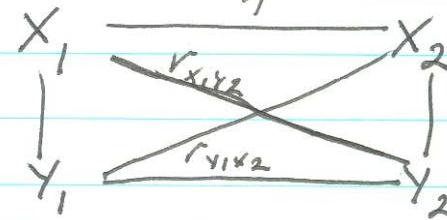


# Reciprocal Effects, Simultaneous Equations

CLC (cross-lagged correlation)

Compare  $r_{x_1 y_2}$  to  $r_{y_1 x_2}$

Causal predominance to the larger  $(\text{sig})$



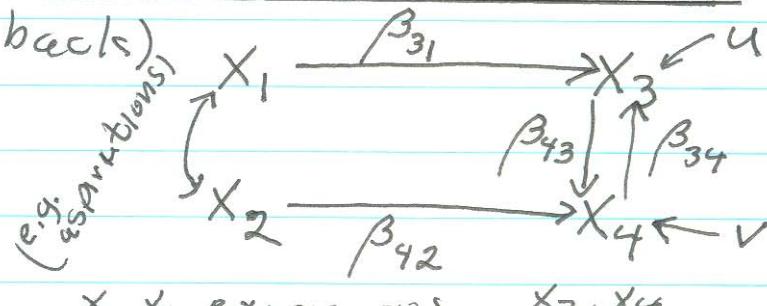
Non-Recursive (feedback)

$$X_3 = \beta_{31} X_1 + \beta_{34} X_4 + u$$

$$X_4 = \beta_{42} X_2 + \beta_{43} X_3 + v$$

$$E(X_i) = 0 \quad E(u) = E(v) = 0$$

(just ident  $\text{cov}(u, v) = 0$ )



$X_1, X_2$  exogenous  
 $X_3, X_4$  endogenous  
 $u, v$  uncorr w/ exogenous

OLS estimates  
Simultaneity Bias

$$E(\hat{\beta}_{31}^{\text{OLS}}) = \beta_{31} - \frac{\sigma_{14}\sigma_{4u}}{\sigma_{11}\sigma_{44} - \sigma_{14}^2}$$

$$E(\hat{\beta}_{34}^{\text{OLS}}) = \beta_{34} + \frac{\sigma_{11}\sigma_{4u}}{\sigma_{11}\sigma_{44} - \sigma_{14}^2}$$

$$E(\hat{\beta}_{42}^{\text{OLS}}) = \beta_{42} - \frac{\sigma_{23}\sigma_{3u}}{\sigma_{22}\sigma_{33} - \sigma_{23}^2}$$

$$E(\hat{\beta}_{43}^{\text{OLS}}) = \beta_{43} + \frac{\sigma_{22}\sigma_{3u}}{\sigma_{22}\sigma_{33} - \sigma_{23}^2}$$

By endogeneity  $\sigma_{3u} = \beta_{34}\sigma_{4u} + \sigma_{uu}$   
 $\sigma_{4u} = \beta_{43}\sigma_{34} + \sigma_{uv}$ ,  $\sigma_{3v} = \beta_{34}\sigma_{4v} + \sigma_{uv}$   
 $\sigma_{4v} = \beta_{43}\sigma_{3v} + \sigma_{vv}$

IV estimates (consistent)

$$\hat{\beta}_{31}^{\text{IV}} = \frac{s_{13}s_{24} - s_{14}s_{23}}{s_{11}s_{24} - s_{12}s_{14}}$$

whereas  $(IV \text{ sub } X_2 \text{ for } X_4)$

$$\hat{\beta}_{31,4}^{\text{OLS}} = \frac{s_{13}s_{44} - s_{14}s_{34}}{s_{11}s_{44} - s_{14}^2}$$

$$\hat{\beta}_{34}^{\text{IV}} = \frac{s_{11}s_{23} - s_{12}s_{13}}{s_{11}s_{24} - s_{12}s_{14}}$$

$$\hat{\beta}_{42}^{\text{IV}} = \frac{s_{14}s_{23} - s_{13}s_{24}}{s_{12}s_{23} - s_{13}s_{22}}$$

$$\hat{\beta}_{43}^{\text{IV}} = \frac{s_{12}s_{24} - s_{14}s_{22}}{s_{12}s_{23} - s_{13}s_{22}}$$

Lab 3 (Task 3) PS10 data Simultaneous Eq's

$$\text{hours} = \alpha_1 \log \text{wage} + \beta_{10} + \beta_{11} \text{educ} + \beta_{12} \text{age} + \beta_{13} \text{kids5}$$

$$\log \text{wage} = \alpha_2 \text{hours} + \beta_{20} + \beta_{21} \text{educ} + \beta_{22} \text{exper} + \beta_{23} \text{exper}^2 + v$$

Duncan - Occupational aspiration;  
Rindfuss - Education, fertility (Freedman)

# B1 p.2 Non-recursive Models Stat 209

```
> # Now to Duncan Haller Portes 1968 (Peer influences on Aspirations) Week 6
> # path diagram and data from Fox Soc Meth 1979
> dunccor = matrix(nrow = 6, ncol = 6, c(1,.222,.1861,.3355,.4105,.2598,.222,1,.2707,.2302,.3240,.27
+ .1861,.2707,1,.2950,.293,.3607,.3355,.2302,.2950,1,.2995,.5007,.4105,.3240,.2930,.2995,1,.4216,
+ .2598,.2786,.3607,.5007,.4216,1))
> dunccor
```

```
[,1] [,2] [,3] [,4] [,5] [,6]
[1,] 1.0000 0.2220 0.1861 0.3355 0.4105 0.2598
[2,] 0.2220 1.0000 0.2707 0.2302 0.3240 0.2786
[3,] 0.1861 0.2707 1.0000 0.2950 0.2930 0.3607
[4,] 0.3355 0.2302 0.2950 1.0000 0.2995 0.5007
[5,] 0.4105 0.3240 0.2930 0.2995 1.0000 0.4216
[6,] 0.2598 0.2786 0.3607 0.5007 0.4216 1.0000
```

- $x_1$ : Respondent's intelligence  
 $x_2$ : Respondent's family SES  
 $x_3$ : Friend's family SES  
 $x_4$ : Friend's intelligence  
 $y_5$ : Respondent's occupational aspiration  
 $y_6$ : Friend's occupational aspiration

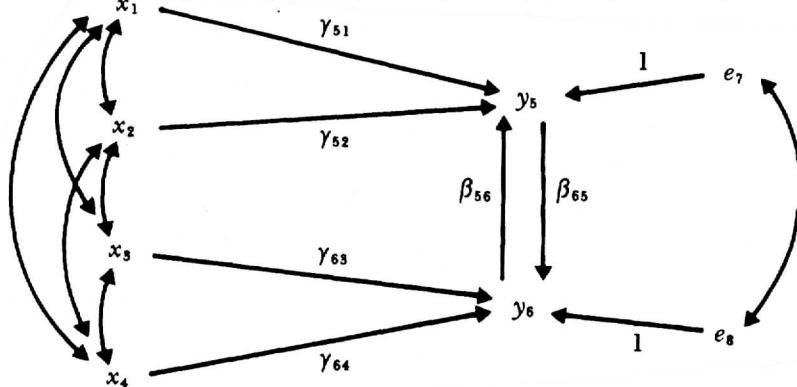


Figure 1. Overidentified nonrecursive model.

could do 7SLS by matrix  
easier to create data  
use tsls

friend eq  $y_6$   
predictors  
 $x_3 x_4 y_5$

```
> library(MASS)
> duncdatemp = mvtnorm(329, c(0,0,0,0,0,0), dunccor, empirical = TRUE)
> cor(duncdatemp) # matches above

> focreg = tsls(duncdatemp[,6] ~ duncdatemp[,3] + duncdatemp[,4] + duncdatemp[,5],
+ ~ duncdatemp[,1] + duncdatemp[,2] + duncdatemp[,3] + duncdatemp[,4])
> summary(focreg)
2SLS Estimates
Model Formula: duncdatemp[, 6] ~ duncdatemp[, 3] + duncdatemp[, 4] + duncdatemp[, 5]
Instruments: ~duncdatemp[, 1] + duncdatemp[, 2] + duncdatemp[, 3] + duncdatemp[, 4]
Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
(Intercept) -1.896e-17 0.04457 -4.254e-16 1.000e+00
duncdatemp[, 3] 1.567e-01 0.05445 2.877e+00 4.278e-03
duncdatemp[, 4] 3.521e-01 0.05505 6.396e+00 5.554e-10
duncdatemp[, 5] 3.419e-01 0.12478 2.740e+00 6.484e-03
Residual standard error: 0.8084 on 325 degrees of freedom
```

```
> # got to have as many instruments as predictors
> rocreg = tsls(duncdatemp[,5] ~ duncdatemp[,1] + duncdatemp[,2] + duncdatemp[,6],
+ ~ duncdatemp[,1] + duncdatemp[,2] + duncdatemp[,3] + duncdatemp[,4])
> summary(rocreg)
2SLS Estimates
Model Formula: duncdatemp[, 5] ~ duncdatemp[, 1] + duncdatemp[, 2] + duncdatemp[, 6]
Instruments: ~duncdatemp[, 1] + duncdatemp[, 2] + duncdatemp[, 3] + duncdatemp[, 4]
Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
(Intercept) -1.859e-17 0.04658 -3.991e-16 1.000e+00
duncdatemp[, 1] 2.721e-01 0.05255 5.179e+00 3.923e-07
duncdatemp[, 2] 1.512e-01 0.05364 2.819e+00 5.113e-03
duncdatemp[, 6] 4.034e-01 0.10431 3.867e+00 1.330e-04
Residual standard error: 0.8449 on 325 degrees of freedom
```

respondent eq  $y_6$   
predictors  
 $x_6 x_1 x_2$

```
> # both 2SLS results match Fox Soc Meth p.145 results
OLS Comparisons
lm(formula = duncdatemp[, 5] ~ duncdatemp[, 1] + duncdatemp[, 2] + duncdatemp[, 6])
Coefficients: Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
(Intercept) -2.032e-17 4.625e-02 -4.39e-16 1.0000000
duncdatemp[, 1] 2.945e-01 4.860e-02 6.059 3.78e-09 ***
duncdatemp[, 2] 1.762e-01 4.887e-02 3.605 0.000361 ***
duncdatemp[, 6] 2.960e-01 4.934e-02 5.999 5.28e-09 ***
Residual standard error: 0.8389 on 325 degrees of freedom
lm(formula = duncdatemp[, 6] ~ duncdatemp[, 3] + duncdatemp[, 4] + duncdatemp[, 5])
Coefficients: Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
(Intercept) -1.308e-17 4.436e-02 -2.95e-16 1.0000000
duncdatemp[, 3] 1.752e-01 4.772e-02 3.672 0.000281 ***
duncdatemp[, 4] 3.714e-01 4.782e-02 7.767 1.06e-13 ***
duncdatemp[, 5] 2.590e-01 4.779e-02 5.420 1.16e-07 ***
Residual standard error: 0.8047 on 325 degrees of freedom
```

OLS  
SLS  
weights  
a little different

# C1 Freedman, Rindfus Ed + Fertility ASR, Stat 209

```

> rindcor = matrix(nrow = 11, ncol = 11,
+ c( 1.000,-0.144,-0.244,-0.323,-0.129,-0.056 , 0.053 ,-0.043 , 0.037 , 0.370 , 0.186,
+ -0.144, 1.000 , 0.156, 0.088, 0.315, 0.150,-0.152, 0.030, 0.035,-0.222,-0.189,
+ -0.244, 0.156, 1.000, 0.274, 0.150,-0.039, 0.014, 0.028, 0.002,-0.328,-0.115,
+ -0.323, 0.088, 0.274, 1.000, 0.218,-0.030,-0.149,-0.060,-0.032,-0.185,-0.118,
+ -0.129, 0.315, 0.150, 0.218, 1.000, 0.071,-0.292,-0.011,-0.027,-0.211,-0.177,
+ -0.056, 0.150, -0.039, -0.030, 0.071, 1.000,-0.052, 0.067, 0.018,-0.157, 0.111,
+ 0.053, -0.152, 0.014, -0.149, -0.292, -0.052, 1.000,-0.010,-0.002,-0.012, 0.098,
+ -0.043, 0.030, 0.028, -0.060, -0.011, 0.067, -0.010, 1.000, 0.009,-0.171,-0.122,
+ 0.037, 0.035, 0.002, -0.032, -0.027, 0.018, -0.002, 0.009, 1.000, 0.038, 0.216,
+ 0.370, -0.222, -0.328, -0.185, -0.211, -0.157, -0.012, -0.171, 0.038, 1.000, 0.380,
+ 0.186, -0.189, -0.115, -0.118, -0.177, 0.111, 0.098, -0.122, 0.216, 0.380, 1.0)
> rindcor
[,1] [,2] [,3] [,4] [,5] [,6] [,7] [,8] [,9] [,10] [,11]
[1,] 1.000 -0.144 -0.244 -0.323 -0.129 -0.056 0.053 -0.043 0.037 0.370 0.186
[2,] -0.144 1.000 0.156 0.088 0.315 0.150 -0.152 0.030 0.035 -0.222 -0.189
[3,] -0.244 0.156 1.000 0.274 0.150 -0.039 0.014 0.028 0.002 -0.328 -0.115
[4,] -0.323 0.088 0.274 1.000 0.218 -0.030 -0.149 -0.060 -0.032 -0.185 -0.118
[5,] -0.129 0.315 0.150 0.218 1.000 0.071 -0.292 -0.011 -0.027 -0.211 -0.177
[6,] -0.056 0.150 -0.039 -0.030 0.071 1.000 -0.052 0.067 0.018 -0.157 0.111
[7,] 0.053 -0.152 0.014 -0.149 -0.292 -0.052 1.000 -0.010 -0.002 -0.012 0.098
[8,] -0.043 0.030 0.028 -0.060 -0.011 0.067 -0.010 1.000 0.009 -0.171 -0.122
[9,] 0.037 0.035 0.002 -0.032 -0.027 0.018 -0.002 0.009 1.000 0.038 0.216
[10,] 0.370 -0.222 -0.328 -0.185 -0.211 -0.157 -0.012 -0.171 0.038 1.000 0.380
[11,] 0.186 -0.189 -0.115 -0.118 -0.177 0.111 0.098 -0.122 0.216 0.380 1.000
> rinndat = mvrnorm(1766, rep(0,11), rindcor, empirical = TRUE) create data
> cor(rinndat)
[,1] [,2] [,3] [,4] [,5] [,6] [,7] [,8] [,9] [,10] [,11]
[1,] 1.000 -0.144 -0.244 -0.323 -0.129 -0.056 0.053 -0.043 0.037 0.370 0.186 DADGCC
[2,] -0.144 1.000 0.156 0.088 0.315 0.150 -0.152 0.030 0.035 -0.222 -0.189 RACE
[3,] -0.244 0.156 1.000 0.274 0.150 -0.039 0.014 0.028 0.002 -0.328 -0.115 NOSIBS
[4,] -0.323 0.088 0.274 1.000 0.218 -0.030 -0.149 -0.060 -0.032 -0.185 -0.118 FARM
[5,] -0.129 0.315 0.150 0.218 1.000 0.071 -0.292 -0.011 -0.027 -0.211 -0.177 REGN
[6,] -0.056 0.150 -0.039 -0.030 0.071 1.000 -0.052 0.067 0.018 -0.157 0.111 APOL
[7,] 0.053 -0.152 0.014 -0.149 -0.292 -0.052 1.000 -0.010 -0.002 -0.012 0.098 REL
[8,] -0.043 0.030 0.028 -0.060 -0.011 0.067 -0.010 1.000 0.009 -0.171 -0.122 CIG
[9,] 0.037 0.035 0.002 -0.032 -0.027 0.018 -0.002 0.009 1.000 0.038 0.216 FECOND
[10,] 0.370 -0.222 -0.328 -0.185 -0.211 -0.157 -0.012 -0.171 0.038 1.000 0.380 ED
[11,] 0.186 -0.189 -0.115 -0.118 -0.177 0.111 0.098 -0.122 0.216 0.380 1.000 AGE

```

> #Rindfus model, Freedman page 356

```

> agereg = tsls(rinndat[,11] ~ rinndat[,10] + rinndat[,2] + rinndat[,3] + rinndat[,4] + [,5]
+ rinndat[,6] + rinndat[,7] + rinndat[,8] + rinndat[,9], ~ rinndat[,3] + rinndat[,4][4,5,6,7])
+ rinndat[,8] + rinndat[,9] + rinndat[,1] + rinndat[,2])
> summary(agereg)
2SLS Estimates
Model Formula: rinndat[, 11] ~ rinndat[, 10] + rinndat[, 2] + rinndat[, 3] +
rinndat[, 4] + rinndat[, 5] + rinndat[, 6] + rinndat[, 7] +
rinndat[, 8] + rinndat[, 9]
Instruments: ~rinndat[, 3] + rinndat[, 4] + rinndat[, 5] + rinndat[, 6] +
rinndat[, 7] + rinndat[, 8] + rinndat[, 9] + rinndat[, 1] +
rinndat[, 2]

```

	Estimate	Std. Error	t value	Pr(> t )
(Intercept)	-1.298e-17	0.02083	-6.234e-16	1.000e+00
rinndat[, 10]	<u>4.851e-01</u>	0.08429	<u>5.755e+00</u>	1.020e-08
rinndat[, 2]	-1.052e-01	0.02463	-4.270e+00	2.057e-05
rinndat[, 3]	7.692e-02	0.03123	2.463e+00	1.387e-02
rinndat[, 4]	-9.995e-03	0.02380	-4.199e-01	6.746e-01
rinndat[, 5]	-3.628e-02	0.02558	-1.418e+00	1.563e-01
rinndat[, 6]	2.128e-01	0.02415	8.809e+00	0.000e+00
rinndat[, 7]	8.559e-02	0.02324	3.683e+00	2.374e-04
rinndat[, 8]	-5.421e-02	0.02489	-2.178e+00	2.953e-02
rinndat[, 9]	1.966e-01	0.02114	9.300e+00	0.000e+00

ED signif

Ed → Age

```

> edreg = tsls(rinddat[,10] ~ rinddat[,11] + rinddat[,2] + rinddat[,3] + rinddat[,4] +
+   rinddat[,5] + rinddat[,6] + rinddat[,7] + rinddat[,8] + rinddat[,1], ~ rinddat[,3]
+   rinddat[,4] + rinddat[,5] + rinddat[,6] + rinddat[,7] +
+   rinddat[,8] + rinddat[,9] + rinddat[,1] + rinddat[,2])
> summary(edreg)
  2SLS Estimates
Model Formula: rinddat[, 10] ~ rinddat[, 11] + rinddat[, 2] + rinddat[, 3] +
  rinddat[, 4] + rinddat[, 5] + rinddat[, 6] + rinddat[, 7] +
  rinddat[, 8] + rinddat[, 1]
Instruments: ~rinddat[, 3] + rinddat[, 4] + rinddat[, 5] + rinddat[, 6] +
  rinddat[, 7] + rinddat[, 8] + rinddat[, 9] + rinddat[, 1] +
  rinddat[, 2]

      Estimate Std. Error    t value Pr(>|t|) 
(Intercept) 4.833e-18 0.01954 2.473e-16 1.000e+00
rinddat[, 11] 1.473e-01 0.09256 1.591e+00 1.118e-01
rinddat[, 2] -7.652e-02 0.02489 -3.074e+00 2.143e-03
rinddat[, 3] -2.166e-01 0.02111 -1.026e+01 0.000e+00
rinddat[, 4] -2.331e-02 0.02182 -1.068e+00 2.856e-01
rinddat[, 5] -1.093e-01 0.02380 -4.592e+00 4.703e-06
rinddat[, 6] -1.456e-01 0.02461 -5.917e+00 3.943e-09
rinddat[, 7] -9.243e-02 0.02103 -4.395e+00 1.173e-05
rinddat[, 8] -1.278e-01 0.02278 -5.608e+00 2.372e-08
rinddat[, 1] 2.484e-01 0.02469 1.006e+01 0.000e+00

```

age not signif  
preg  $\not\rightarrow$  dropout ?

Residual standard error: 0.8213 on 1756 degrees of freedom

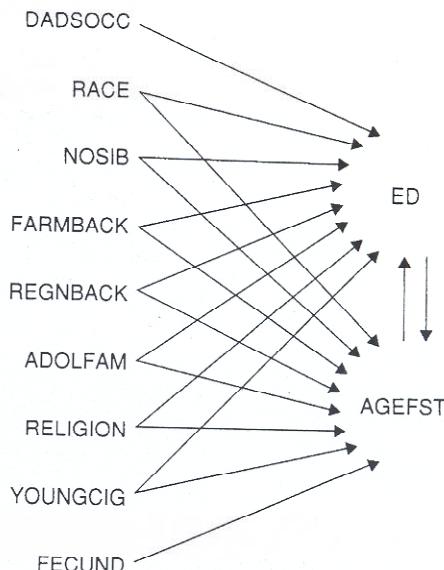
```

> # ed is significant in age eq, age not signif in ed eq
> # therefore ed --> age Freedman p.182

```

#### REPRINTED FROM THE AMERICAN SOCIOLOGICAL REVIEW

Figure 1. A Model of the Relationship between Educational Attainment and the Beginning of Motherhood.



$$\hat{ED} = b_0 + b_1 DADSOCC + b_2 RACE + b_3 NOSIB + b_4 FARMBACK + b_5 REGNBACK + b_6 ADOLFAM + b_7 RELIGION + b_8 YOUNGCIG + b_9 AGEFST + U$$

$$\hat{AGEFST} = c_0 + c_1 RACE + c_2 NOSIB + c_3 FARMBACK + c_4 REGNBACK + c_5 ADOLFAM + c_6 RELIGION + c_7 YOUNGCIG + c_8 FECUND + c_9 ED + V$$