Iterators (ArrayList)

```
ArrayList<String> sl = new ArrayList<String>();

Iterator<String> it = sl.iterator();
while (it.hasNext()) {
  String str = it.next();
  println(str);
}
```

- **Template: specify *type* of elements in iterator**
- **Iterator: used to go through all elements in a set**

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  String str = it.next();
  println(str);
}
```

Same as:

```
for (int i = 0; i < sl.size(); i++) {
  String str = sl.get(i);
  println(str);
}
```

- **Iterator over ArrayList provides elements <u>in order</u>**

Iterators (ArrayList)

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while (it.hasNext()) {
  String str = it.next();
  println(str);
}
```

Java 5.0+ iterator shorthand:

```
for (String str: sl) {
  println(str);
}
```

- **Iterator over ArrayList provides elements <u>in order</u>**

“For each”

Java 5.0+ iterator shorthand:

```
for (String str: sl) {
  println(str);
}
```

General form:

```
for (type variable: collection) {
  ... body ...
}
```

Iterators (Map keySet)

```
Map<String,Integer> phonebook =
                    new HashMap<String,Integer>();

Iterator<String> it =
                    phonebook.keySet().iterator();

while (it.hasNext()) {
  String key = it.next();
  println(key + ":" + phonebook.get(key));
}
```

- **Iterator over Map keySet provides elements in <u>random order!</u>**