

# Interactors

**Brahm Capoor**

[brahm@stanford.edu](mailto:brahm@stanford.edu)

# Learning goals for today

— — —

To learn how to use **interactors** in our programs

# Learning goals for today

---

To learn how to use **interactors** in our programs

To go **under the hood** of a program

# Learning goals for today

---

To learn how to use **interactors** in our programs

To go **under the hood** of a program

To see how we can use Computer Science to **understand people**

‘...a device that [...] had about a hundred tiny flat press buttons and a screen about four inches square on which any one of a million “pages” could be summoned at a moment’s notice. It looked insanely complicated, and [...] had the words **DON’T PANIC** printed on it in large friendly letters’

‘...a device that [...] had about a hundred tiny flat press buttons and a screen about four inches square on which any one of a million “pages” could be summoned at a moment’s notice. It looked insanely complicated, and [...] had the words **DON’T PANIC** printed on it in large friendly letters’

- Douglas Adams, *The Hitchhiker’s Guide to the Galaxy*

# How do we interact with programs?

---

# How do we interact with programs?

— — —

As Console Programs



# How do we interact with programs?

— — —

As Console Programs

```
public class myProgram extends ConsoleProgram {...}
```

# How do we interact with programs?

— — —

As Console Programs

```
public class myProgram extends ConsoleProgram {...}
```

Using our Mouse and Keyboard

# How do we interact with programs?

---

As Console Programs

```
public class myProgram extends ConsoleProgram {...}
```

Using our Mouse and Keyboard

```
public void mouseMoved(MouseEvent e){...}
```

# How do we interact with programs?

---

As Console Programs

```
public class myProgram extends ConsoleProgram {...}
```

Using our Mouse and Keyboard

```
public void mouseMoved(MouseEvent e){...}
```

Using UI Elements (buttons, sliders, text fields)

# How do we interact with programs?

---

As Console Programs

```
public class myProgram extends ConsoleProgram {...}
```

Using our Mouse and Keyboard

```
public void mouseMoved(MouseEvent e){...}
```

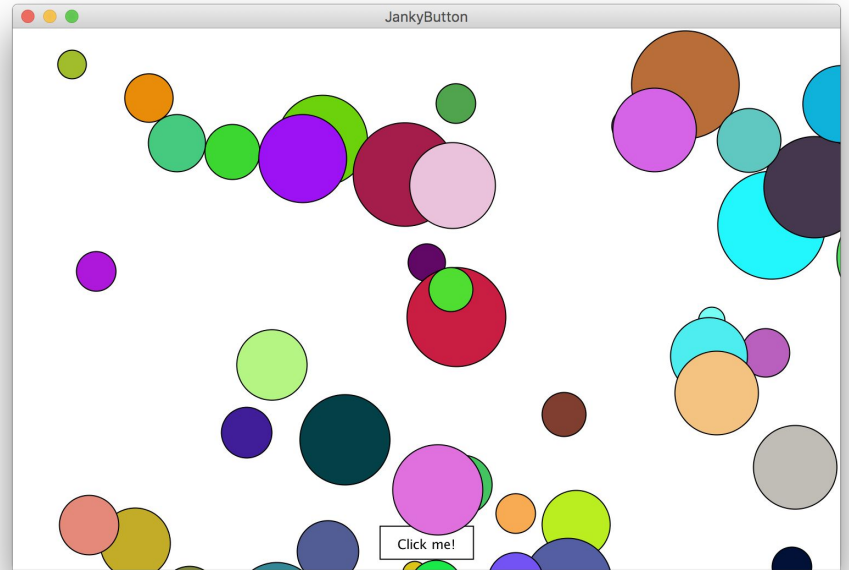
Using UI Elements (buttons, sliders, text fields)

```
// ~\_(\ツ)\_/~
```

Using the tools we already have,  
how could we make a button?

# What's wrong with this approach to making buttons?

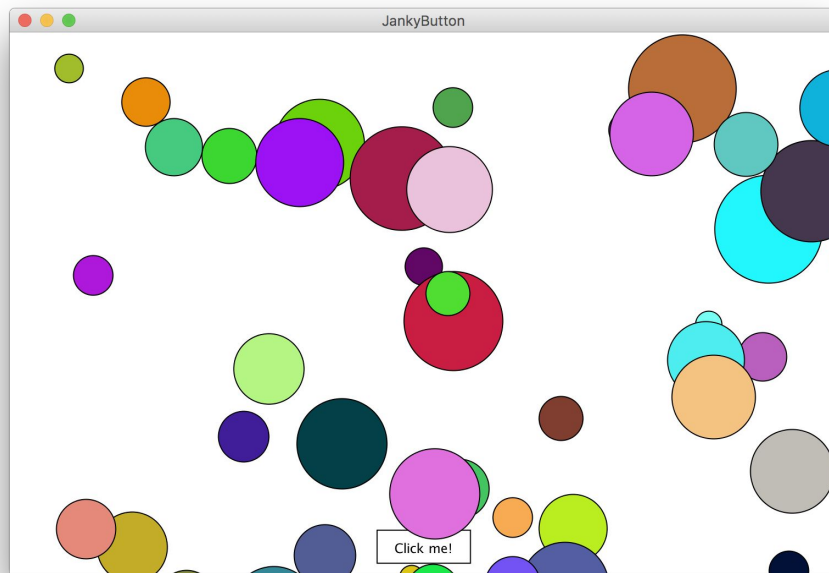
---



# What's wrong with this approach to making buttons?

---

Not a separate part of the interface



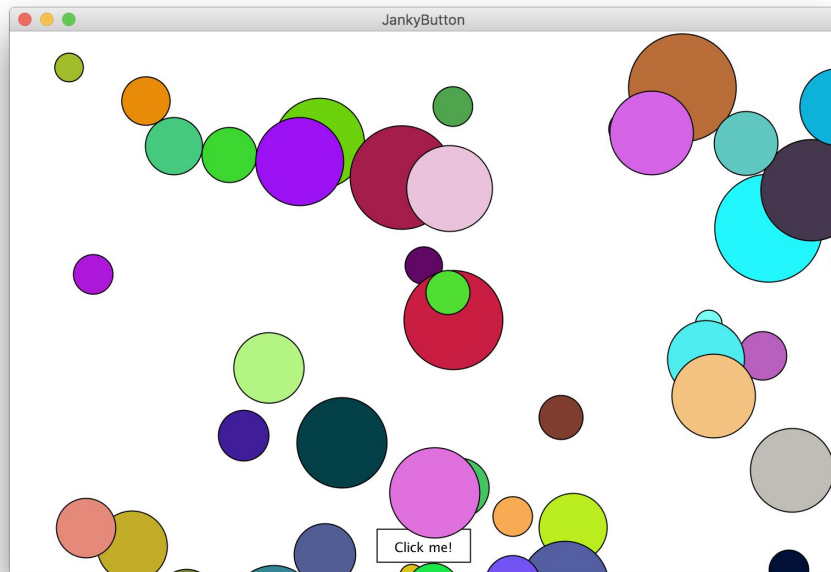


# What's wrong with this approach to making buttons?

---

Not a separate part of the interface

Doesn't give any indication that it was clicked



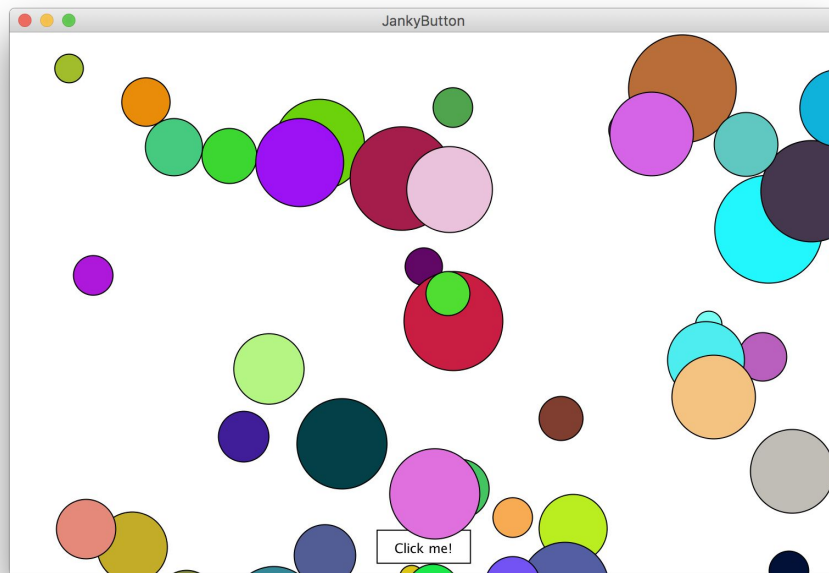
# What's wrong with this approach to making buttons?

---

Not a separate part of the interface

Doesn't give any indication that it was clicked

Looks pretty bad



# What's wrong with this approach to making buttons?

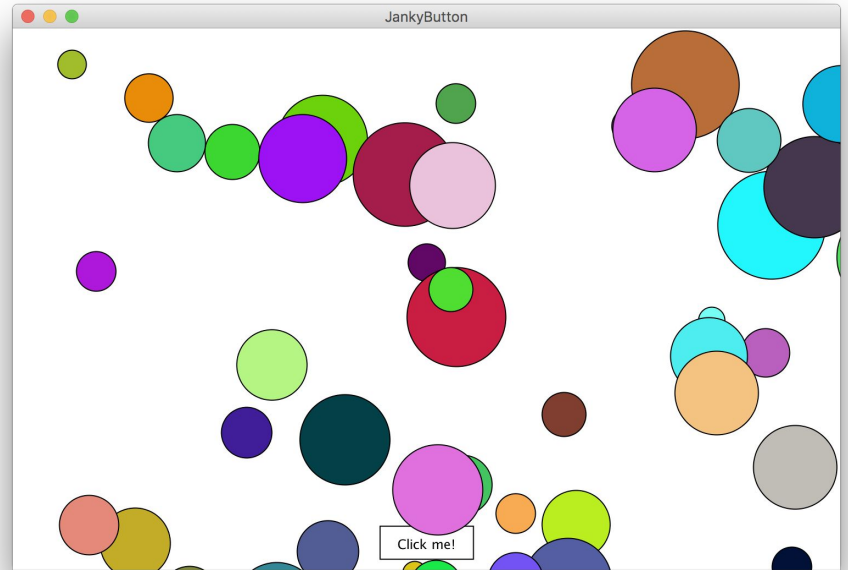
---

Not a separate part of the interface

Doesn't give any indication that it was clicked

Looks pretty bad

Inconsistent with other programs



# What's wrong with this approach to making buttons?

---

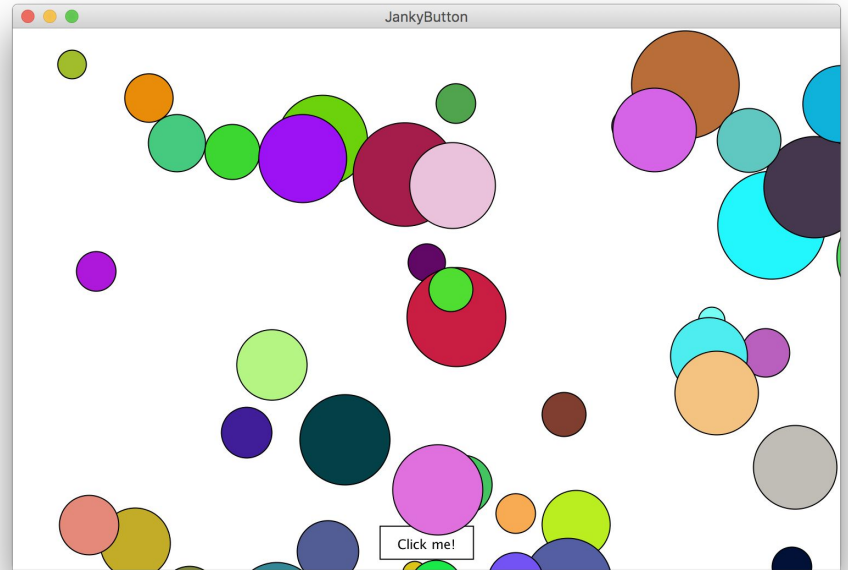
Not a separate part of the interface

Doesn't give any indication that it was clicked

Looks pretty bad

Inconsistent with other programs

Can't use it in ConsolePrograms



# What's wrong with this approach to making buttons?

---

Not a separate part of the interface

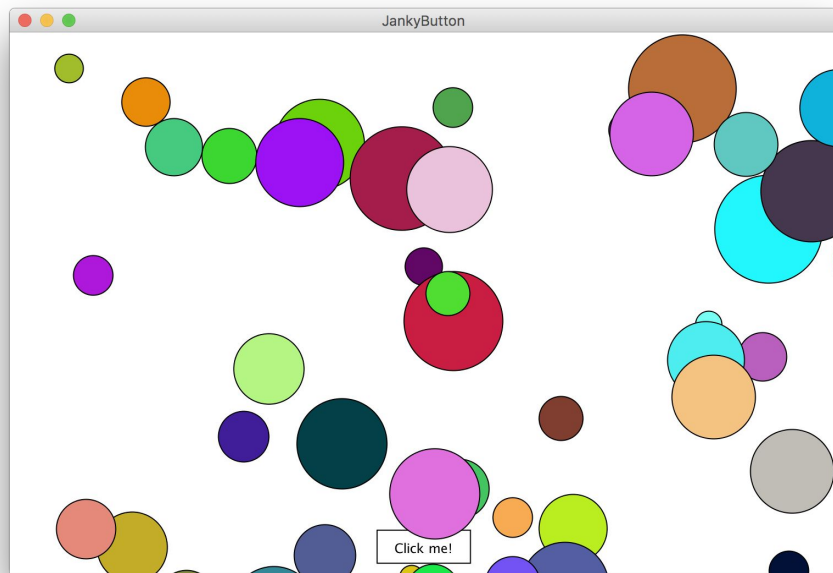
Doesn't give any indication that it was clicked

Looks pretty bad

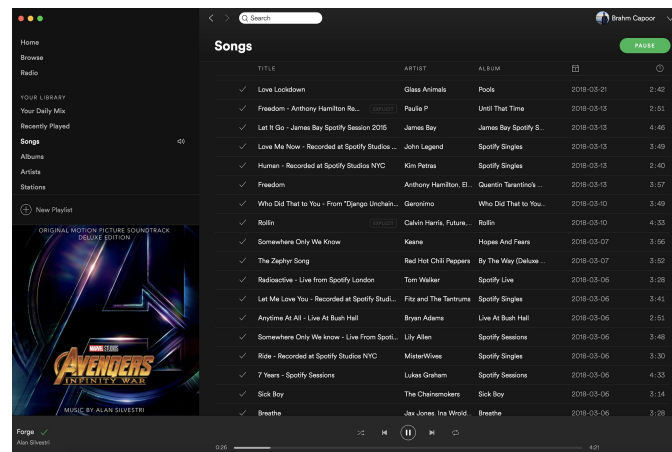
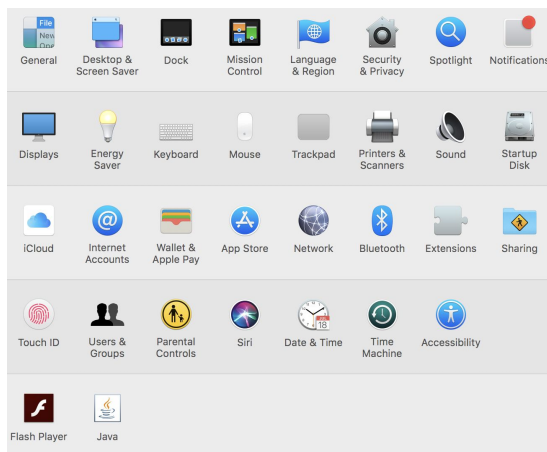
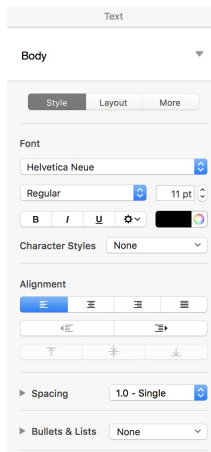
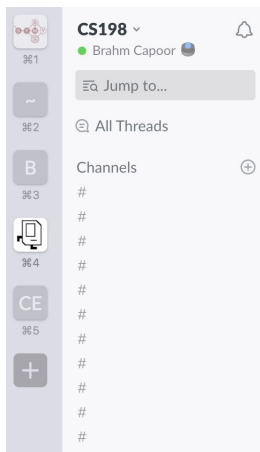
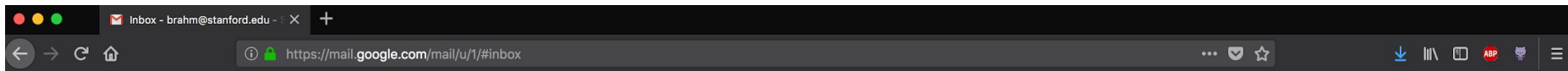
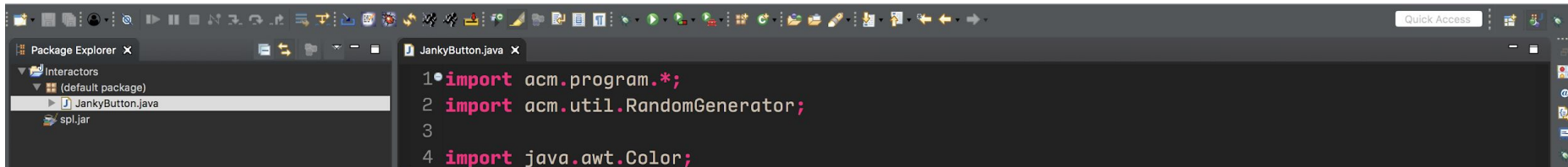
Inconsistent with other programs

Can't use it in ConsolePrograms

**Lots of work to create**

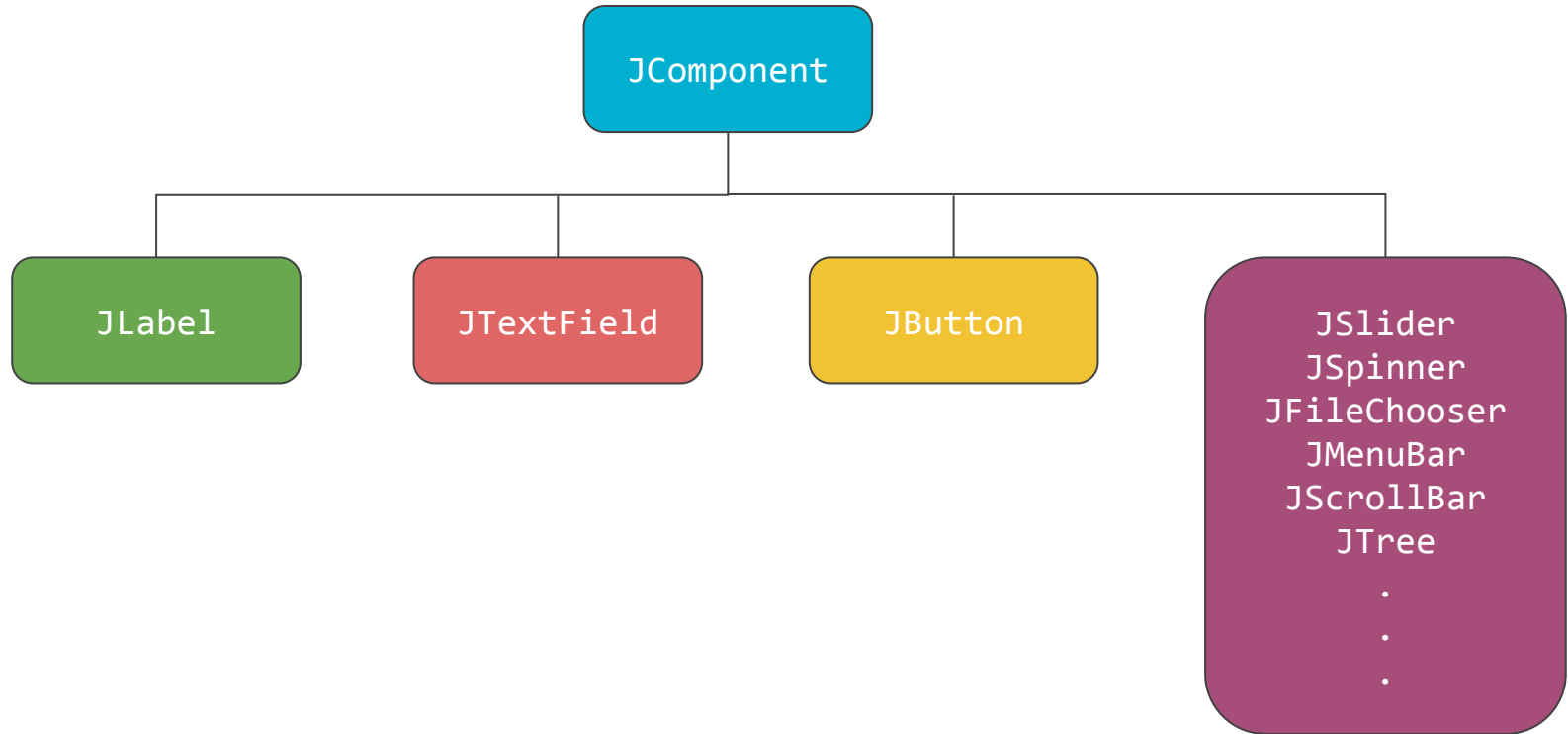


# Making these interfaces would be **devastating**



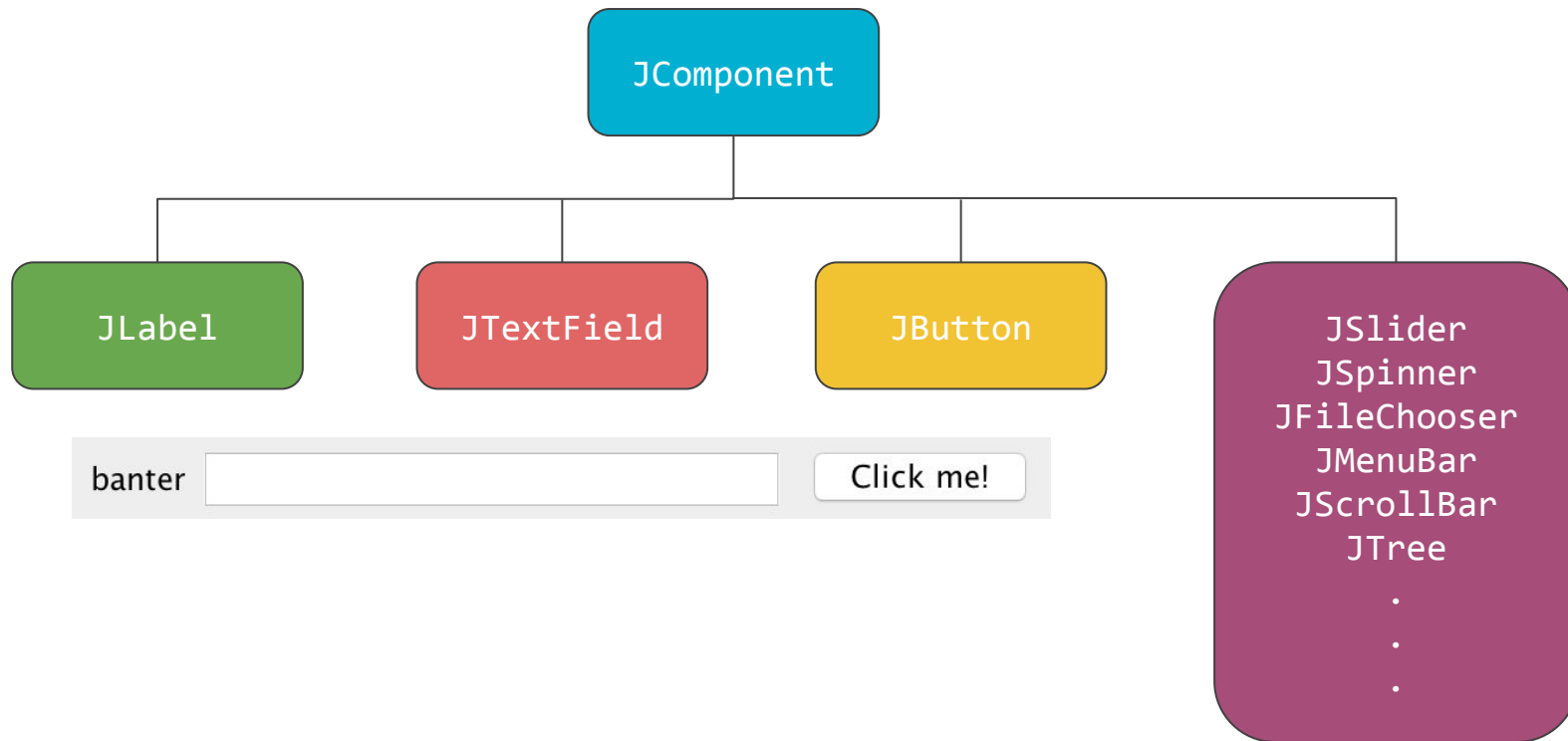
**Programming is about standing on the shoulders  
of giants**

# Meet today's giant





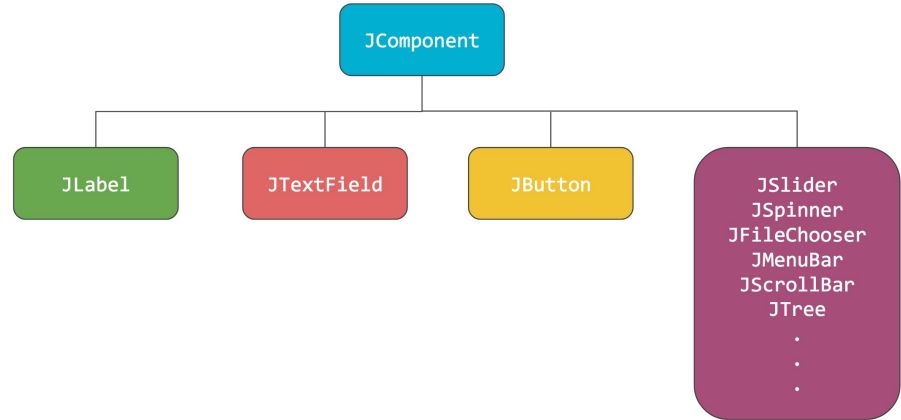
# Meet today's giant



# JComponents

Java handles how they **look**

You handle how they **work**



# Our first JComponents

```
JLabel label = new JLabel("banter");

JTextField field = new JTextField(20);    // 20 characters wide

JButton button = new JButton("Click me");

// how do we add these to the window?
```

# Regions in a window

Java divides every window into 5 regions

# Regions in a window

Java divides every window into 5 regions

**Center:** your ConsoleProgram or GraphicsProgram

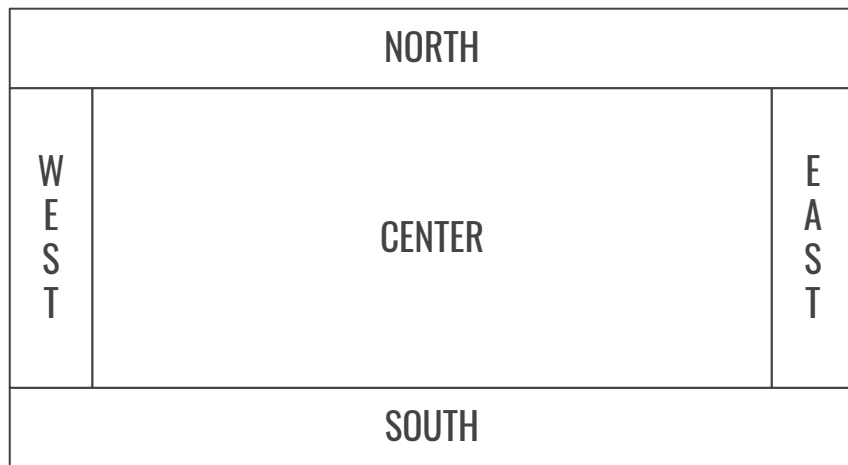


# Regions in a window

Java divides every window into 5 regions

**Center:** your ConsoleProgram or GraphicsProgram

The other regions only show up when you **add things** to them



# Putting JComponents on the window

```
JLabel label = new JLabel("banter");
```

```
JTextField field = new JTextField(20); // 20 characters wide
```

```
JButton button = new JButton("Click me");
```

```
add(label, SOUTH);  
add(field, SOUTH);  
add(button, SOUTH);
```

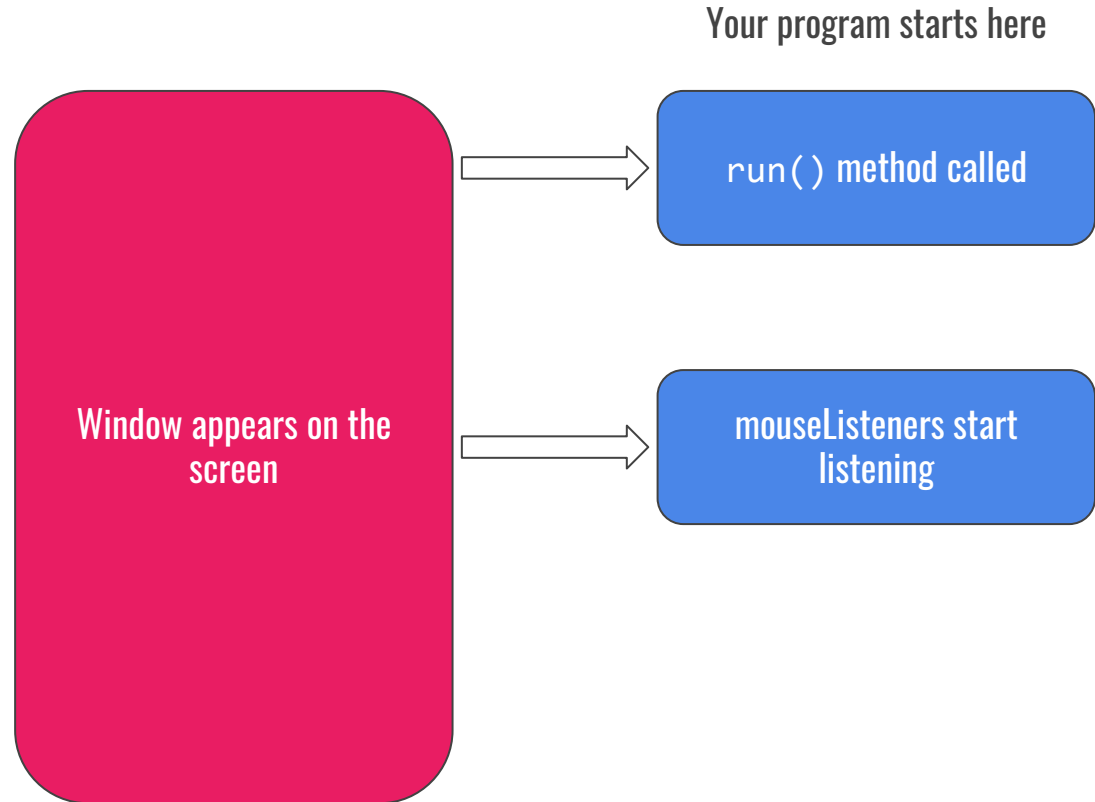
}

Java **automatically arranges** the components in the SOUTH region for you

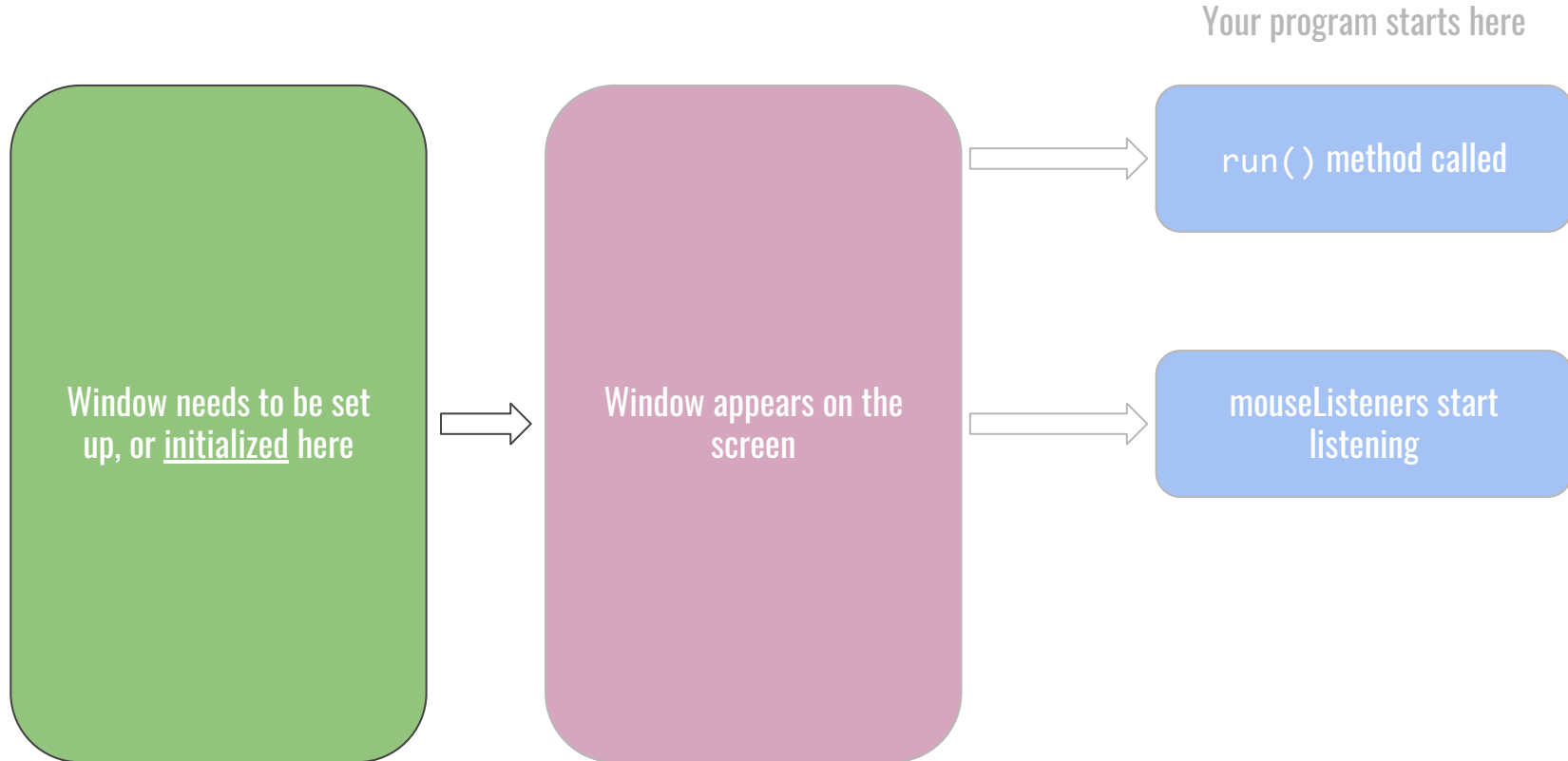
Let's run() with it



# What we know so far



# Diving under the hood

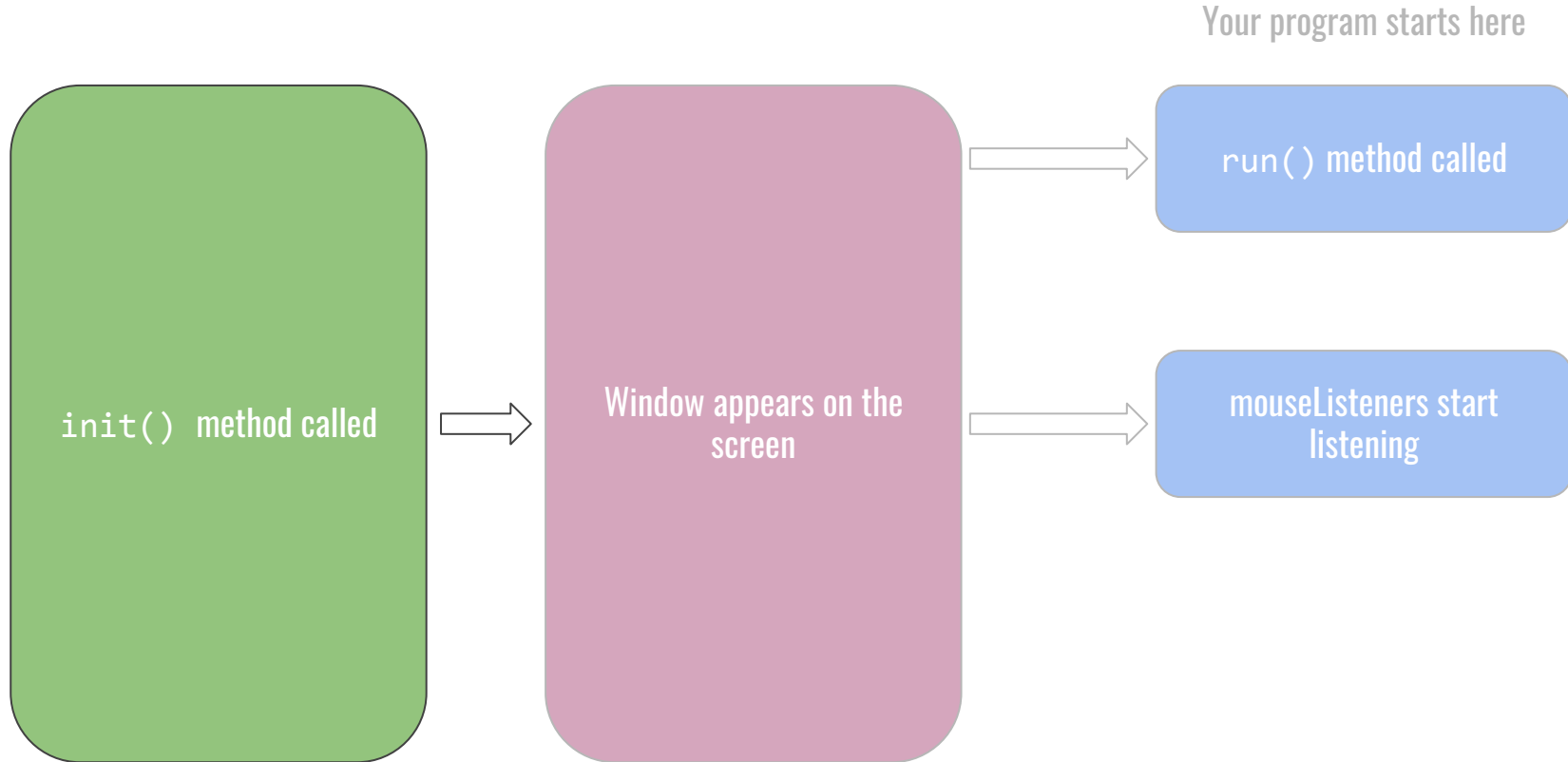


# Diving under the hood

Your program starts here

```
Wi  
u  
public void init() {  
    // Set up the window here  
}
```

# Diving under the hood



Let's run with `init()`

Let's run with `init()`

`// (sorry)`

The takeaway: add JComponents in `init()`

# How to use JComponents



# How to use JComponents

Where else have our programs had to respond to user actions that could happen anytime?

# How to use JComponents

Where else have our programs had to respond to user actions that could happen anytime?

Like `MouseListener`s, using components requires **Event-Driven programming**

# How to use JComponents

Where else have our programs had to respond to user actions that could happen anytime?

Like `MouseListener`s, using components requires **Event-Driven programming**

```
public void actionPerformed(ActionEvent e){
    String command = e.getActionCommand();
    // Process command
}
```

```
public void init() {
```

```
}
```

```
public void actionPerformed(ActionEvent e){
```

```
    String command = e.getActionCommand();
```

```
    // Process command
```

```
}
```

```
public void init() {
    JButton button = new JButton("Click me!");

    add(button, SOUTH);
}

public void actionPerformed(ActionEvent e){
    String command = e.getActionCommand();
    // Process command
}
```

```
public void init() {
    JButton button = new JButton("Click me!");

    add(button, SOUTH);

    addActionListeners();           // start listening for user actions
}

public void actionPerformed(ActionEvent e){
    String command = e.getActionCommand();
    // Process command
}
```

```
public void init() {
    JButton button = new JButton("Click me!");

    add(button, SOUTH);

    addActionListeners();           // start listening for user actions
}

public void actionPerformed(ActionEvent e){
    String command = e.getActionCommand();
    // Process command
}
```

```
public void init() {
    JButton button = new JButton("Click me!");

    add(button, SOUTH);

    addActionListeners();           // start listening for user actions
}

public void actionPerformed(ActionEvent e){
    String command = e.getActionCommand();
    if (command.equals("Click me!")) {
        println("Button clicked!");
    }
}
```



```
public void init() {
    JButton button = new JButton("Click me!");
    // TODO:
    // Set up text field

    add(button, SOUTH);
    // TODO: Add text field to window
    addActionListeners();           // start listening for user actions
}

public void actionPerformed(ActionEvent e){
    String command = e.getActionCommand();
    if (command.equals("Click me!")) {
        println("Button clicked!");
    }
}
```

```
public void init() {
    JButton button = new JButton("Click me!");
    field.addActionListener(this);    // enable pressing enter
    field.setActionCommand("Typed"); // set the field's action command

    add(button, SOUTH);
    // TODO: Add text field to window
    addActionListeners();            // start listening for user actions
}

public void actionPerformed(ActionEvent e){
    String command = e.getActionCommand();
    if (command.equals("Click me!")) {
        println("Button clicked!");
    }
}
```

```
public void init() {
    JButton button = new JButton("Click me!");
    field.addActionListener(this);    // enable pressing enter
    field.setActionCommand("Typed");  // set the field's action command

    add(button, SOUTH);
    add(field, SOUTH);
    addActionListeners();             // start listening for user actions
}

public void actionPerformed(ActionEvent e){
    String command = e.getActionCommand();
    if (command.equals("Click me!")) {
        println("Button clicked!");
    }
}
```

```
public void init() {
    JButton button = new JButton("Click me!");
    field.addActionListener(this);    // enable pressing enter
    field.setActionCommand("Typed"); // set the field's action command

    add(button, SOUTH);
    add(field, SOUTH);
    addActionListeners();            // start listening for user actions
}

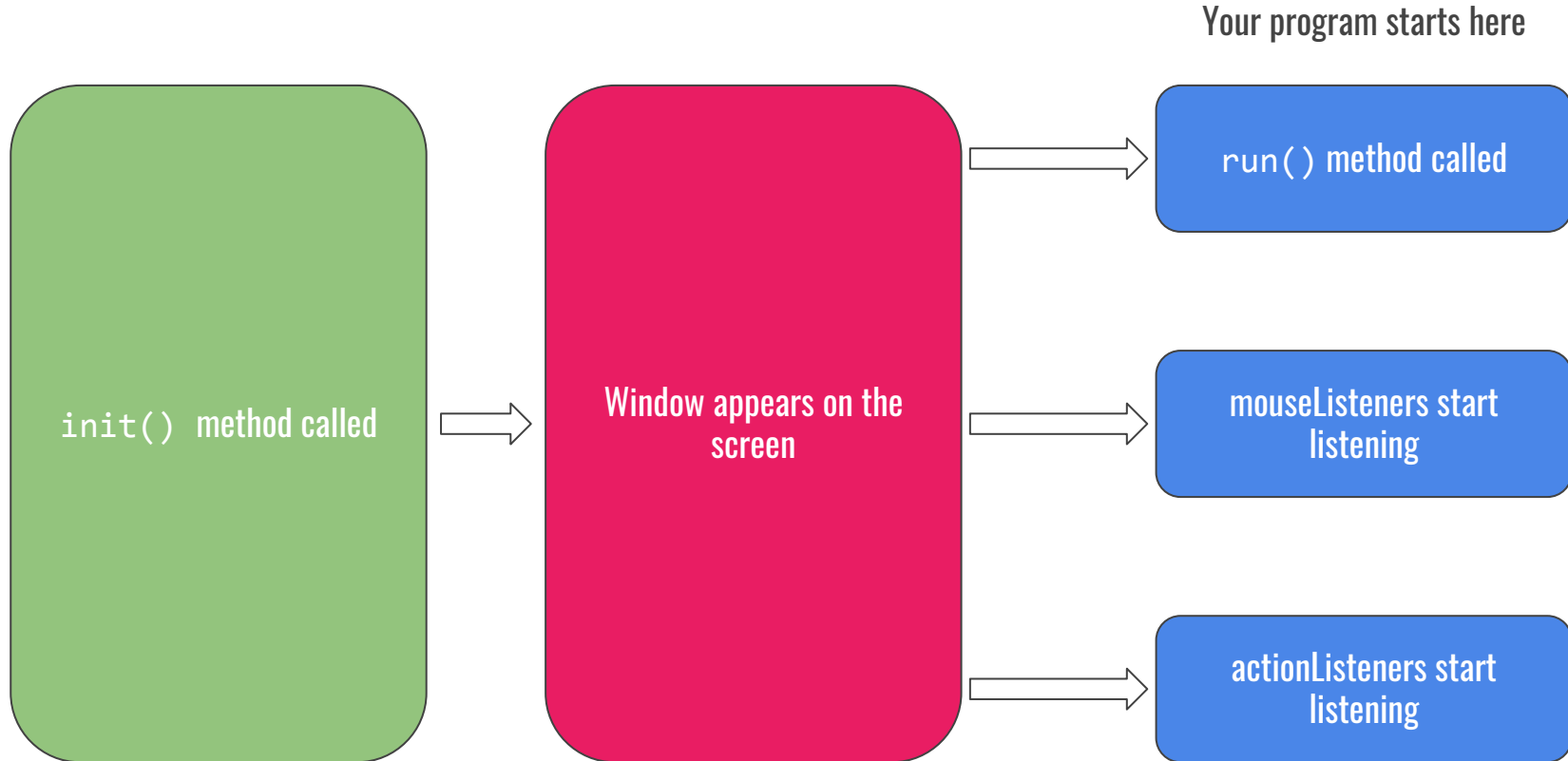
public void actionPerformed(ActionEvent e){
    String command = e.getActionCommand();
    if (command.equals("Click me!")) {
        println("Button clicked!");
    }
    // TODO:
    // Deal with action from field
}
```

```
public void init() {
    JButton button = new JButton("Click me!");
    field.addActionListener(this);    // enable pressing enter
    field.setActionCommand("Typed");  // set the field's action command

    add(button, SOUTH);
    add(field, SOUTH);
    addActionListeners();            // start listening for user actions
}

public void actionPerformed(ActionEvent e){
    String command = e.getActionCommand();
    if (command.equals("Click me!")) {
        println("Button clicked!");
    }
    if (command.equals("Typed")) {
        println(field.getText());    // needs to be an instance variable
    }
}
```

# Diving under the hood



Let's make something cool!

# The [xkcd](#) Color survey: what names do people give colors?

Dataset: 2.85 million RGB colors + names

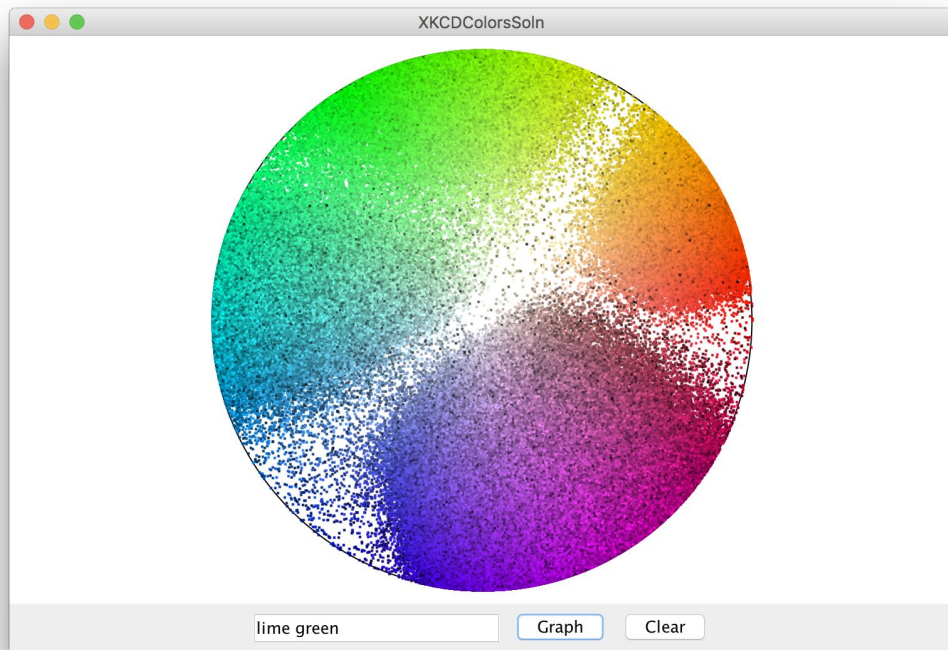
```
navy blue
27
34
98
blue
41
201
234
lime green
99
212
32
red brown
160
89
66
.
.
.
```



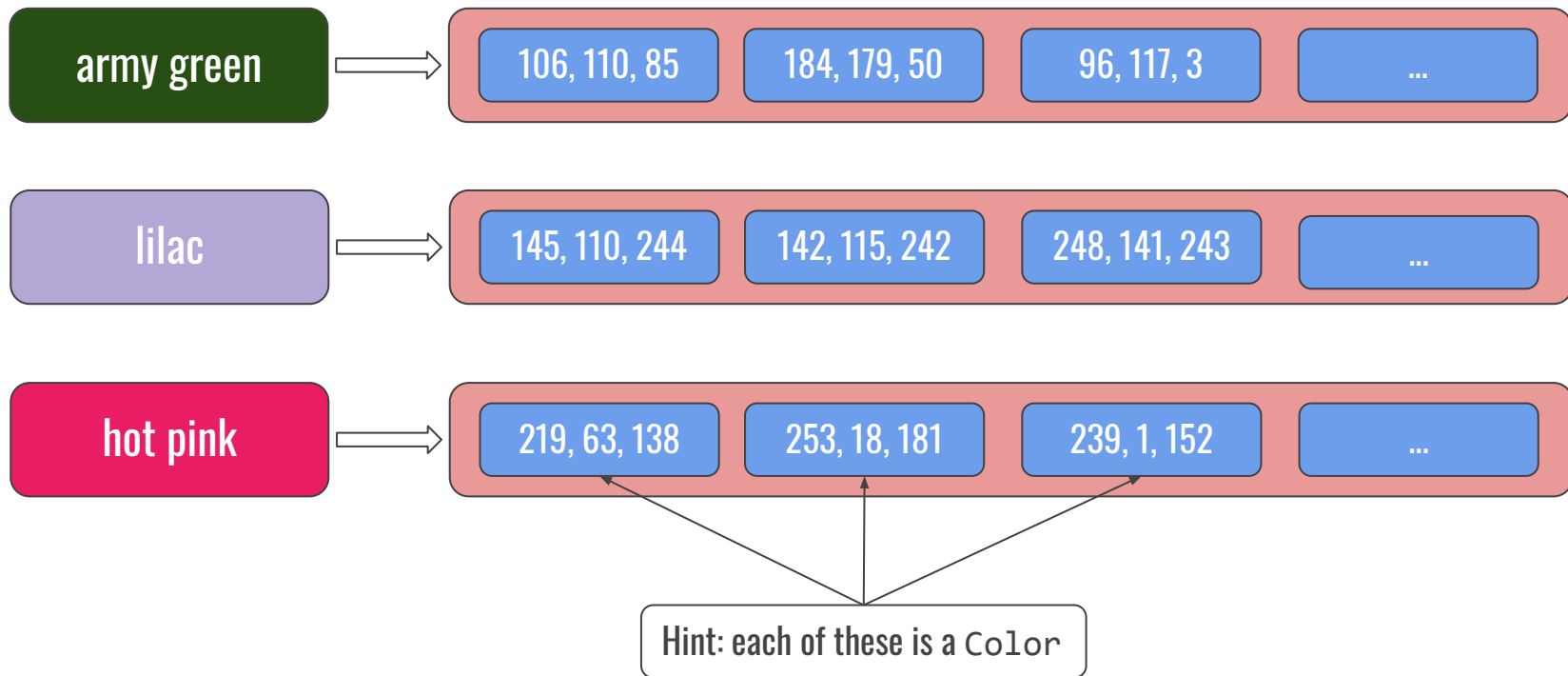
This is a lot of data

```
11401401  midnight blue
11401402  19
11401403  14
11401404  78
```

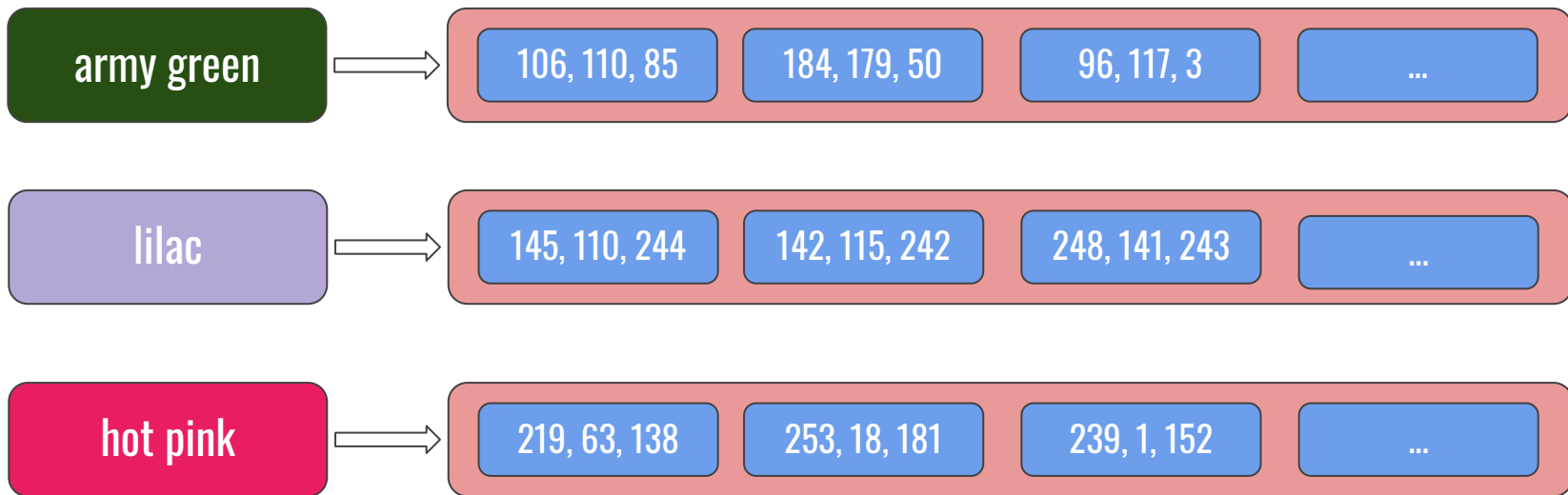
# A cool visualization!



# Milestone 1: How do we represent this data?



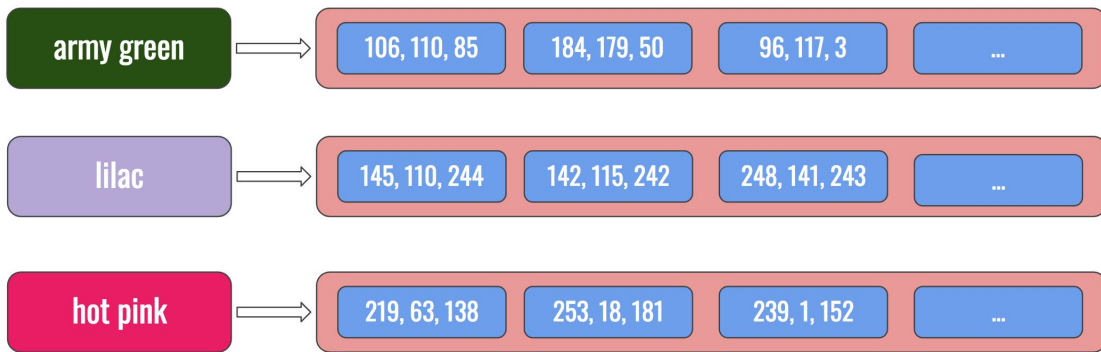
# Milestone 1: How do we represent this data? ✓



```
HashMap<String, ArrayList<Color>> colorMap;
```

# Milestone 2: How do we load data from the file?

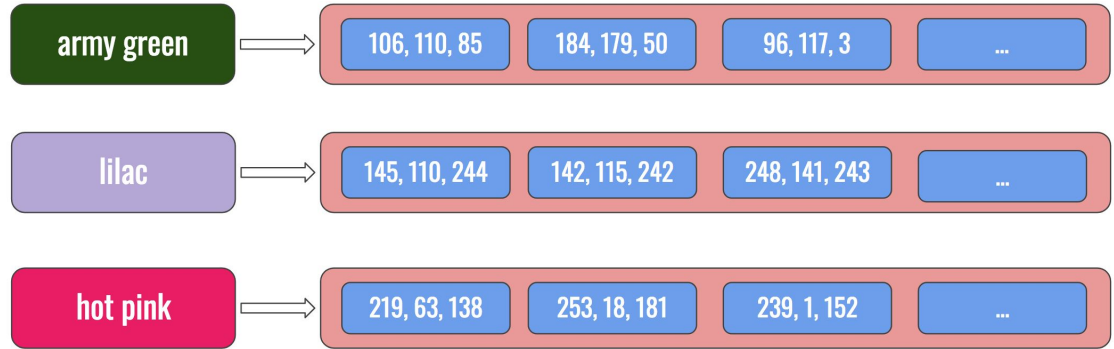
```
navy blue
27
34
98
blue
41
201
234
lime green
99
212
32
red brown
160
89
66
.
.
.
```



```
private HashMap<String, ArrayList<Color>> readFile() {
    // fun Scanner shenanigans
}
```

# Milestone 2: How do we load data from the file? ✓

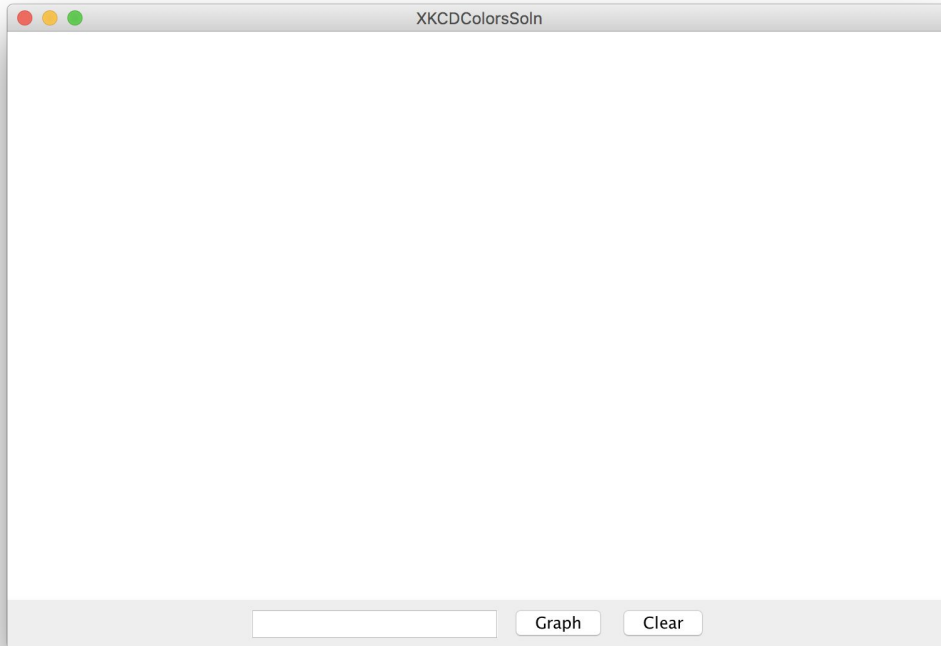
```
navy blue
27
34
98
blue
41
201
234
lime green
99
212
32
red brown
160
89
66
.
.
.
```



```
private HashMap<String, ArrayList<Color>> readFile() {
    // fun Scanner shenanigans
}
```

[Click here for an animation of the file reading](#)

# Milestone 3: How do we set up the interactors?



# Milestone 4: How do we put all the pieces together?

Suppose you have a method

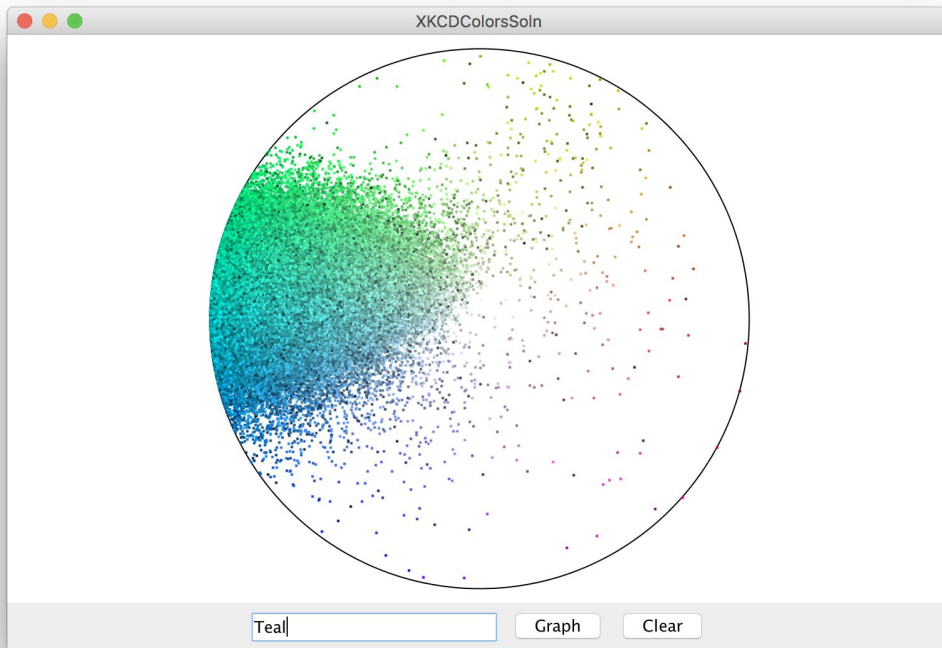
```
private void plotColor(Color color)
```

that puts a single color dot on the screen in the correct place

and another method

```
private void clearAll()
```

that removes all the colored dots





Computer Science helps us learn about people

[xkcd's analysis of the results](#)

# Overflow slides

1. How do we plot a color?
2. A file reading demo

# How do we plot a color in xkcd colors?

[The HSB Color Space](#)

// (you're not required to know this)

# How do we plot a color?

We normally break colors into a **red**, **green** and **blue** component

You can think of each color as a point on a 3d graph with a **red**, **green** and **blue** axis

This graph is called the **RGB Color Space**

Each axis on the graph goes from 0 to 255



[RGB Color Space Atlas](#)

# How do we plot a color?

We don't **have** to break a color into RGB values

RGB is easy for computers to understand, but **not** for humans

What does it **mean** for a color to be 127 / 255 red? 

We tend to think of a color in terms of its **general color range**, how **vivid** it is, and how **bright** it is.

# How do we plot a color?

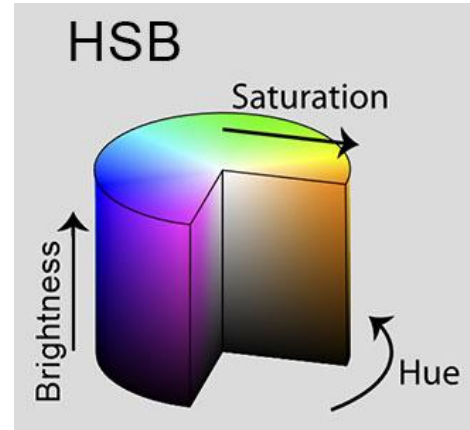
We can also break a color into these three components:

The color's **hue** represents its general color range (its location on the color wheel)

The color's **saturation** represents how vivid it is

The color's **brightness** represents how bright it is

Each color is now a point in the **HSB Color Space**



[source](#)

# How do we plot a color?

Java gives us a method to break a color up into HSB Components:

```
float[] HSBComponents = Color.RGBtoHSB(color.getRed(), color.getGreen(), color.getBlue(), null);
```



HSBComponents has **three** elements, which are in order:

1. color's hue
2. color's saturation
3. color's brightness

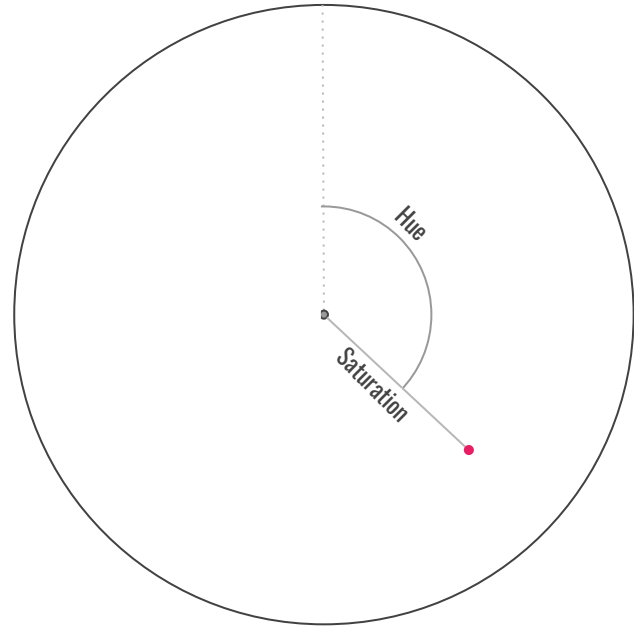
don't worry about the  
**float** data type!

(it's like a double, but for  
smaller numbers)

# How do we plot a color?

We use the color's **hue** and **saturation** to figure out where in the circle the color's point goes

We color the point with its **corresponding color**, which captures brightness





# How do we plot a color?

```
float[] components = Color.RGBtoHSB(color.getRed(),
                                     color.getGreen(),
                                     color.getBlue(),
                                     null);

double radius = getRadius() * components[1];
double theta = components[0] * Math.PI * 2.0;

double x = getWidth() / 2.0 + radius * Math.cos(theta);
double y = getHeight() / 2.0 - radius * Math.sin(theta);

GRect pt = new GRect(x, y, 1, 1);
pt.setFilled(true);
pt.setColor(color);
```



Get HSB Components from  
color


# How do we plot a color?

```
float[] components = Color.RGBtoHSB(color.getRed(),
                                   color.getGreen(),
                                   color.getBlue(),
                                   null);

double radius = getRadius() * components[1];
double theta = components[0] * Math.PI * 2.0;

double x = getWidth() / 2.0 + radius * Math.cos(theta);
double y = getHeight() / 2.0 - radius * Math.sin(theta);

GRect pt = new GRect(x, y, 1, 1);
pt.setFilled(true);
pt.setColor(color);
```



radius is based on saturation (as a fraction of 100) and angle is based on hue (as a fraction of 360)

# How do we plot a color?

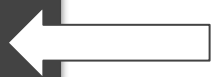
```
float[] components = Color.RGBtoHSB(color.getRed(),
                                   color.getGreen(),
                                   color.getBlue(),
                                   null);

double radius = getRadius() * components[1];
double theta = components[0] * Math.PI * 2.0;

double x = getWidth() / 2.0 + radius * Math.cos(theta);
double y = getHeight() / 2.0 - radius * Math.sin(theta);

GRect pt = new GRect(x, y, 1, 1);
pt.setFilled(true);
pt.setColor(color);
```

Calculate exact position of the point on the screen using trigonometry



# How do we plot a color?

```
float[] components = Color.RGBtoHSB(color.getRed(),
                                     color.getGreen(),
                                     color.getBlue(),
                                     null);

double radius = getRadius() * components[1];
double theta = components[0] * Math.PI * 2.0;

double x = getWidth() / 2.0 + radius * Math.cos(theta);
double y = getHeight() / 2.0 - radius * Math.sin(theta);

GRect pt = new GRect(x, y, 1, 1);
pt.setFilled(true);
pt.setColor(color);
```



Plot the point on the screen

# How colorMap is made

A more detailed animation

[back to main slides](#)

```
navy blue
27
34
98
blue
41
201
234
lime green
99
212
32
red brown
160
89
66
.
.
.
```

```
Scanner sc = new Scanner(new File(COLORS_FILE));
HashMap<String, ArrayList<Color>> result =
    new HashMap<String, ArrayList<Color>>();

while (sc.hasNextLine()) {
    String colorName = sc.nextLine();
    String red = sc.nextLine();
    String green = sc.nextLine();
    String blue = sc.nextLine();

    int r = Integer.parseInt(red);
    int g = Integer.parseInt(green);
    int b = Integer.parseInt(blue);

    Color color = new Color(r, g, b);

    if (!result.containsKey(colorName)) {
        result.put(colorName, new ArrayList<Color>());
    }

    result.get(colorName).add(color);
}
```

```
navy blue
27
34
98
blue
41
201
234
lime green
99
212
32
red brown
160
89
66
.
.
.
```

```
while (sc.hasNextLine()) {
```

result

NO KEYS

```
navy blue ←
```

```
27
```

```
34
```

```
98
```

```
blue
```

```
41
```

```
201
```

```
234
```

```
lime green
```

```
99
```

```
212
```

```
32
```

```
red brown
```

```
160
```

```
89
```

```
66
```

```
.
```

```
.
```

```
.
```

```
String colorName = sc.nextLine();
```

while loop variables

colorName: "navy blue"

result

NO KEYS



```
navy blue
```

```
27
```

```
34
```

```
98
```

```
blue
```

```
41
```

```
201
```

```
234
```

```
lime green
```

```
99
```

```
212
```

```
32
```

```
red brown
```

```
160
```

```
89
```

```
66
```

```
.
```

```
.
```

```
.
```



```
String red = sc.nextLine();
```

while loop variables

colorName: "navy blue"

red: "27"

result

NO KEYS

```
navy blue
27
34
98
blue
41
201
234
lime green
99
212
32
red brown
160
89
66
.
.
.
```



```
String green = sc.nextLine();
```

#### while loop variables

```
colorName: "navy blue"
red: "27"
green: "34"
```

#### result

NO KEYS

```
navy blue
```

```
27
```

```
34
```

```
98
```



```
blue
```

```
41
```

```
201
```

```
234
```

```
lime green
```

```
99
```

```
212
```

```
32
```

```
red brown
```

```
160
```

```
89
```

```
66
```

```
.
```

```
.
```

```
.
```

```
String blue = sc.nextLine();
```

while loop variables

colorName: "navy blue"

red: "27"

green: "34"

blue: "98"

result

NO KEYS

```
navy blue
27
34
98
blue
41
201
234
lime green
99
212
32
red brown
160
89
66
.
.
.
```

```
int r = Integer.parseInt(red);
```

#### while loop variables

```
colorName: "navy blue"
red:       "27"
green:    "34"
blue:     "98"
r:        27
```

#### result

NO KEYS

```
navy blue
27
34
98
blue
41
201
234
lime green
99
212
32
red brown
160
89
66
.
.
.
```

```
int g = Integer.parseInt(green);
```

#### while loop variables

```
colorName: "navy blue"
red:       "27"
green:    "34"
blue:     "98"
r:        27
g:        34
```

#### result

NO KEYS

```
navy blue
27
34
98
blue
41
201
234
lime green
99
212
32
red brown
160
89
66
.
.
.
```

```
int b = Integer.parseInt(blue);
```

#### while loop variables

```
colorName: "navy blue"
red:       "27"
green:    "34"
blue:     "98"
r:        27
g:        34
b:        98
```


#### result

NO KEYS

```
navy blue
27
34
98
blue
41
201
234
lime green
99
212
32
red brown
160
89
66
.
.
.
```

```
Color color = new Color(r, g, b);
```

#### while loop variables

```
colorName: "navy blue"
red:       "27"         color: 
green:    "34"
blue:     "98"
r:        27
g:        34
b:        98
```


#### result

NO KEYS

```
navy blue
27
34
98
blue
41
201
234
lime green
99
212
32
red brown
160
89
66
.
.
.
```

```
if (!result.containsKey(colorName)) {
    result.put(colorName, new ArrayList<Color>());
}
```

#### while loop variables

```
colorName: "navy blue"
red:       "27"         color: 
green:    "34"
blue:     "98"
r:        27
g:        34
b:        98
```

#### result


```
"navy blue": {}
```




```
navy blue
27
34
98
blue
41
201
234
lime green
99
212
32
red brown
160
89
66
.
.
.
```

```
result.get(colorName).add(color);
```

#### while loop variables

```
colorName: "navy blue"
red:       "27"         color: 
green:    "34"
blue:     "98"
r:        27
g:        34
b:        98
```

#### result

```
"navy blue": {  }
```

```
navy blue
```

```
27
```

```
34
```

```
98
```



```
blue
```

```
41
```

```
201
```

```
234
```

```
lime green
```

```
99
```

```
212
```

```
32
```

```
red brown
```

```
160
```

```
89
```

```
66
```

```
.
```

```
.
```

```
.
```

```
while (sc.hasNextLine()) {
```

result

“navy blue”: { [REDACTED] }

```
navy blue
```

```
27
```

```
34
```

```
98
```

```
blue
```



```
41
```

```
201
```

```
234
```

```
lime green
```

```
99
```

```
212
```

```
32
```

```
red brown
```

```
160
```

```
89
```

```
66
```

```
.
```

```
.
```

```
.
```

```
String colorName = sc.nextLine();
```

while loop variables

colorName: "blue"

result

"navy blue": { [REDACTED] }

```
navy blue
27
34
98
blue
41
201
234
lime green
99
212
32
red brown
160
89
66
.
.
.
```



```
String red = sc.nextLine();
```

while loop variables

```
colorName: "blue"
red: "41"
```

result

```
"navy blue": { [REDACTED] }
```

```
navy blue
27
34
98
blue
41
201
234
lime green
99
212
32
red brown
160
89
66
.
.
.
```



```
String green = sc.nextLine();
```

#### while loop variables

```
colorName: "blue"
red:       "41"
green:     "201"
```

#### result

```
"navy blue": {██████████}
```

```
navy blue
27
34
98
blue
41
201
234
lime green
99
212
32
red brown
160
89
66
.
.
.
```



```
String blue = sc.nextLine();
```

### while loop variables

```
colorName: "blue"
red:       "41"
green:    "201"
blue:     "234"
```

### result

```
"navy blue": { [REDACTED] }
```

```
navy blue
27
34
98
blue
41
201
234
lime green
99
212
32
red brown
160
89
66
.
.
.
```

```
int r = Integer.parseInt(red);
```

#### while loop variables

```
colorName: "blue"
red:       "41"
green:    "201"
blue:     "234"
r:        41
```

#### result

```
"navy blue": {██████████}
```

```
navy blue
27
34
98
blue
41
201
234
lime green
99
212
32
red brown
160
89
66
.
.
.
```

```
int g = Integer.parseInt(green);
```

#### while loop variables

```
colorName: "blue"
red:       "41"
green:    "201"
blue:     "234"
r:        41
g:        201
```

#### result

```
"navy blue": {██████████}
```



```
navy blue
27
34
98
blue
41
201
234
lime green
99
212
32
red brown
160
89
66
.
.
.
```

```
int b = Integer.parseInt(blue);
```

#### while loop variables

```
colorName: "blue"
red:       "41"
green:    "201"
blue:     "234"
r:        41
g:        201
b:        234
```


#### result

```
"navy blue": {██████████}
```


```
navy blue
27
34
98
blue
41
201
234
lime green
99
212
32
red brown
160
89
66
.
.
.
```

```
Color color = new Color(r, g, b);
```

#### while loop variables

```
colorName: "blue"      color: 
red:        "41"
green:     "201"
blue:     "234"
r:         41
g:         201
b:         234
```


#### result

```
"navy blue": {  }
```


```
navy blue
27
34
98
blue
41
201
234
lime green
99
212
32
red brown
160
89
66
.
.
.
```

```
if (!result.containsKey(colorName)) {
    result.put(colorName, new ArrayList<Color>());
}
```

#### while loop variables

```
colorName: "blue"      color: 
red:        "41"
green:     "201"
blue:      "234"
r:         41
g:         201
b:         234
```


#### result

```
"navy blue": {}
"blue":      {}
```



```
navy blue
27
34
98
blue
41
201
234
lime green
99
212
32
red brown
160
89
66
.
.
.
```

```
result.get(colorName).add(color);
```

### while loop variables

```
colorName: "blue"      color: 
red:        "41"
green:     "201"
blue:      "234"
r:         41
g:         201
b:         234
```

### result

```
"navy blue": {  }
"blue":      {  }
```