

Data Structures: Bringing It All Together

Lecture 20

CS106A, Summer 2019

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With inspiration from slides created by Keith Schwarz, Mehran Sahami, Eric Roberts, Stuart Reges, Chris Piech and others.



Announcements

- Blank code is available to download from the website.
- Assignment 5: Image Shop was released yesterday.
 - Due Aug. 5th at 10am

Plan for Today

- Review: Arrays, 2D Arrays, ArrayLists
- Putting ArrayLists inside of HashMaps
- Example: Ice Cream Anyone?
- Example: Picking Berries!

Review 2D: Arrays

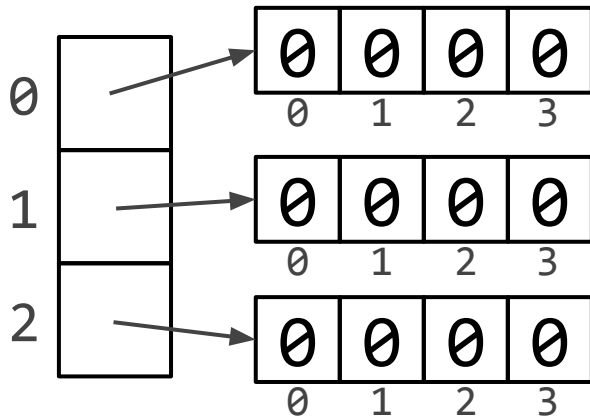
rows # columns

↓ ↓

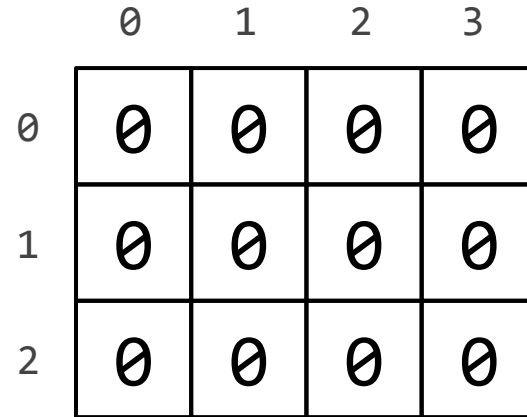
```
int[][] matrix = new int[3][4];
```

Review 2D: Arrays

```
int[][] matrix = new int[3][4];
```



An array of arrays



A unit (ie, a grid/matrix)

Reivew: 2D Arrays For Loops

- The canonical way to loop over a 2D array is with a double for loop

```
type[][] arr = ...  
for (int row = 0; row < arr.length; row++) {  
    for (int col = 0; col < arr[0].length; col++) {  
        // do something with arr[row][col] ...  
    }  
}
```

Our First ArrayList

Type of thing your
ArrayList will store



Same type here.



```
ArrayList<String> myArrayList = new ArrayList<String>();
```

Looping over ArrayLists

```
ArrayList<String> myArrayList = new ArrayList<String>();
```

```
// Adds elements to the back
```

```
myArrayList.add("hi");
```

```
myArrayList.add("there");
```

```
// Access elements by index (starting at 0!)
```

```
for (int i = 0; i < myArrayList.size(); i++) {
```

```
    String str = myArrayList.get(i);
```

```
    println(str);
```

```
}
```

```
// A beautiful way to access each element
```

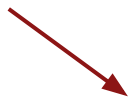
```
for (String str : myArrayList) {
```

```
    println(str);
```

```
}
```

Our First HashMap

Data Type of "keys"
in our HashMap



Data Type of "values"
in our HashMap



Repeated types of
key->value pairs



```
HashMap<String, String> firstMap = new HashMap<String, String>();
```

Review: HashMap Commands

```
HashMap<String, String> myMap = new HashMap<String, String>();
```

```
// Adds key->value pairs
```

```
myMap.put("dog", "woof");
```

```
myMap.put("cat", "meow");
```

```
// Removes key and the associated value
```

```
myMap.remove("dog", "woof");
```

```
// A beautiful way to access each key
```

```
for (String key : myMap.keySet()) {
```

```
    println(key);
```

```
    // print the value associated with the key
```

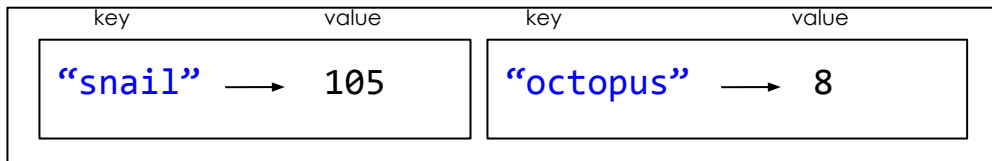
```
    println(myMap.get(key));
```

```
}
```

Review: What Does This Code Do?

```
import java.util.*;
HashMap<String, Integer> numLimbs = new HashMap<>();
numLimbs.put("dog", 4);
numLimbs.remove("dog");
numLimbs.put("snail", 1);
numLimbs.put("snail", 105);
numLimbs.put("octopus", 8);
println(numLimbs.get("dog"));
println(numLimbs.get("snail"));
println(numLimbs.get("octopus"));
```

numLimbs



```
null
105
8
```

Learning Goal for Today

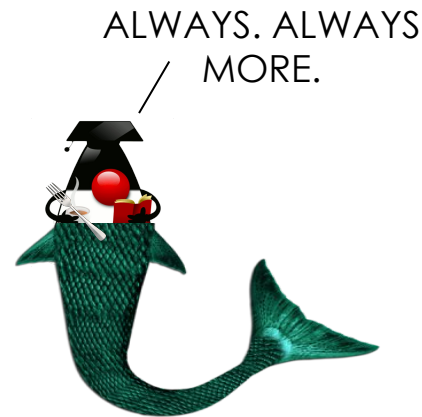
Combining many of the Data Structures we've learned!

**2D Arrays, HashMaps,
ArrayLists, and Graphics**

Can we Store Even MORE Data?

So, we can associate *one* piece of data with *one other* piece of data.

Can we associate *multiple* pieces of data with *multiple other* pieces of data?



Of Course We Can!

Look, an ArrayList of
Strings!



```
HashMap<String, ArrayList<String>> firstMap = new HashMap<>();
```

Our First HashMap (Again)

Data Type of "keys"
in our HashMap



```
HashMap<String, ArrayList<String>> firstMap = new HashMap<>();
```

Our First HashMap (Again)

Data Type of “values”
in our HashMap



```
HashMap<String, ArrayList<String>> firstMap = new HashMap<>();
```

Our First HashMap (Again)

We can leave this
blank because of
type inference!



```
HashMap<String, ArrayList<String>> firstMap = new HashMap<>();
```

Our First HashMap (Again)

```
import java.util.*;
```

```
HashMap<String, ArrayList<String>> firstMap = new HashMap<>();
```

Our First HashMap (Again)

```
import java.util.*;  
  
HashMap<String, ArrayList<String>> firstMap = new HashMap<>();
```

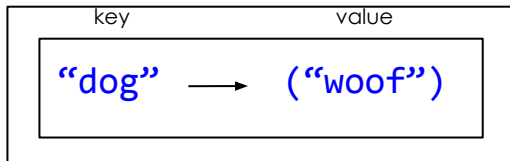
Let's create a HashMap that maps from animal names to animal sounds!

Basically, we're creating a dictionary where, if we look up an animal's name, it will tell us which sound it makes!

Our First HashMap (Again)

```
import java.util.*;  
  
HashMap<String, ArrayList<String>> animalSounds = new HashMap<>();  
  
ArrayList<String>> dogSounds = new ArrayList<>();  
  
dogSounds.add("woof");  
  
animalSounds.put("dog", dogSounds);
```

sounds



Our First HashMap (Again)

```
import java.util.*;

HashMap<String, ArrayList<String>> animalSounds = new HashMap<>();

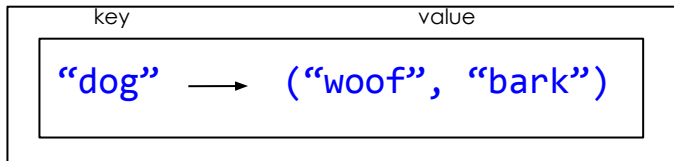
ArrayList<String>> dogSounds = new ArrayList<>();

dogSounds.add("woof");

dogSounds.add("bark");

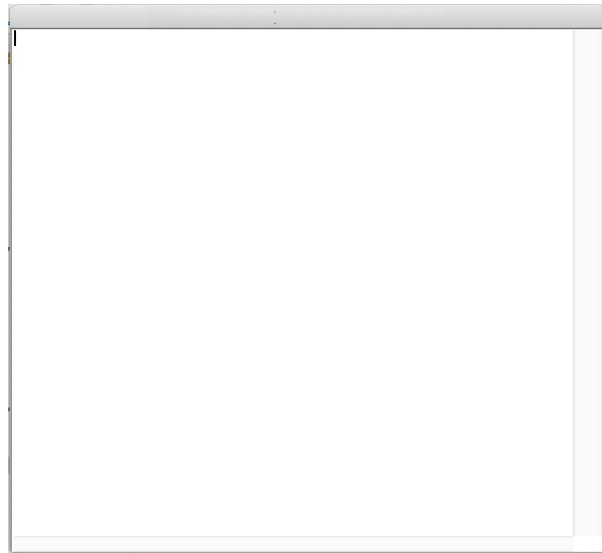
animalSounds.put("dog", dogSounds);
```

sounds

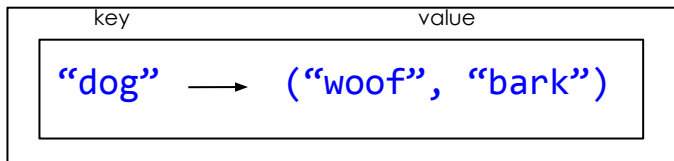


Our First HashMap (Again)

```
...  
animalSounds.put("dog", dogSounds);  
  
...  
//(“woof”, “bark”)  
ArrayList<String> currSounds = animalSounds.get("dog");
```



sounds

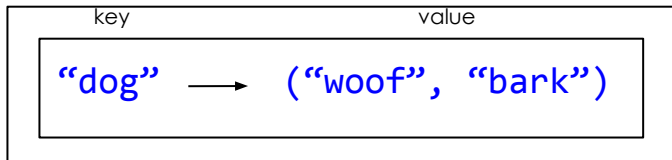


Our First HashMap (Again)

```
...  
animalSounds.put("dog", dogSounds);  
  
...  
//(“woof”, “bark”)  
ArrayList<String> currSounds = animalSounds.get(“dog”);  
  
for(String sound : currSounds){  
    println(sound);  
}
```

woof
bark

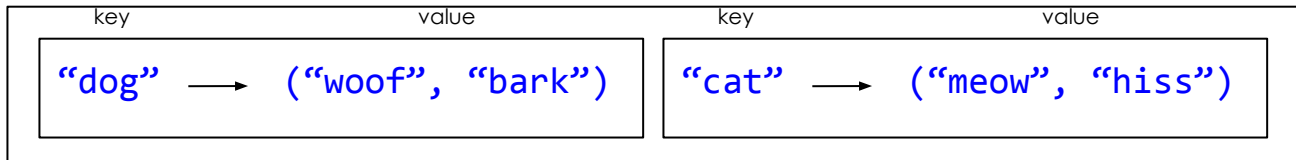
sounds



What Happens Here?

```
...  
animalSounds.put("cat", catSounds); // (meow, hiss)  
  
...  
for(String animal : animalSounds.keySet()){  
    ArrayList<String> sounds = animalSounds.get(animal);  
    for(String sound : sounds){  
        println(sound);  
    }  
}
```

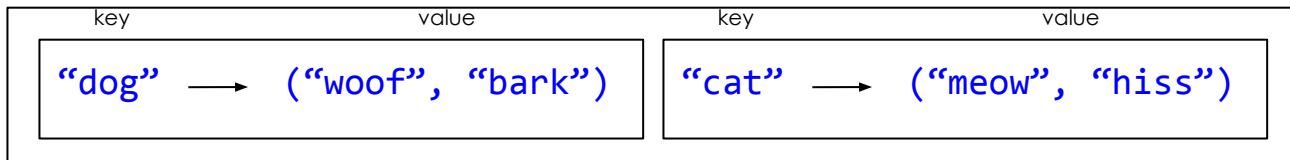
sounds



Our First HashMap (Again)

```
...  
animalSounds.put("cat", catSounds); // (meow, hiss)  
  
...  
for(String animal : animalSounds.keySet()){  
  
    ArrayList<String> sounds = animalSounds.get(animal);  
  
    for(String sound : sounds){  
        println(sound);  
    }  
}
```

sounds



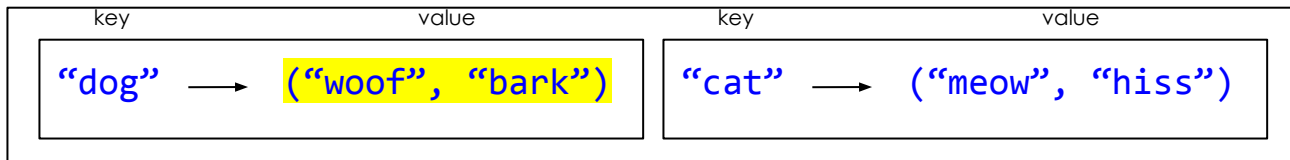
animal

"dog"

Our First HashMap (Again)

```
...  
animalSounds.put("cat", catSounds); // (meow, hiss)  
  
...  
for(String animal : animalSounds.keySet()){  
    ArrayList<String> sounds = animalSounds.get(animal);  
    for(String sound : sounds){  
        println(sound);  
    }  
}
```

sounds



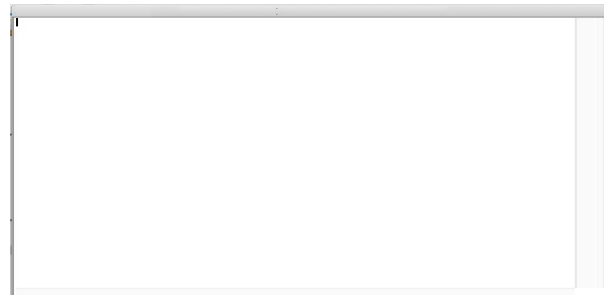
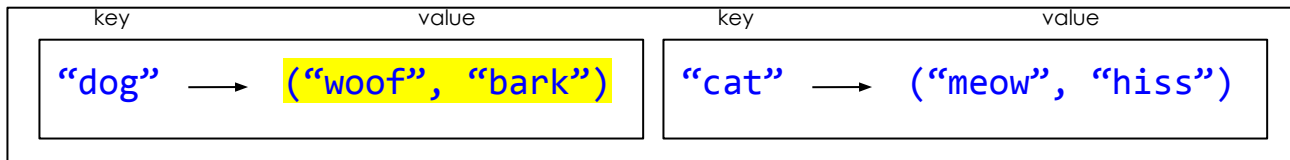
animal

"dog"

Our First HashMap (Again)

```
...  
animalSounds.put("cat", catSounds); // (meow, hiss)  
  
...  
for(String animal : animalSounds.keySet()){  
    ArrayList<String> sounds = animalSounds.get(animal);  
    for(String sound : sounds){  
        println(sound);  
    }  
}
```

sounds



animal

sound

"dog"

"woof"

Our First HashMap (Again)

```
...  
animalSounds.put("cat", catSounds); // (meow, hiss)  
  
...  
for(String animal : animalSounds.keySet()){  
    ArrayList<String> sounds = animalSounds.get(animal);  
    for(String sound : sounds){  
        println(sound);  
    }  
}
```

woof

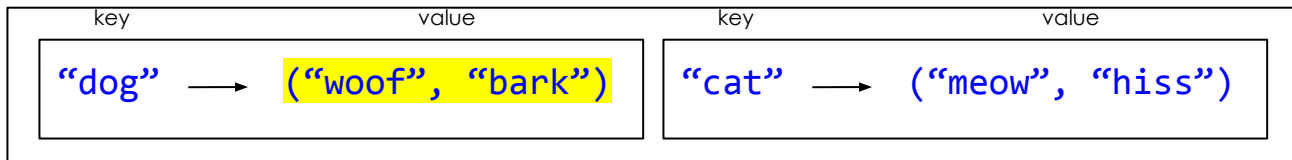
animal

"dog"

sound

"woof"

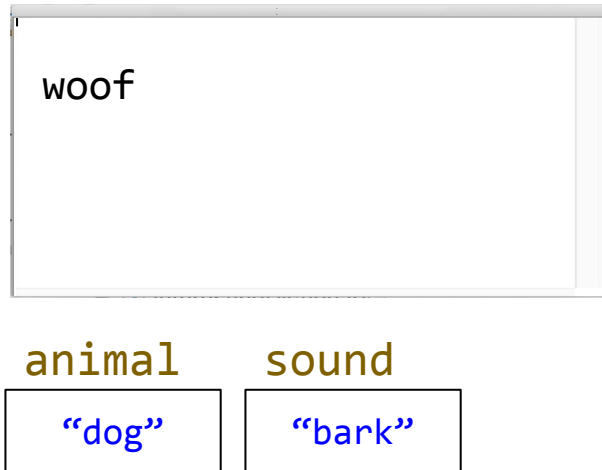
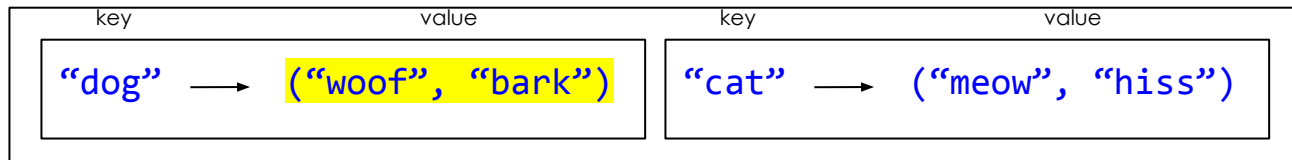
sounds



Our First HashMap (Again)

```
...  
animalSounds.put("cat", catSounds); // (meow, hiss)  
  
...  
for(String animal : animalSounds.keySet()){  
    ArrayList<String> sounds = animalSounds.get(animal);  
    for(String sound : sounds){  
        println(sound);  
    }  
}
```

sounds



Our First HashMap (Again)

```
...  
animalSounds.put("cat", catSounds); // (meow, hiss)  
  
...  
for(String animal : animalSounds.keySet()){  
    ArrayList<String> sounds = animalSounds.get(animal);  
    for(String sound : sounds){  
        println(sound);  
    }  
}
```

woof
bark

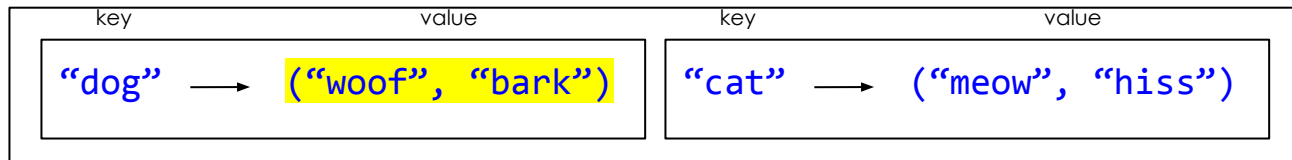
animal

sound

"dog"

"bark"

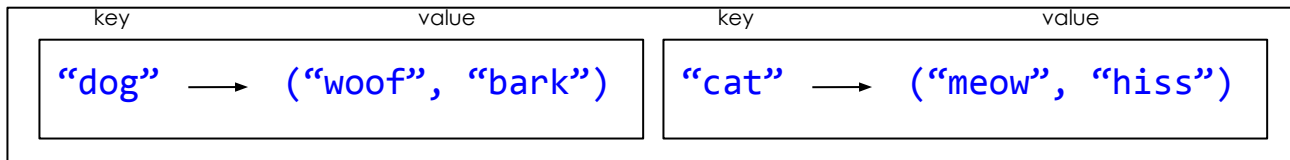
sounds



Our First HashMap (Again)

```
...  
animalSounds.put("cat", catSounds); // (meow, hiss)  
  
...  
for(String animal : animalSounds.keySet()){  
    ArrayList<String> sounds = animalSounds.get(animal);  
    for(String sound : sounds){  
        println(sound);  
    }  
}
```

sounds



woof
bark

animal

"cat"

Our First HashMap (Again)

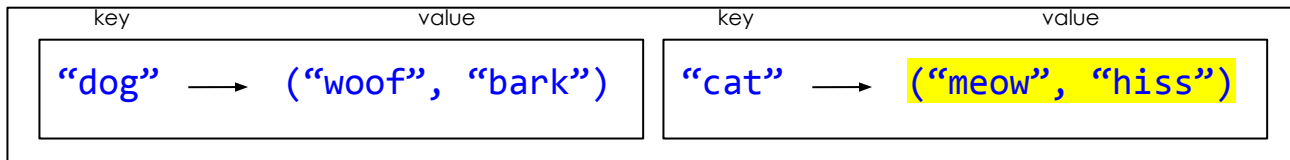
```
...  
animalSounds.put("cat", catSounds); // (meow, hiss)  
  
...  
for(String animal : animalSounds.keySet()){  
    ArrayList<String> sounds = animalSounds.get(animal);  
    for(String sound : sounds){  
        println(sound);  
    }  
}
```

woof
bark

animal

"cat"

sounds



Our First HashMap (Again)

```
...  
animalSounds.put("cat", catSounds); // (meow, hiss)  
  
...  
for(String animal : animalSounds.keySet()){  
    ArrayList<String> sounds = animalSounds.get(animal);  
    for(String sound : sounds){  
        println(sound);  
    }  
}
```

woof
bark

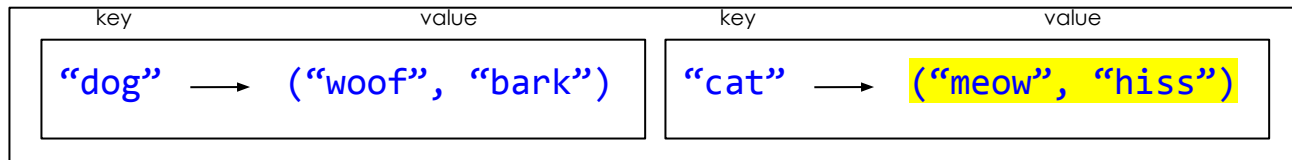
animal

"cat"

sound

"meow"

sounds



Our First HashMap (Again)

```
...  
animalSounds.put("cat", catSounds); // (meow, hiss)  
  
...  
for(String animal : animalSounds.keySet()){  
    ArrayList<String> sounds = animalSounds.get(animal);  
    for(String sound : sounds){  
        println(sound);  
    }  
}
```

woof
bark
meow

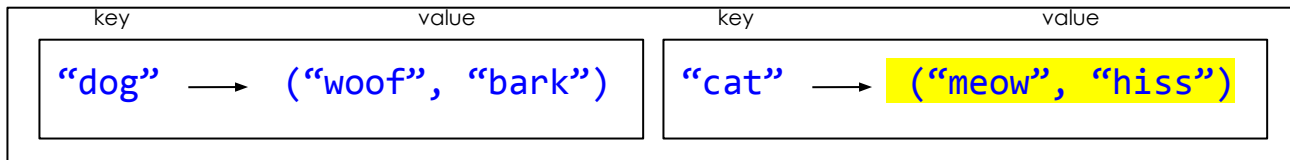
animal

sound

"cat"

"meow"

sounds



Our First HashMap (Again)

```
...  
animalSounds.put("cat", catSounds); // (meow, hiss)  
  
...  
for(String animal : animalSounds.keySet()){  
    ArrayList<String> sounds = animalSounds.get(animal);  
    for(String sound : sounds){  
        println(sound);  
    }  
}
```

woof
bark
meow

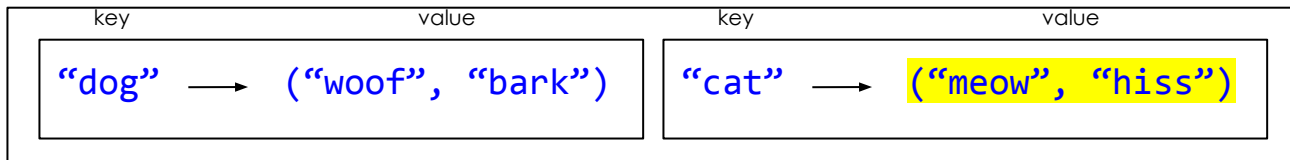
animal

"cat"

sound

"hiss"

sounds



Our First HashMap (Again)

```
...  
animalSounds.put("cat", catSounds); // (meow, hiss)  
  
...  
for(String animal : animalSounds.keySet()){  
    ArrayList<String> sounds = animalSounds.get(animal);  
    for(String sound : sounds){  
        println(sound);  
    }  
}
```

woof
bark
meow
hiss

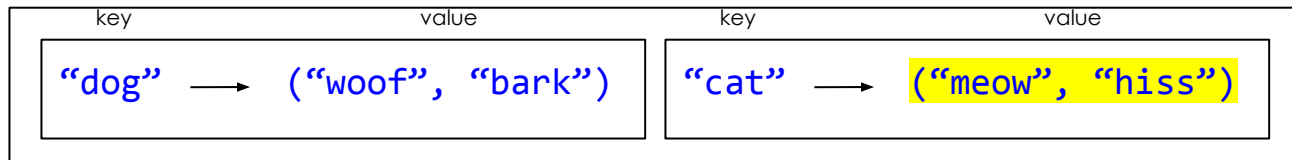
animal

"cat"

sound

"hiss"

sounds

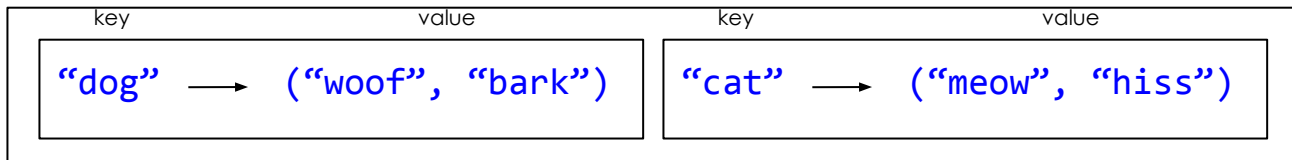


Our First HashMap (Again)

```
...  
animalSounds.put("cat", catSounds); // (meow, hiss)  
  
...  
for(String animal : animalSounds.keySet()){  
    ArrayList<String> sounds = animalSounds.get(animal);  
    for(String sound : sounds){  
        println(sound);  
    }  
}
```

```
woof  
bark  
meow  
hiss
```

sounds



Time for a Break with Duke!*

Want to get ice cream?!



* Okay, we're actually writing more code...

Finding a Common Time

Let's write a program that will find a common time that we can all meet for ice cream!

You've probably seen a program that does something like this before. Now we're going to write it!

Finding a Common Time

Let's go get ice cream! When are you free?

What's your name? **Sarai**

Format availabilities like: 1:20AM or 12:30PM

Input one time you're free to get ice cream: **1:30AM**

Input another time you're free: **2:30PM**

Input another time you're free: **3:45PM**

Input another time you're free: **5:00PM**

Input another time you're free:

What's your name? **Laura**

Format availabilities like: 1:20AM or 12:30PM

Input one time you're free to get ice cream: **2:30PM**

Input another time you're free: **1:00AM**

Input another time you're free: **5:00PM**

Input another time you're free:

What's your name? **Karel**

Format availabilities like: 1:20AM or 12:30PM

Input one time you're free to get ice cream: **5:00PM**

Input another time you're free: **3:45AM**

Input another time you're free:

What's your name?

Sarai is available at:

1:30AM

2:30PM

3:45PM

5:00PM

Laura is available at:

2:30PM

1:00AM

5:00PM

Karel is available at:

5:00PM

3:45AM

You friends are all available at:

5:00PM

Let's Code It!

Code: Our Ice Cream Program

```
public void run(){
    HashMap<String, ArrayList<String>> friendAvailability = new HashMap<String, ArrayList<String>>();
    ArrayList<String> bestTimes = new ArrayList<String>();

    println("Let's go get ice cream! When are you free? \n");

    // Add friends (fencepost)
    String name = readLine("What's your name?");
    while(!name.equals(SENTINEL)) {
        ArrayList<String> allAvailabilities = new ArrayList<String>();

        // Add friend availability (fencepost)
        println("Format availabilities like: 1:20AM or 12:30PM");
        String oneAvailability = readLine("Input one time you're free to get ice cream: ");
        while(!oneAvailability.equals(SENTINEL)) {
            allAvailabilities.add(oneAvailability);
            oneAvailability = readLine("Input another time you're free: ");
        }

        // Add friend and their availability to the map
        friendAvailability.put(name, allAvailabilities);
        if(friendAvailability.size() == 1) {
            bestTimes.addAll(allAvailabilities);
        } else {
            // this only saves the times these two ArrayLists share
            bestTimes.retainAll(allAvailabilities);
        }

        name = readLine("What's your name?");
    }

    // Loop through friends
    for(String currFriend : friendAvailability.keySet()) {
        println(currFriend + " is available at: ");

        ArrayList<String> currFriendAvailabilities = friendAvailability.get(currFriend);
        // Loop through friends' availability and print it!
        for(String time : currFriendAvailabilities) {
            println(time);
        }
    }

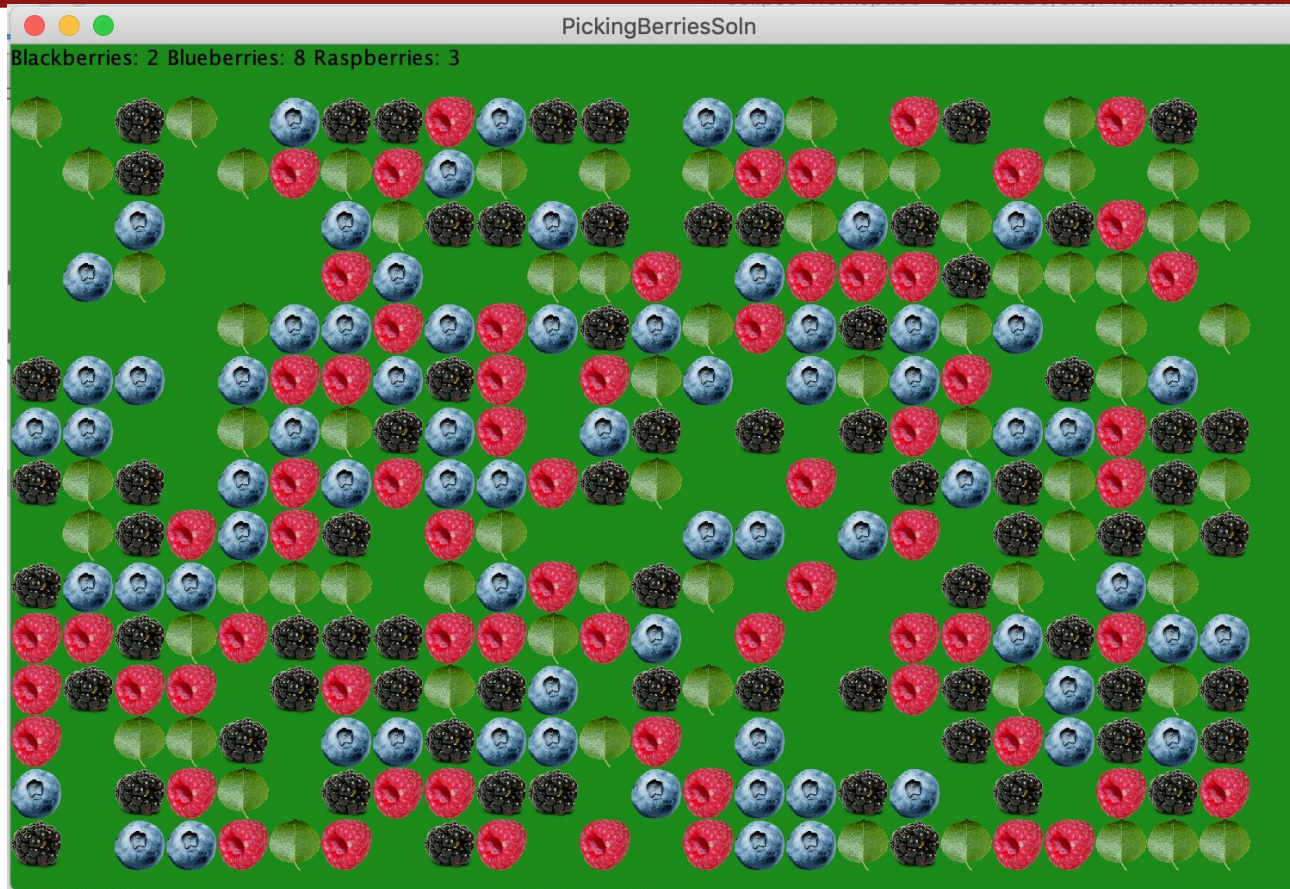
    // prints best times!
    println("You friends are all available at: ");
    for(String time: bestTimes) {
        println(time);
    }
}
```

Picking Berries

I always like toppings for my ice cream!

Let's pick some berries!

Picking Berries!



Let's Code It!

Code: Picking Berries (Part 1)

```
/* Constants for our program. We shouldn't need to hard code in anything! */
private static final int NONE = 0;
private static final int LEAF = 1;
private static final int RASPBERRY = 2;
private static final int BLUEBERRY = 3;
private static final int BLACKBERRY = 4;

private static final int ROW = 15;
private static final int COL = 24;

private static final String LEAF_IMAGE = "leaf.png";
private static final String RASPBERRY_IMAGE = "raspberry.png";
private static final String BLUEBERRY_IMAGE = "blueberry.png";
private static final String BLACKBERRY_IMAGE = "blackberry.png";
private static final int IMAGE_WIDTH = 30;

/* Instance variables so we can edit our bush, berryCounts, and label inside of mouseClicked. */
private int[][] bush = new int[ROW][COL];
private HashMap<Integer, Integer> berryCounts = new HashMap<>();
private JLabel berryLabel = new JLabel("");

public void run(){
    setup();
    RandomGenerator rg = new RandomGenerator();

    for(int row = 0; row < numRows(bush); row++) {
        for(int col = 0; col < numCols(bush); col++) {
            bush[row][col] = rg.nextInt(0, 4);
        }
    }

    // iterate through rows
    for(int row = 0; row < numRows(bush); row++) {
        // iterate through columns
        for(int col = 0; col < numCols(bush); col++) {
            int fruitNum = bush[row][col];
            GImage currFruitImage = createFruitImage(fruitNum);
            if (currFruitImage != null) {
                add(currFruitImage, col * IMAGE_WIDTH, row * IMAGE_WIDTH + IMAGE_WIDTH);
            }
        }
    }
}
```

Code: Picking Berries (Part 2)

```
public void mouseClicked(MouseEvent e) {
    int mouseX = e.getX();
    int mouseY = e.getY();

    GImage fruitImage = getElementAt(mouseX, mouseY);

    if(fruitImage != null){
        int row = calculateRow(fruitImage);
        int col = calculateCol(fruitImage);
        int fruitNum = bush[row][col];

        if(fruitNum != LEAF) {

            if(berryCounts.containsKey(fruitNum)) {
                int newCount = berryCounts.get(fruitNum) + 1;
                berryCounts.put(fruitNum, newCount);
            } else {
                berryCounts.put(fruitNum, 1);
            }
            bush[row][col] = NONE;
            remove(fruitImage);
            updateLabel();
        }
    }

    private void updateLabel() {
        String labelString = "";
        if(berryCounts.containsKey(BLACKBERRY)) {
            labelString += "Blackberries: " + berryCounts.get(BLACKBERRY) + "\t";
        }
        if(berryCounts.containsKey(BLUEBERRY)) {
            labelString += "Blueberries: " + berryCounts.get(BLUEBERRY) + "\t";
        }
        if(berryCounts.containsKey(RASPBERRY)) {
            labelString += "Raspberries: " + berryCounts.get(RASPBERRY) + "\t";
        }
        berryLabel.setLabel(labelString);
    }
}
```

Plan for Today

- Review: Arrays, 2D Arrays, ArrayLists
- Putting ArrayLists inside of HashMaps
- Example: Ice Cream Anyone?
- Example: Picking Berries!

Next Time: Classes