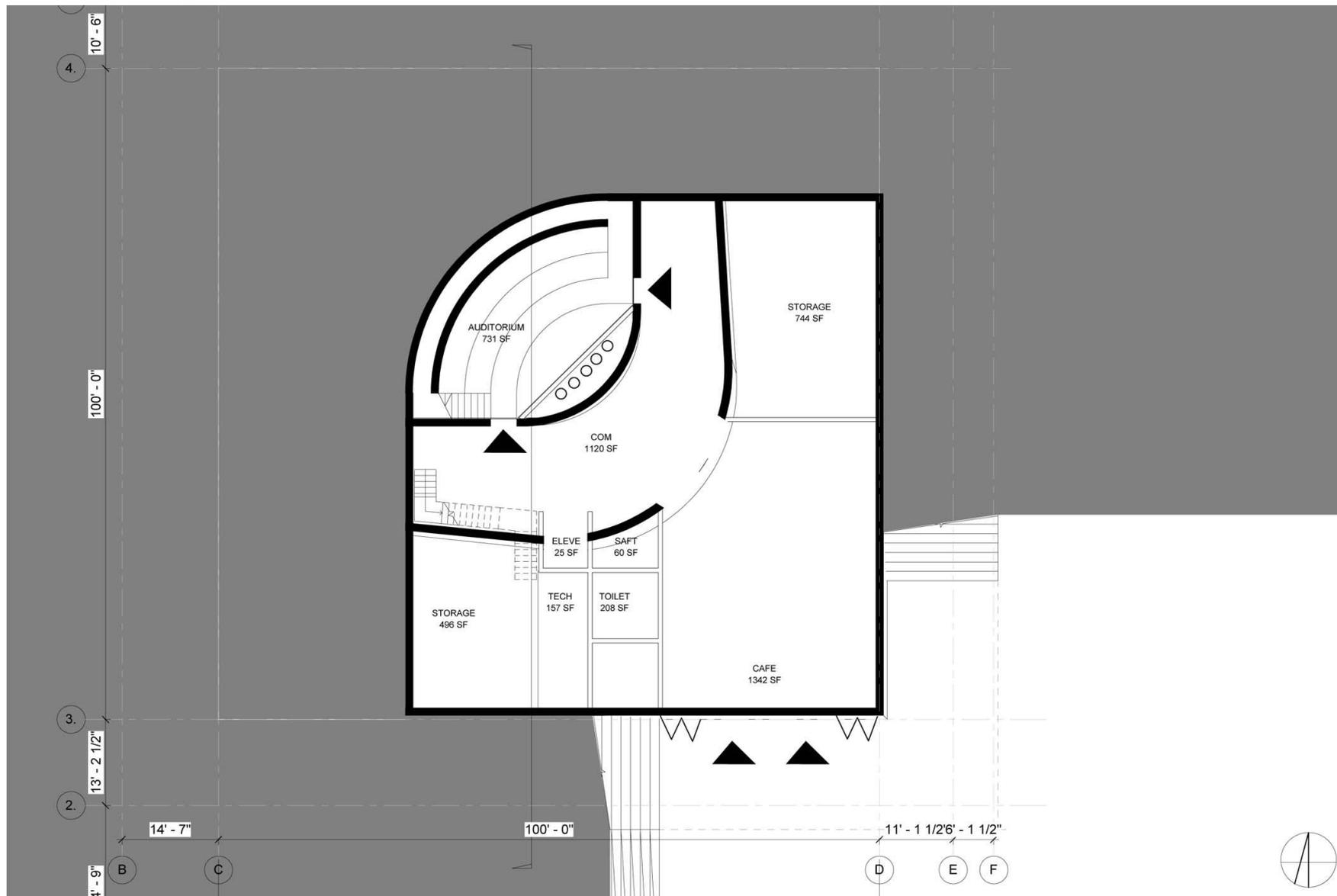
ARCHITECTURE

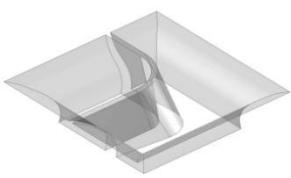




SCULPTURE BASEMENT

ARCHITECT

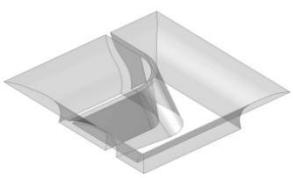




N-E CORNER WITH ENTRANCES

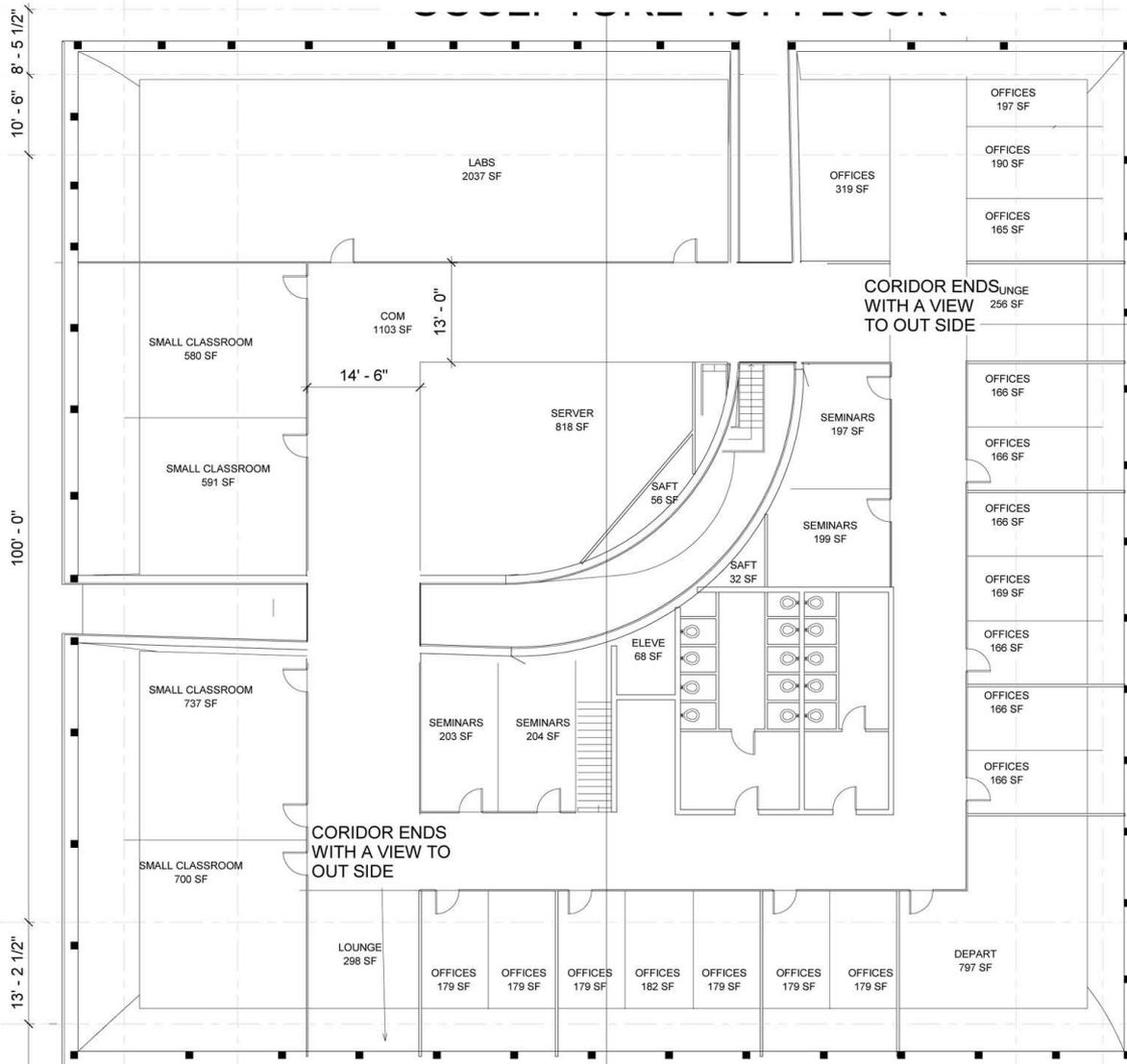
ARCHITECT





FIRST FLOOR

ARCHITECT





ORTHOGONAL CONCEPT

ARCHITECT



COZY OLD

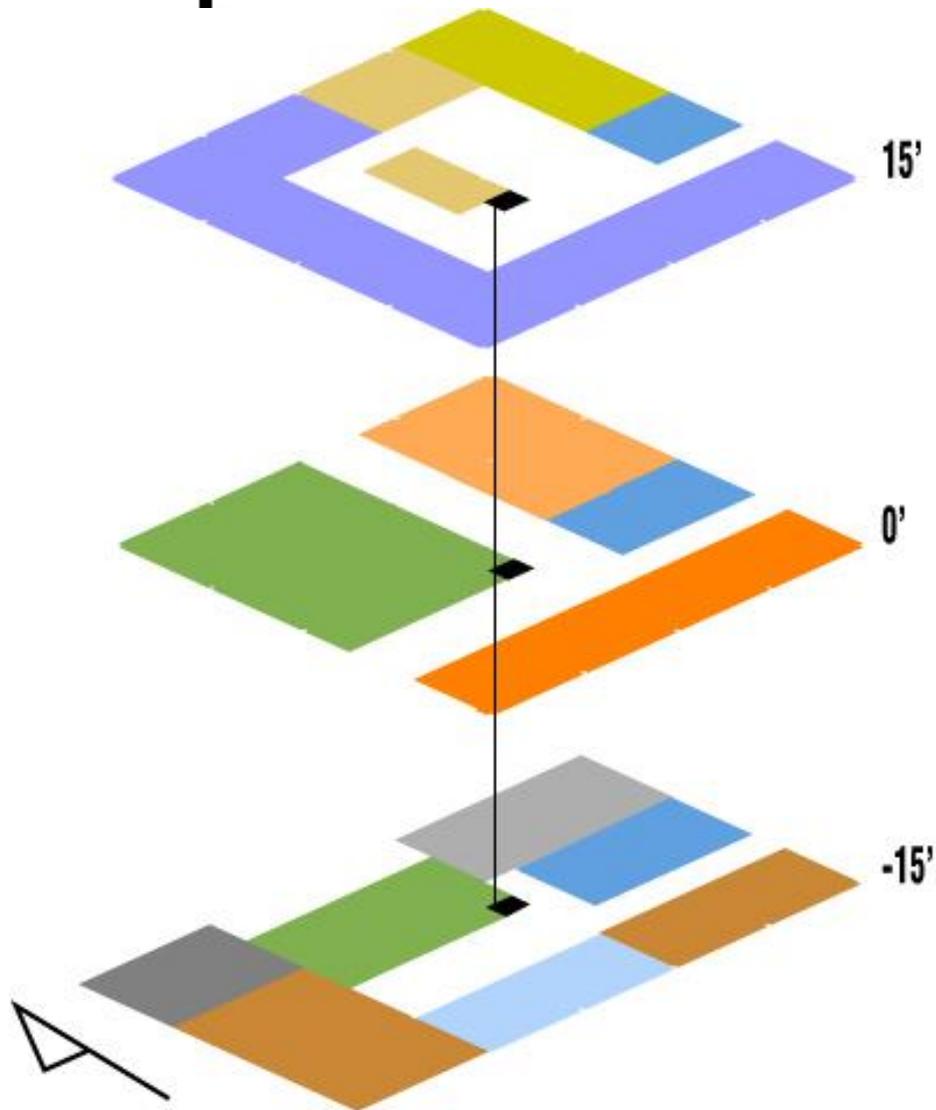
TECH NEW

REACTIVE SKIN

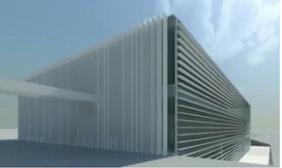


ORGANIGRAM

ARCHITECT

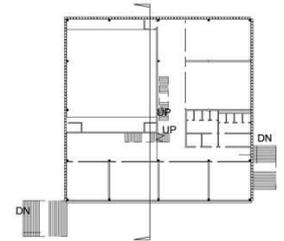


AUDITORIUM
CAFE/REST
LABS
SEMINARS
SMALL CLASS
LARGE CLASS
STUD OFFICES
OFFICES
TOILET
TECHNICAL



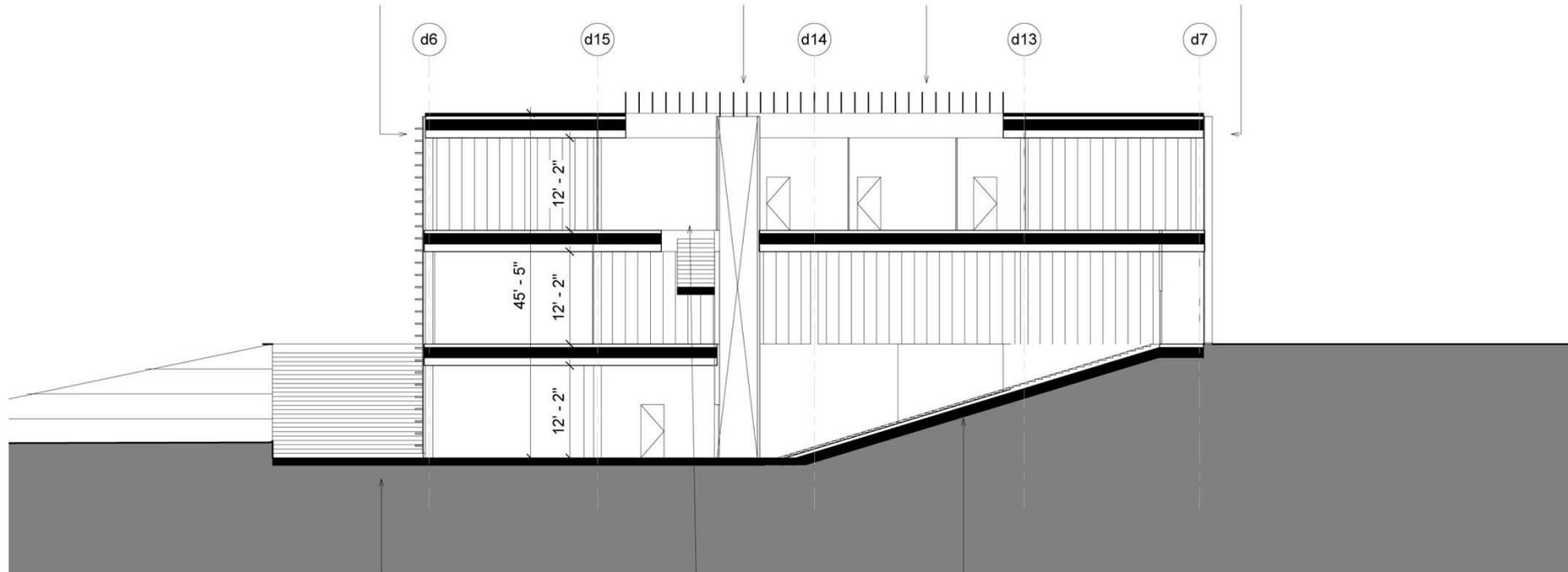
N-S SECTION

ARCHITECT



DOUBLE SKIN ELEVATOR SKY LIGHT VIEW CAPTURE BLINDS

d6 d15 d14 d13 d7



TARRACE TERRAIN STAIRS

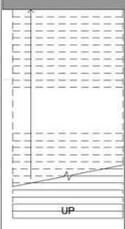
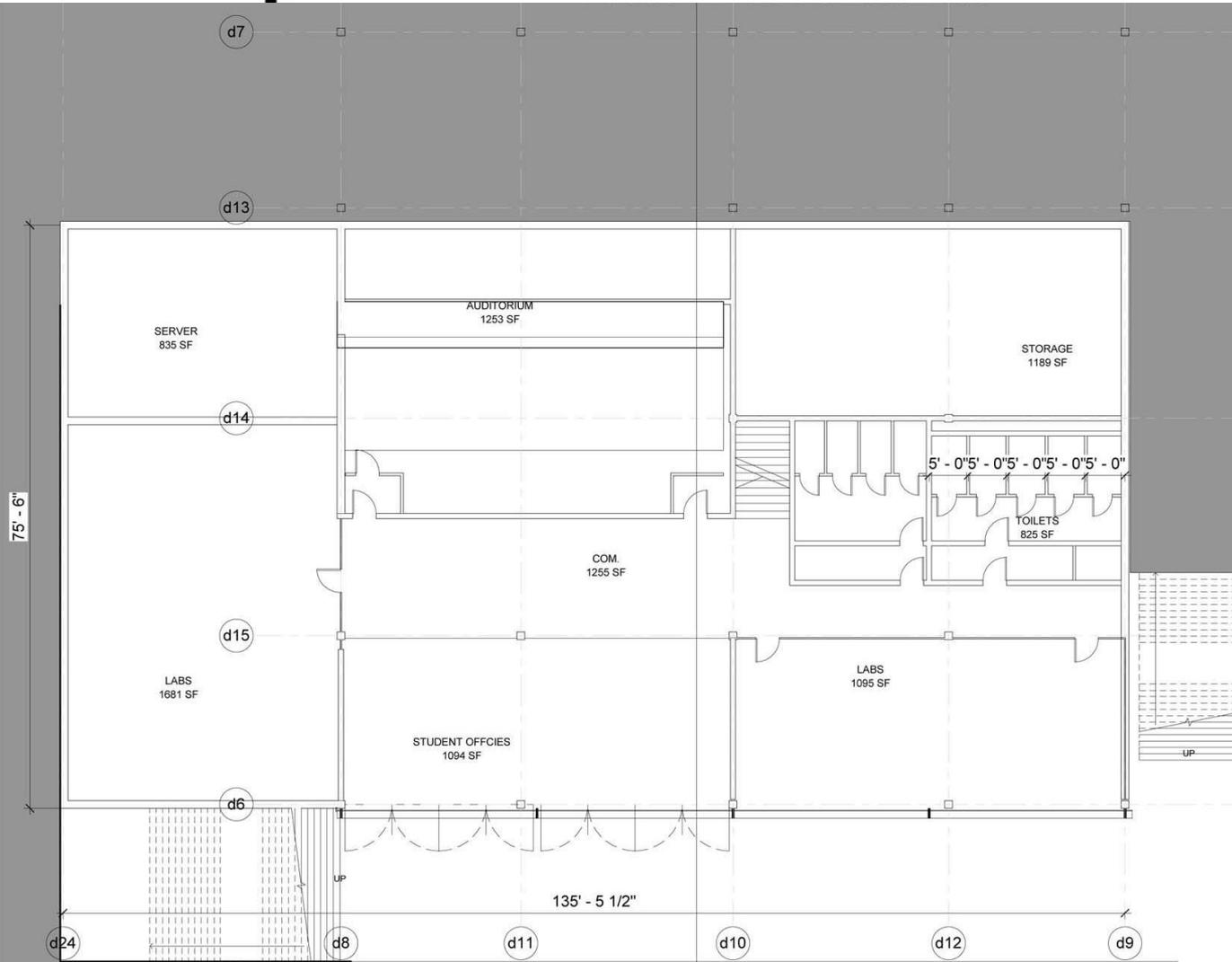
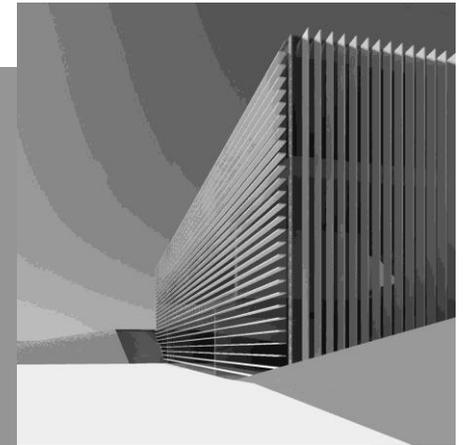
DOUBLE LEVEL

FOUNDATION FOLLOW SLOPE



BASEMENT

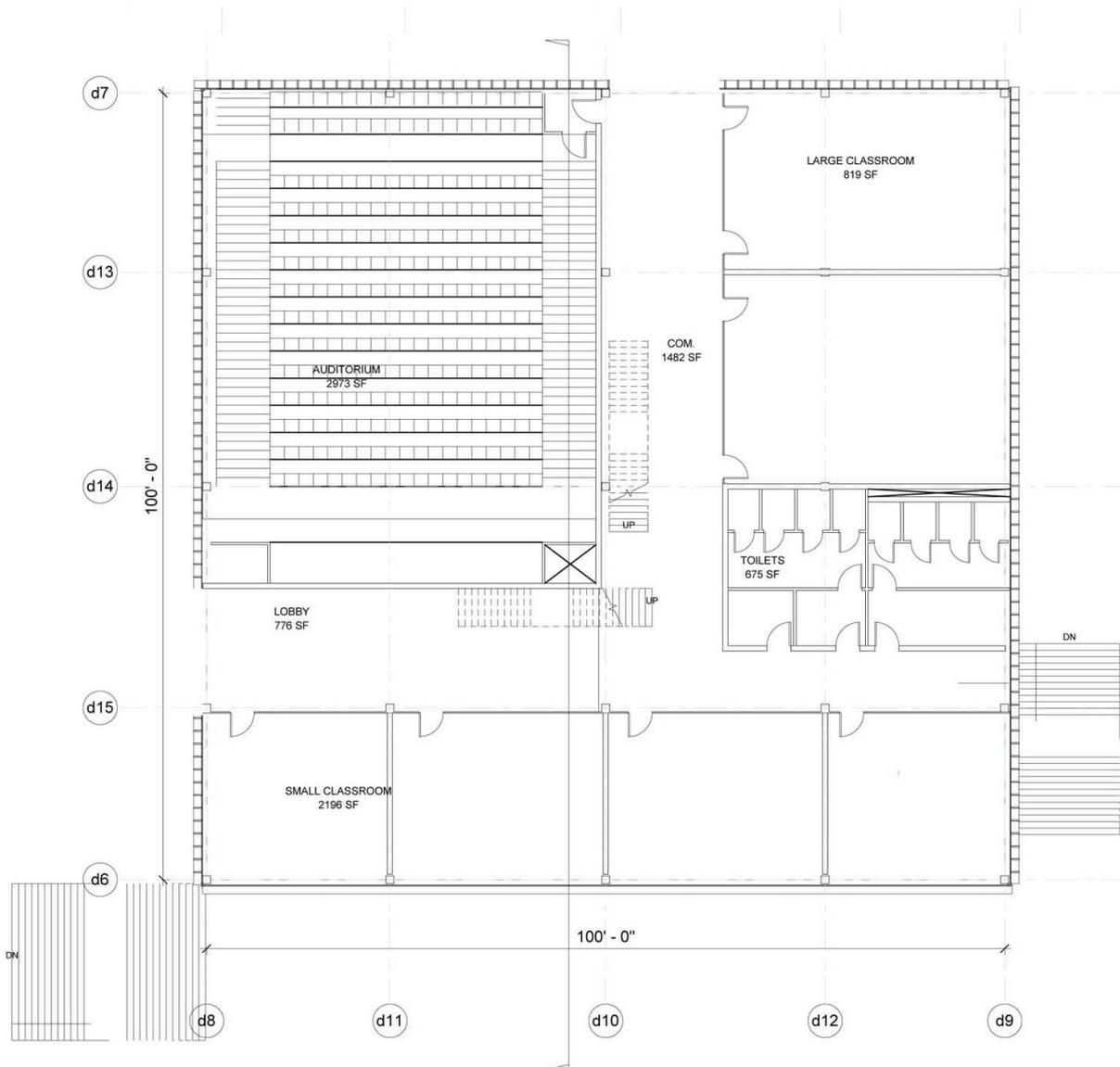
ARCHITECT

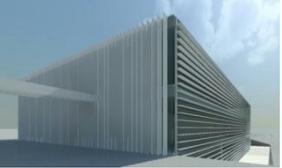




GROUND FLOOR

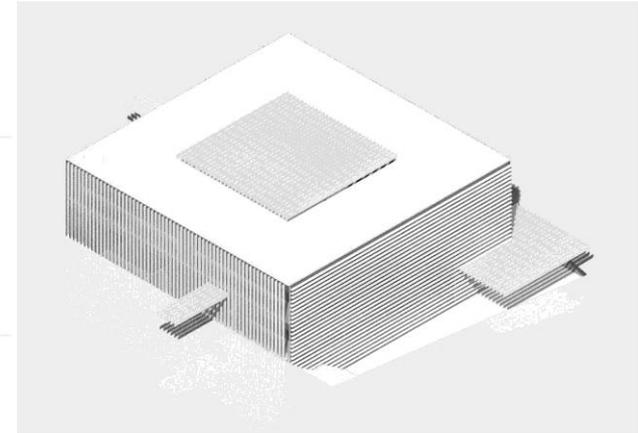
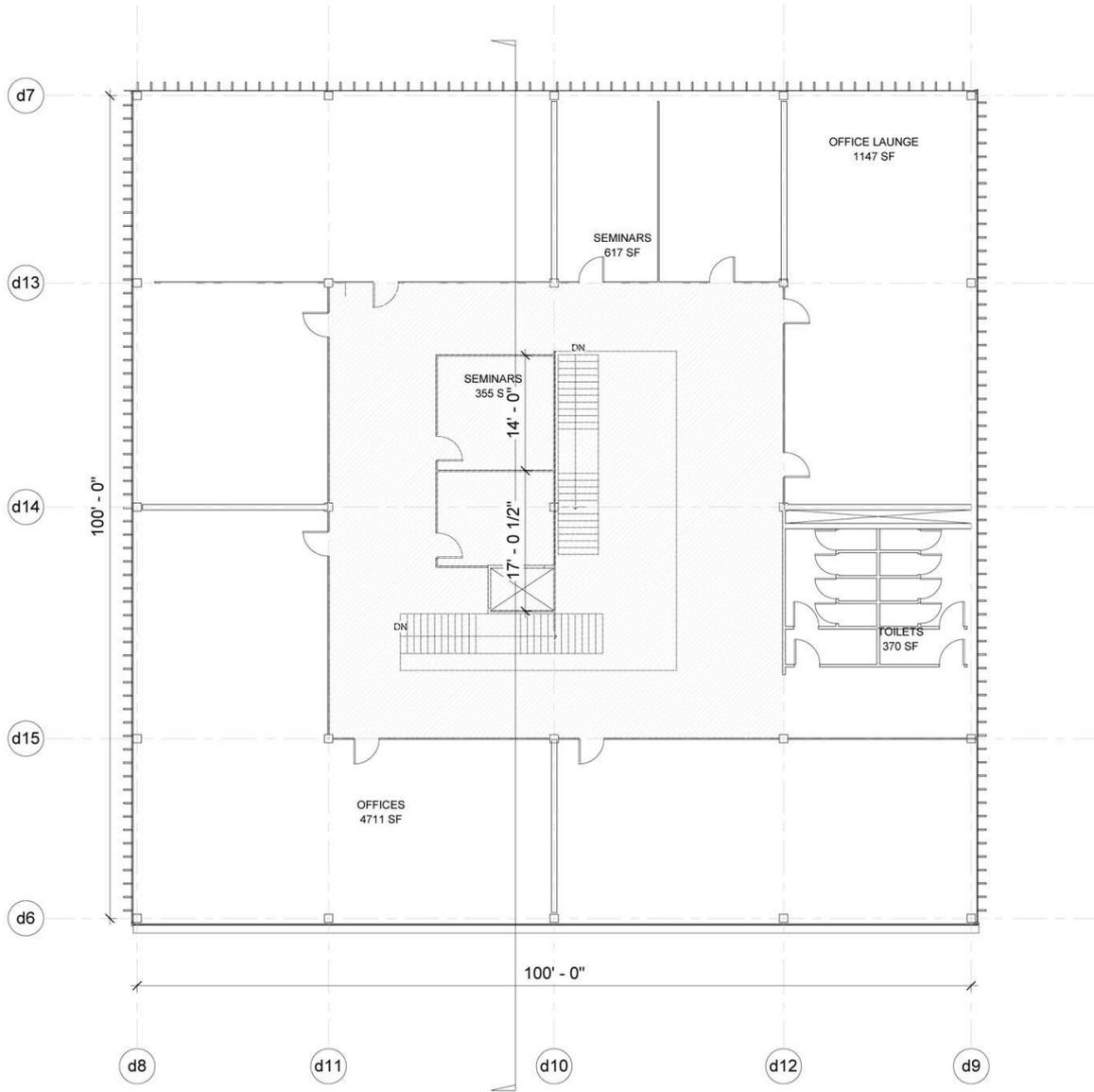
ARCHITECT





FIRST FLOOR

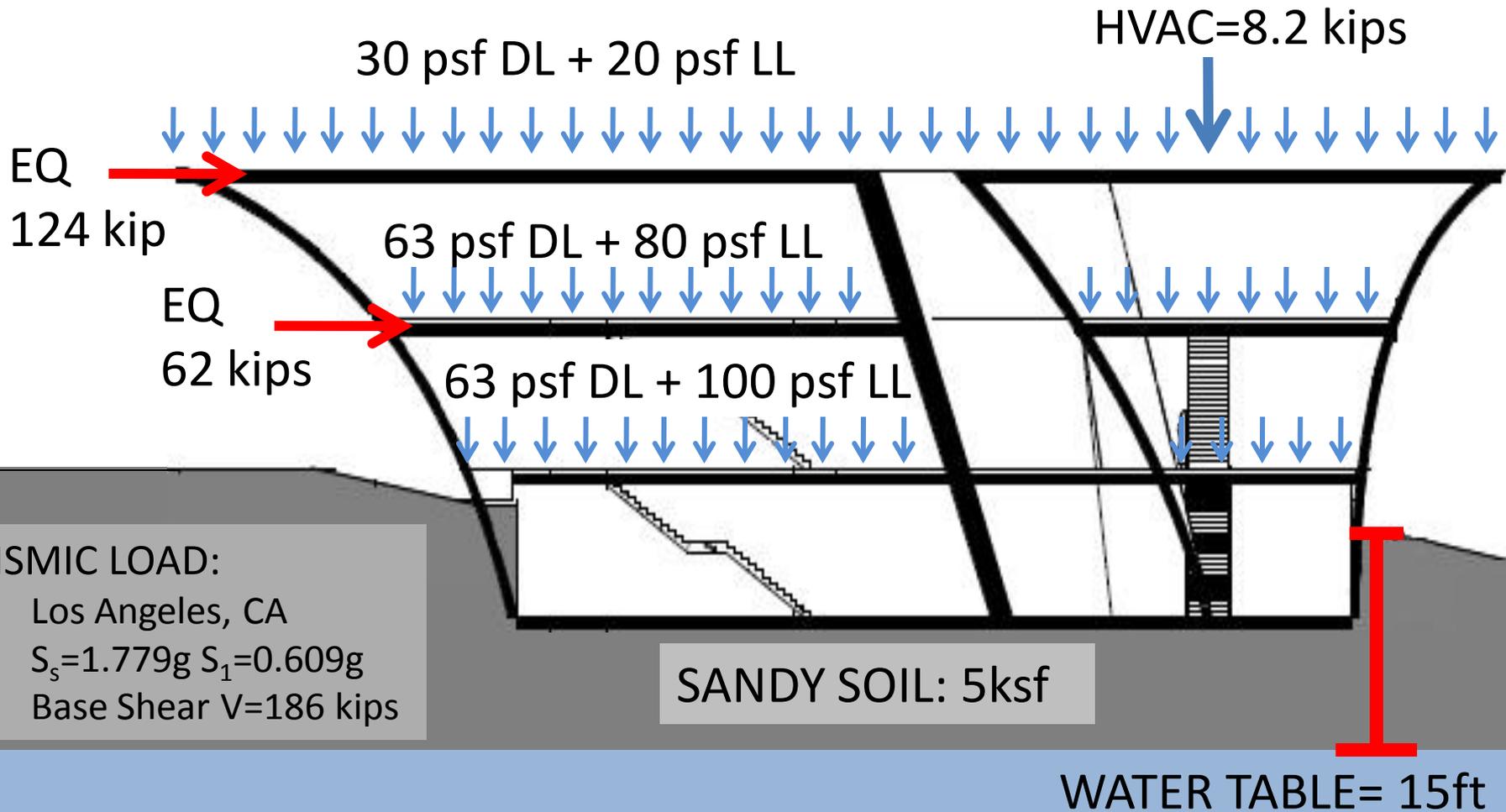
ARCHITECT



{STRUCTURAL DESIGN}

BUILDING LOADS

STRUCTURAL

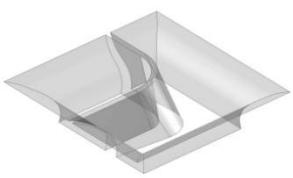


SEISMIC LOAD:

Los Angeles, CA

$S_5=1.779g$ $S_1=0.609g$

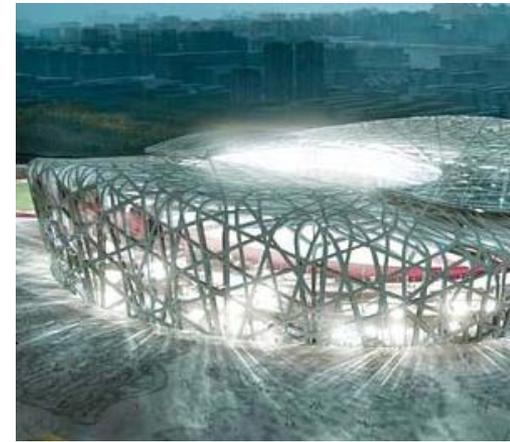
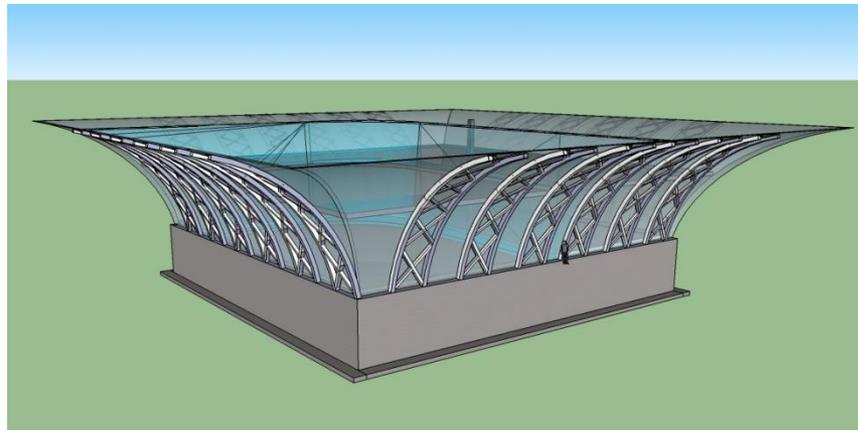
Base Shear $V=186$ kips



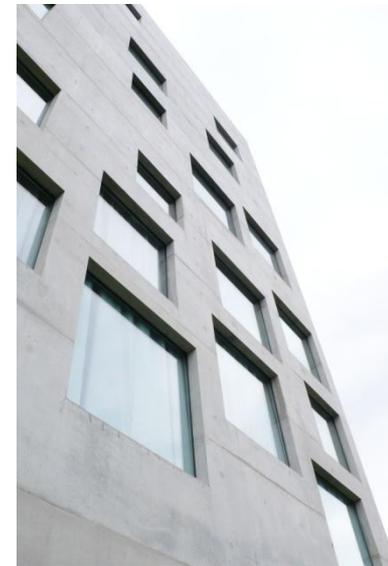
SCULPTURE CONCEPT

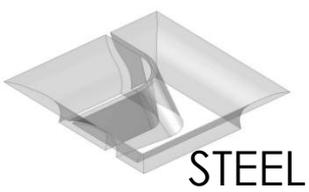
STRUCTURAL

STEEL DESIGN



CONCRETE DESIGN

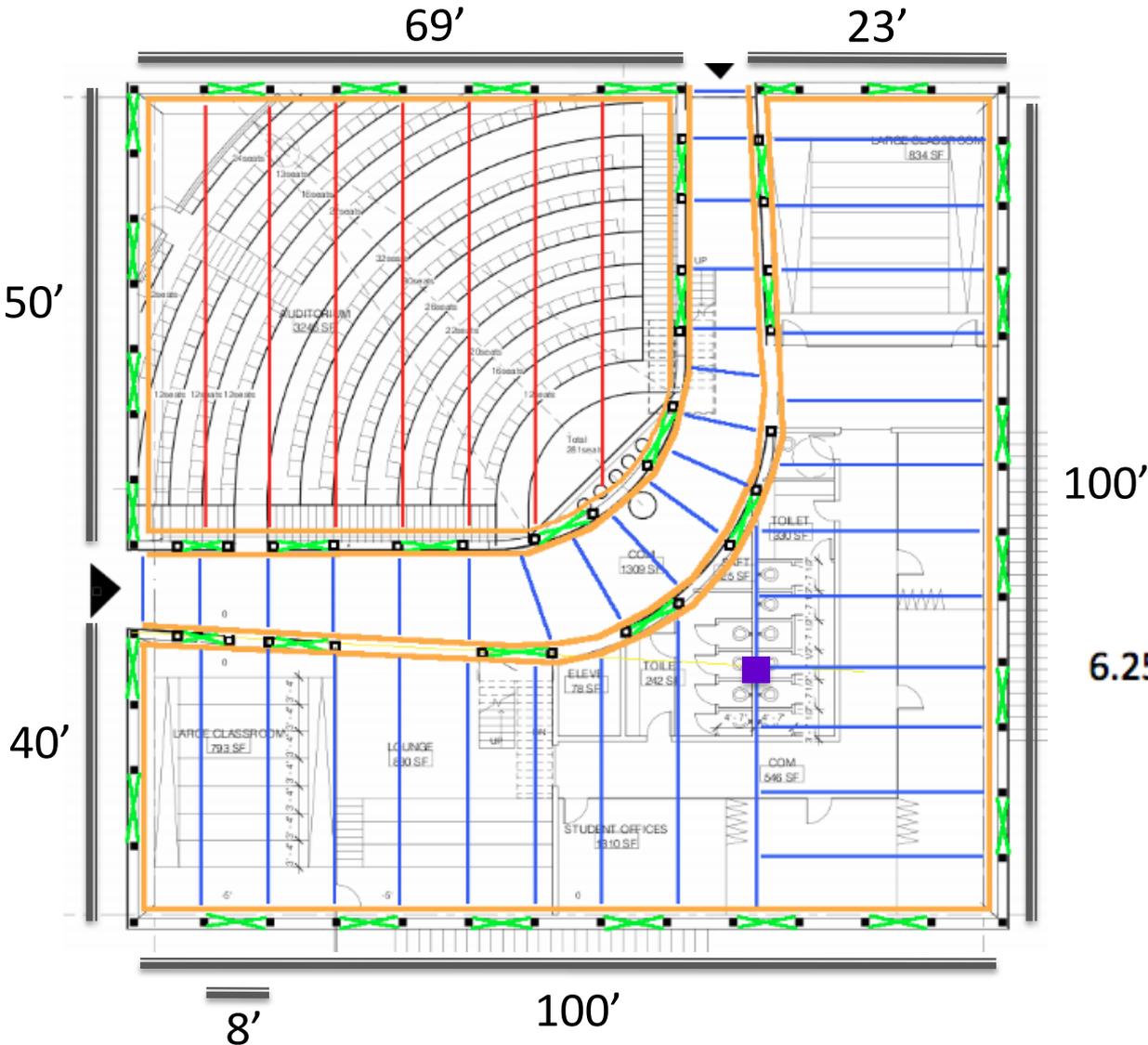




STEEL

GROUND FLOOR

STRUCTURAL



TRUSS:

- Members – HSS 10x10x1/2
- Columns – HSS 12x12x1/2

COLUMNS:

- Single Column: W12x72

GIRDERS:

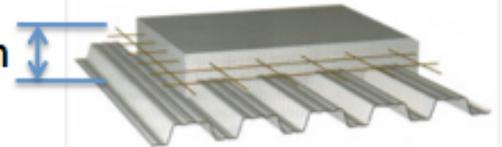
- Perimeter Girders: W27x84

FLOOR BEAMS:

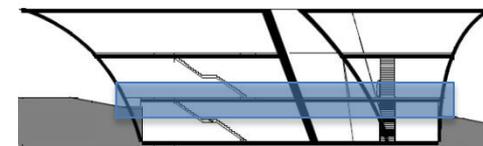
- Auditorium : W24x68
- North/South: W21x55
- East/West: W14x22

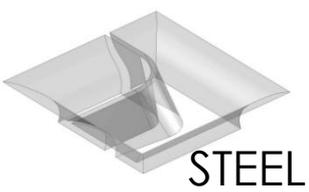
LW concrete

6.25" depth



Vulcraft 3VLI20





ROOF

STRUCTURAL

105'

48'

69'

83'

158'

158'

GIRDERS:

■ Perimeter Girders: W27x84

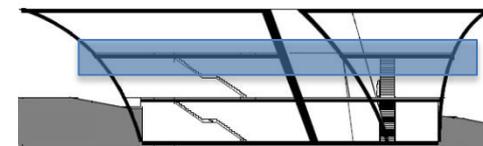
ROOF JOISTS:

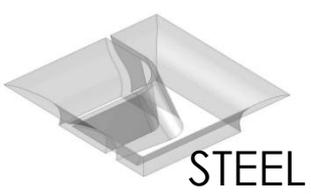
■ Steel Joists: 44LH11

HORIZONTAL BRACING:

■ Truss System: HSS8x8x1/2

Vulcraft 1.5BA22
(Acoustical decking for educational facilities)

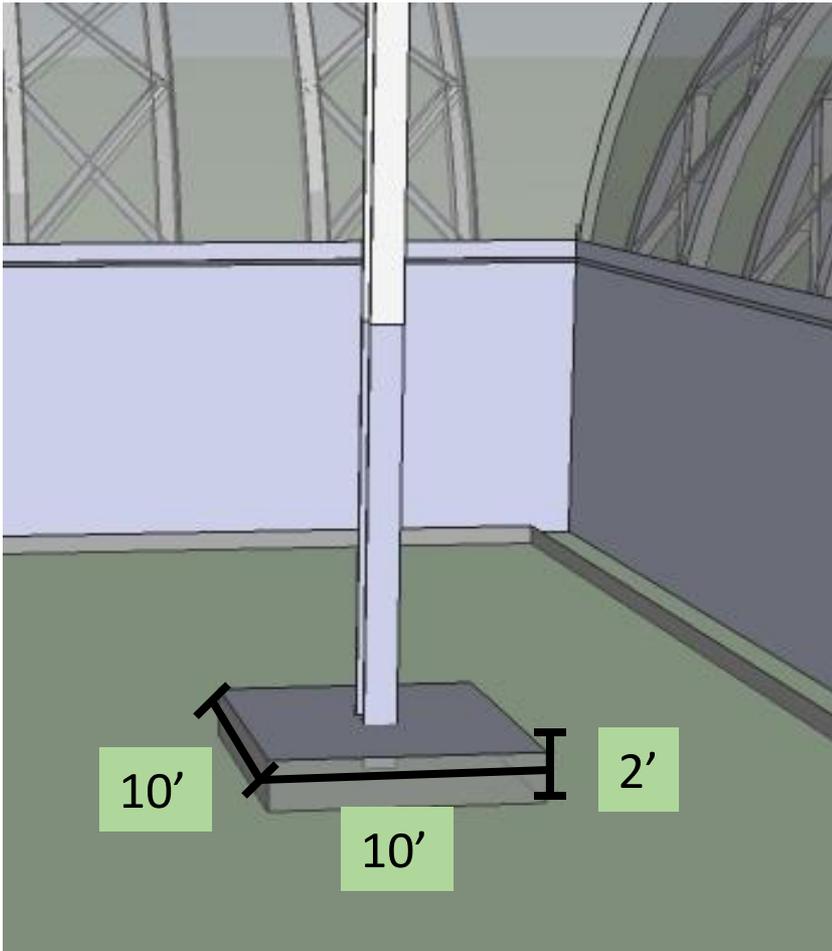




STEEL

FOUNDATION DESIGN

STRUCTURAL

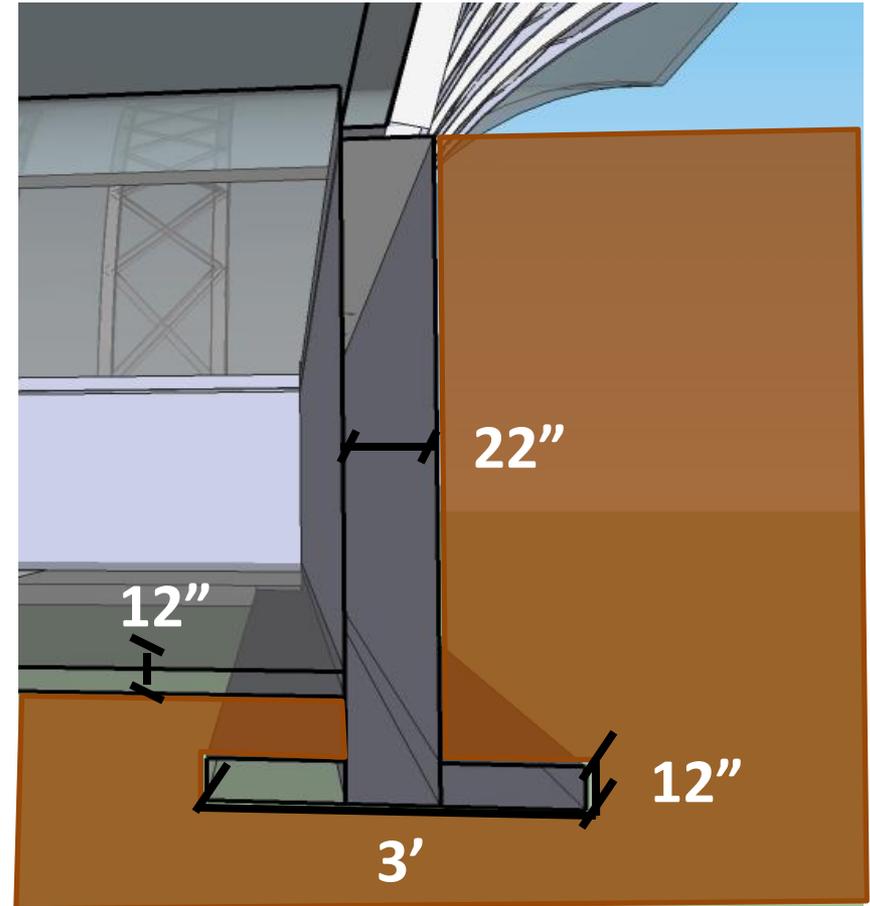


10'

10'

2'

Spread Footing- Normal Weight Concrete
10 #9s in each direction (Mentor Reference: Greg Luth)



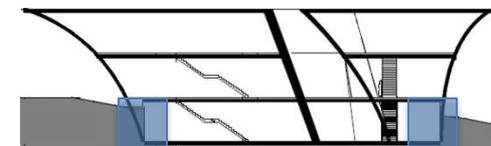
22"

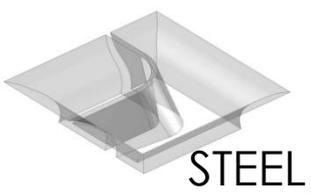
12"

12"

3'

Strip Footing

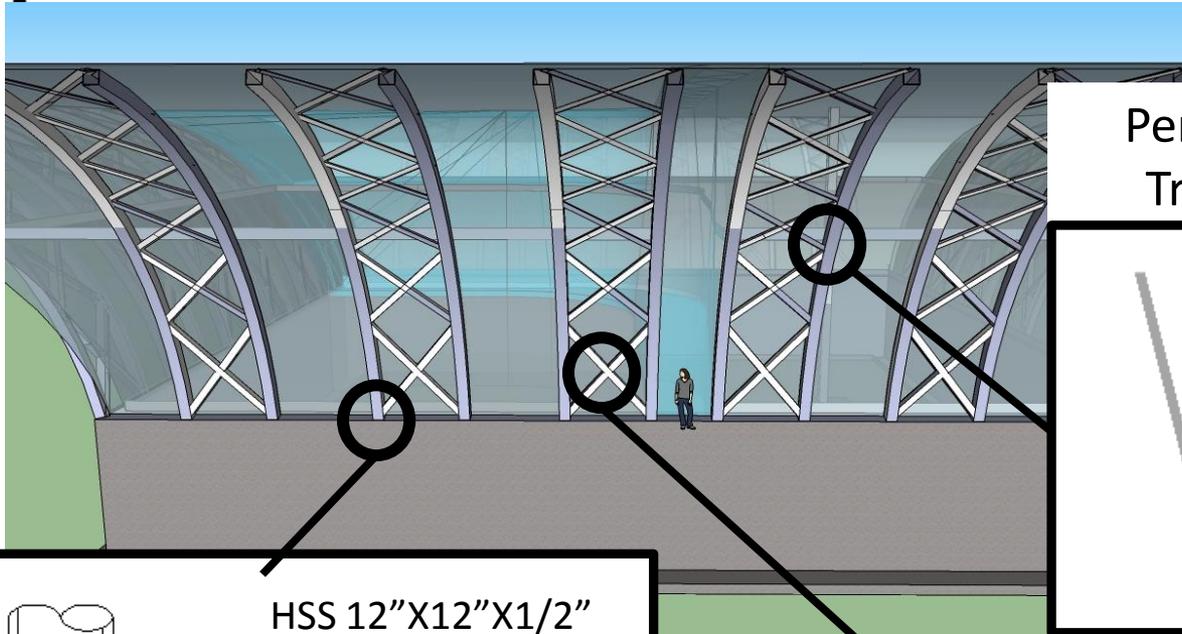




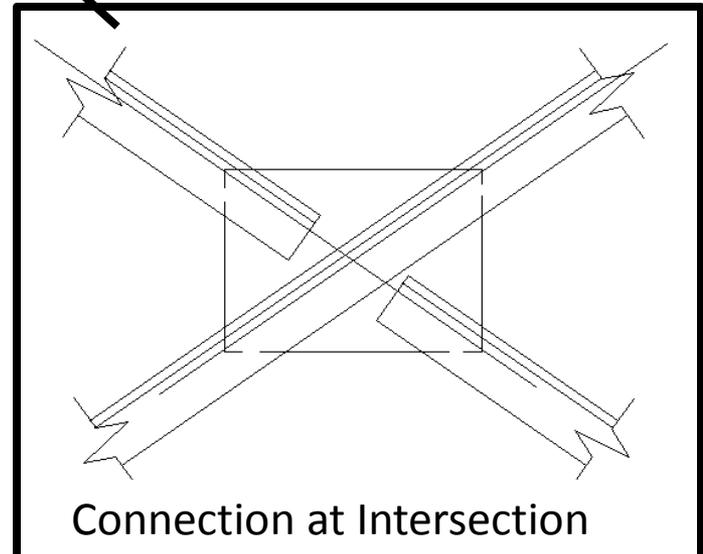
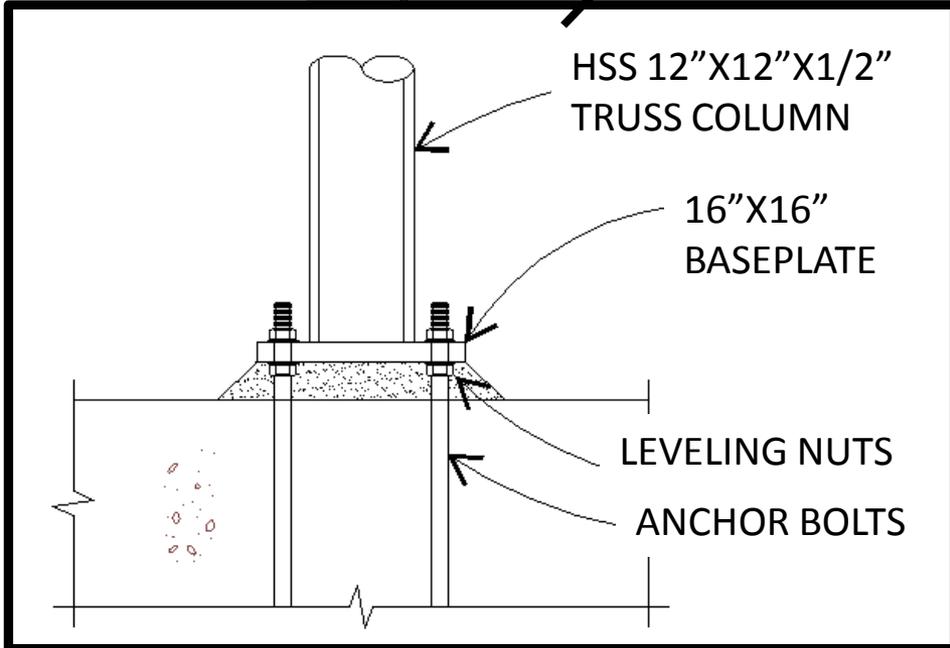
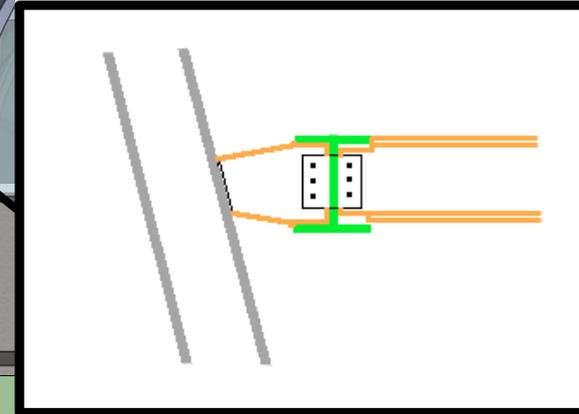
STEEL

TRUSS DETAILS

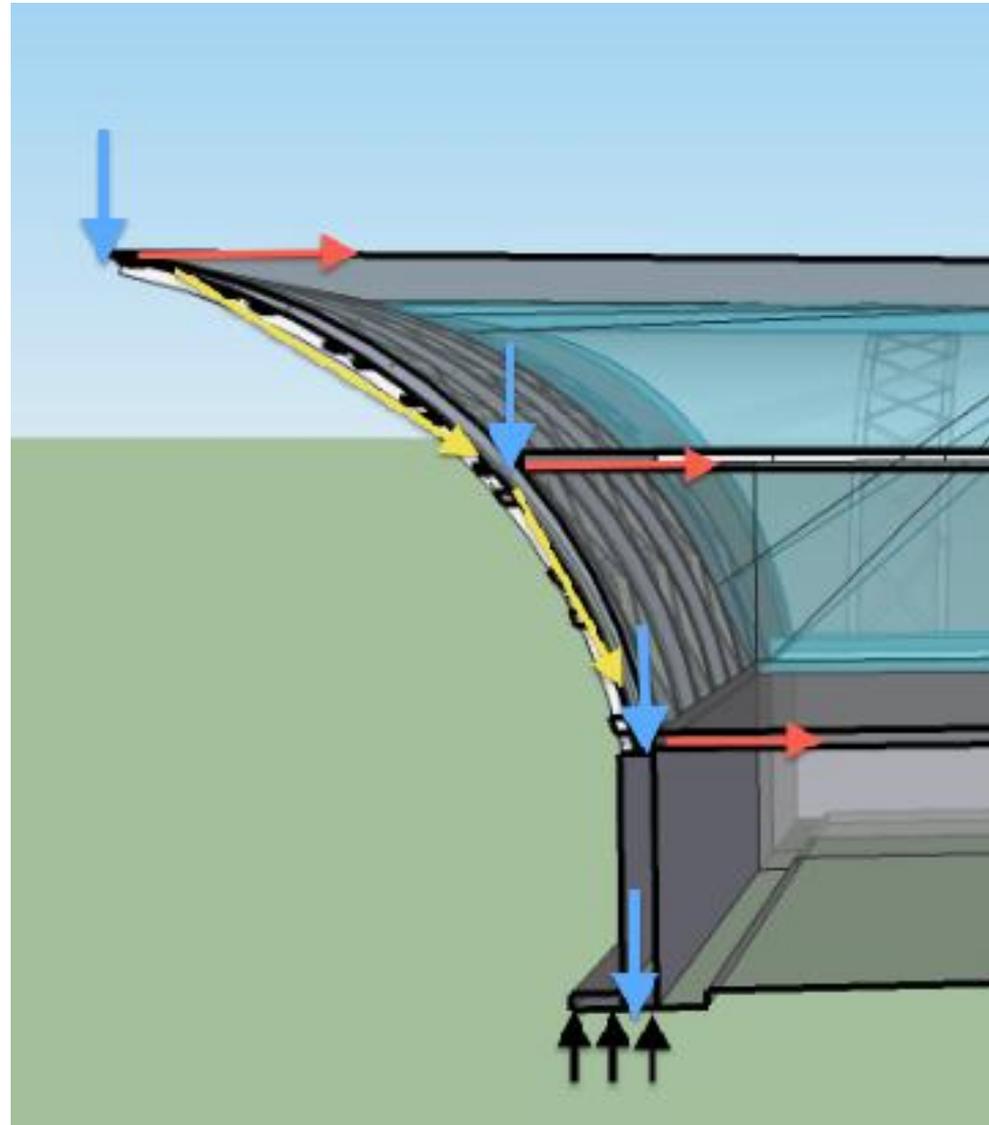
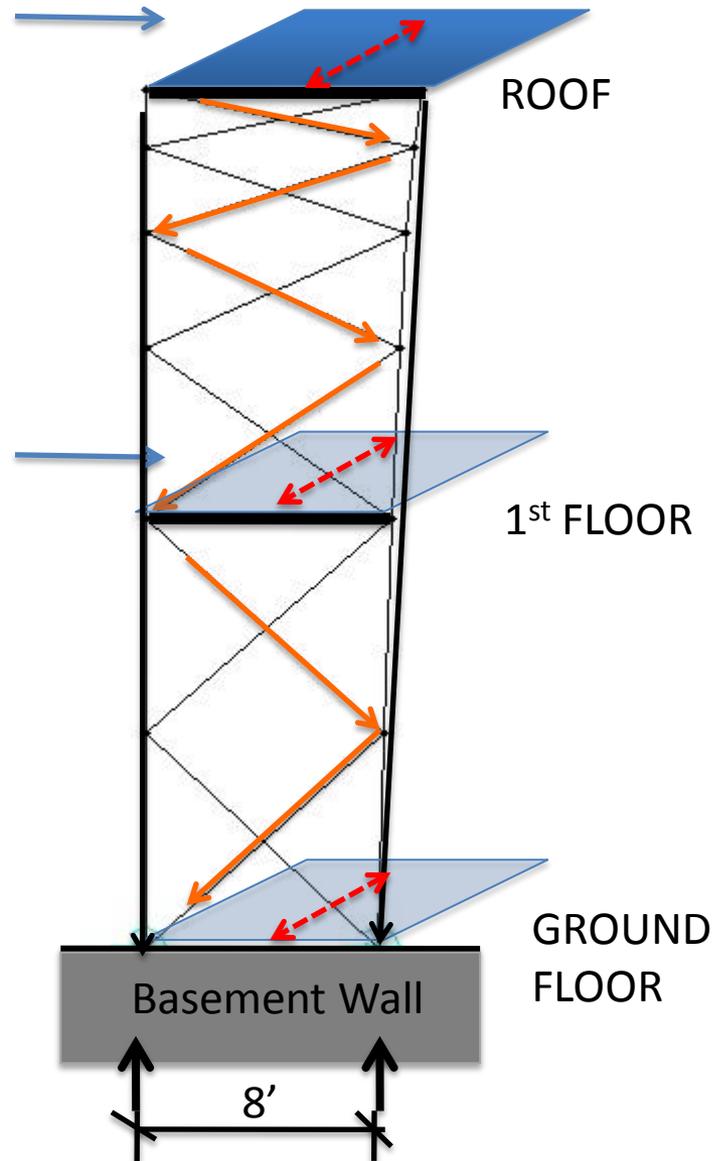
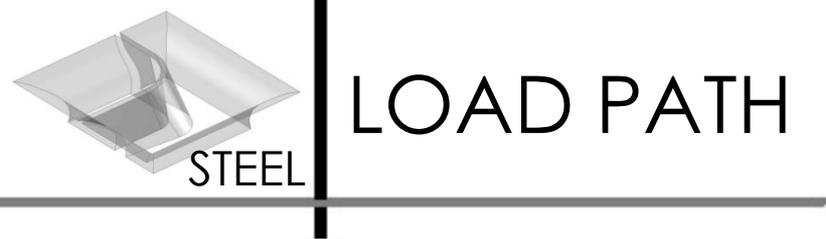
STRUCTURAL

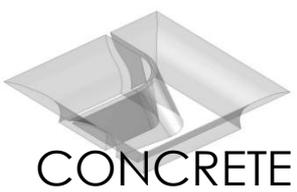


Perimeter Girder & Truss Connection



Connection at Intersection

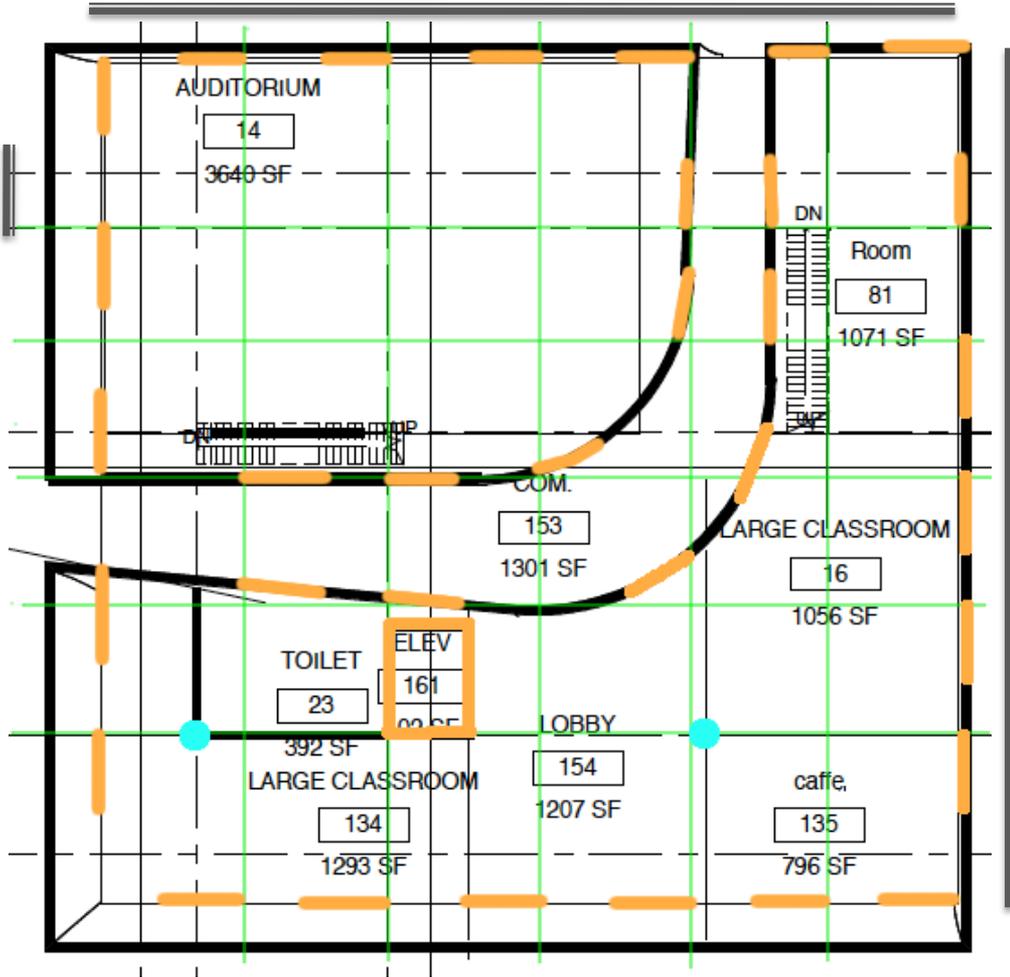




LAYOUT

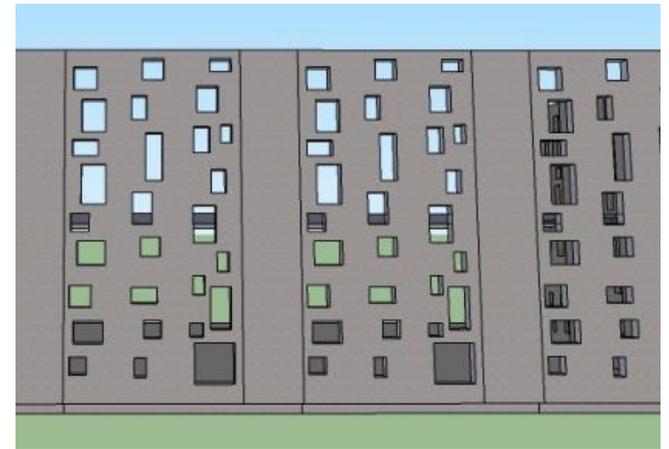
100'

10'



- Round 16" Columns
- Coupled Shear Walls, 14" Thick

STRUCTURAL



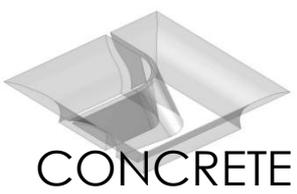
Coupled Shear Wall Elevation

100'

8'



Architectural Inspiration

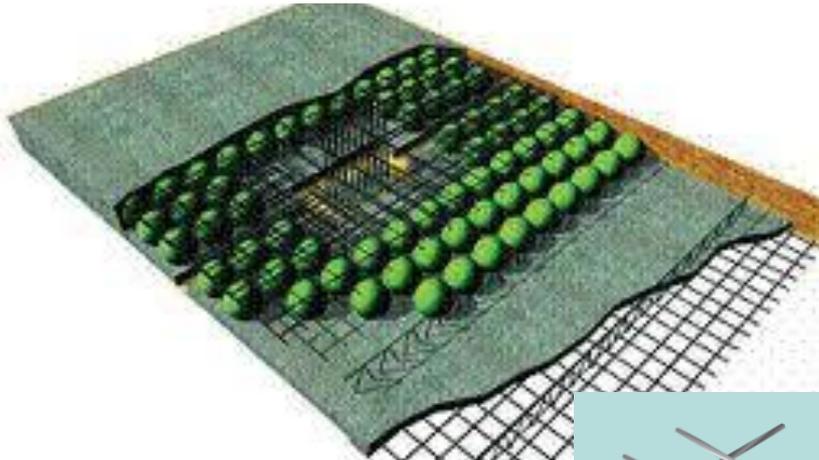


ENABLING DETAILS

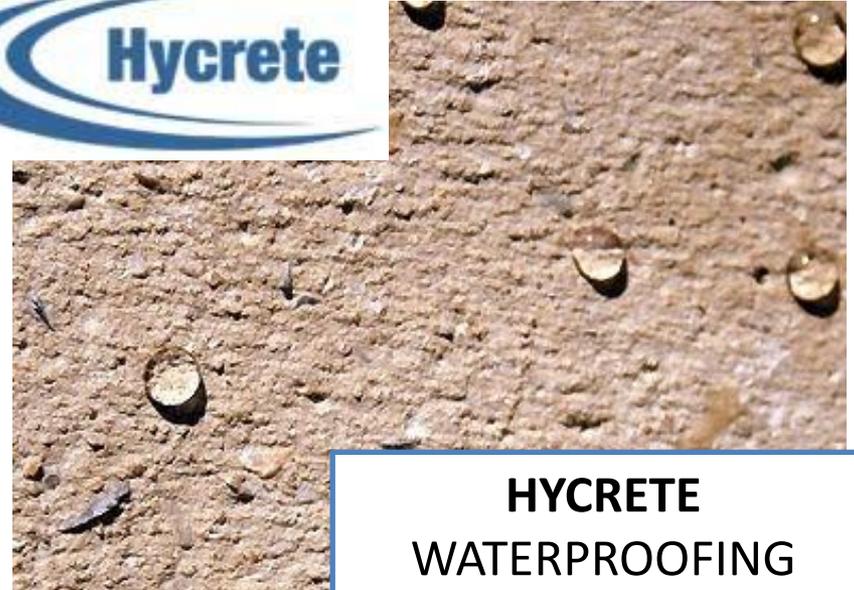
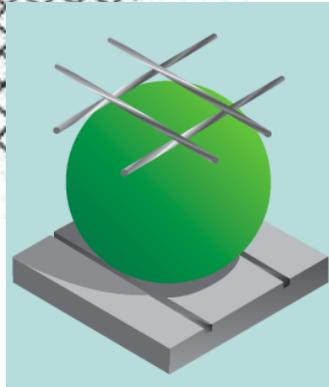
STRUCTURAL

BubbleDeck®

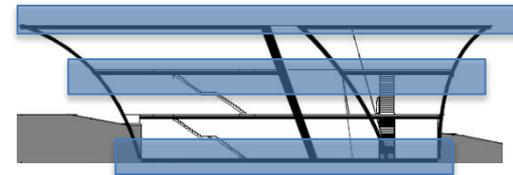
Build more with less.



VOIDED BIAxIAL FLAT
PLATE SLAB



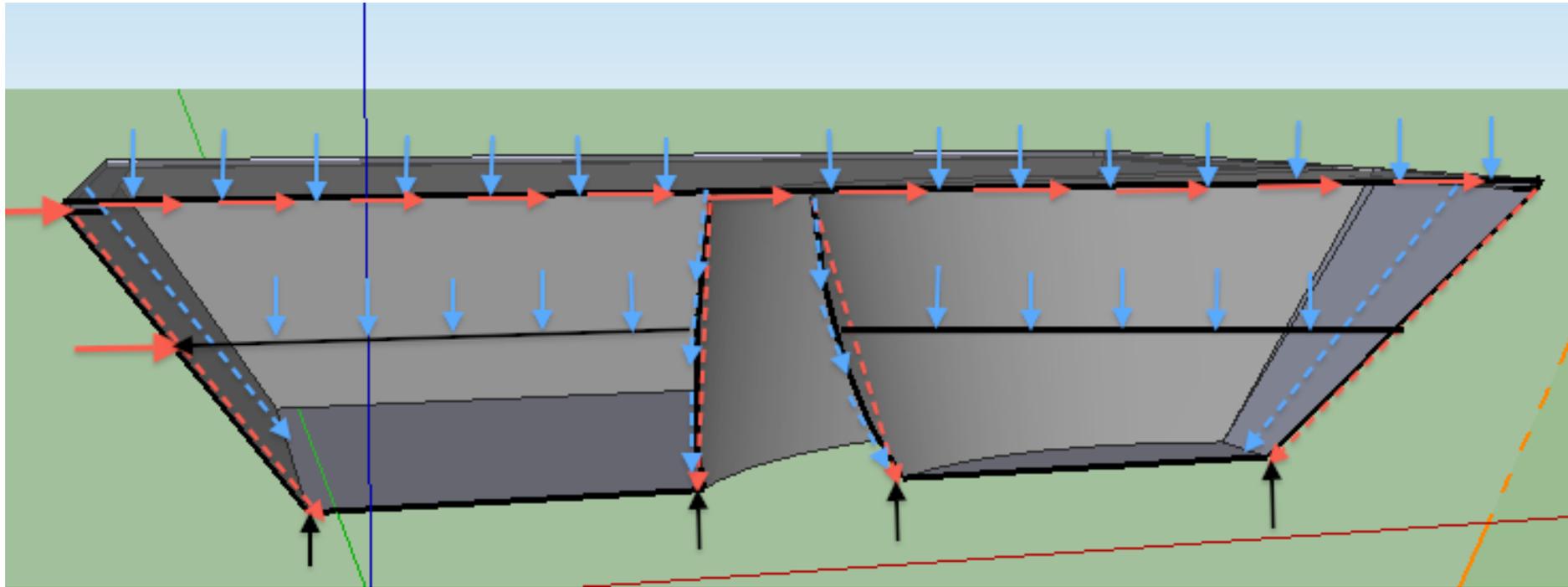
HYCRETE
WATERPROOFING
CONCRETE MIXTURE





LOAD PATH

STRUCTURAL





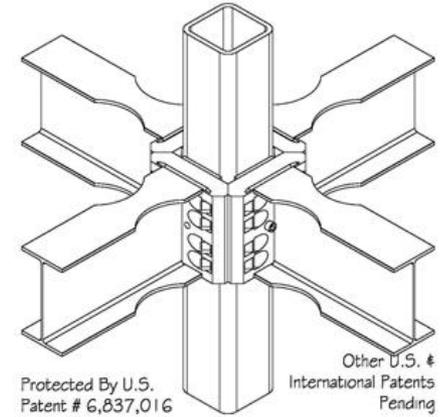
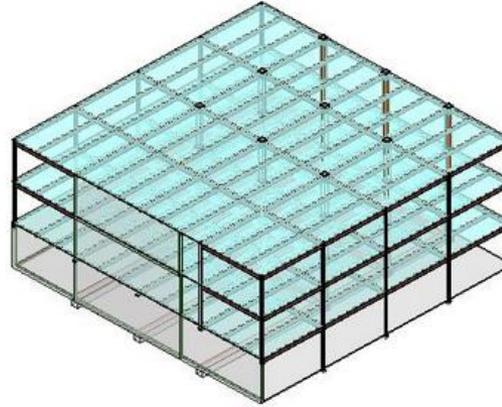
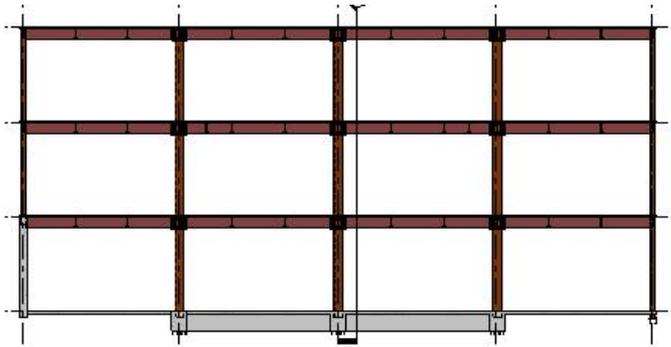
STEEL

ORTHOGONAL CONCEPT

STRUCTURAL



STEEL DESIGN

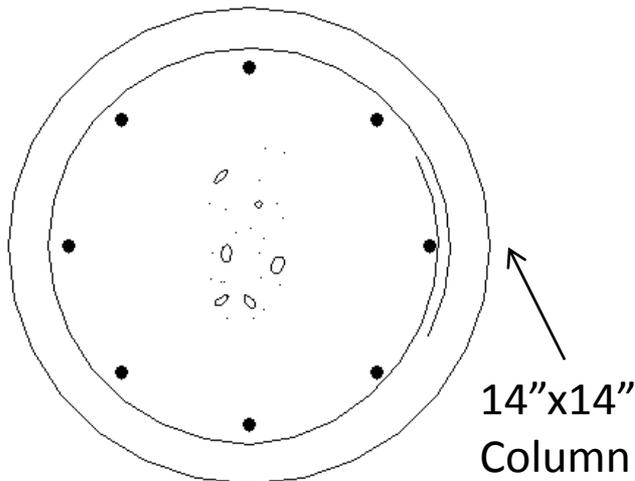


Protected By U.S. Patent # 6,837,016

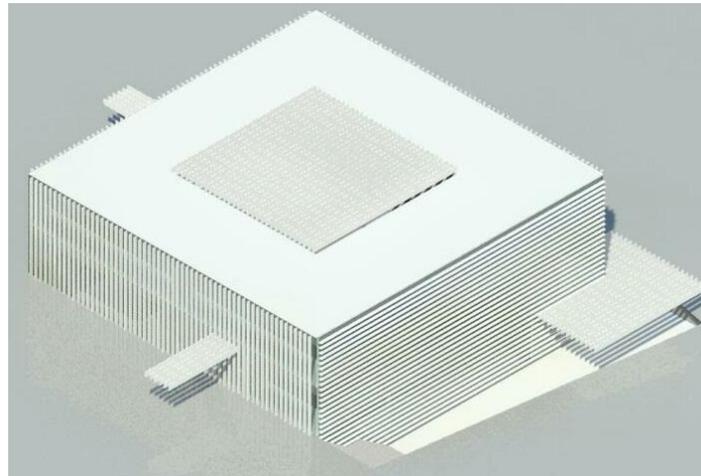
Other U.S. & International Patents Pending

Standard bay width: 25'x25' (allowed for use of ConXtech)

CONCRETE DESIGN



14"x14" Column



ROUND COLUMN DESIGN

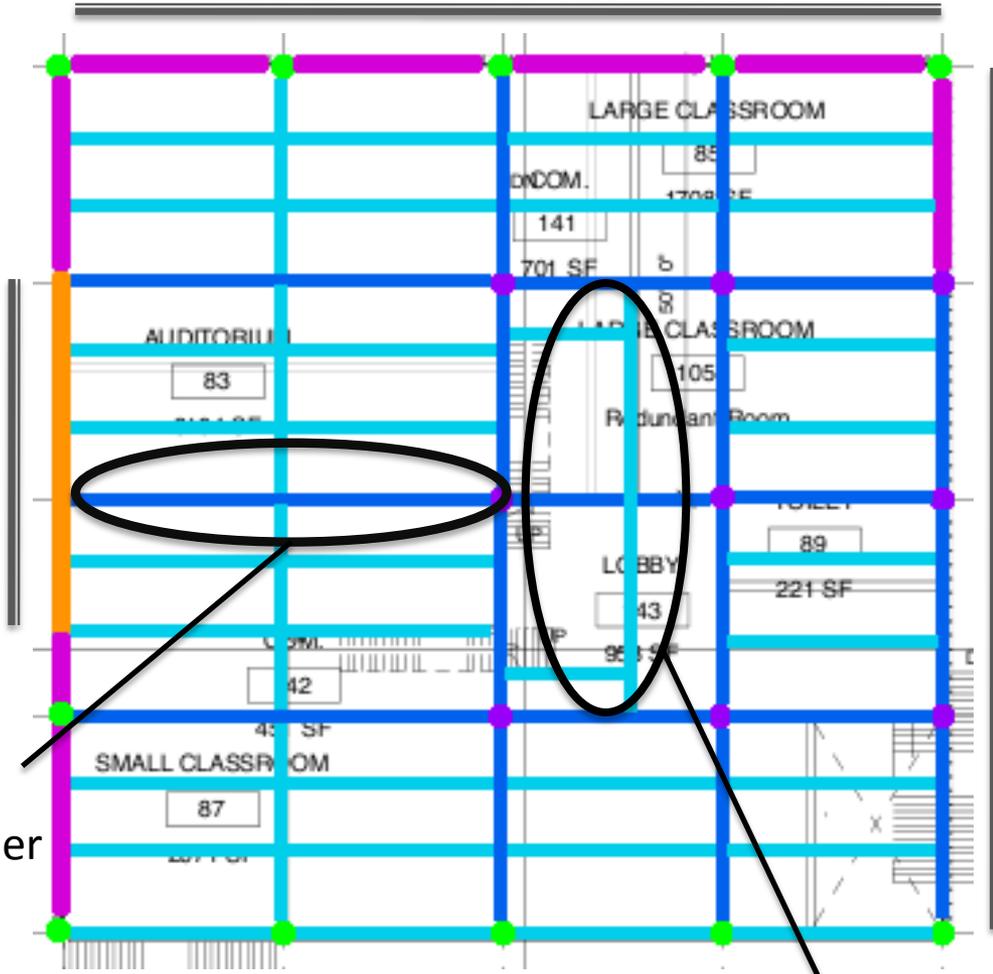


STEEL

GROUND FLOOR

STRUCTURAL

100'



TOP OF BASEMENT WALL:

Wall Thickness: 16"

SHEAR WALL:

Wall Thickness: 12"

COLUMNS:

Interior: HSS 16x16x5/8

Exterior: HSS 8x8x1/2

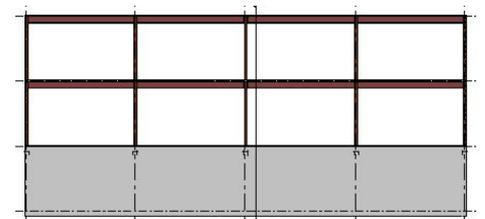
CONXTECH MOMENT FRAME:

Girders: W 21x62

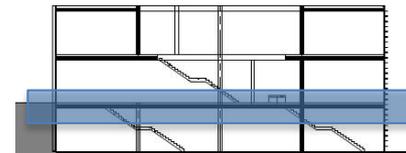
FLOOR BEAMS:

East/West: W 18x35

100'



North Elevation

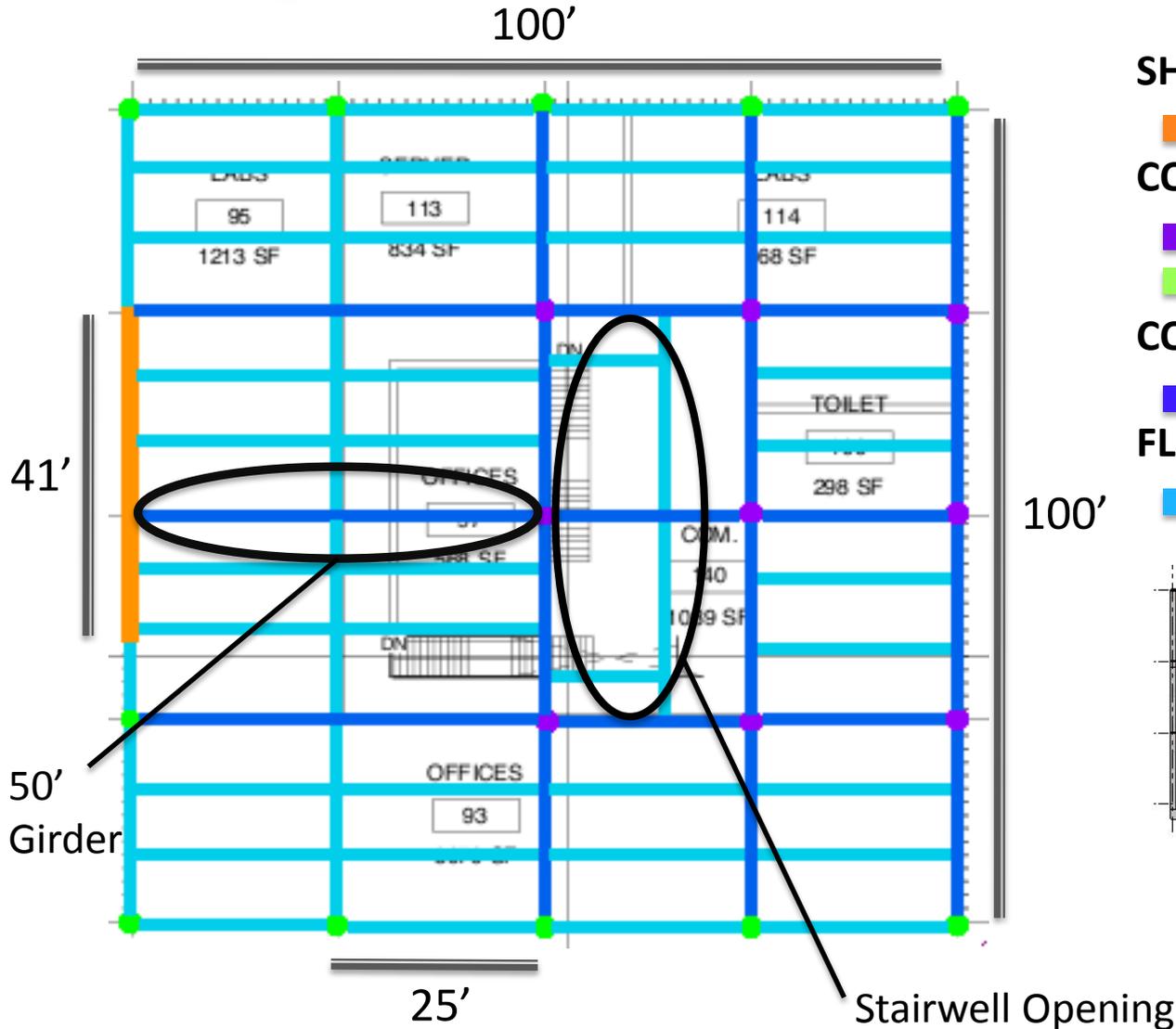




STEEL

FIRST FLOOR & ROOF

STRUCTURAL



SHEAR WALL:

- Wall Thickness: 12"

COLUMNS:

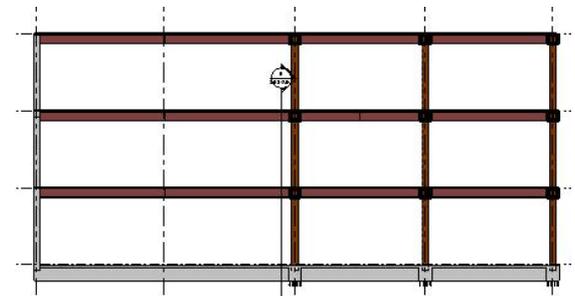
- Interior: HSS 16x16x5/8
- Exterior: HSS 8x8x1/2

CONXTECH MOMENT FRAME:

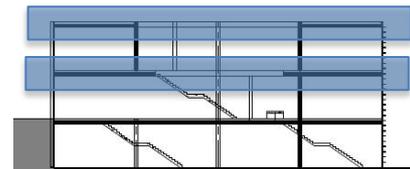
- Girders: W 21x62

FLOOR BEAMS:

- E/W: W18x35



East Elevation



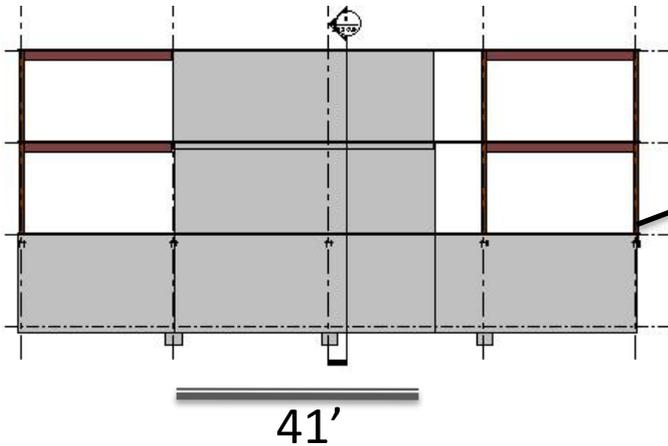


STEEL

DUAL LATERAL RESISTING SYSTEM

STRUCTURAL

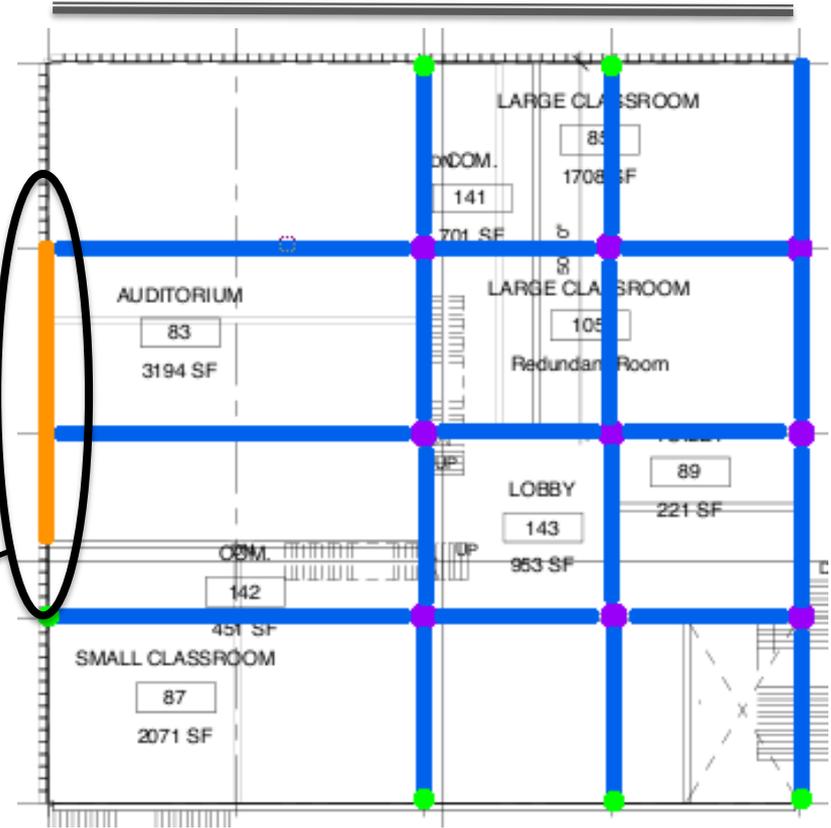
CONXTECH 2-WAY
MOMENT FRAME
+
SHEAR WALL



41'

41'

100'



- Shear Wall
- ConXtech Moment Frame W21x62

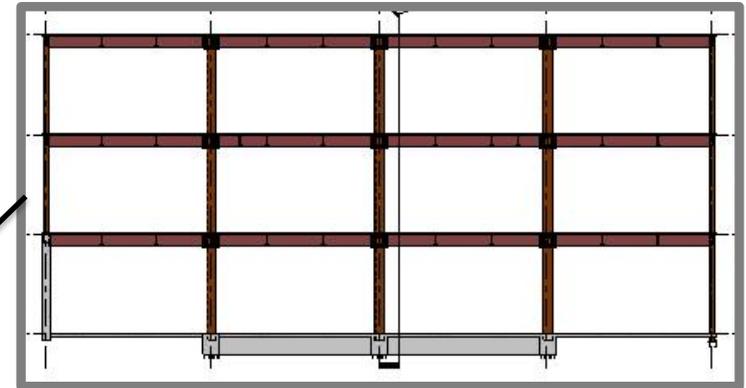


STEEL

FOUNDATION DESIGN

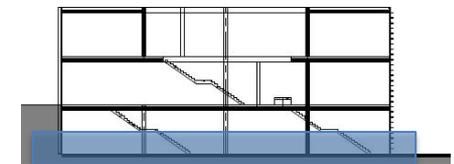
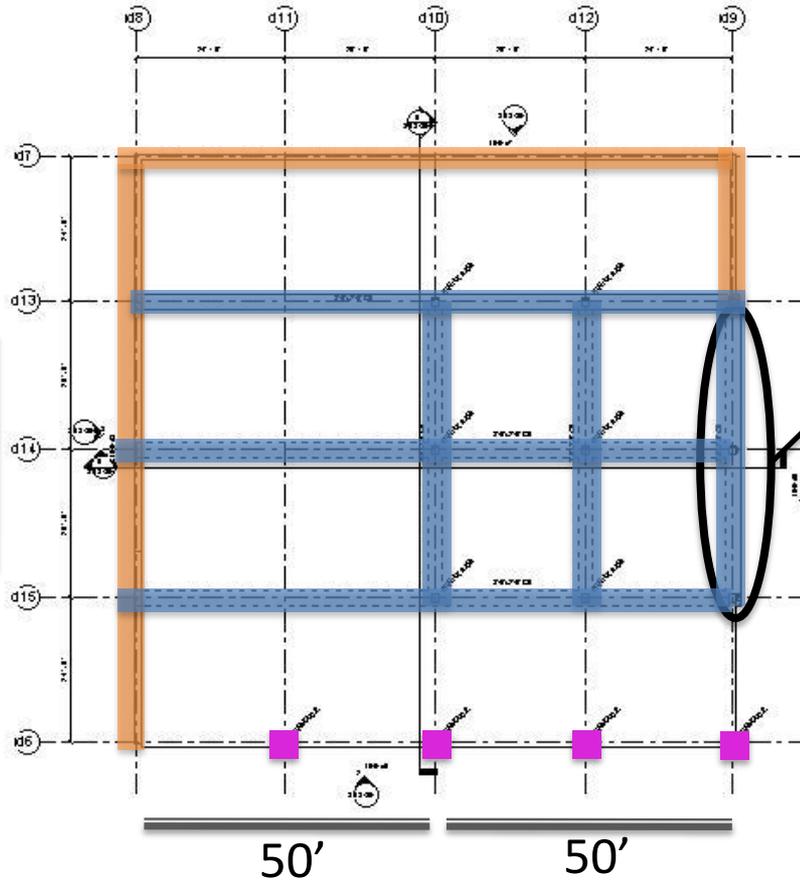
STRUCTURAL

Elevation View



50'

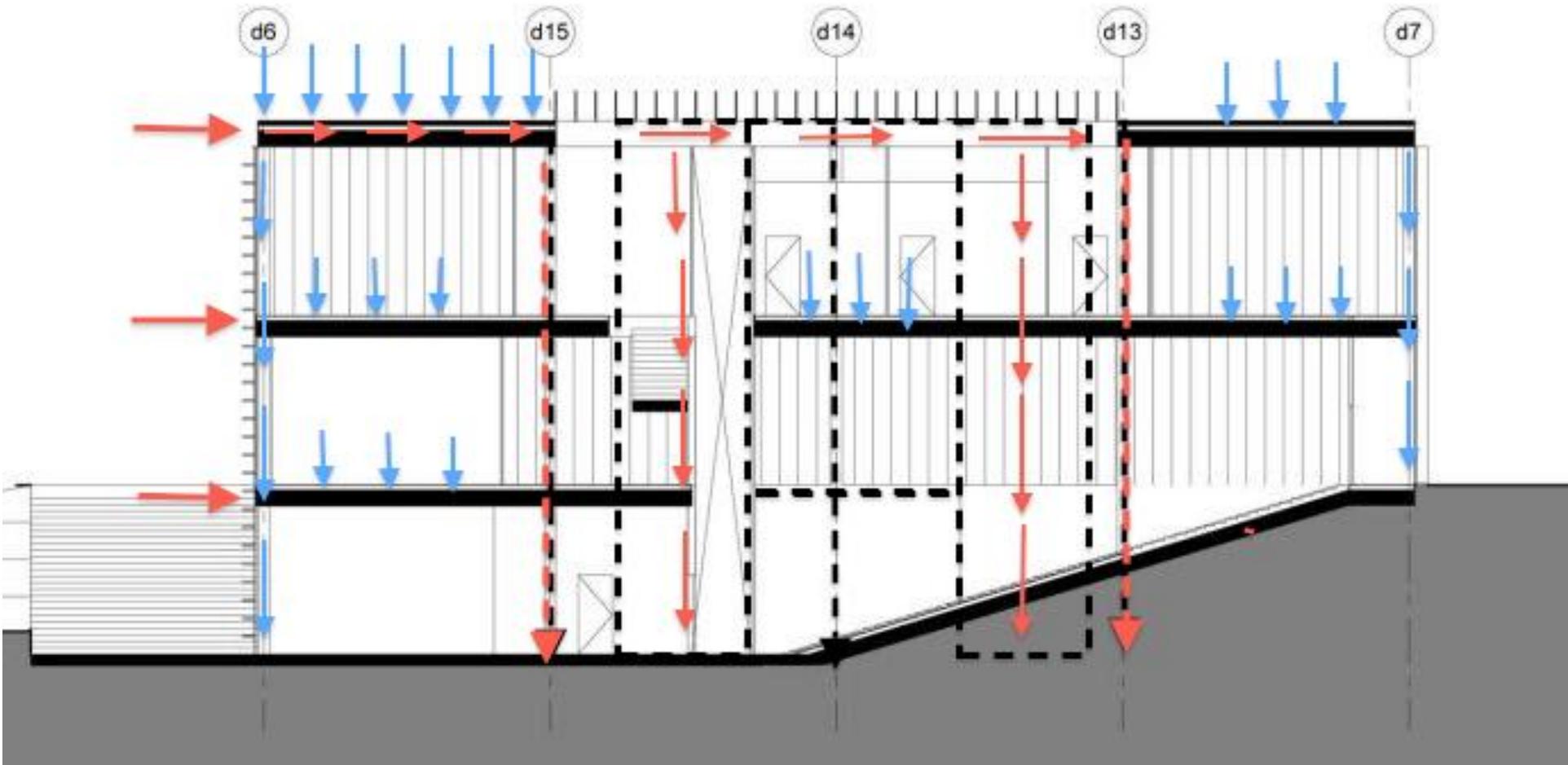
- Strip Footing 25' x24"x12"
- Grade Beams 50'x3"x2.5"
- Isolated Spread Footings 16"x16"x12"





LOAD PATH

STRUCTURAL

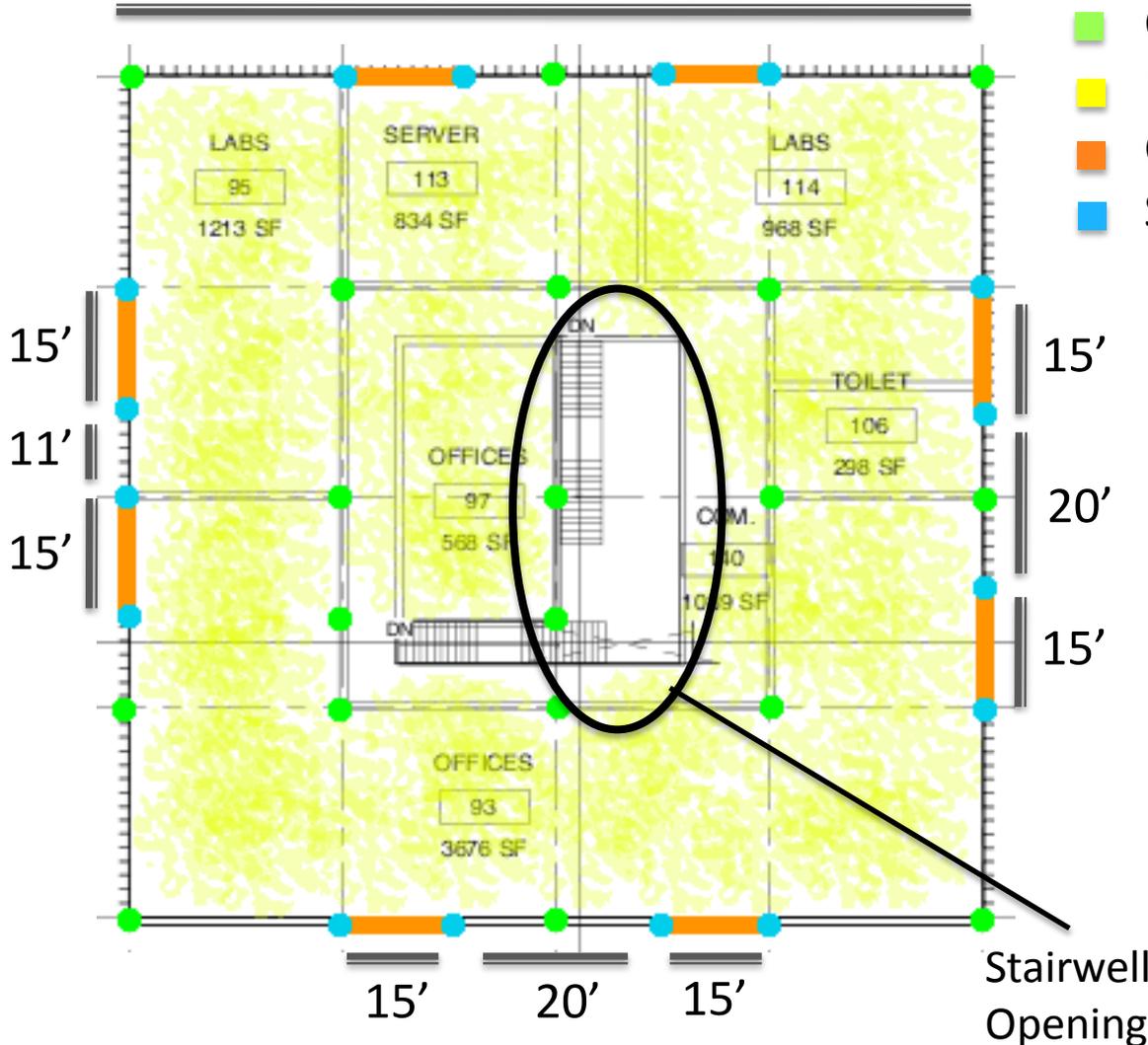




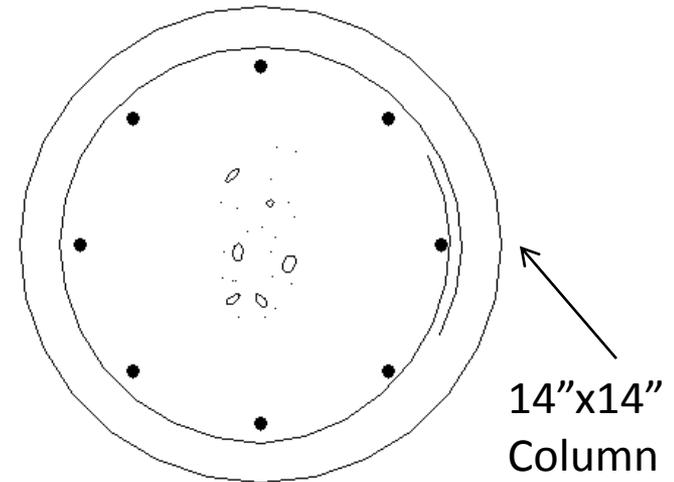
FIRST FLOOR

STRUCTURAL

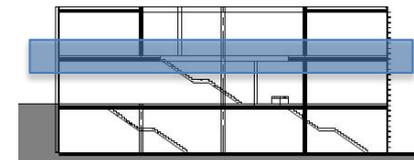
100'



- Columns, Round 14"x14"
- 10" BubbleDeck slab, 7" bubbles
- Coupled Shear Walls
- Shear Wall Boundary Elements



ROUND COLUMN DESIGN



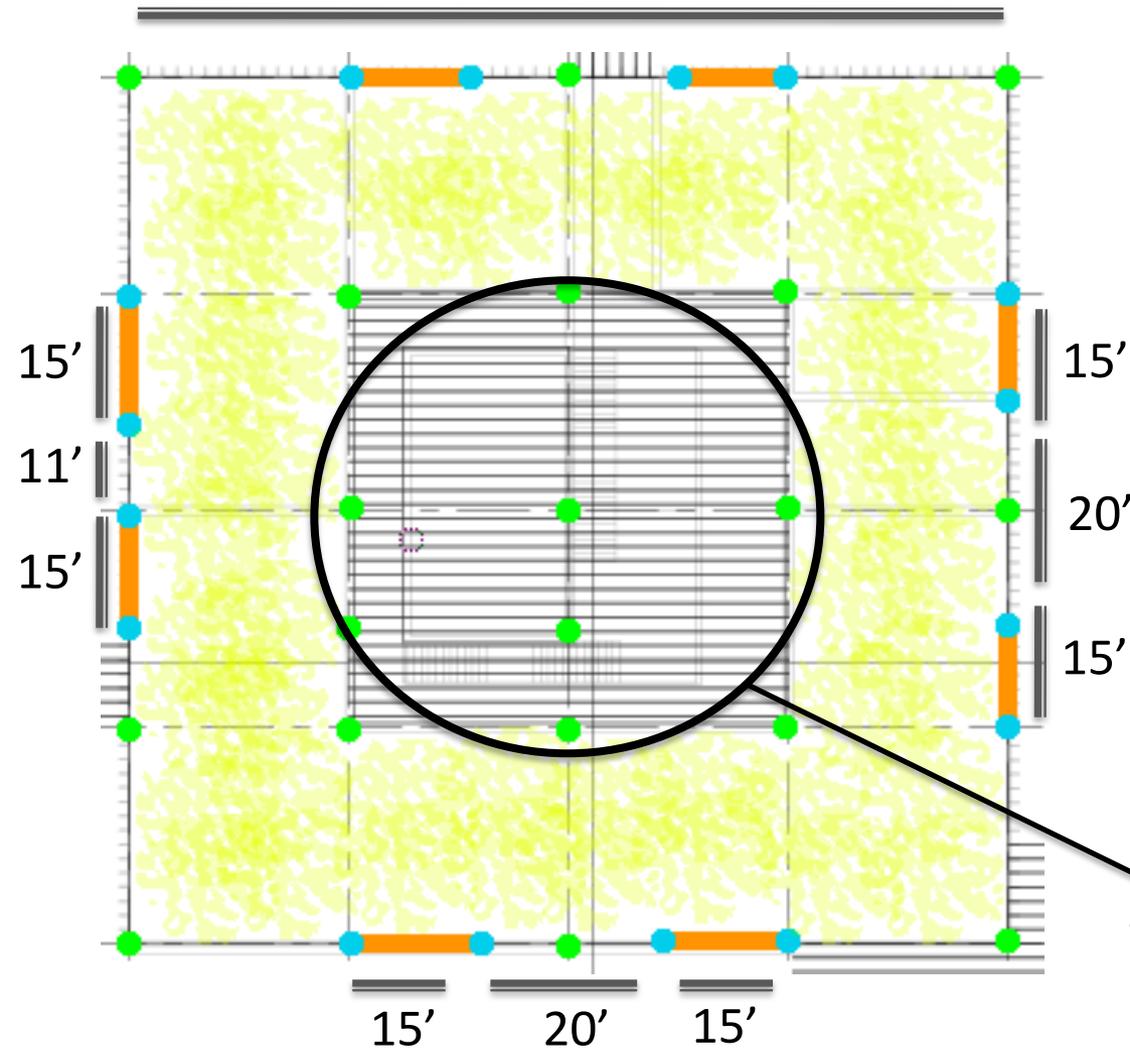


ROOF

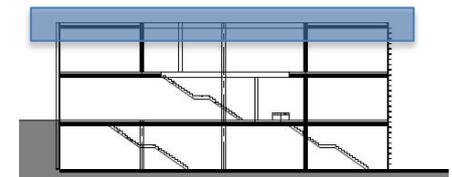
STRUCTURAL

100'

- Columns, Round 14"x14"
- 10" BubbleDeck slab, 7" bubbles
- Coupled Shear Walls
- Shear Wall Boundary Elements



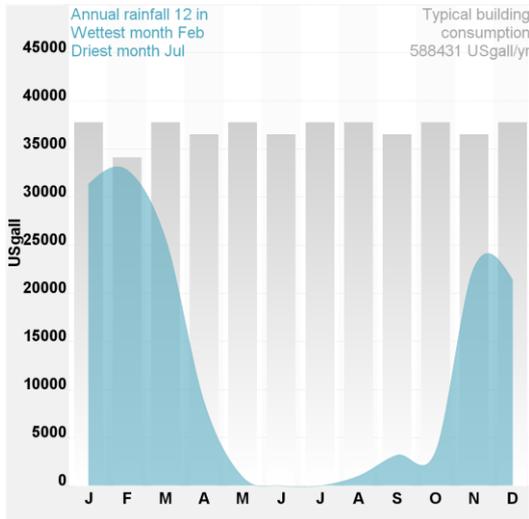
Roof Skylight



{MEP}

LOCAL RESOURCES

MEP



Natural resources

Annual solar resource 211 kWh/ft²/yr (93 %)

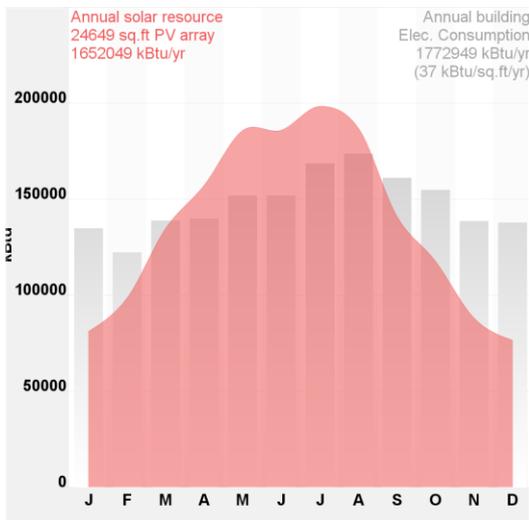
Annual rainfall 12" (26 %)

On campus cogeneration plant

Electricity

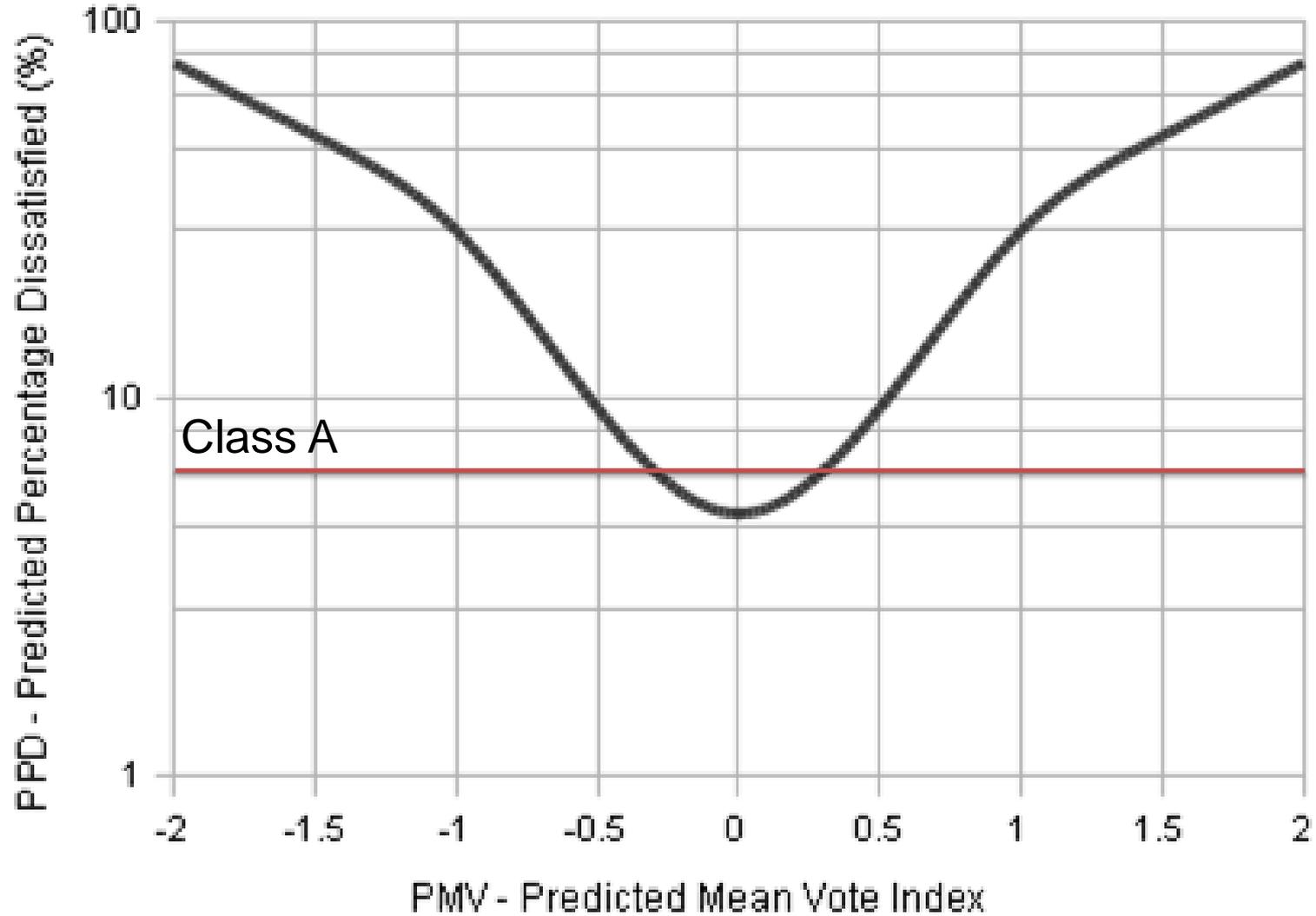
Steam

Chilled water



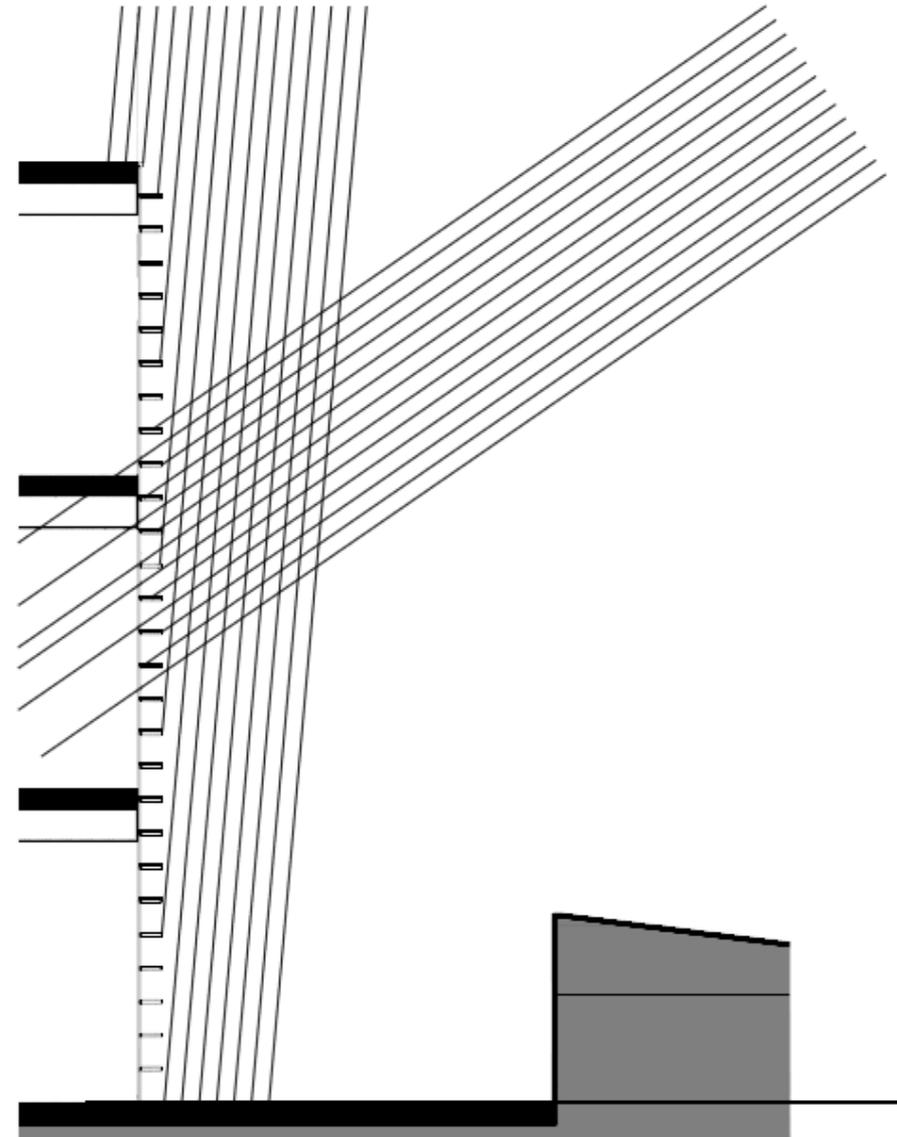
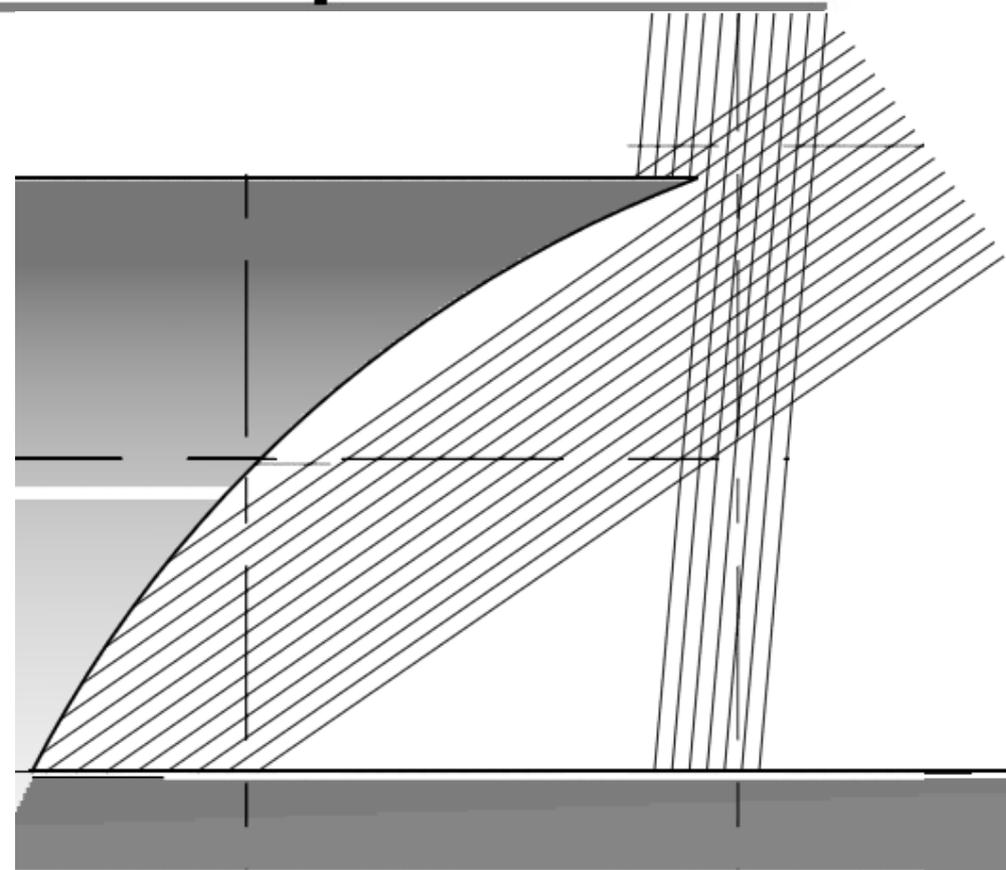
LADWP

Water



INTEGRATED DESIGN

MEP



Better to reduce loads than to raise ventilation/cooling!

Reduce ventilation demand

- Avoid emitting materials
- Sensors

Reduce cooling demand

- Insulation
- Cool roof
- Recirculate return air
- Sensors

Reduce fresh water use

- Energy efficient products
- Sensors

Reduce fresh water use

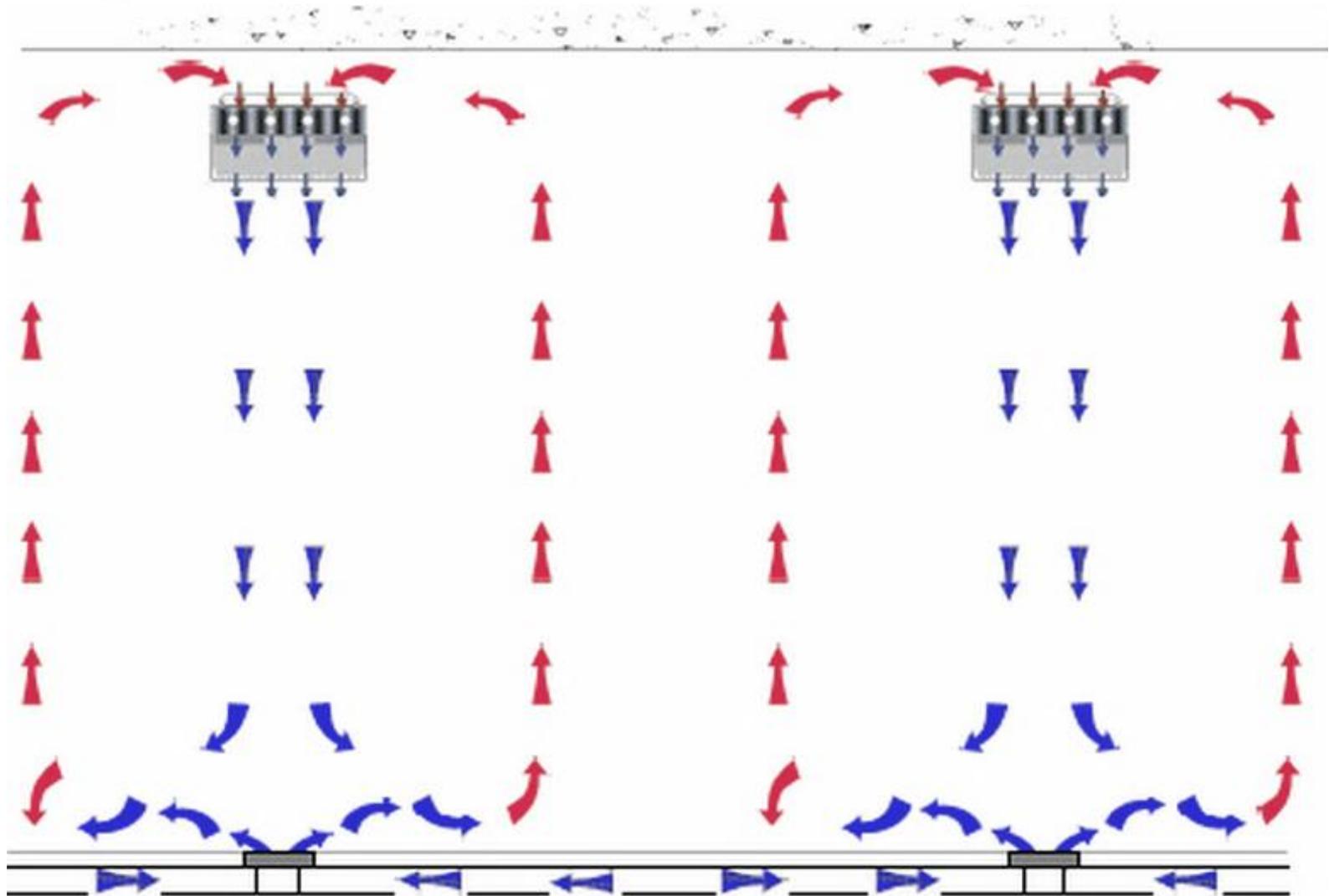
- Waterless urinals
- Water saving sanitary wares
- Rainwater harvesting
- Grey water recycling

	Air for ventilation Water for cooling	Air for ventilation Air for cooling
Air flow needed	11,500 cfm	45,000 cfm
Main duct diameter (max)	37"	72"

Chilled beams will be used for cooling

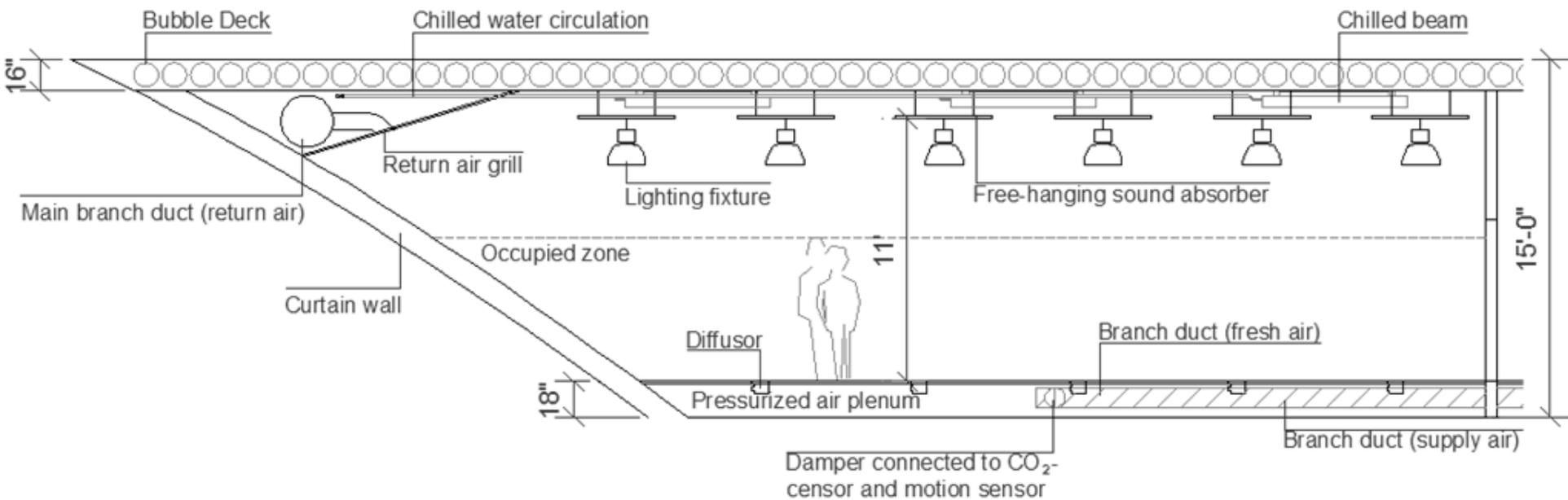
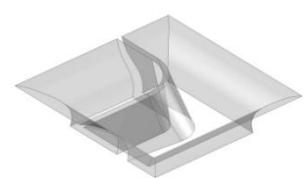
Reason 1: Water better than air to remove sensible heat

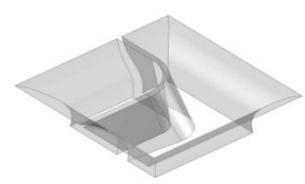
Reason 2: Cooling by air requires larger air flow = larger ducts



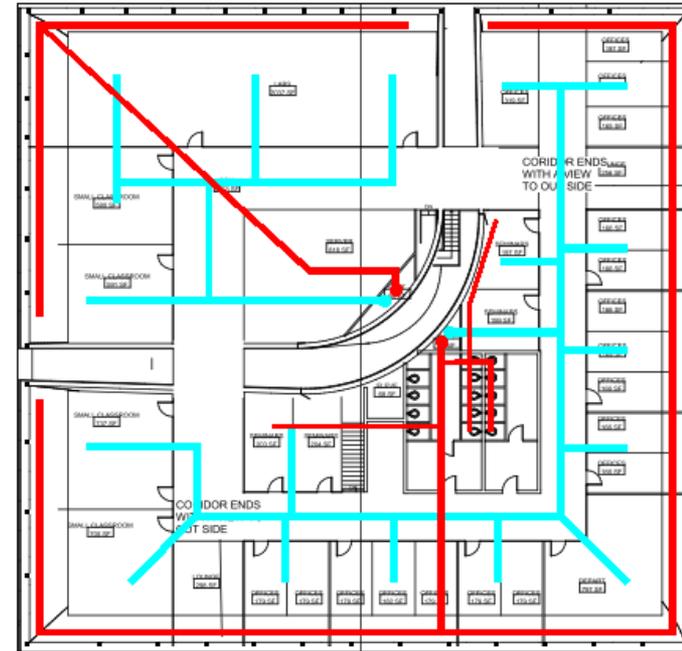
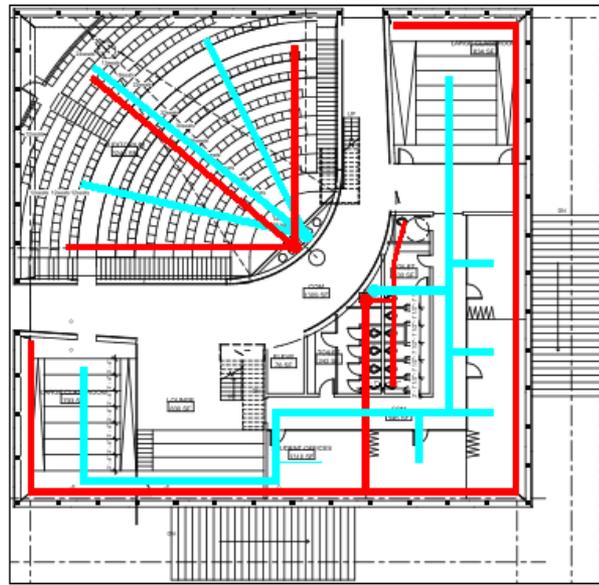
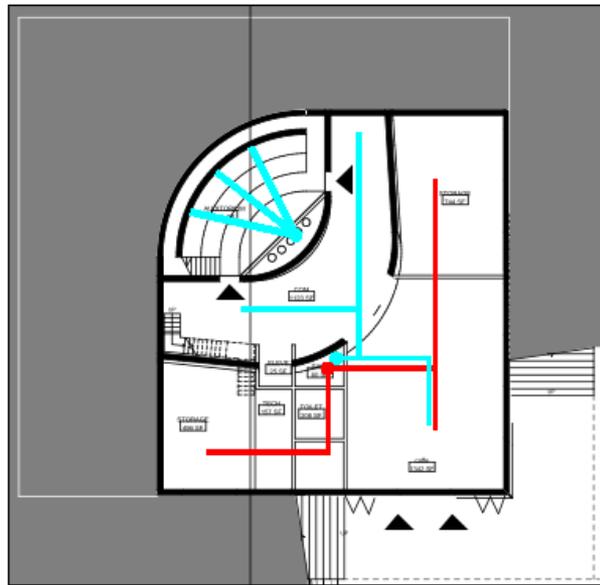
AIR DISTRIBUTION | ROOM

MEP



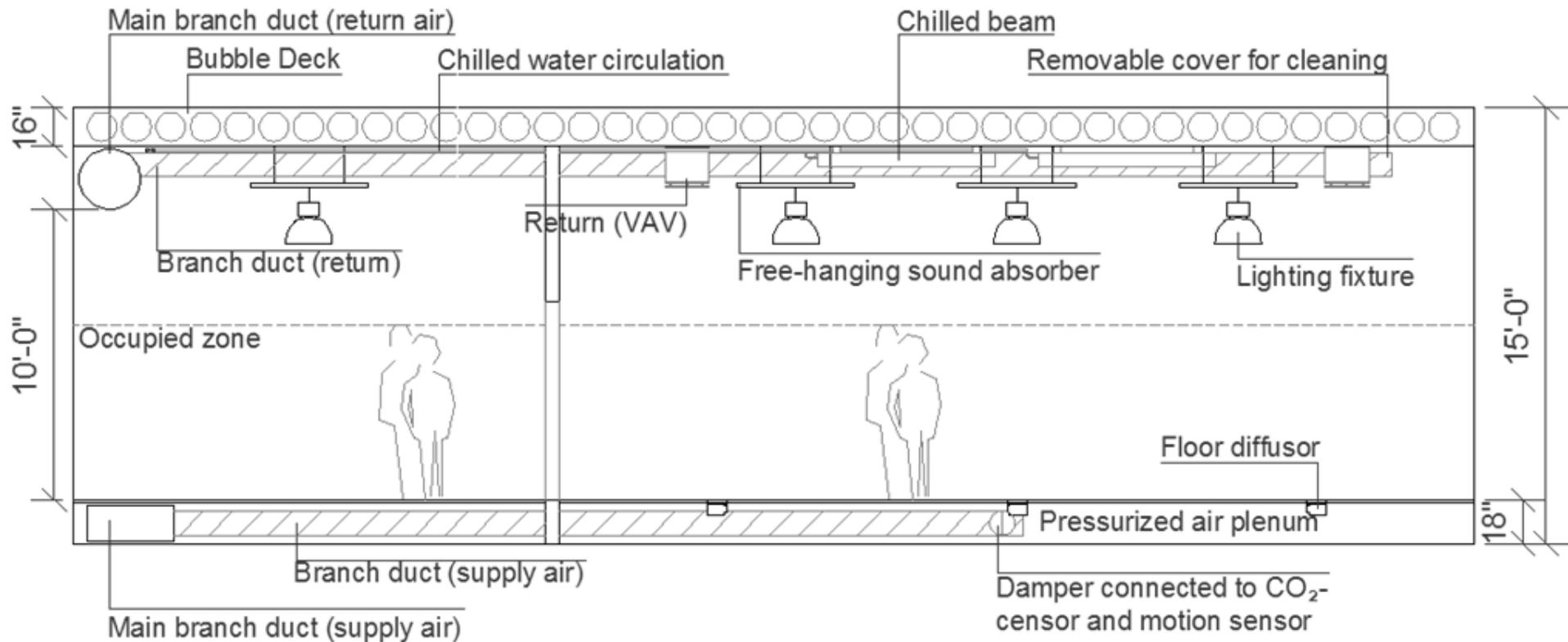


AIR DISTRIBUTION | BUILDING MEP



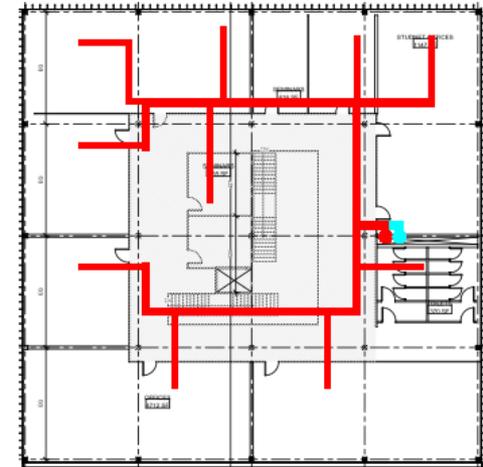
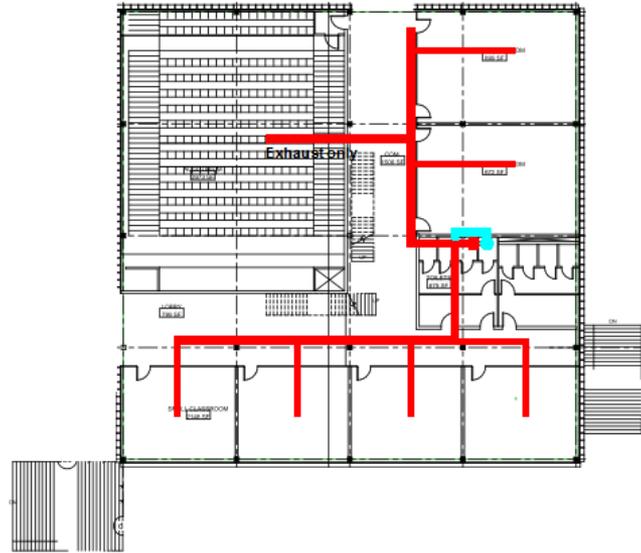
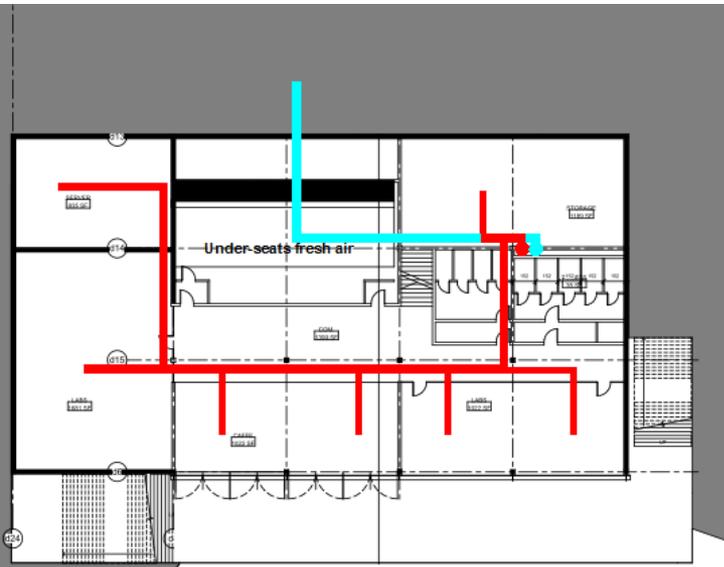


AIR DISTRIBUTION | ROOM | MEP



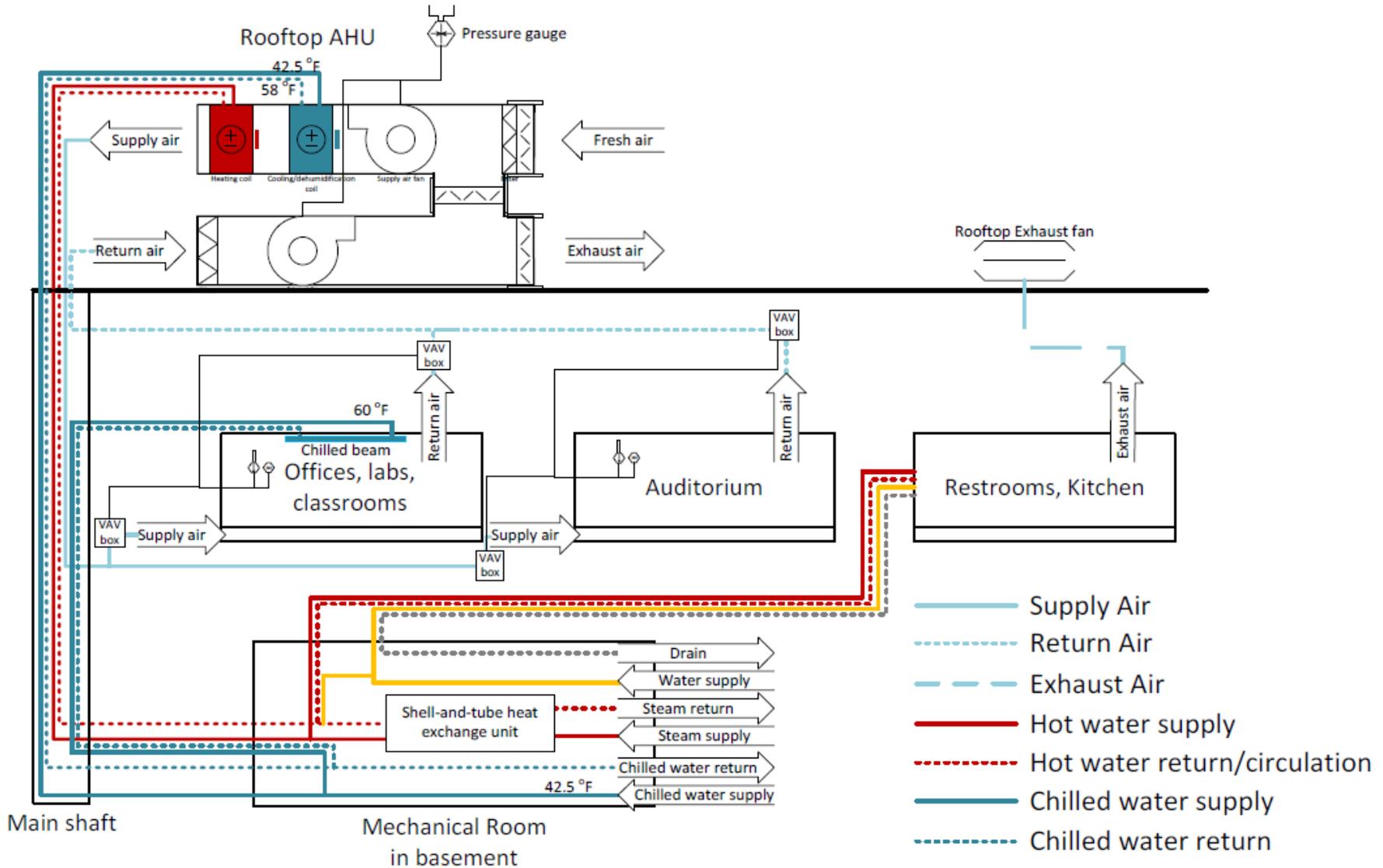


AIR DISTRIBUTION | BUILDING MEP



OVERVIEW

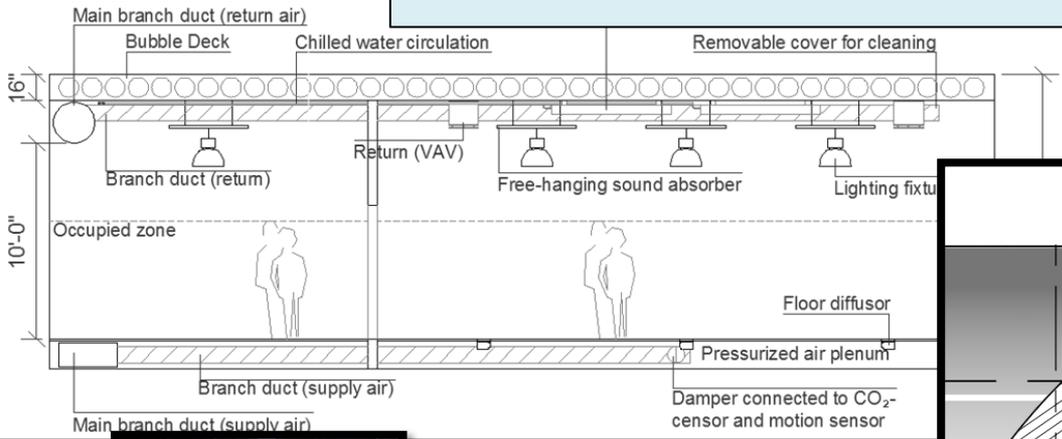
MEP



SUSTAINABILITY

MEP

Increased Ventilation



Energy Savings

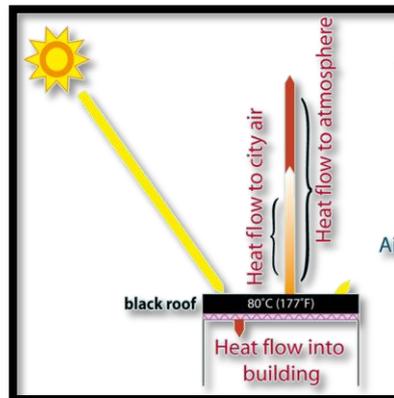


Enough points for LEED Silver/Gold

Water Savings



Reflective Roof



{CM}

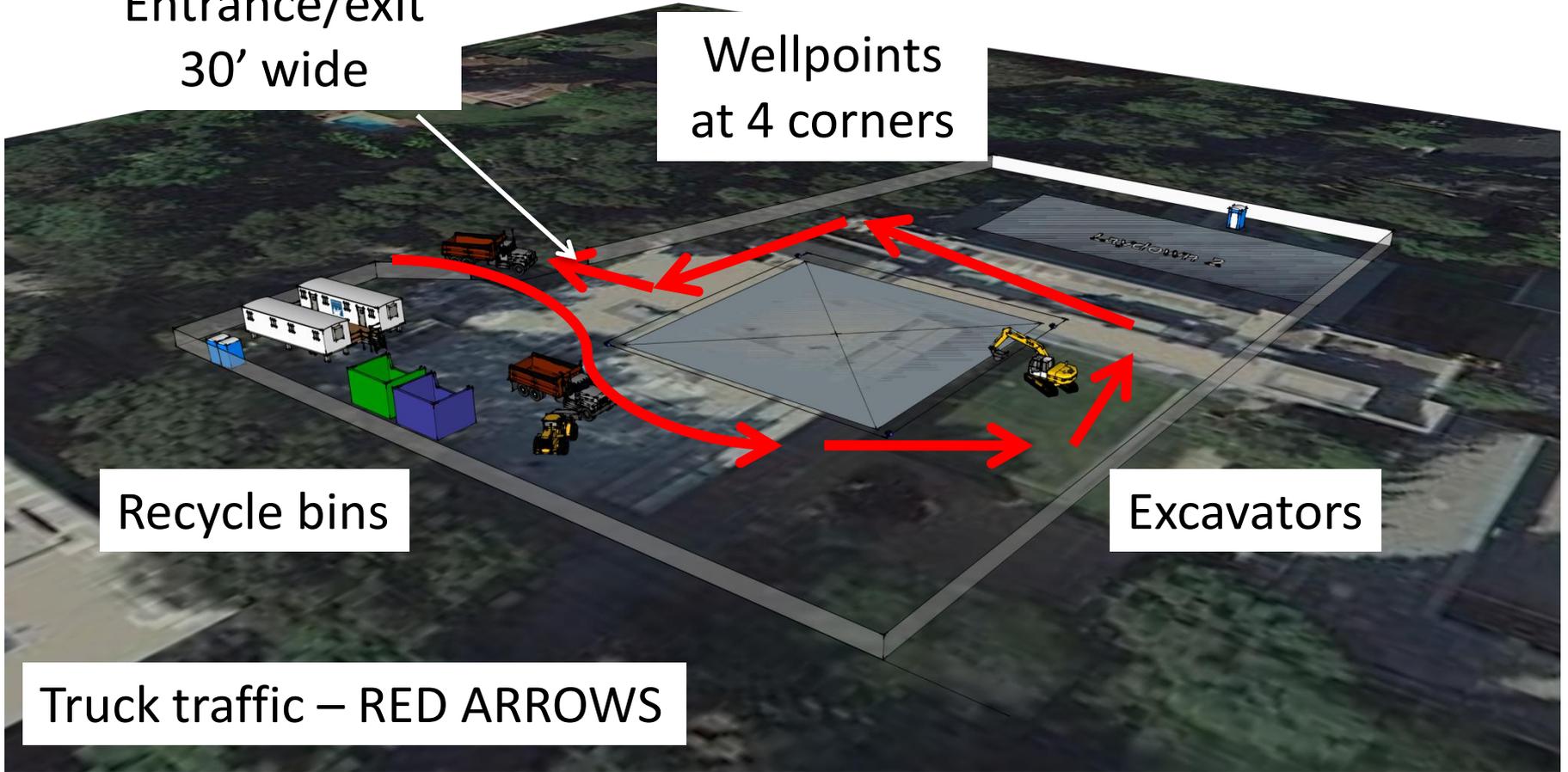
Entrance/exit
30' wide

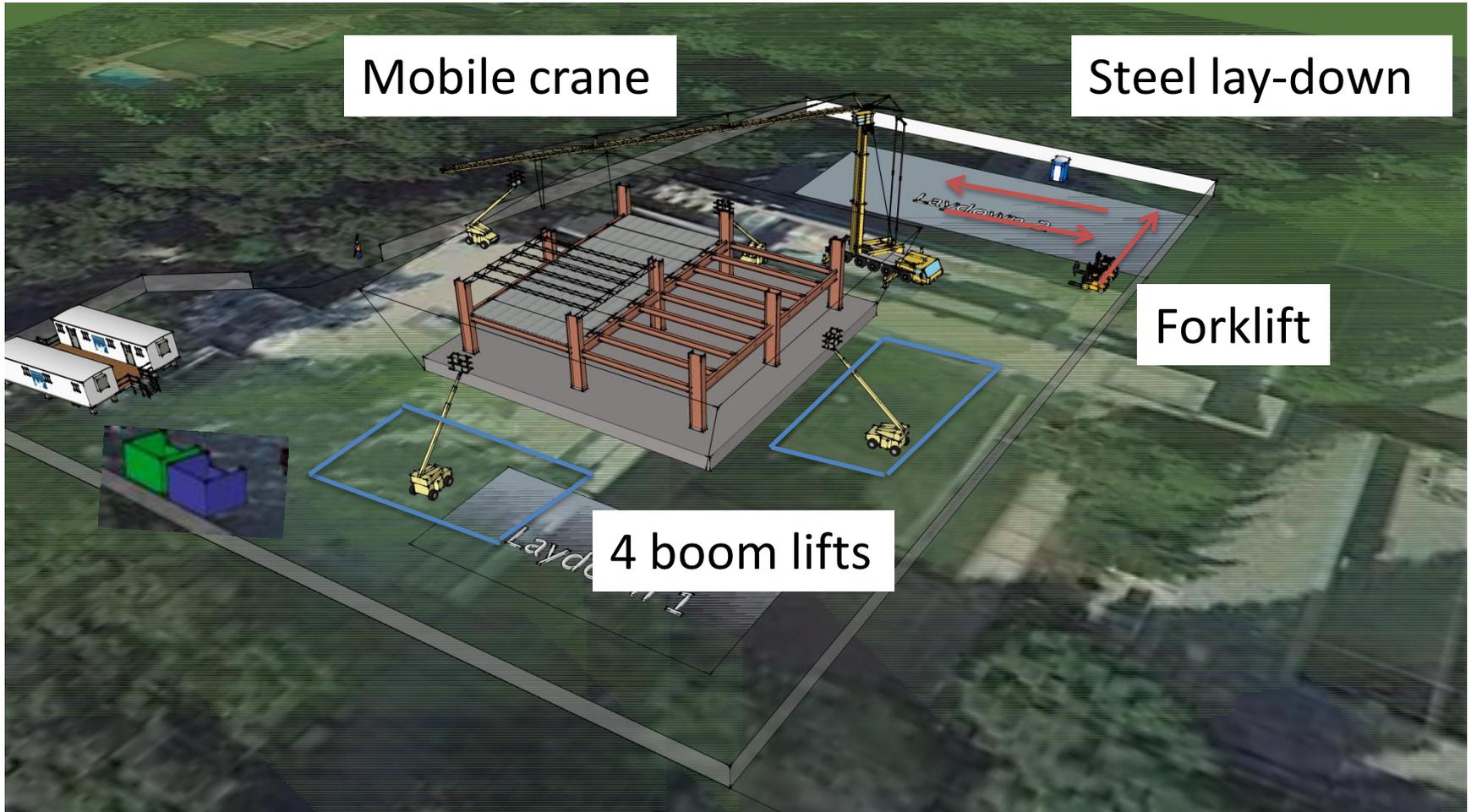
Wellpoints
at 4 corners

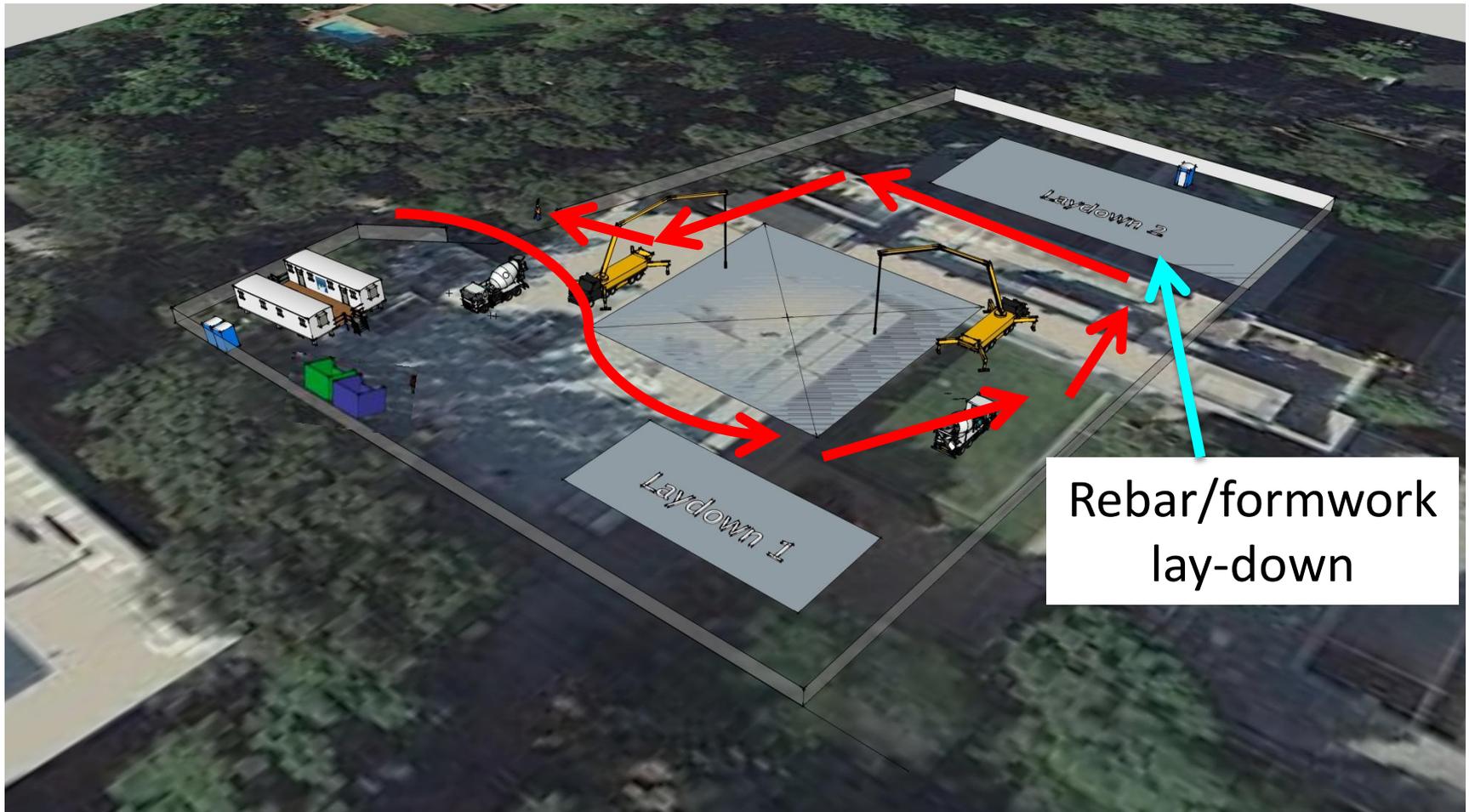
Recycle bins

Excavators

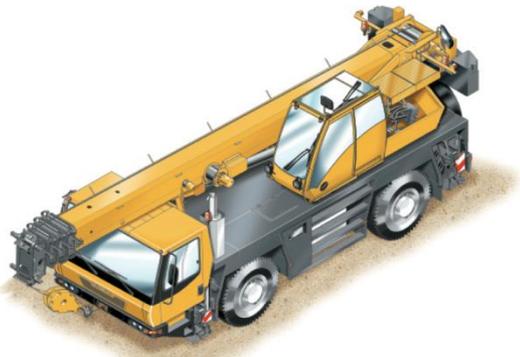
Truck traffic – RED ARROWS







Crane



- Capacity – 35 USt
- Boom – 30' to 95'
- Outrigger pads store within crane width

Concrete Pump



- Schwing 42
- Boom pump
- Hydraulic outrigger
- MACK engine
- PTO Pump power

Excavator



- Compact Excavator 14504
- 101.9 Hp
- 18' Digging Depth
- 30' Digging Radius

- 'Life-size erector set'
- FAST - 10,000 GSF/day



- Hire local companies
- Buy local construction materials
- Reuse/recycle construction waste AMAP



Concrete/civil contractor – 9.2 miles from site



Steel fabricator – 13.3 miles from site



Equipment rental – 26.7 miles from site

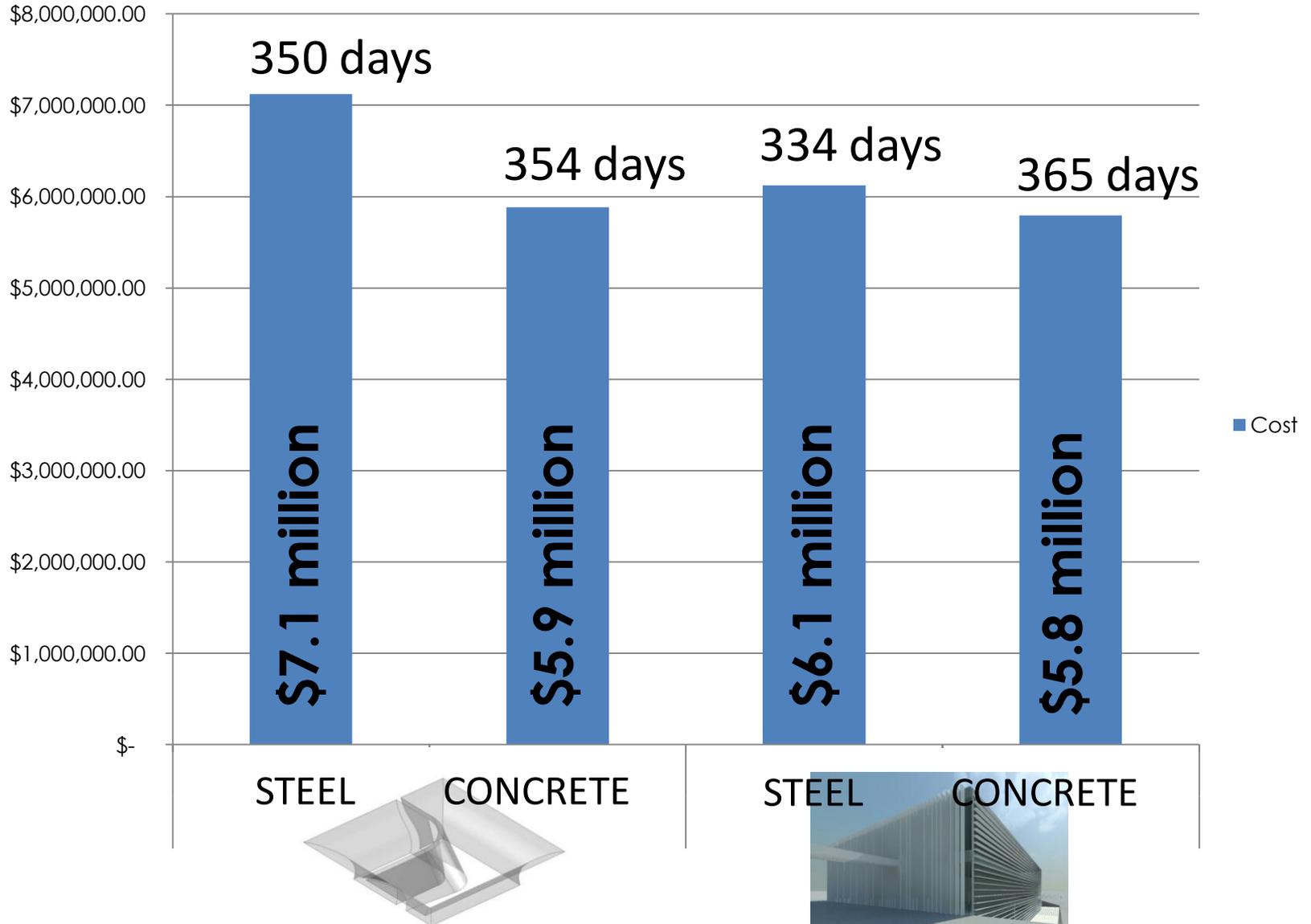


MEP Supplier – 20.7 miles from site

Cost

COST/SCHEDULE

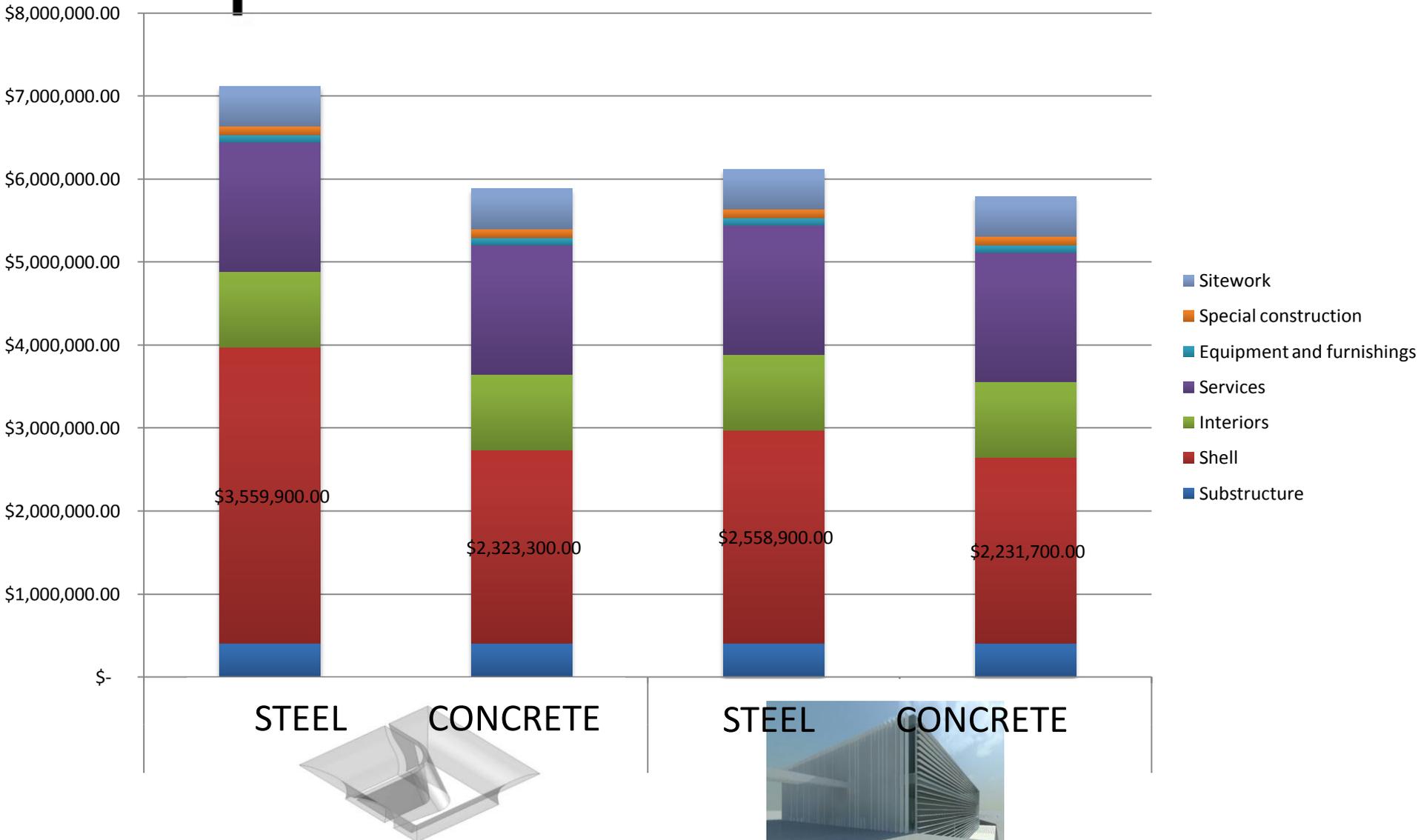
CM



COST DISTRIBUTION

CM

Cost



Cost

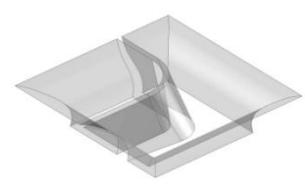
MAIN COST ITEMS

CM

	Sculpture	Orthogonal
Steel	Prefab curved steel trusses	ConXtech [®] system
Concrete	Curved concrete walls	Bubbledeck [®] System

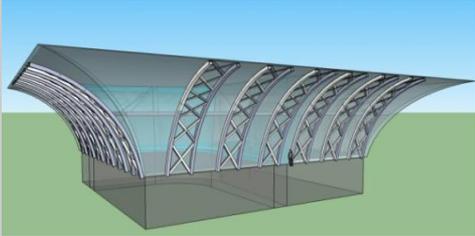
Curved façade materials/ construction

ALL – Dewatering during construction



CONSTRUCTABILITY

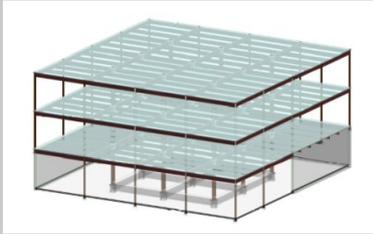
CM

		+	-
STEEL		<ul style="list-style-type: none">• No shoring• Little CIP• Prefabrication	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Transportation
CONCRETE		<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Prefabrication• Modular slip forms & void forms for windows	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Interior CIP columns/shear



CONSTRUCTABILITY

CM

		+	-
STEEL		<ul style="list-style-type: none">•Modular grid system•ConXtech = SPEED	<ul style="list-style-type: none">•Blinds installation
CONCRETE		<ul style="list-style-type: none">•Very regular/repetitive•Prefabrication•Concrete bubble decks	<ul style="list-style-type: none">•CIP columns/shear walls•Blinds installation

SCHEDULE

CM

AEC Team Central

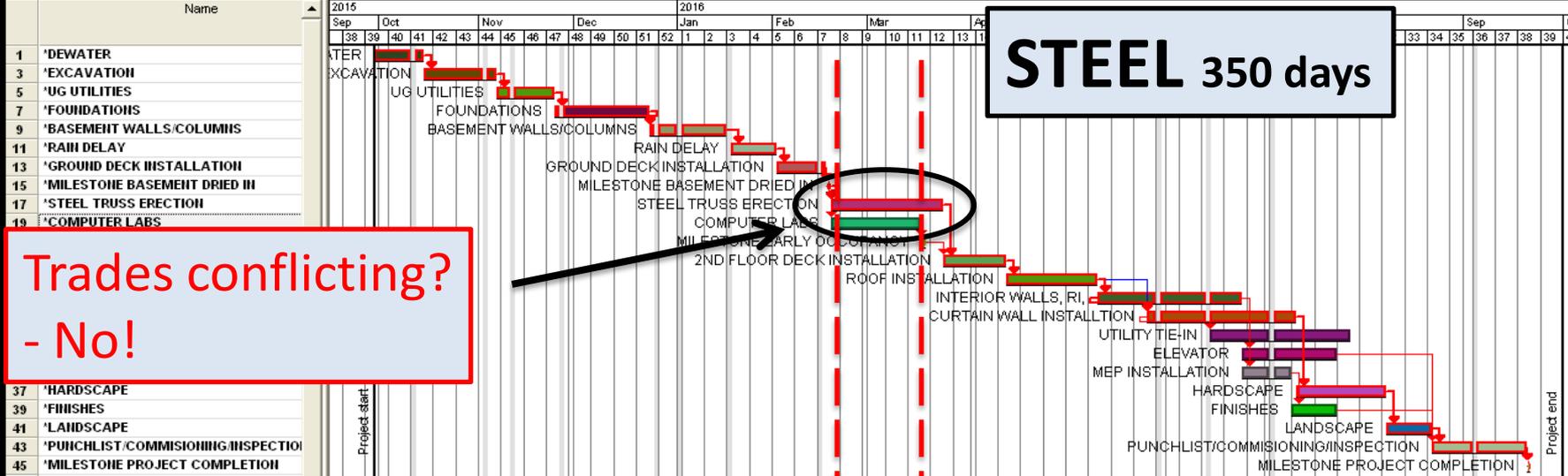
Responsible person: Imke Lewis

Gantt view

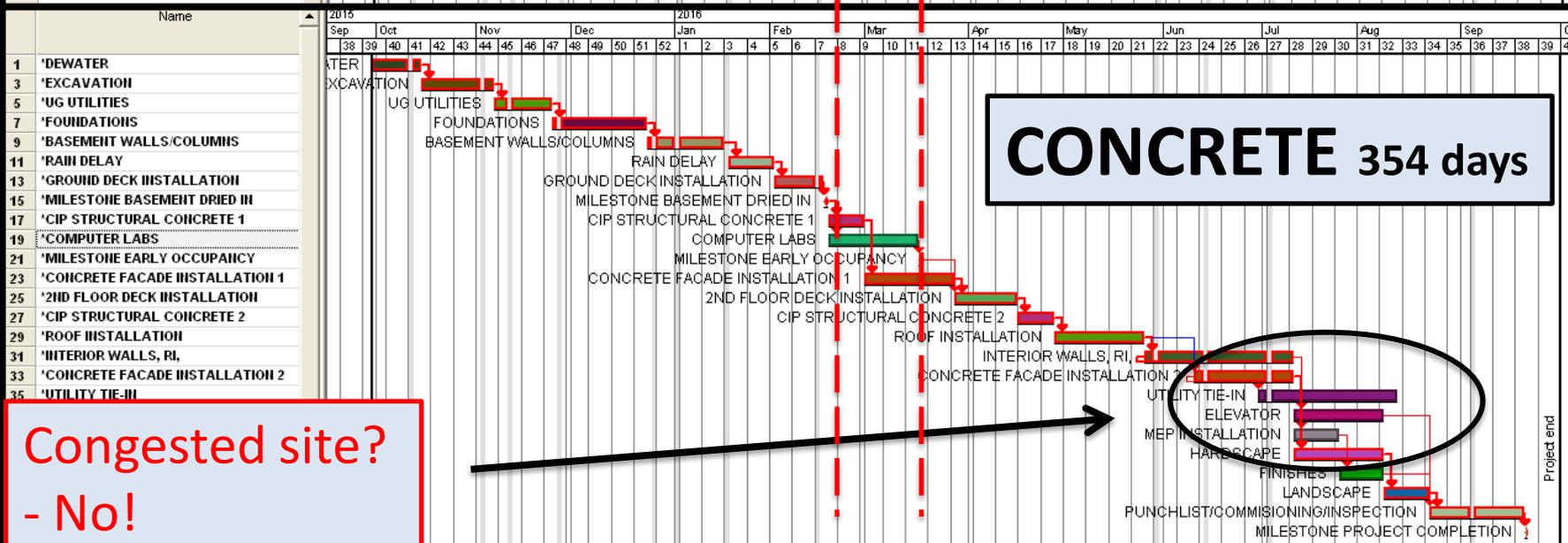
version 3/7/2011 11:14

UCLA Engineering Center

Planner:



Trades conflicting?
- No!



Congested site?
- No!

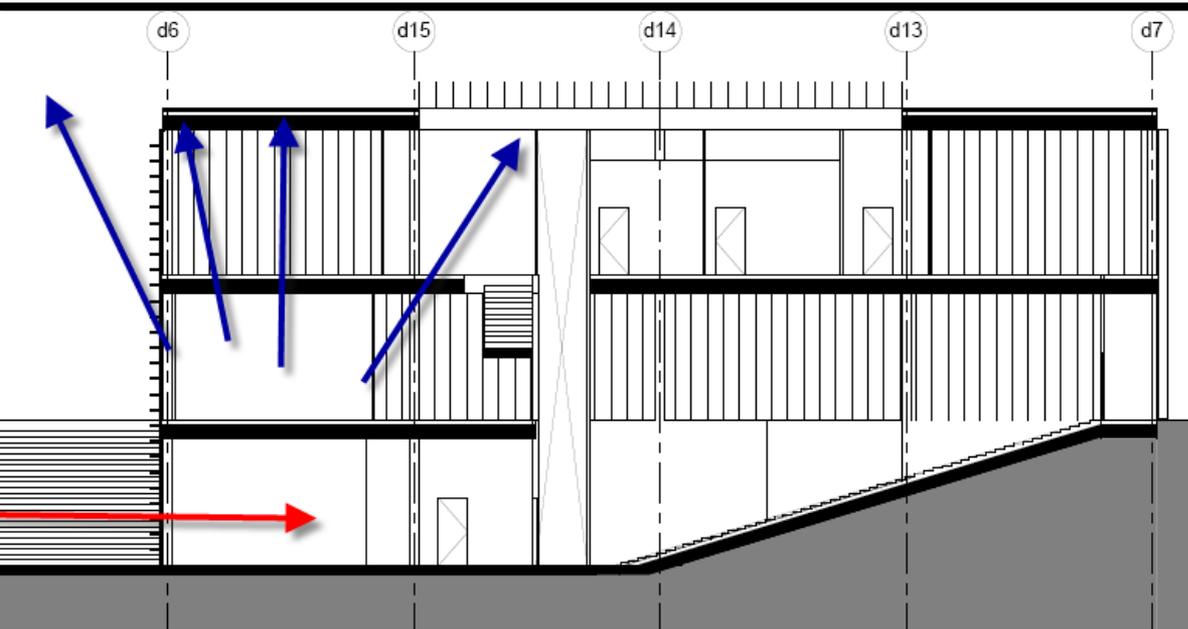
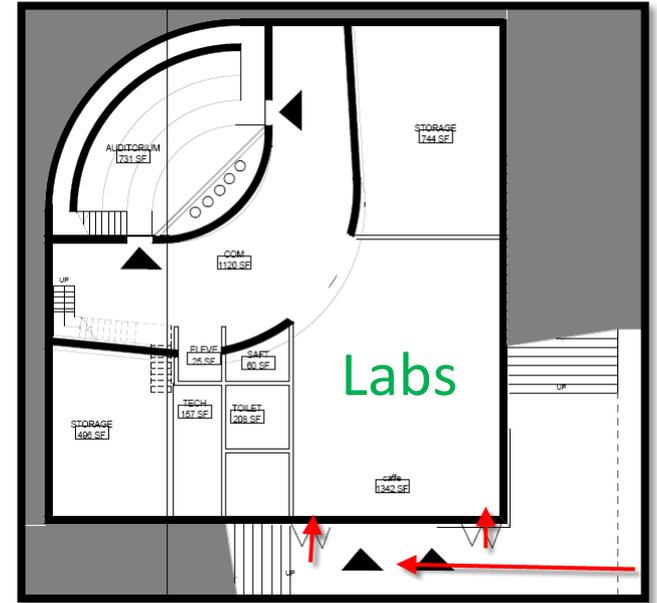
EARLY OCCUPANCY

CM

Labs

Basement

Separation/Stories

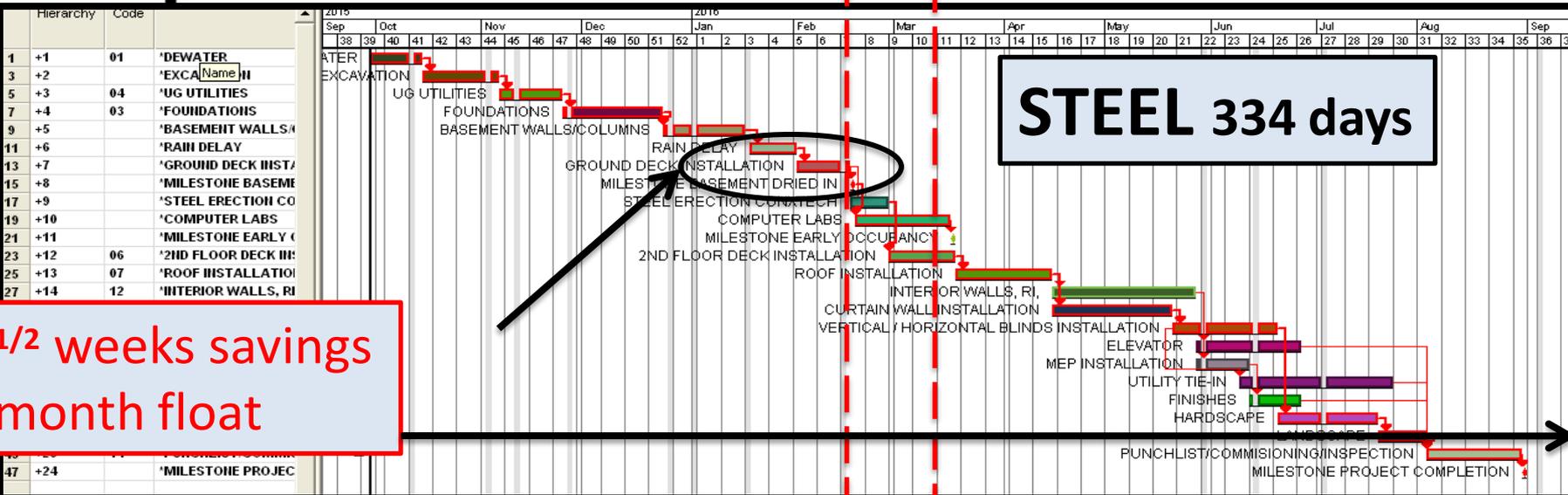


Pedestrian Flow



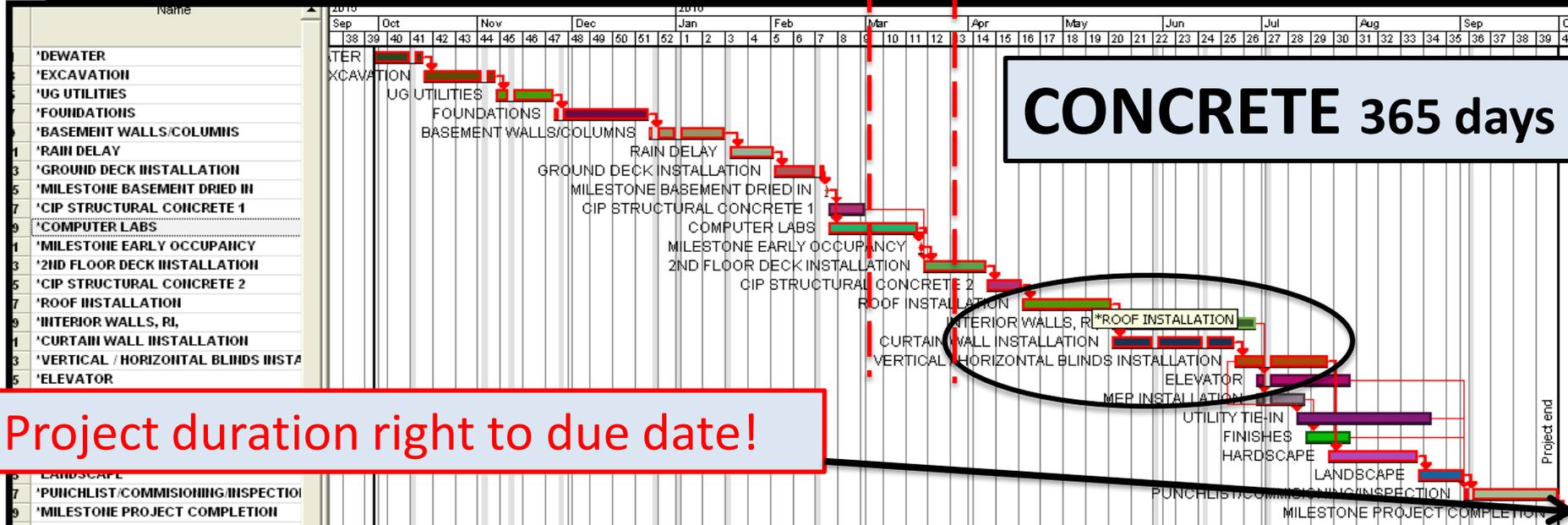
SCHEDULE

CM



2 1/2 weeks savings
1 month float

STEEL 334 days



Project duration right to due date!

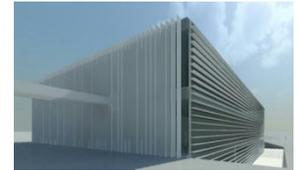
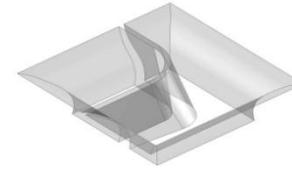
CONCRETE 365 days

Project end

{LCFM}

BUILDING PROGRAM

LCFM

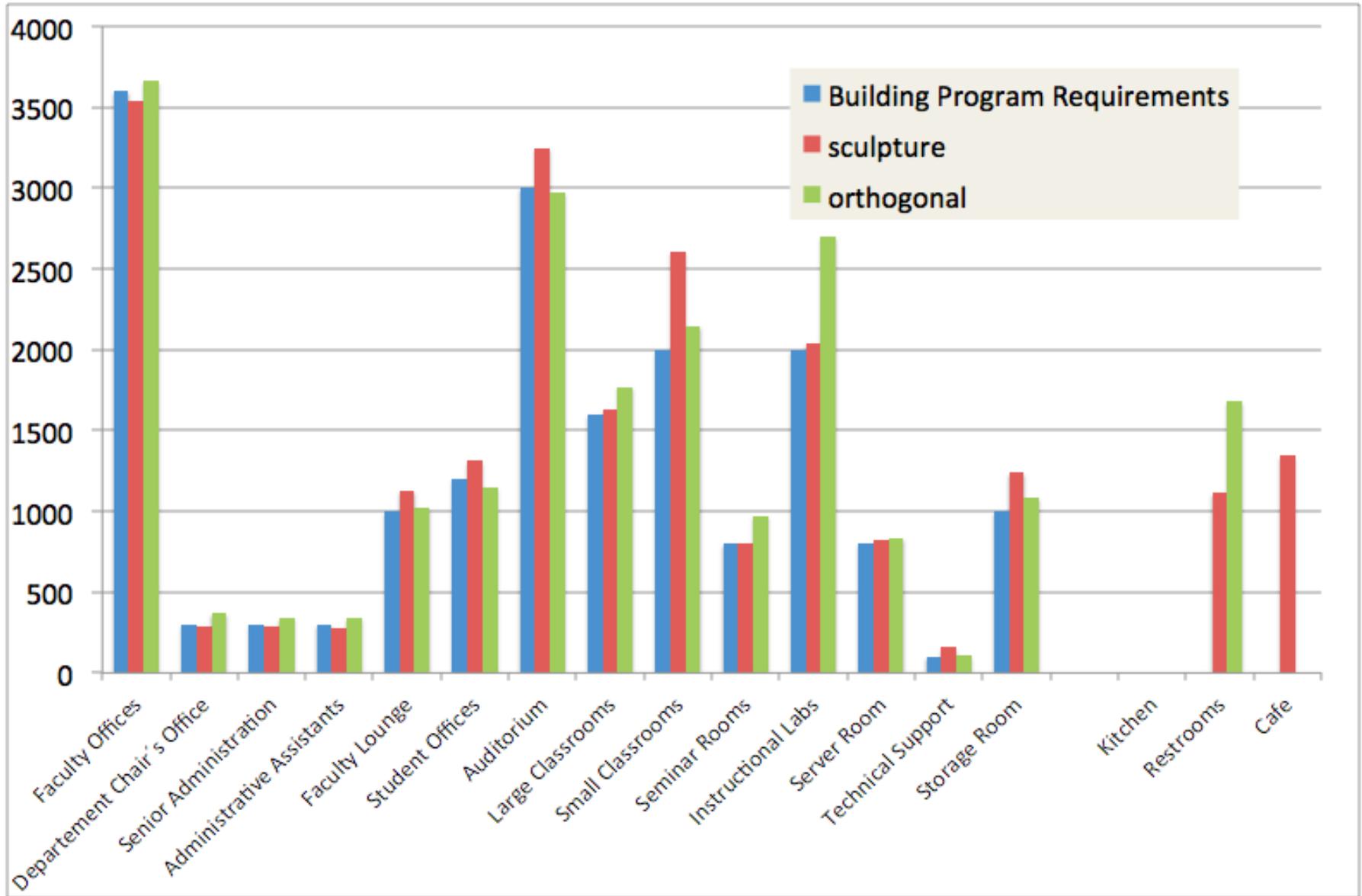


Date: 10.3.2010

Room	Building Program Requirements			sculpture		orthogonal	
	Quantity	SqFt each	TOTAL SqFt	TOTAL SqFt	Percent	TOTAL SqFt	Percent
Faculty Offices	20	180	3600	3542	98%	3660	102%
Departement Chair's Office	1	300	300	285	95%	370	123%
Senior Administration	2	150	300	290	97%	340	113%
Administrative Assistants	4	75	300	280	93%	340	113%
Faculty Lounge	1	1000	1000	1128	113%	1022	102%
Student Offices	20	60	1200	1310	109%	1147	96%
Auditorium	1	3000	3000	3246	108%	2973	99%
Large Classrooms	2	800	1600	1627	102%	1771	111%
Small Classrooms	4	500	2000	2608	130%	2148	107%
Seminar Rooms	4	200	800	803	100%	971	121%
Instructional Labs	2	1000	2000	2037	102%	2703	135%
Server Room	1	800	800	818	102%	835	104%
Technical Support	1	100	100	157	157%	105	105%
Storage Room	1	1000	1000	1240	124%	1084	108%
Kitchen				0		0	
Restrooms				1115		1680	
Cafe				1342		0	
Total assignable SqFt (without restrooms)			18000	20655		19471	
Ratio (assignable Area/Gross total)			60%	68%		67%	

BUILDING PROGRAM

LCFM



RISK LIST - EXCEPT

LCFM

STAGE	NR.	Risk name	Description	damage impact	event risk	Consequences	Risk Allocation		Responsibility	Risk Management
							Contractor	Owner		
Planning	a	wrong sizing	wrong sizing (windows, doors, colloums...)	C	A	problems to fulfill the time schedule -> increasing costs	X		A, E	good communication with engineers, very careful planning

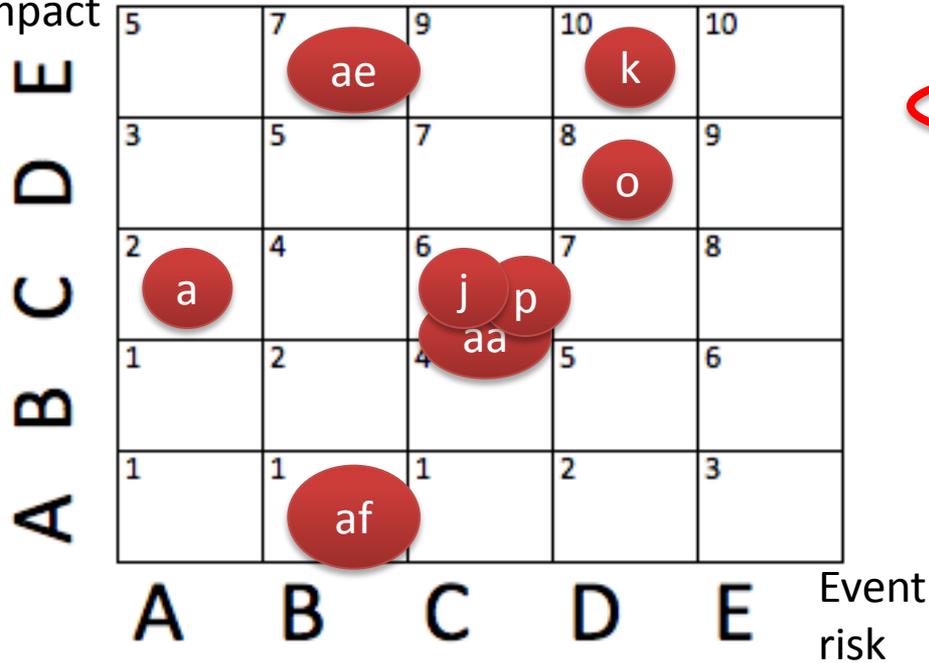
STAGE	NR.	Risk name	Description	damage impact	event risk
Construction	o	increased costs of material	material price is higher than expected because of inflation and wrong input	D	D

Planning	f	are the affinities fulfilled and the units	the owner has requirements about the floorplan	A	A					
Planning	g	functional flexible spaces	possibility to change of use	B	B	lose value in long term use		x		check the requirements of the building programm
Construction	h	complex or singular componets	modular construction reduce costs in case of replacing and for maintenance	B	B	unique components more expensive	x			
Construction	i	unexpected demands of the owner	owner needs additional rooms, needs bathroom with shower, auditorium needs to be bigger	B	C	additional costs because of new floorplans, new HVAC and MEP plan		X	A+C+E+MEP	show the owner frequently the latest concept
Construction	j	supplier/vendor risk	missing material/labor at a certain time, delivered bad quality	C	C	additional costs because you need to find a new contractor, might cross the timeframe and need to pay both contractors	X		C	check capability, performance and reliability of suppliers
Construction	k	earthquake	earthquake destroy the construction	E	D	additional costs that rise with the time of construction period for replacements	X	X	C+E	create a damage proof constriction
		delaved construction	late handing over			additional costs for crossing the timeframe				

RISK MATRIX

LCFM

Damage
impact



This is an example, the scoring matrix was done for all 36 risk

Nr.	name	score
k	earthquake	10
o	cost of material	8
ae	fire/vandalism	7
i	unexpected demands of the owner	6
p	higher operating cost	6
aa	material risk	6
a	wrong sizing	2
af	cost of repair	1

CASHFLOW – O+M

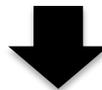
LCFM

O+M

cost component	base	\$ per year	area	index
local auth. Charges	sqft	0,51	30.202	5%
Insurance	sqft	0,18	30.202	5%
maintenance	sqft	0,46	30.202	2%
elektricity	sqft	0,31	30.202	7%
cooling	sqft	0,49	30.202	7%
water	sqft	0,14	30.202	4%
cleaning	sqft	0,29	30.202	5%
security	sqft	0,29	30.202	5%
Management	sqft	0,32	30.202	5%
Caretaker	sqft	0,29	30.202	3%
sum	\$	4.743.147		

	2015 0	2016 1	2017 2	2018 3	2019 4
\$	15.465	\$ 16.238	\$ 17.050	\$ 17.902	
\$	5.365	\$ 5.634	\$ 5.915	\$ 6.211	
\$	13.887	\$ 14.137	\$ 14.391	\$ 14.650	
\$	9.468	\$ 10.102	\$ 10.779	\$ 11.502	
\$	14.833	\$ 15.872	\$ 16.983	\$ 18.172	
\$	4.103	\$ 4.267	\$ 4.438	\$ 4.615	
\$	8.837	\$ 9.279	\$ 9.743	\$ 10.230	
\$	8.837	\$ 9.279	\$ 9.743	\$ 10.230	
\$	9.784	\$ 10.273	\$ 10.787	\$ 11.326	
\$	8.837	\$ 9.102	\$ 9.375	\$ 9.656	
\$	99.415	\$ 104.181	\$ 109.203	\$ 114.493	

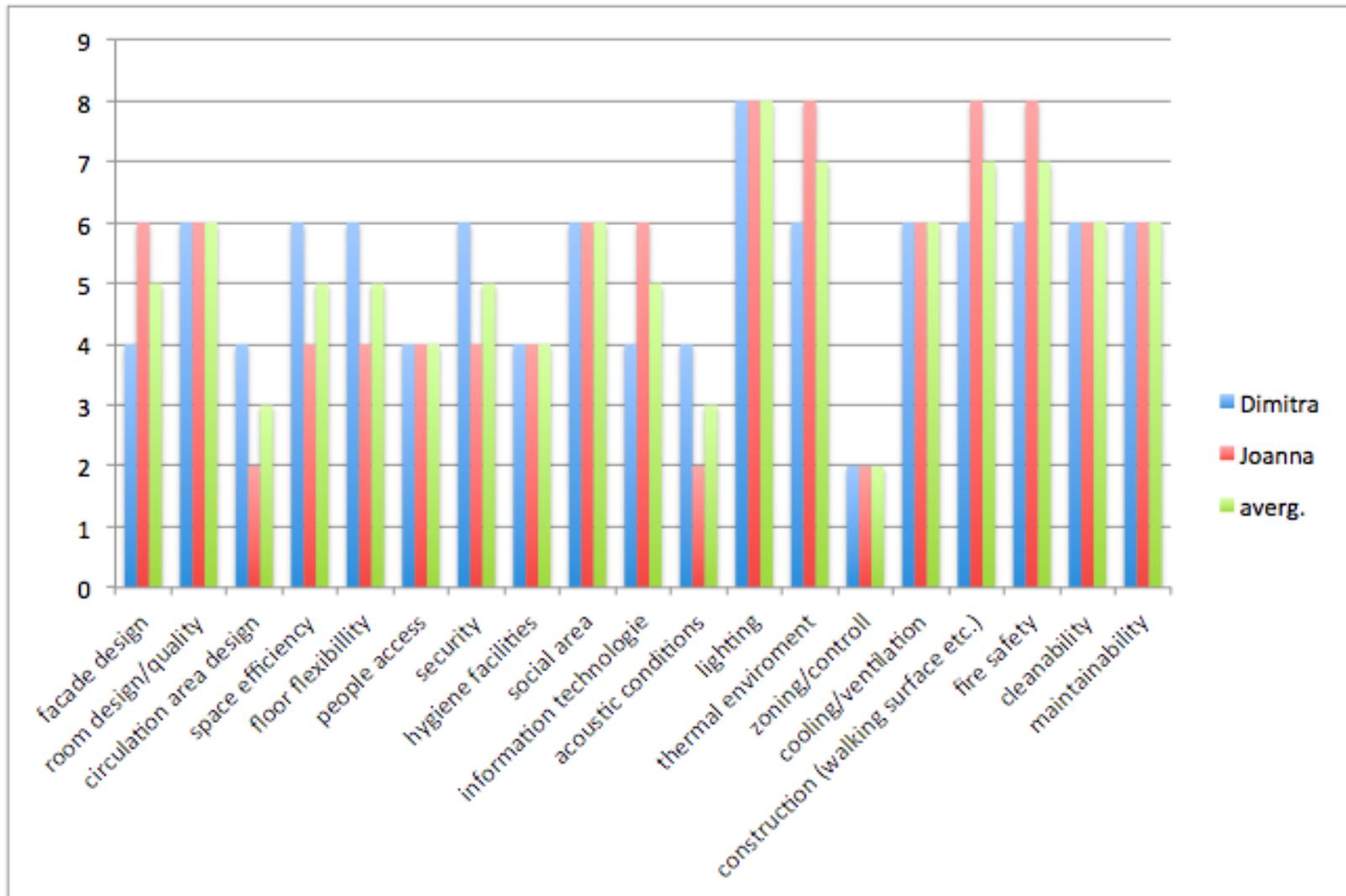
Based on JL Office Buildings – the usage in University Buildings is much higher



Exact calculations next quarter

VALUE FOR MONEY - OWNERS

How to transform the owners preference into cluster cost



VALUE FOR MONEY - CLUSTERING

How to transform the owners preference into cluster cost

		Presentation			
cost		Facade design	Room design/quality	circulation area design	summ
A2020	Basement Walls	1,2		0,35	3,35
B1010	Floor Construction		3,15	1,75	23,8
B1020	Roof Construction	0,6			1,65
B20	Exterior Enclosure	3,6	0,7	0,35	7,475
B30	Roofing	0,6			1,55
C10	Interior Construction		1,75	0,35	10,325
C20	Stairs		0,35		1,4
C30	Interior Finishes		0,7		7,925
D10	Conveying		0,35		4,325
D20	Plumbing				0,45
D30	HVAC				7,6
D40	Fire Protection				9,1
D50	Electrical				12,8
E10	Equipment				3,325
E20	Furnishings				3,45
G20	Landscaping Paving			0,7	1,475
user function		6	7	3,5	100
controll		6	7	3,5	

Owner input

	averg
facade design	5
room design/quality	6
circulation area design	3
space efficiency	5

TVD – OWNER WEIGHTED CLUSTERS

LCFM

	cost	standard cost	in %	user function	in %	target cost	difference
A2020	Basement Walls	\$ 141.776,00	2%	3,35	3,4%	\$ 199.576,22	1,408
B1010	Floor Construction	\$ 1.884.984,00	32%	23,8	23,8%	\$ 1.417.884,76	0,752
B1020	Roof Construction	\$ 239.904,00	4%	1,65	1,7%	\$ 98.298,73	0,410
B20	Exterior Enclosure	\$ 1.102.946,00	19%	7,475	7,5%	\$ 445.323,05	0,404

	cost	standard cost	in %	user function	in %	target cost	difference
C10	Interior Construction	\$ 469.395,00	8%	10,325	10,3%	\$ 615.111,77	1,310
C30	Interior Finishes	\$ 345.110,00	6%	7,925	7,9%	\$ 472.131,80	1,368
D30	HVAC	\$ 331.414,00	6%	7,6	7,6%	\$ 452.769,92	1,366
D50	Electrical	\$ 851.500,00	14%	12,8	12,8%	\$ 762.559,87	0,896

E20	Furnishings	\$ 62.910,00	1%	3,45	3,5%	\$ 205.533,72	3,267
G20	Landscaping Paving	\$ 163.356,00	3%	1,475	1,5%	\$ 87.873,11	0,538

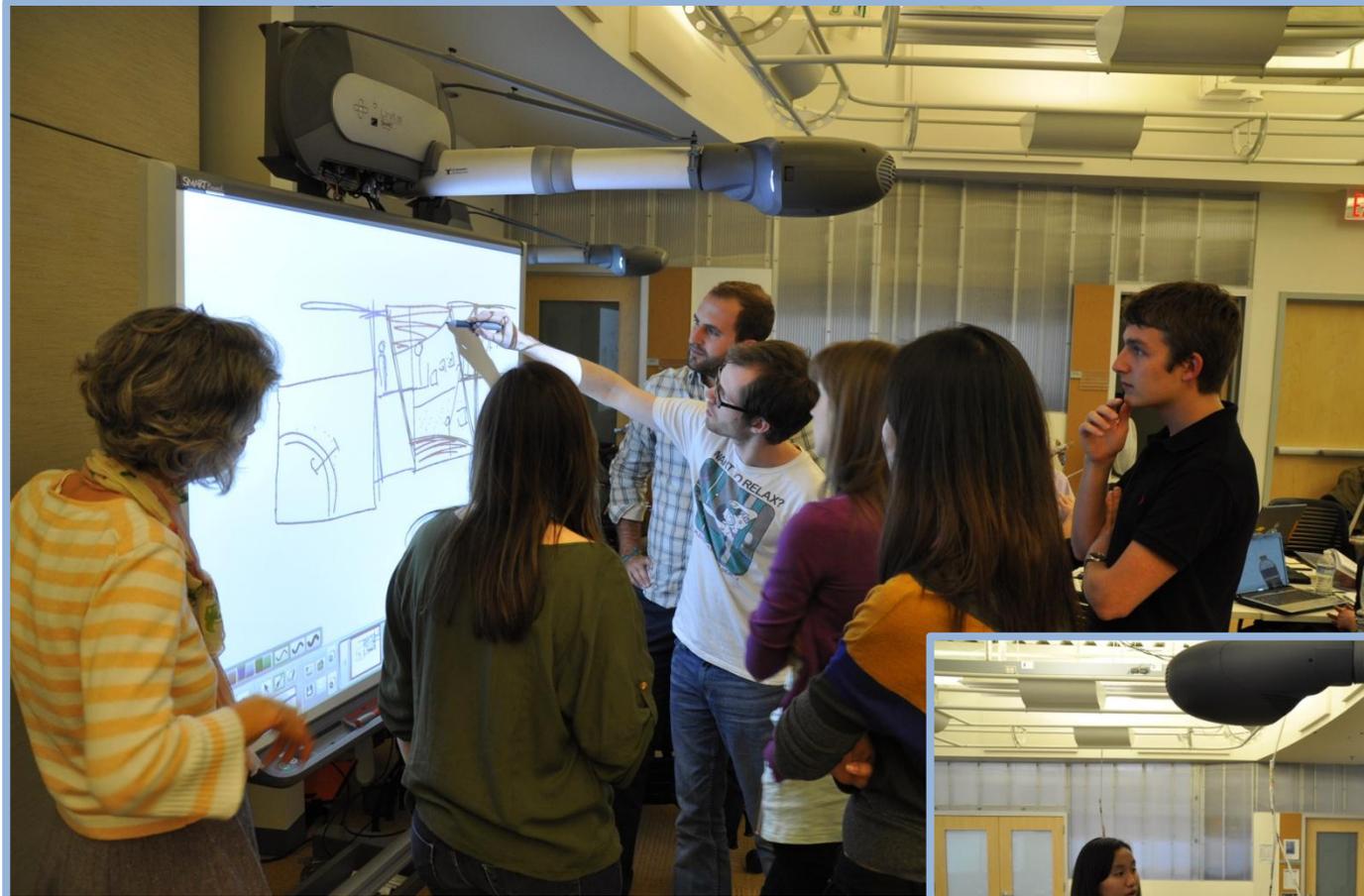
sum all
sum reg

\$ 5.957.499,00
\$ 6.653.781,37

\$ 5.869.625,89

No consideration
of fixed cost e.g.
excavation

TEAM PROCESS



IPD

Dialogue/Feedback/
Re-iteration
by Wave/GoToMeeting
& Phone Calls

Also, we would really like to get moving on this and develop 3-D model hopefully soon that incorporates the placement of all our structural elements. We thought about starting this today, but with all the corridor changes as well as placement of the lateral systems in the building, we wanted to run this by you such that modifications can be made based on your feedback :)

Mentor Feedback

2:31 pm
2:10 pm
1:51 pm
1:28 pm
1:59 am
1:44 am
12:31 am
Mar 3
Mar 3
Mar 1
Mar 1
Mar 1
Feb 25
Feb 17
Feb 10

Structural Team just had a great progress this morning with our mentor's help Greg!!! We will update everyone in tomorrow's meeting with owners. Take care!

Hi guys!!! Just wanted to post some pictures I took of the rough sketches we developed during our Structural Team/ARCH brainstorming session @ Greg Luth's office today. Take a look... Can't wait to share with y'all the genius solution that Greg helped us develop can actually achieve the curved wall affect that Karol had initially intended for our building :)

Braced Frame	Exterior	Exterior	Exterior	Loads on frame	Simple Calcs
Spacing of Frames	Connection Detail	Connection Detail	General Layout	Connection will brace lower half of frame	1st Floor Design
1st Floor Design	Truss Design	More Calcs	Calcs	Girder Connection Detail	Large Girder + Column

Mads and Karol: This sounds very interesting. It's great to see so much creativity and a meeting with Karol around monday. Will this work for you, Karol? I can find time send me a message what works best for you because i can shift few things if needed.

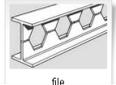
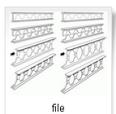
Mads: Here is a list of the energy resources that we have available on site.

- Chilled water (Delivered by local plant on campus)
- Steam (Delivered by local cogeneration plant on campus)
- Water (Delivered by LADWP)
- Natural gas (Mainly for cogeneration plant)
- Electricity (Produced by local cogeneration plant on campus)

Ofcourse we should utilize this when designing the HVAC system!

This corresponds very well with UCLA's Climate Action Plan: <http://www.sustain.ucla.edu/cap>

Marina: Hi Mads and the Team, regarding to solving the MEP duct running through the **Castellated Beams** which have a number of specific possibilities and advantages.



file

file

file

file

file

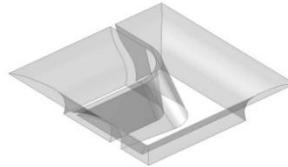
11_2_12_KW- contact with exterior

11_2_12_KW- contact with main coridor and its day light

MOVING FORWARD

+	Δ	How?
<ul style="list-style-type: none">•Information•Research	<ul style="list-style-type: none">•Applying•Developing 	<ul style="list-style-type: none">•Sub-group meetings
<ul style="list-style-type: none">•Sharing•Communicating	<ul style="list-style-type: none">•Inter-disciplinary coordination•Technology coordination 	<ul style="list-style-type: none">•Teleplace•Process planning meetings
<ul style="list-style-type: none">•Enthusiasm	<ul style="list-style-type: none">•Project Management	<ul style="list-style-type: none">•Pull Schedule•Leadership•Organization

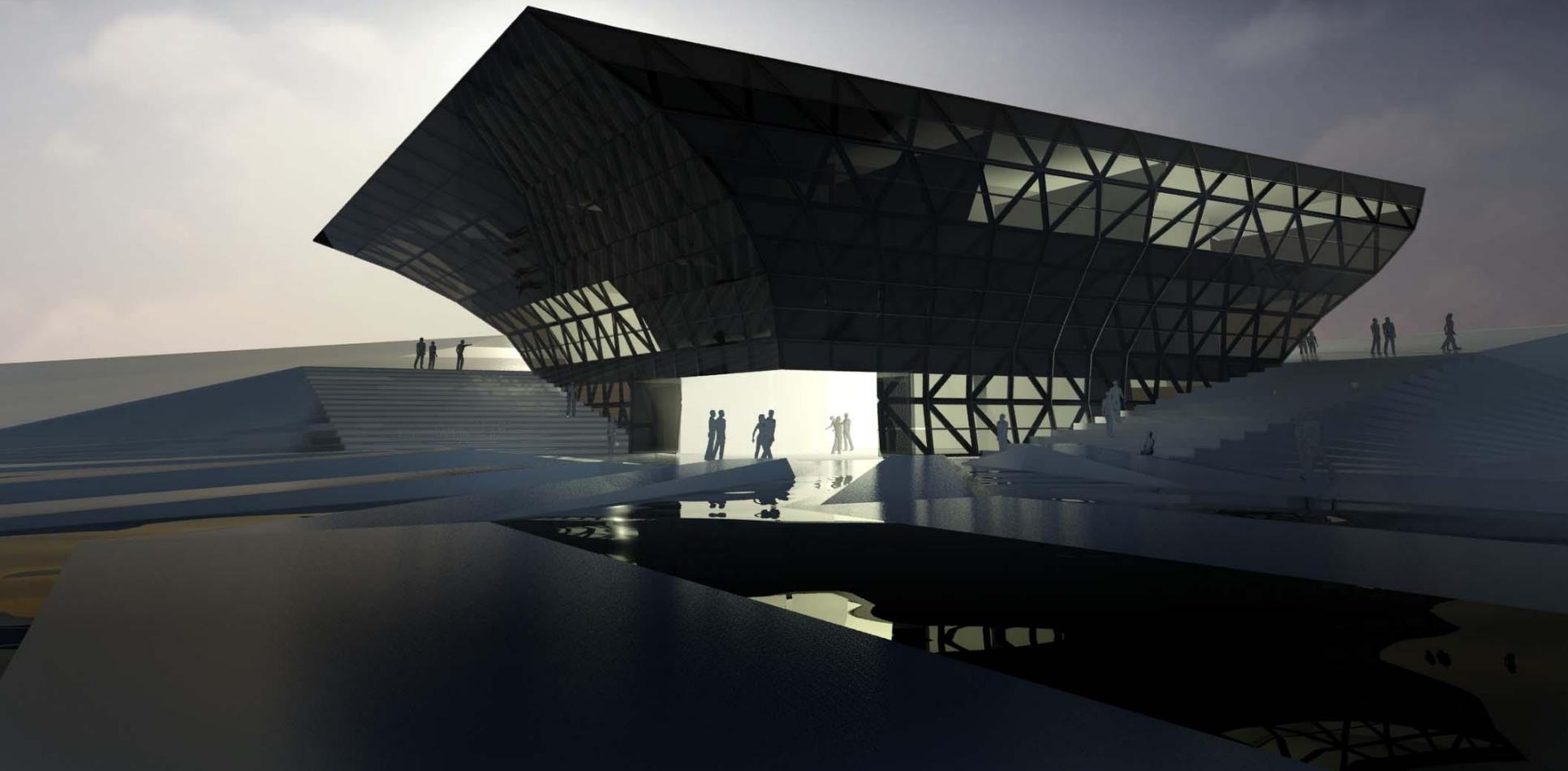
DECISION MATRIX



points	owner preference	sculpture				orthogonal			
		steel		concrete		steel		concrete	
		sum team	C*D	sum team	C*F	sum team	C*H	sum team	C*J
Design (interior)	12,5	4	55	4	44	3	36	3	33
Design (exterior)	14	5	67	3	40	3	35	2	30
Constructability	8	4	30	3	21	4	34	3	27
Initial cost	8	3	24	3	26	4	28	3	27
Life cycle cost	11,5	3	39	3	36	3	36	3	37
Sustainability	14	4	51	3	46	3	40	3	39
Quality of Space	14	5	65	3	44	2	33	3	35
usability after earthquake	18	4	72	3	50	3	61	2	43
RESULT	100	402		306		303		270	

The winner is...

Sculptural Steel Design



Thank you!

