

Internet Applications

Lecture 24

CS106A, Summer 2019

Sarai Gould & Laura Cruz-Albrecht

With inspiration from slides created by Keith Schwarz, Mehran Sahami, Eric Roberts, Stuart Reges, Chris Piech, Brahm Kapoor, & others.



Announcements

- Blank lecture code on website  [Course Schedule](#)

Learning Goals for Today

1. Write a program that can **make internet requests**
2. Write a program that can **respond to internet requests**

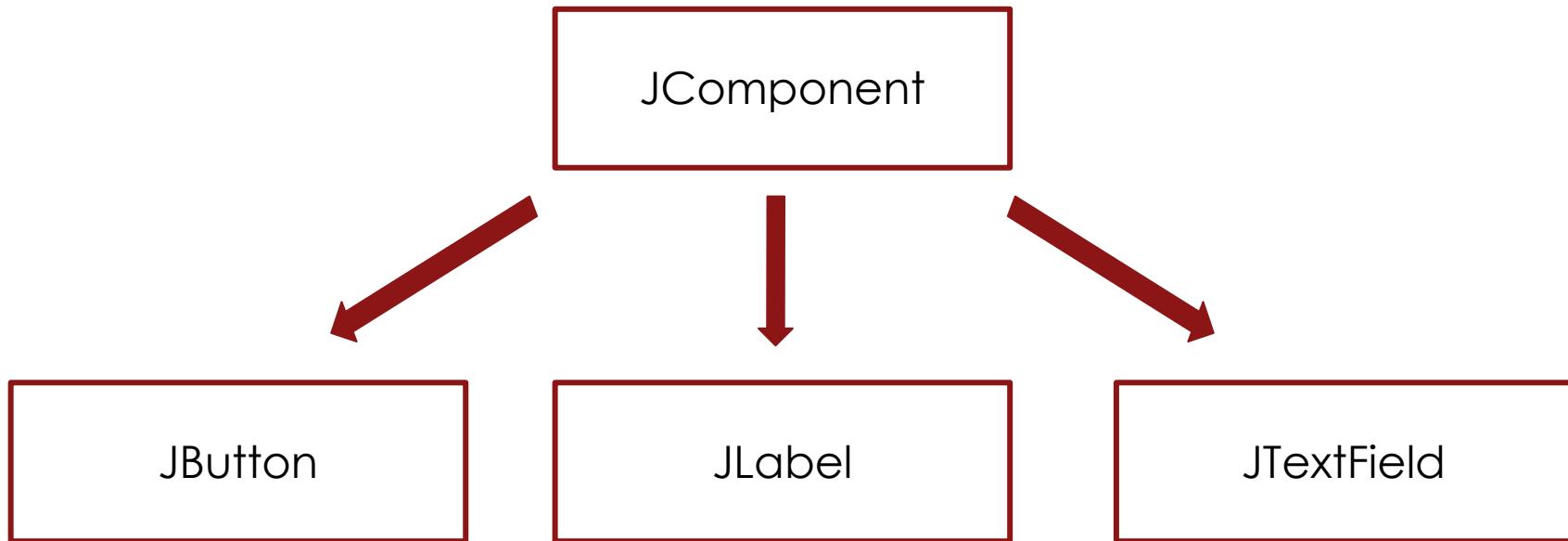
Plan for Today

- Review: Interactors
- Internet 101
- Servers & Clients
- Practice: Polling

Plan for Today

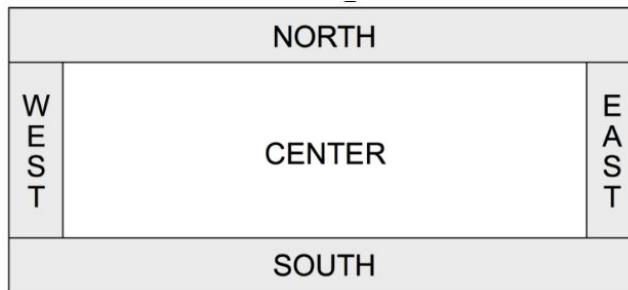
- Review: Interactors
- Internet 101
- Servers & Clients
- Practice: Polling

Review: Interactors



Review: Interactors

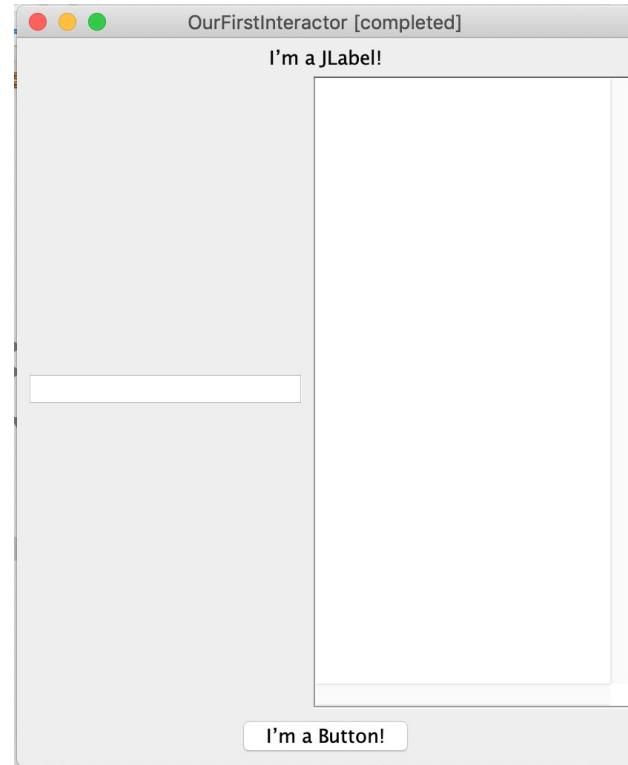
Interactors can be placed in 5 regions on the screen.



- The center is usually where things happen!
 - The ConsoleProgram adds the Console there.
 - The GraphicsProgram add the Canvas there.
- We only see the other regions of the screen if we add interactors there using `add(component, REGION)`
- Interactors are automatically centered in their region.

Review: Our First Interactor

```
import javax.swing.*;  
import java.awt.event*;  
  
public class ourFirstInteractor extends ConsoleProgram {  
  
    private JTextField textField = new JTextField(15);  
  
    public void init(){  
        add(new JLabel("I'm a JLabel!"), NORTH);  
        add(new JButton("I'm a Button!"), SOUTH);  
        add(textField, WEST);  
        addActionListeners(); In order to detect  
actions in these fields,  
we must  
addActionListeners()  
    }  
}
```



Review: actionPerformed

Method	Description
<code>e.getActionCommand()</code>	a text description of the event (e.g., <i>the text of the button clicked</i>)
<code>e.getSource()</code>	the interactor that generated the event

```
public void actionPerformed(ActionEvent e){  
  
    String command = e.getActionCommand();  
    if(command.equals("Button 1")){  
        println("Button 1 was pressed");  
    } else if (command.equals("Button 2")){  
        println("Button 2 was pressed");  
    }  
}
```

Plan for Today

- Review: Interactors
- Internet 101
- Servers & Clients
- Practice: Polling



Programs and the Internet

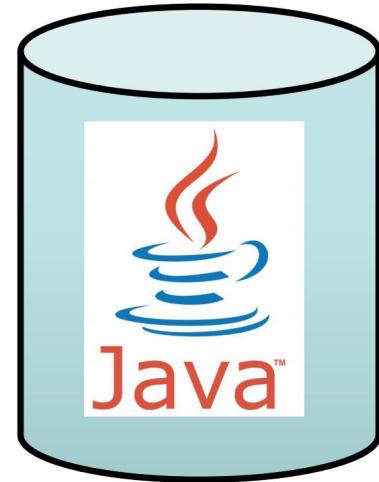
How does your phone
communicate with
Facebook?



Programs and the Internet

The Java program on your
phone talks to the Java
program at *Facebook*.

Facebook Server

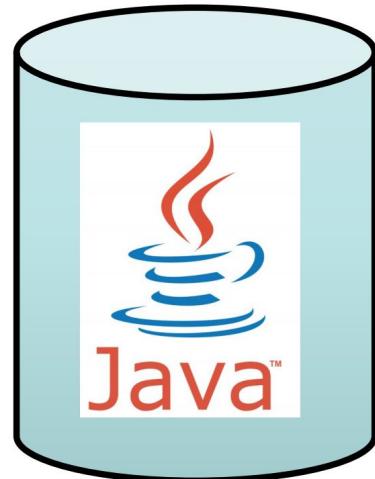


* Android phones run Java. So do Facebook servers.



Is this login legit?

Facebook Server





Is this login legit?



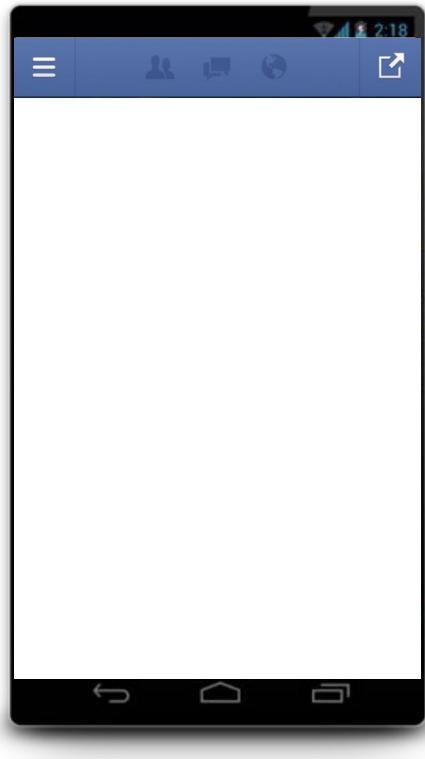
Facebook Server



Confirmed.

lcruzalb@stanford.edu
is now logged in.

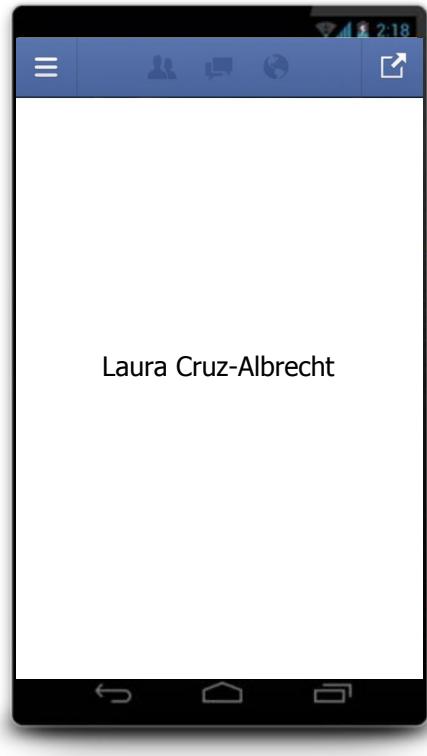




Send me the **full name** for
lcruzalb@stanford.edu

Facebook Server





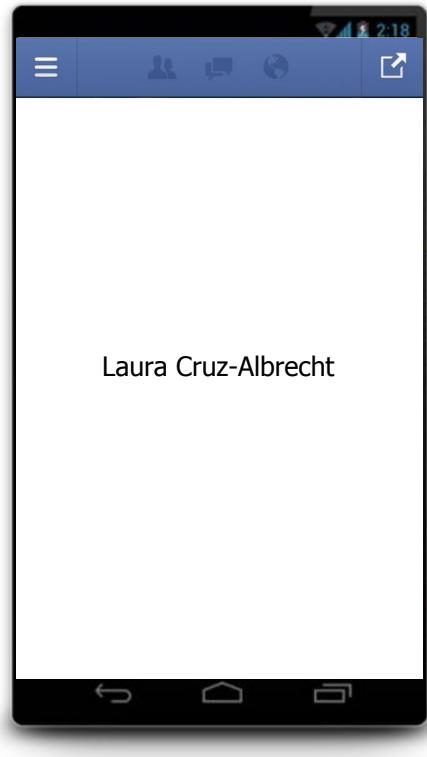
Send me the **full name** for
lcruzalb@stanford.edu

Facebook Server



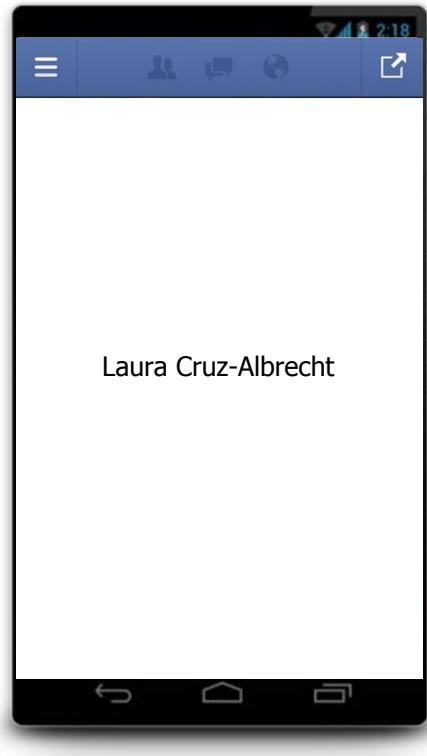
“Laura Cruz-Albrecht”

Facebook Server



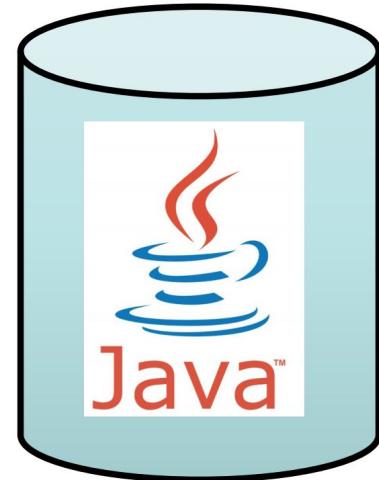
Send me the **cover photo**
for `lcruzalb@stanford.edu`





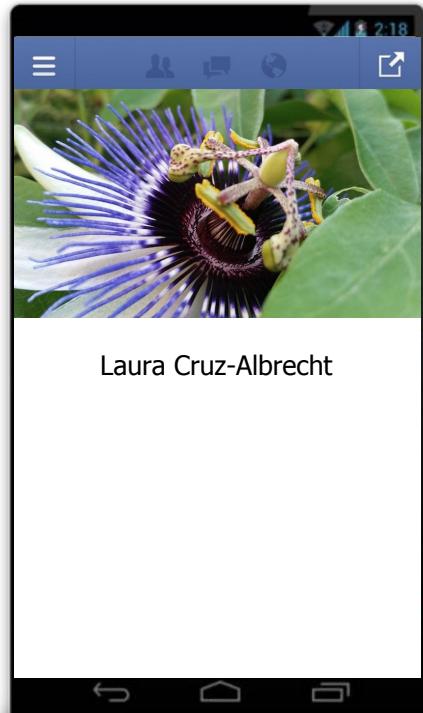
Send me the **cover photo**
for `lcruzalb@stanford.edu`

Facebook Server



where did I put
that picture...

Facebook Server



Send me the **cover photo**
for `lcruzalb@stanford.edu`



Plan for Today

- Review: Interactors
- Internet 101
- Servers & Clients
- Practice: Polling



There are two types
of internet programs:
servers and **clients**.



Clients send **requests** to servers. **Servers** **respond** to those requests.

Your phone/computer



“Client”

Facebook Server



“Server”

The internet is just a bunch of computers yelling at each other.

Your phone/computer



“Client”

Facebook Server



“Server”

The internet is just a bunch of computers yelling at each other.

The computers that yell first are **clients**

Your phone/computer

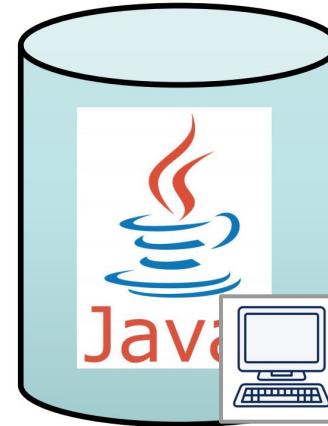


“Client”

“Request”

Get status of
lcruzalb@stanford.edu

Facebook Server



“Server”

The internet is just a bunch of computers yelling at each other.

The computers that yell first are **clients**

Your phone/computer

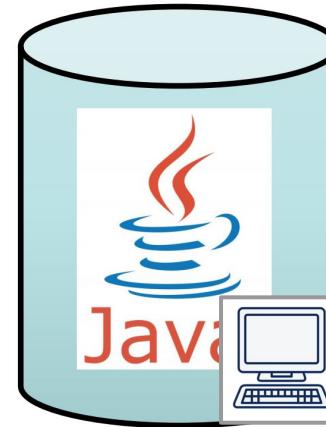


“Client”

“Request”

Get status of
lcruzalb@stanford.edu

Facebook Server



“Server”

The internet is just a bunch of computers yelling at each other.

The computers that yell first are **clients**, and the computers that yell back are **servers**.

Your phone/computer

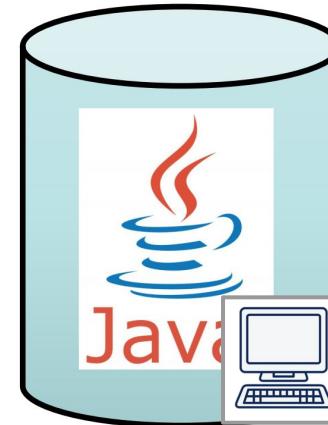


“Client”

“Request”

Get status of
lcruzalb@stanford.edu

Facebook Server



“Server”

“Response”

“biking”

The internet is just a bunch of computers yelling at each other.

The computers that yell first are **clients**, and the computers that yell back are **servers**.

Your phone/computer

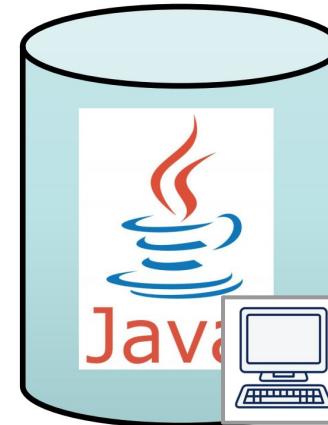


“Client”

“Request”

Get status of
lcruzalb@stanford.edu

Facebook Server



“Server”

“Response”

“biking”

The internet is just a bunch of computers yelling at each other.

The computers that yell first are **clients**, and the computers that yell back are **servers**.

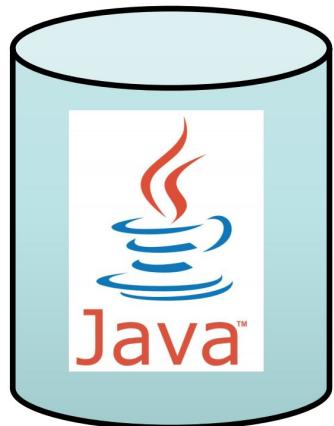
Each yell is a **specially formatted String**.



There are two types
of internet programs:
servers and **clients**.

Servers are Computer Programs

Facebook Server

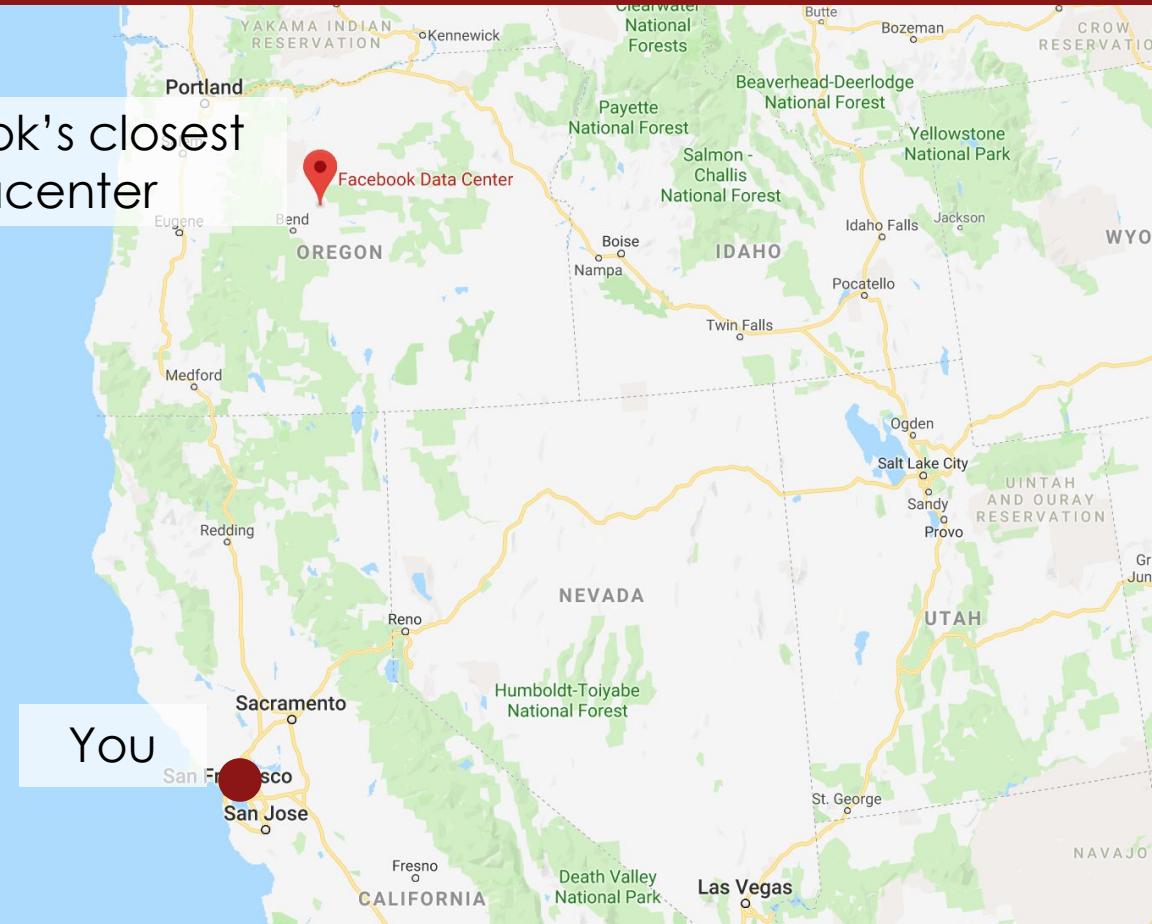


=

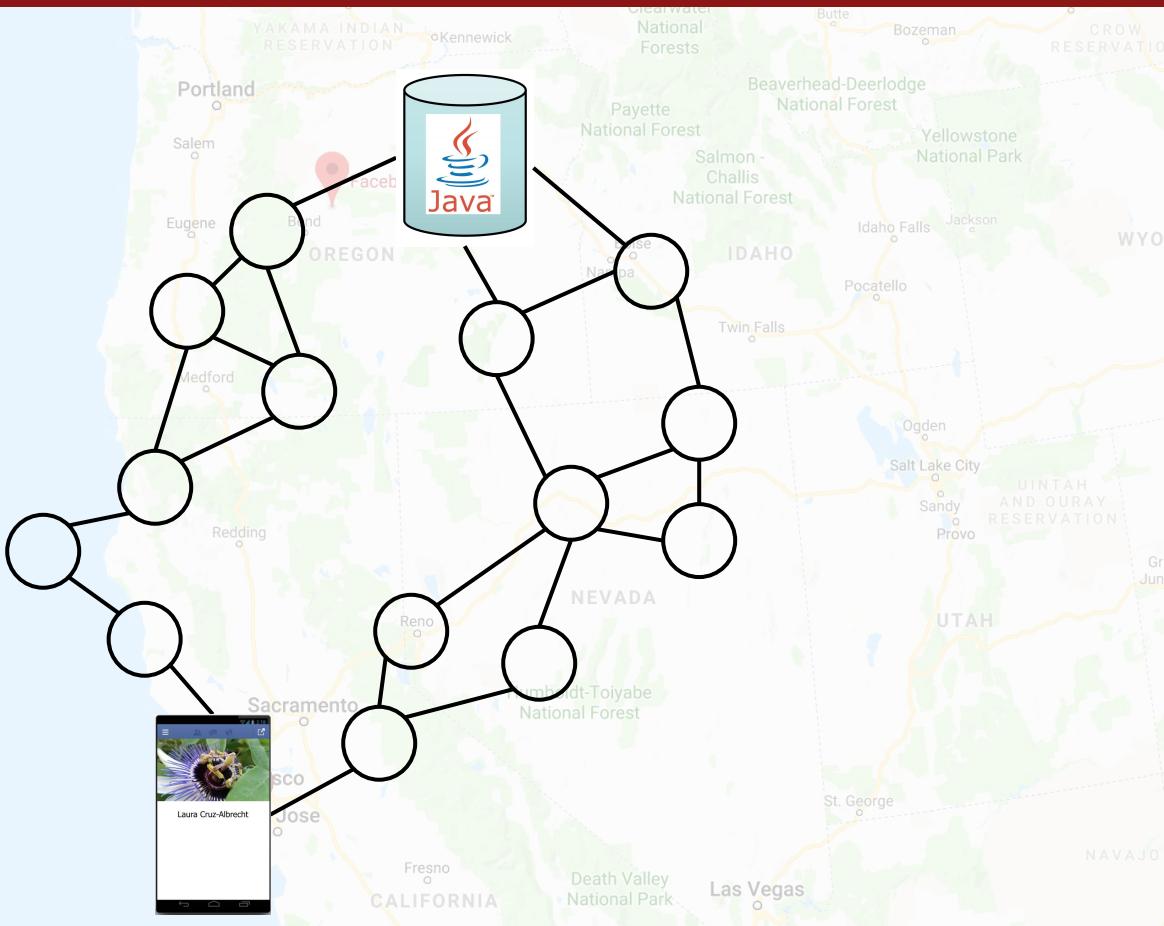


The Internet

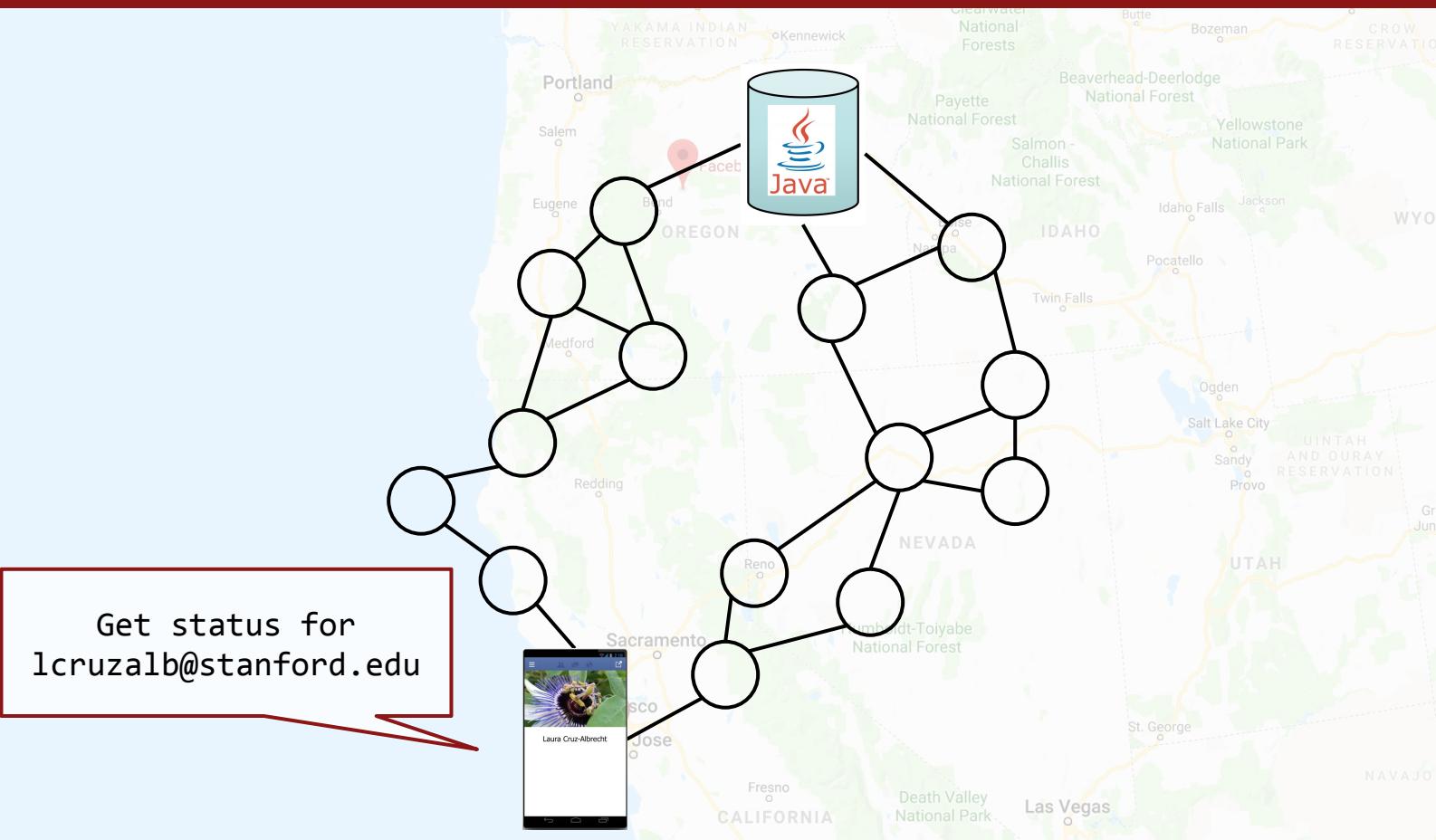
Facebook's closest datacenter



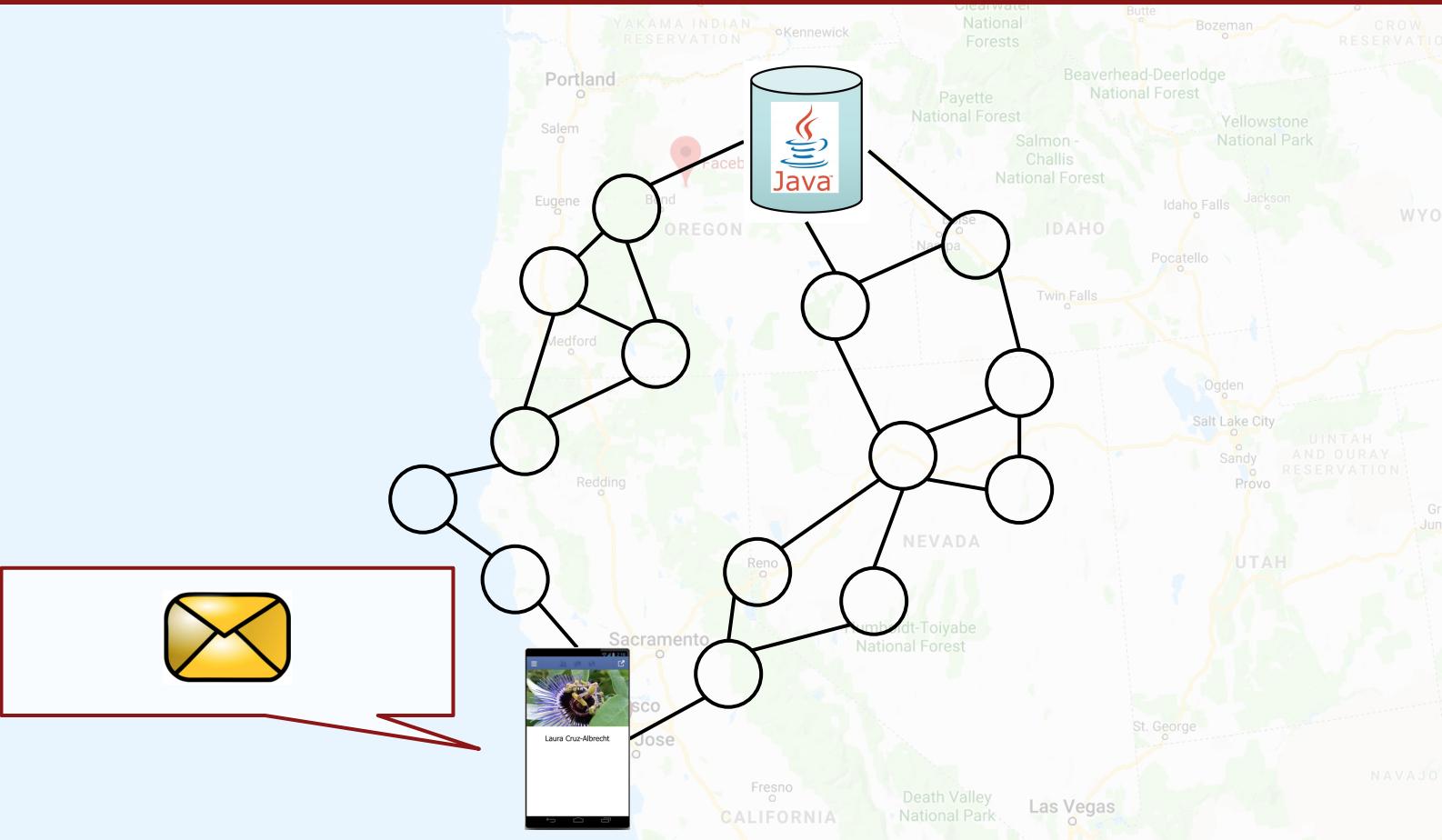
The Internet



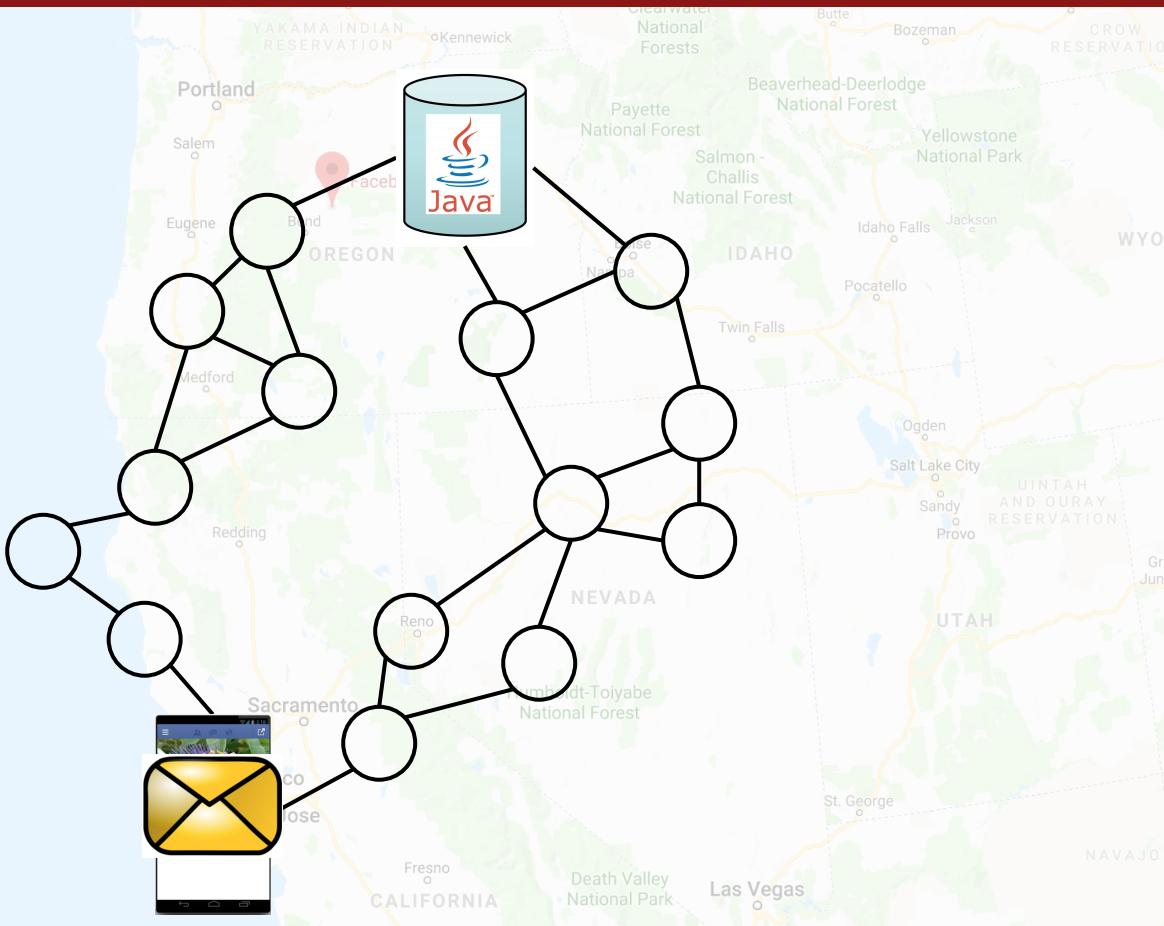
The Internet



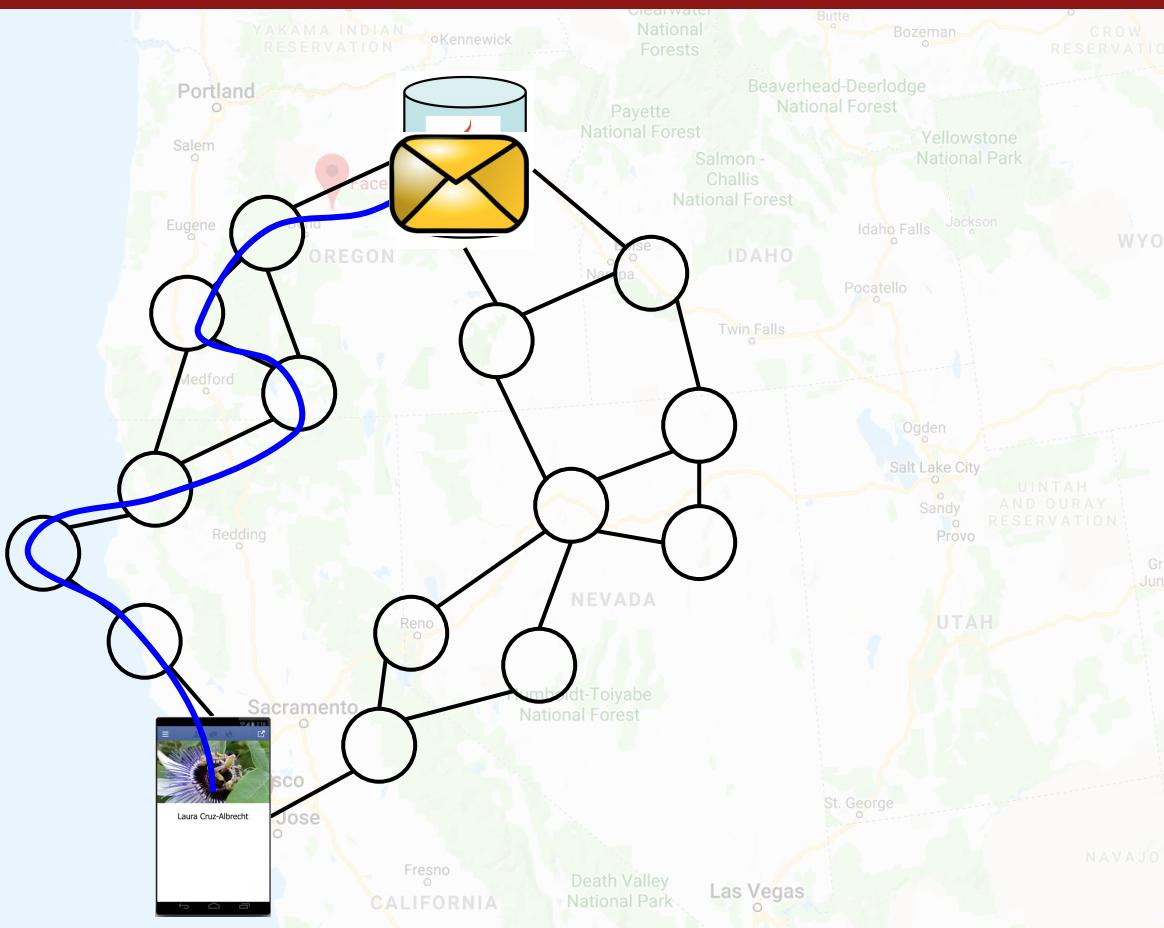
The Internet



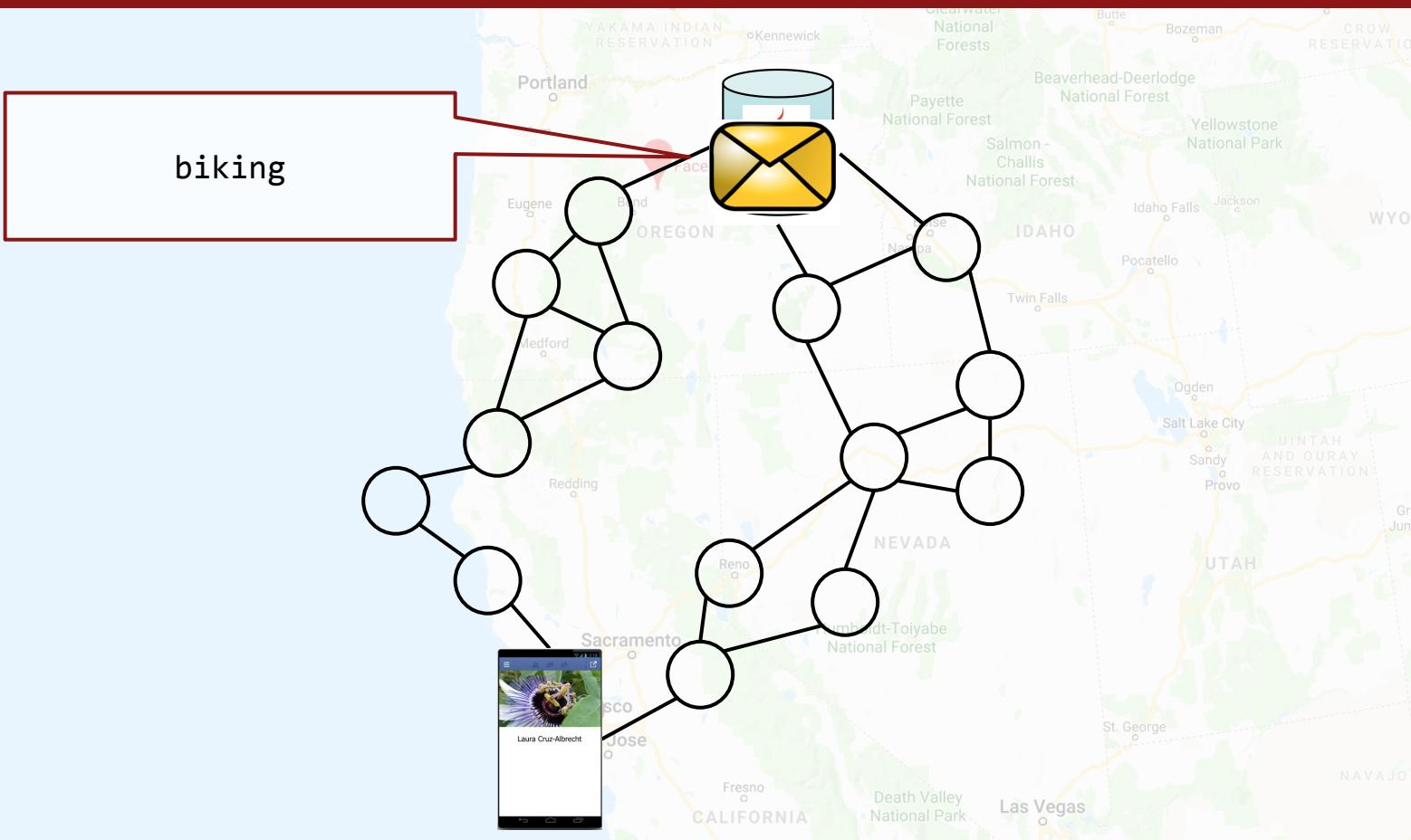
The Internet



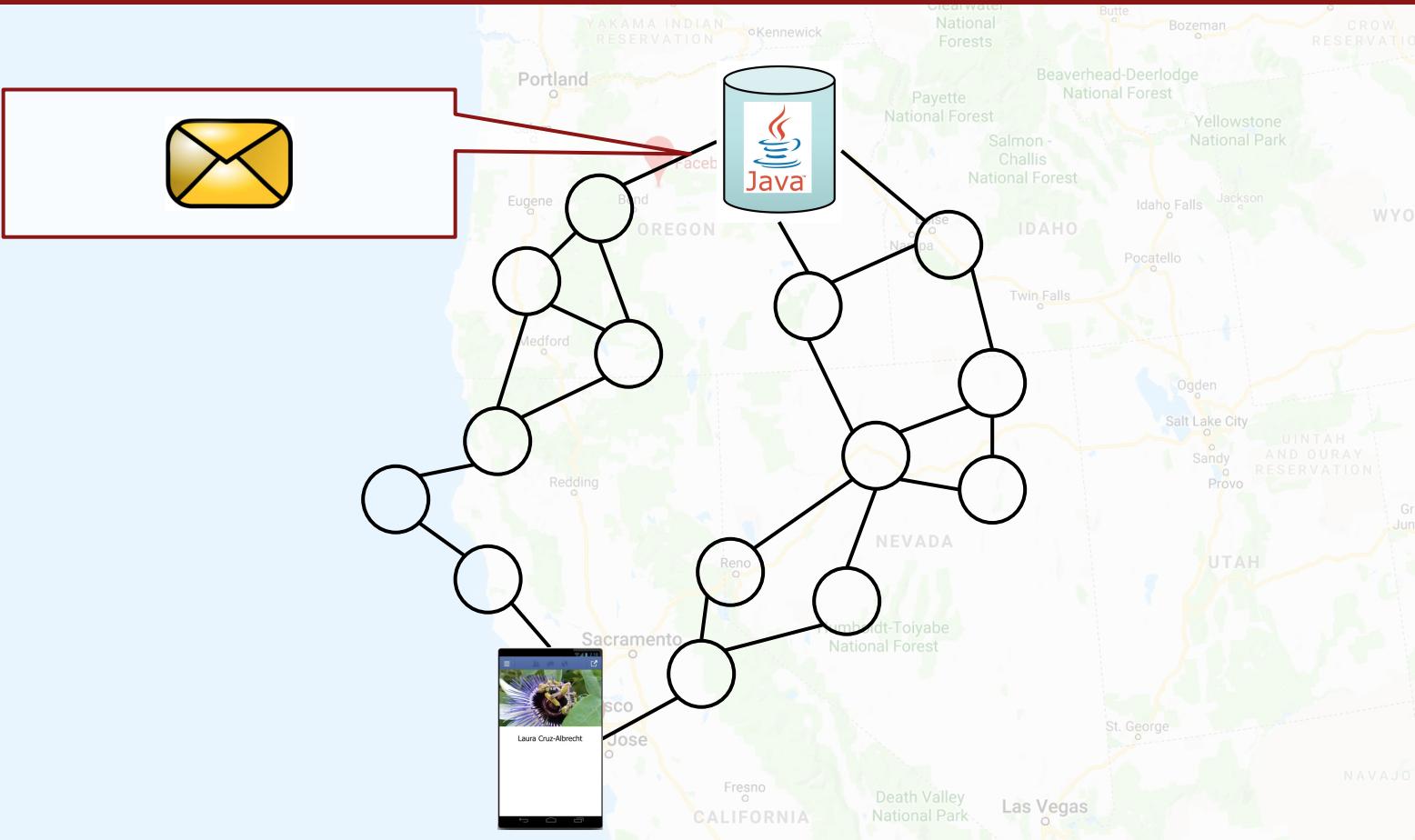
The Internet



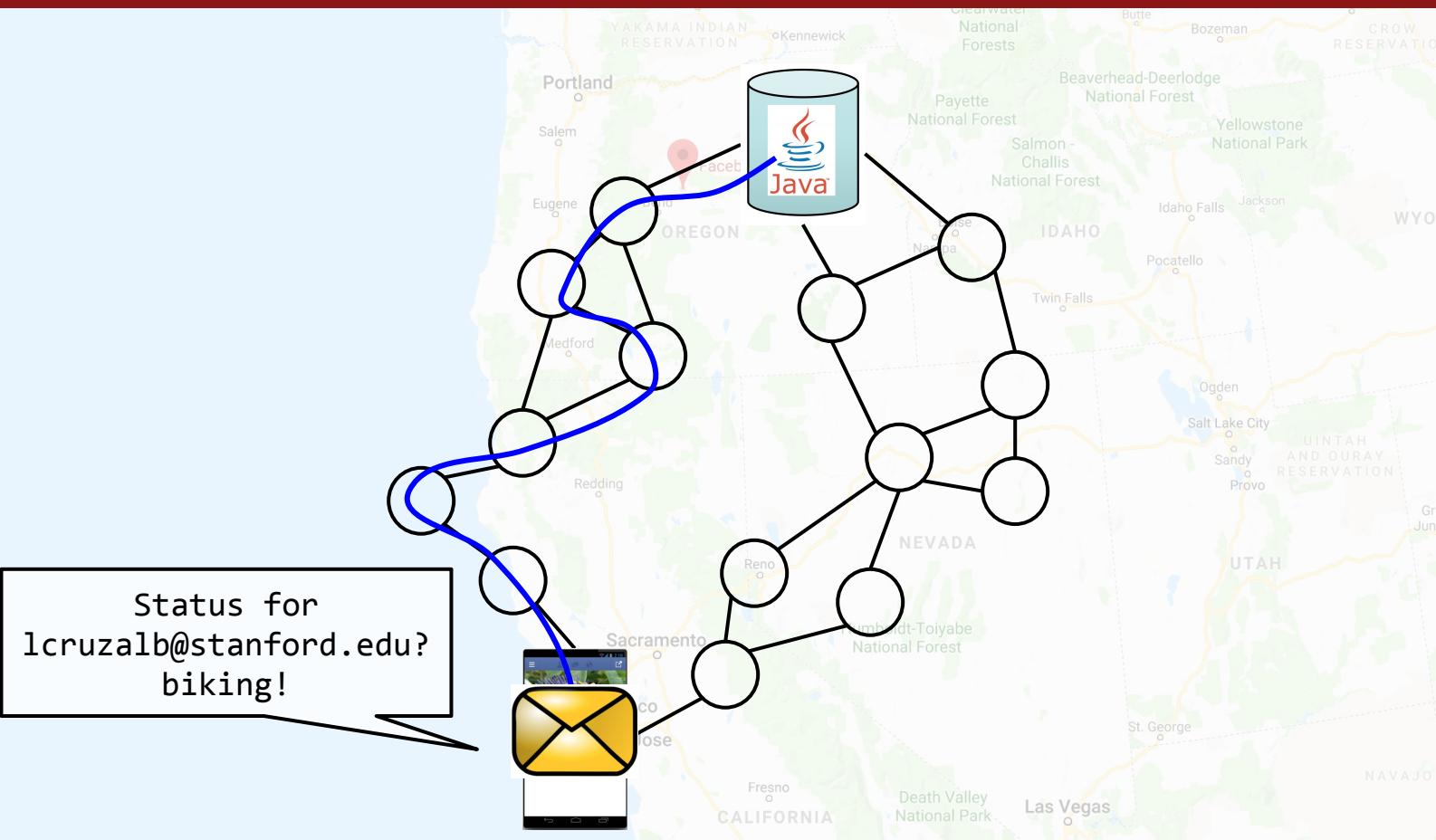
The Internet



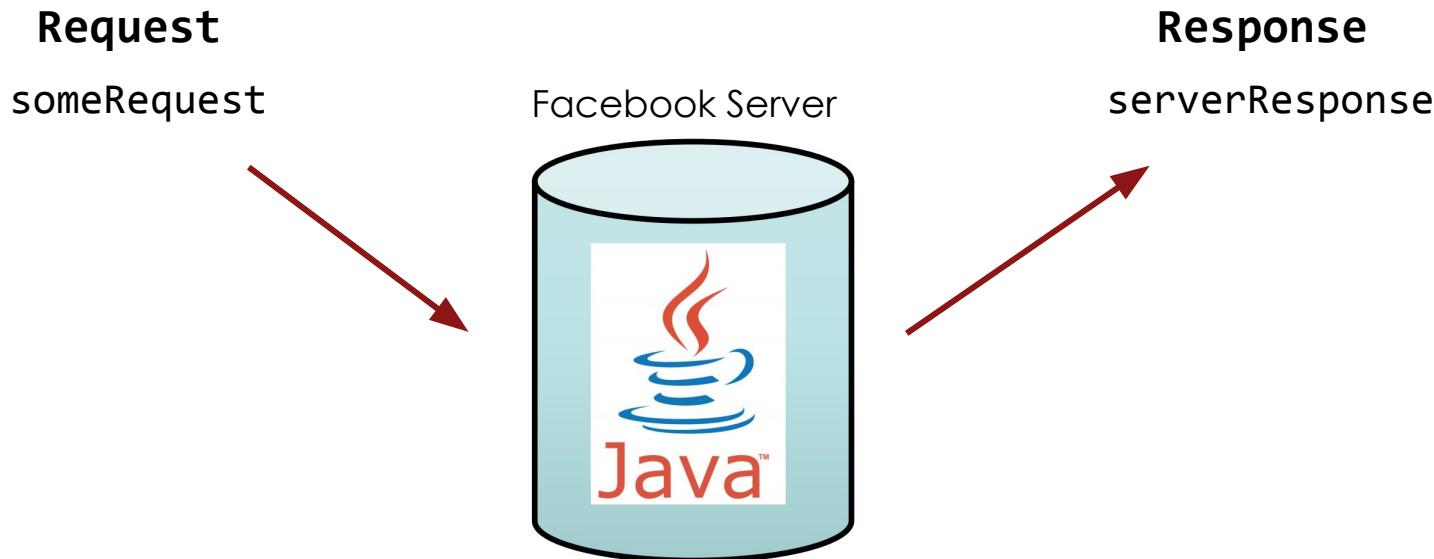
The Internet



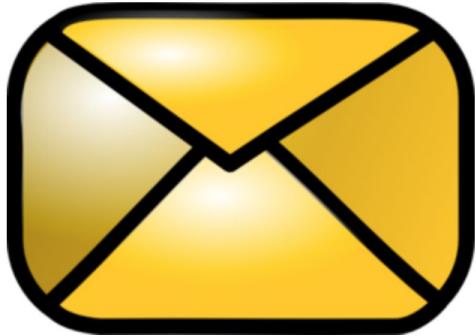
The Internet



A Server's Simple Purpose



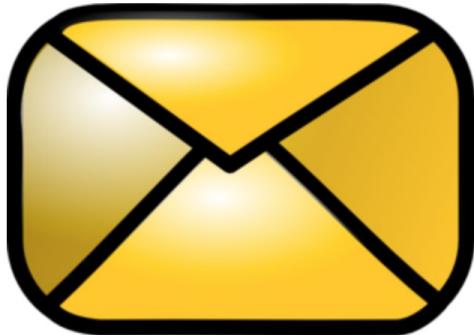
What is a Request?



Request **request**

```
/* Request has a command */  
String command;  
  
/* Request has parameters */  
HashMap<String, String> params;
```

What is a Request?

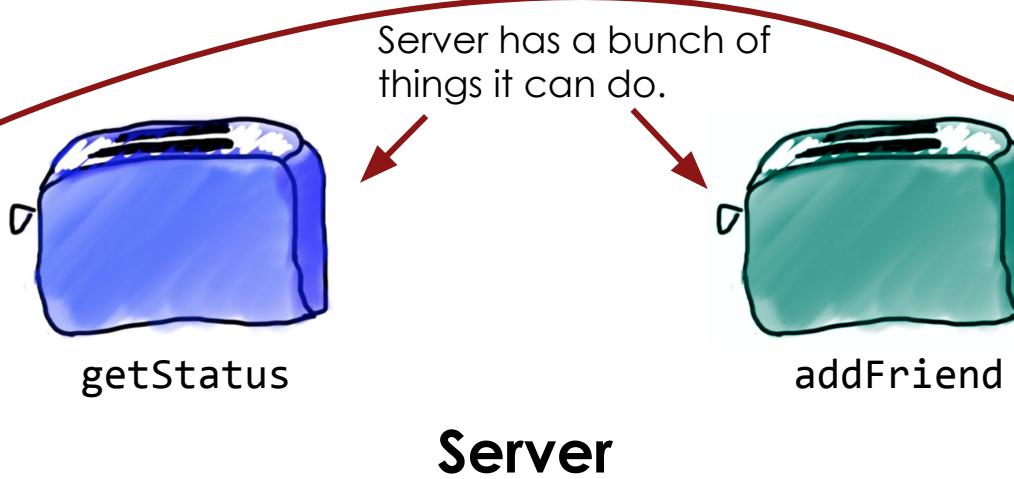


Request **request**

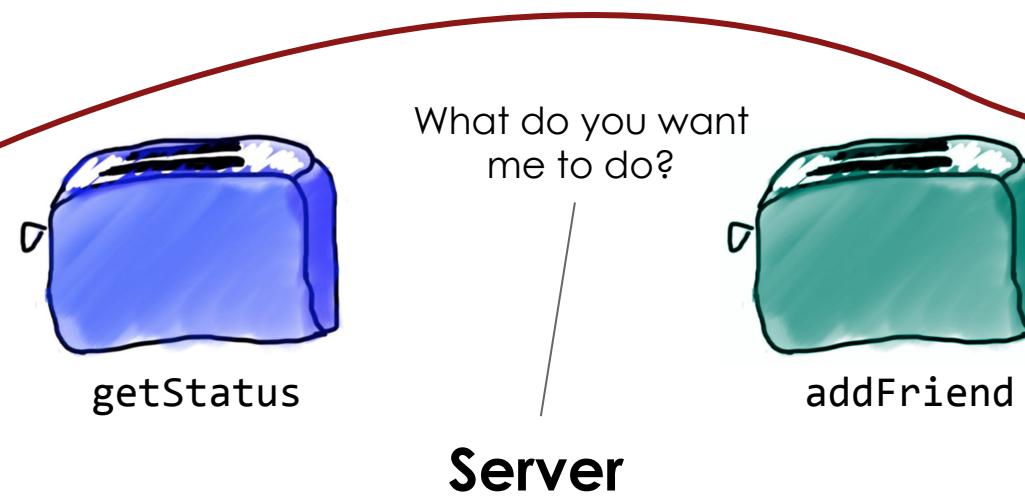
```
/* Request has a command */  
String command;  
  
/* Request has parameters */  
HashMap<String, String> params;
```

```
// Methods that the server calls on Request objects  
request.getCommand();  
request.getParam(key); // returns associated value in map
```

Requests are like Remote Method Calls



Requests are like Remote Method Calls



Requests are like Remote Method Calls

I have a command!



command: `“getStatus”`

params: `{ “userName” : “duke” }`

What do you want
me to do?



`getStatus`



`addFriend`

Server

Requests are like Remote Method Calls

I have a command!



command: `“getStatus”`

params: `{ “userName” : “duke” }`

What do you want
me to do?



`getStatus`



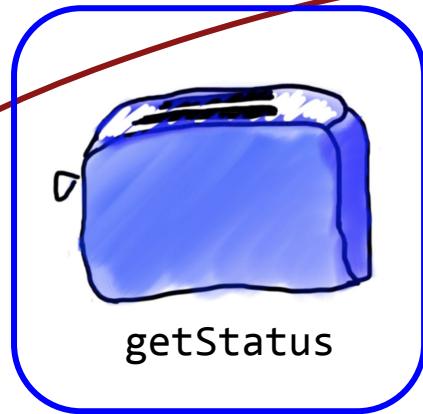
`addFriend`

Server

Requests are like Remote Method Calls



command: `“getStatus”`
params: { “userN^{ame}” : “duke” }



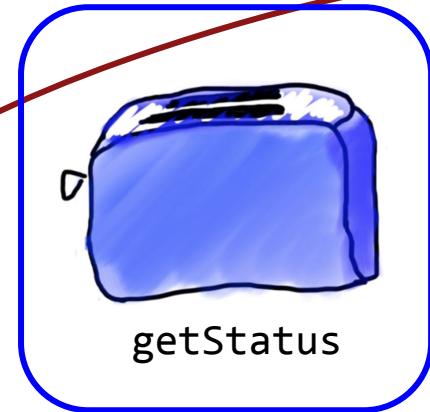
Server

Requests are like Remote Method Calls



command: `“getStatus”`
params: { “userN^{ame}” : “duke” }

I need a parameter:
whose status?



Server

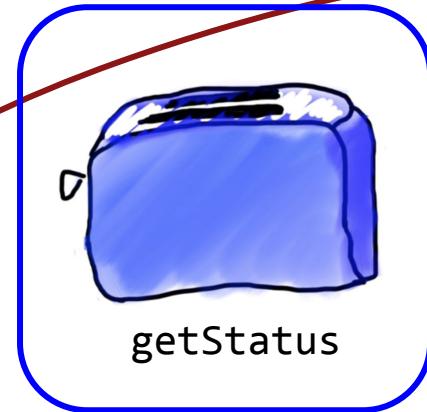
Requests are like Remote Method Calls

I have a parameter!



```
command: "getStatus"  
params: { "userName" : "duke" }
```

I need a parameter:
whose status?



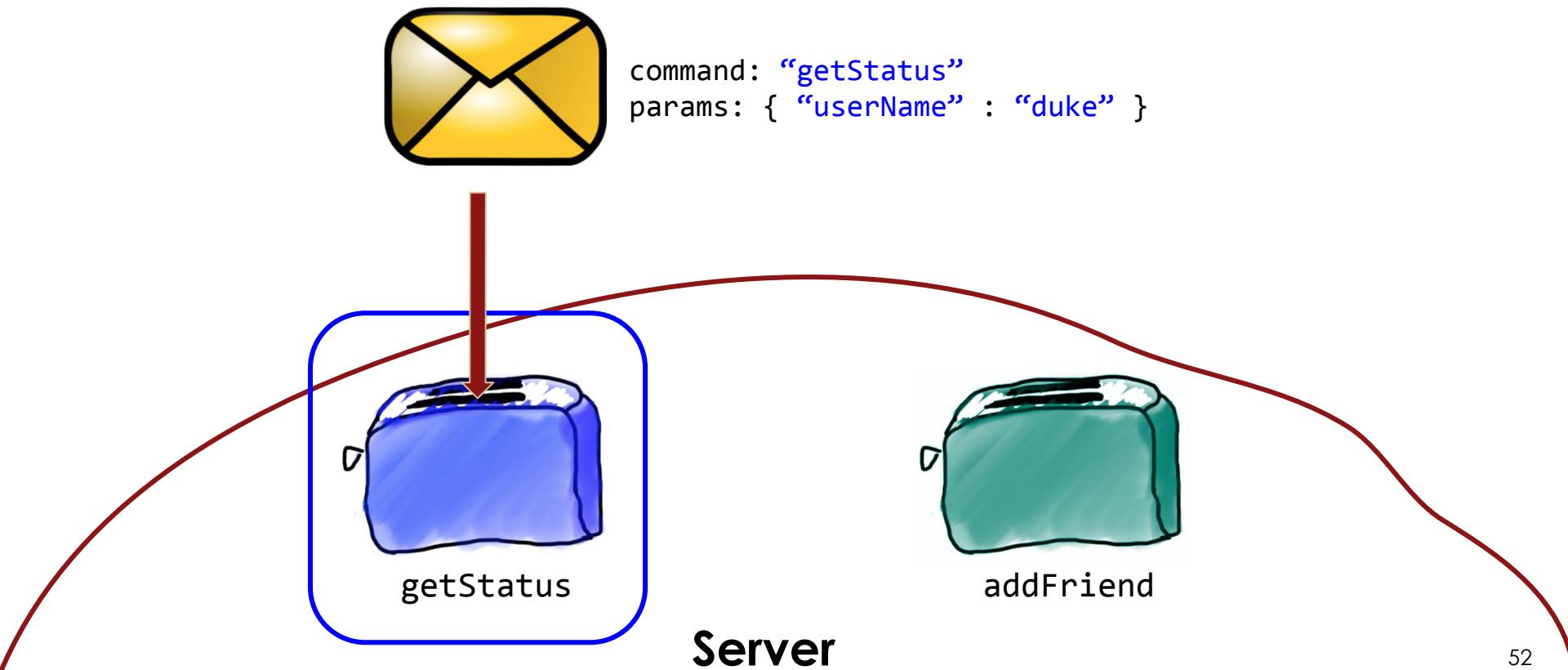
getStatus



addFriend

Server

Requests are like Remote Method Calls

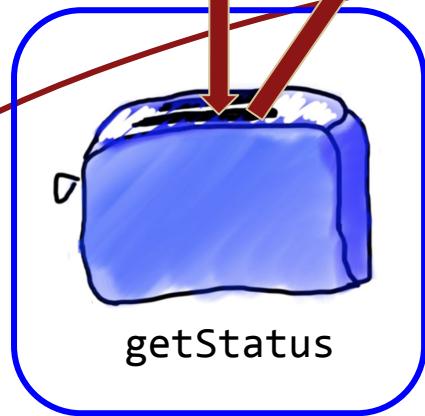


Requests are like Remote Method Calls



command: "getStatus"
params: { "userName" : "duke" }

"making Java"



Server

Servers on one slide

1

```
public String requestMade(Request request) {  
    // server code goes here  
}
```

2

```
// make a Server object  
private SimpleServer server = new SimpleServer(this, 8000);
```

3

```
public void run(){  
    // start the server  
    server.start();  
}
```

requestMade



Request **request**

```
command: "getStatus"  
params: { "userName" : "duke" }
```

```
public String requestMade(Request request) {  
    String cmd = request.getCommand(); // "getStatus"  
    if(cmd.equals("getStatus")) {  
        String user = request.getParam("userName"); // "duke"  
        String status = runGetStatus(user); // "making Java"  
        return status;  
    }  
    ...  
}
```

Servers on one slide

1

```
public String requestMade(Request request) {  
    // server code goes here  
}
```

2

```
// make a Server object  
private SimpleServer server = new SimpleServer(this, 8000);
```

3

```
public void run(){  
    // start the server  
    server.start();  
}
```

Servers on one slide

1

```
public String requestMade(Request request) {  
    // server code goes here  
}
```

2

```
// make a Server object  
private SimpleServer server = new SimpleServer(this, 8000);
```

This is a port



3

```
public void run(){  
    // start the server  
    server.start();  
}
```

What is a Port?



Servers on one slide

1

```
public String requestMade(Request request) {  
    // server code goes here  
}
```

2

```
// make a Server object  
private SimpleServer server = new SimpleServer(this, 8000);
```

3

```
public void run(){  
    // start the server  
    server.start();  
}
```

Echo Server



Echo Server

```
public class EchoServer extends ConsoleProgram implements SimpleServerListener{

    // 1. make a server object
    private SimpleServer server = new SimpleServer(this, 8080);

    public void run() {
        // 2. start the server
        server.start();
        println("Starting server...");
    }

    public void init() {
        setFont("Courier-24");
    }

    // 3. implement requestMade
    public String requestMade(Request request) {
        String cmd = request.getCommand();
        int len = cmd.length();
        return "Your command was " + len + " chars long.";
    }
}
```



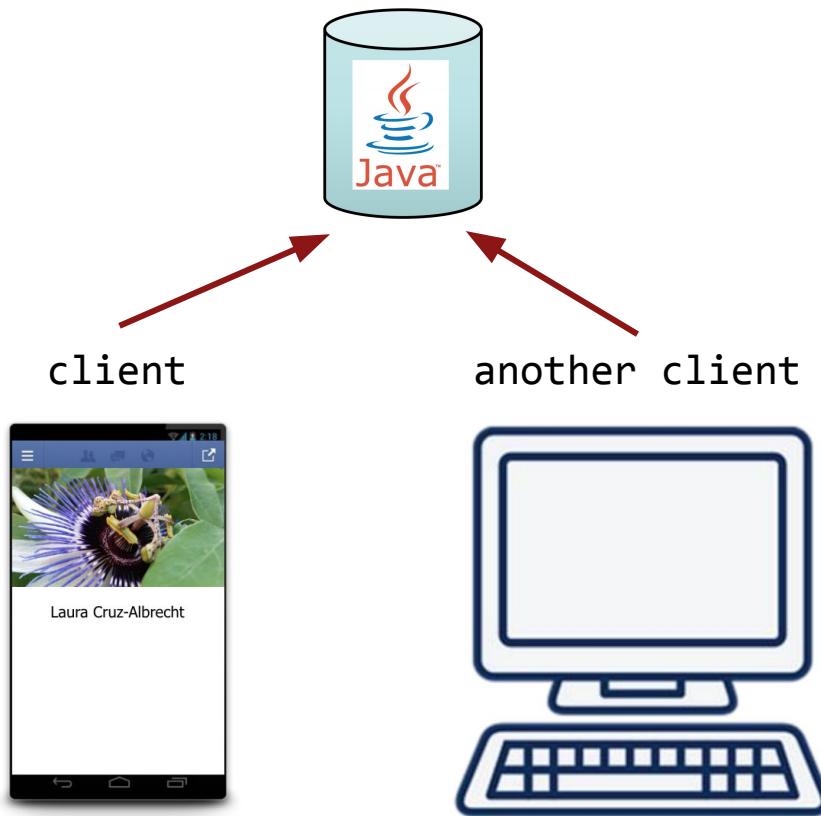
There are two types
of internet programs:
servers and **clients**.



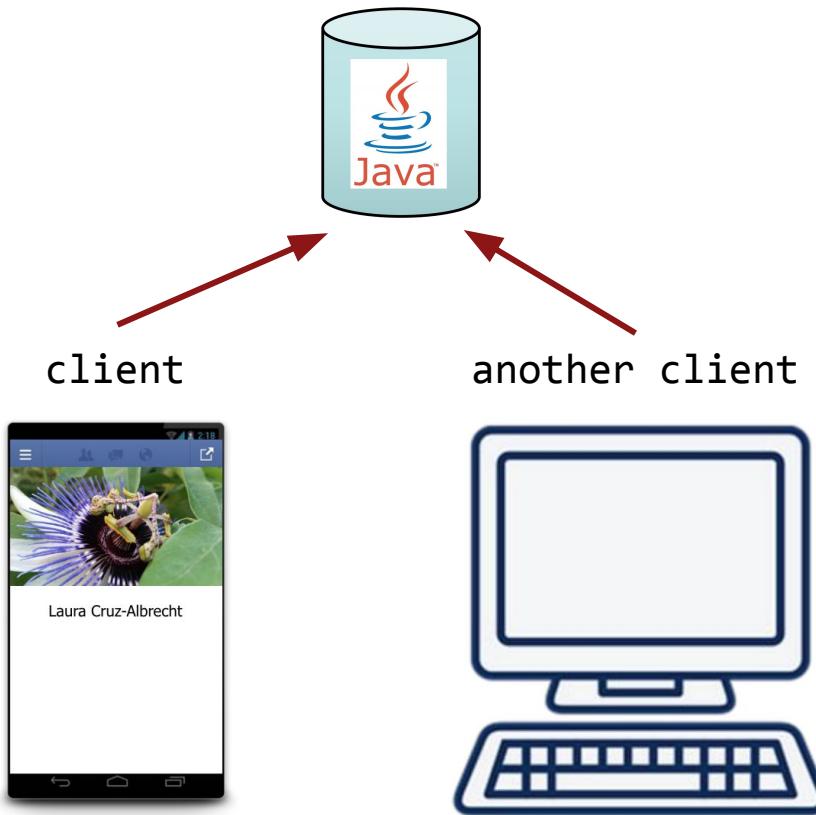


There are two types
of internet programs:
servers and **clients**.

Clients



Clients



1. **Interact** with the user
2. **Get data** from its server
3. **Save data** to its server

Clients on one slide

```
try {
    // 1. construct a new request
    Request request = new Request("getStatus");

    // 2. add parameters to the request
    request.addParam("name", "duke");

    // 3. send the request to a computer on the internet
    String result = SimpleClient.makeRequest(HOST, request);

} catch(IOException e) {
    // The internet is a wild place
}
```

Clients on one slide

```
try {  
    // 1. construct a new request  
    Request request = new Request("getStatus");  
  
    // 2. add parameters to the request  
    request.addParam("name", "duke");  
  
    // 3. send the request to a computer on the internet  
    String result = SimpleClient.makeRequest(HOST, request);  
  
} catch(IOException e) {  
    // The internet is a wild place  
}
```



Clients on one slide

```
try {
    // 1. construct a new request
    Request request = new Request("getStatus");

    // 2. add parameters to the request
    request.addParam("name", "duke");

    // 3. send the request to a computer on the internet
    String result = SimpleClient.makeRequest(HOST, request);

} catch(IOException e) {
    // The internet is a wild place
}
```

Clients on one slide

```
try {
    // 1. construct a new request
    Request request = new Request("getStatus");

    // 2. add parameters to the request
    request.addParam("name", "duke");

    // 3. send the request to a computer on the internet
    String result = SimpleClient.makeRequest(HOST, request);

} catch(IOException e) {
    // The internet is a wild place
}
```

Clients on one slide

```
try {
    // 1. construct a new request
    Request request = new Request("getStatus");

    // 2. add parameters to the request
    request.addParam("name", "duke");

    // 3. send the request to a computer on the internet
    String result = SimpleClient.makeRequest(HOST, request);

} catch(IOException e) {
    // The internet is a wild place
}
```



There are two types
of internet programs:
servers and **clients**.



Plan for Today

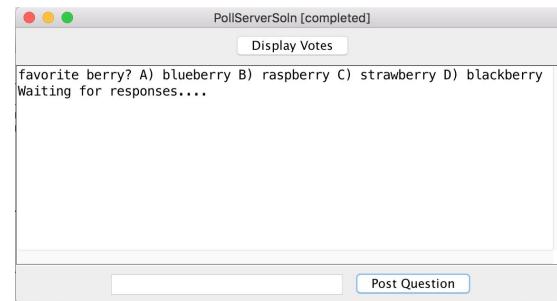
- Review: Interactors
- Internet 101
- Servers & Clients
- Practice: Polling

Polling

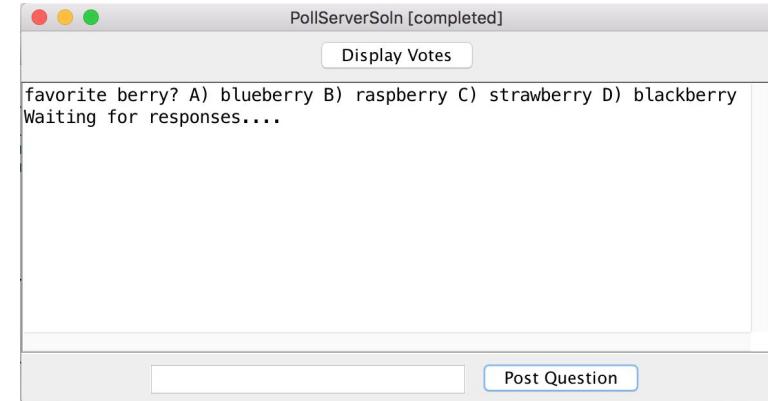
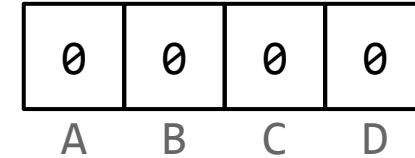
Let's write a program that lets users answer questions over the internet!

It will involve:

- 1 server: keeps track of the votes
- Multiple clients: anyone who wants to vote



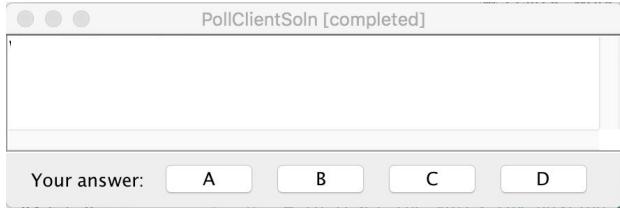
Polling



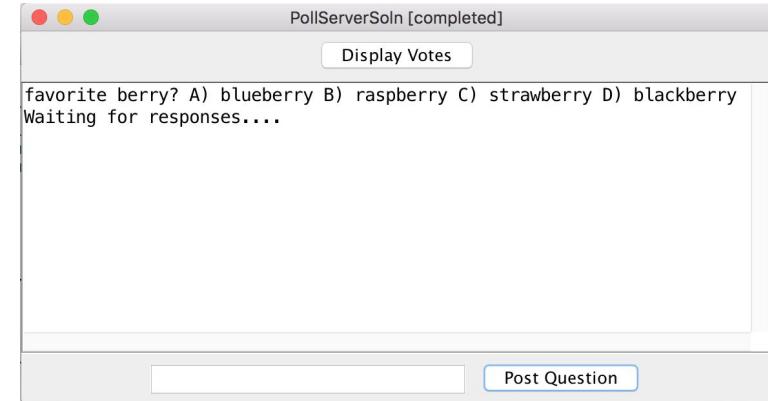
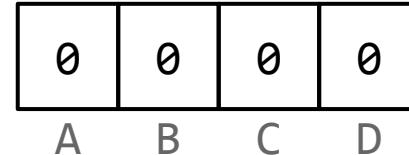
Clients

Server

Polling



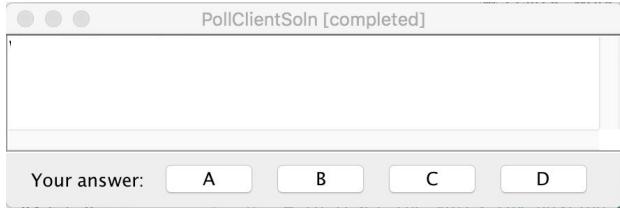
“I vote B”



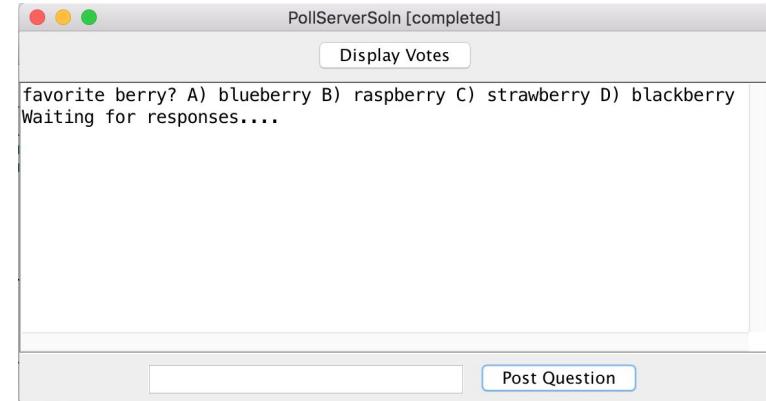
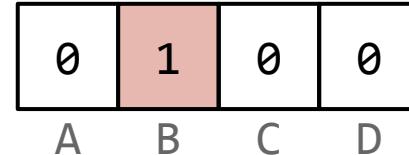
Clients

Server

Polling



“I vote B”



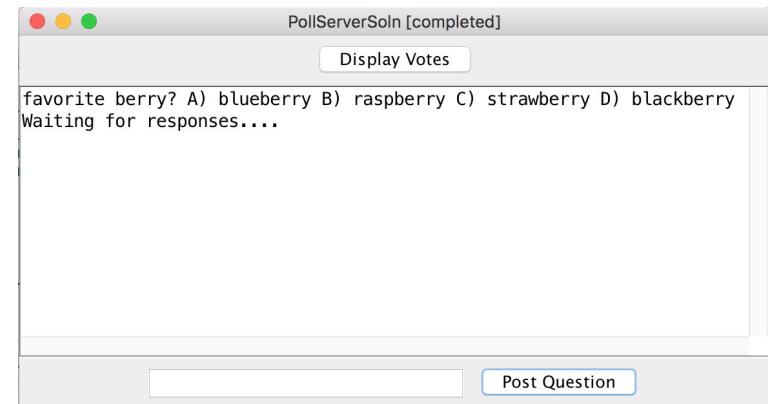
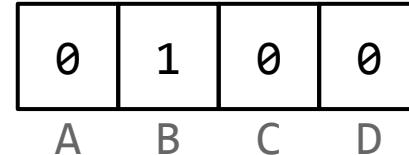
Clients

Server

Polling



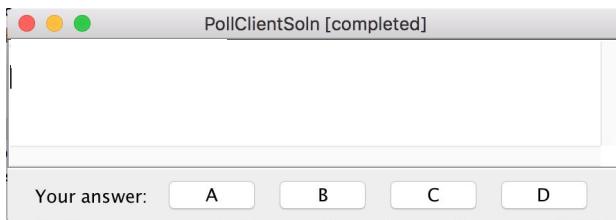
“I vote B”
“B received”



Clients

Server

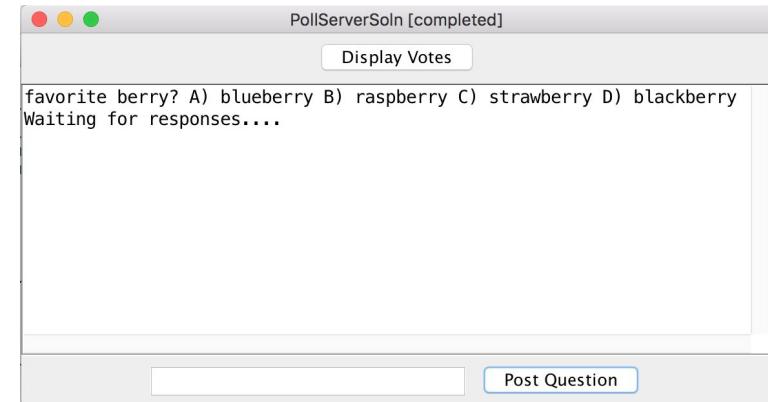
Polling



“I vote C” 



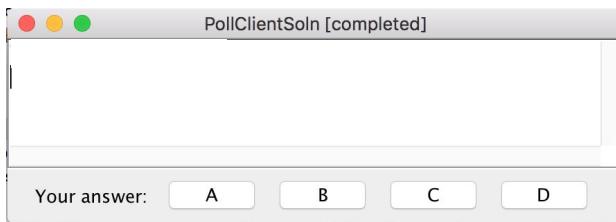
0	1	0	0
A	B	C	D



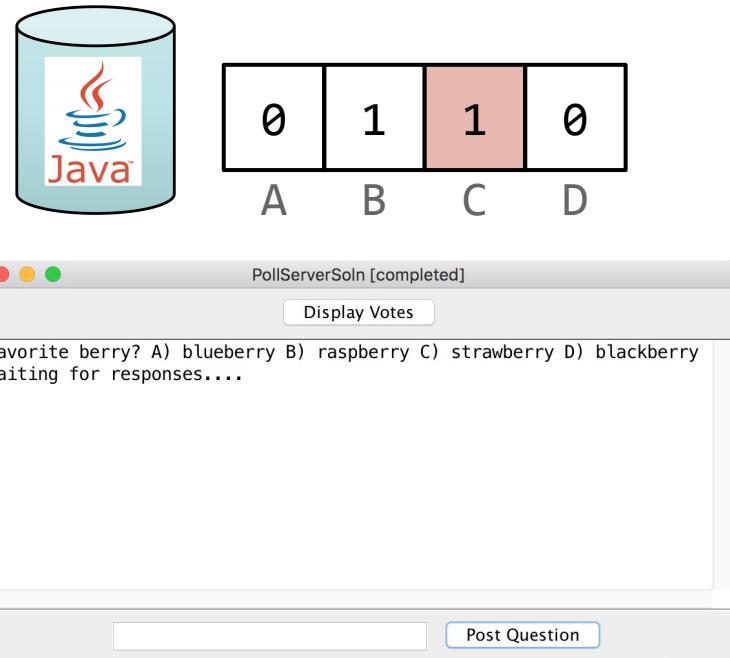
Clients

Server

Polling



“I vote C” 



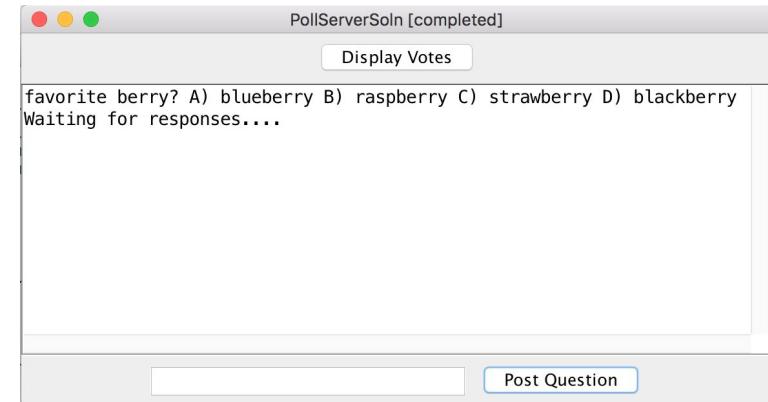
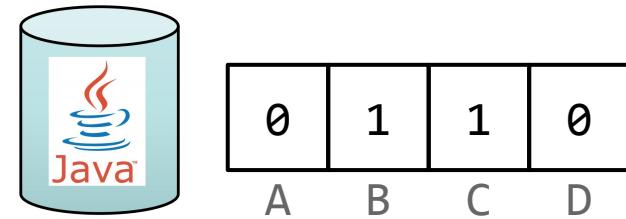
Clients

Server

Polling



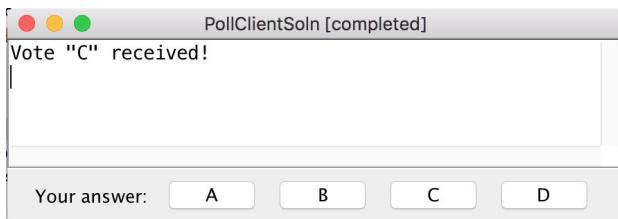
“I vote C”
“C received”



Clients

Server

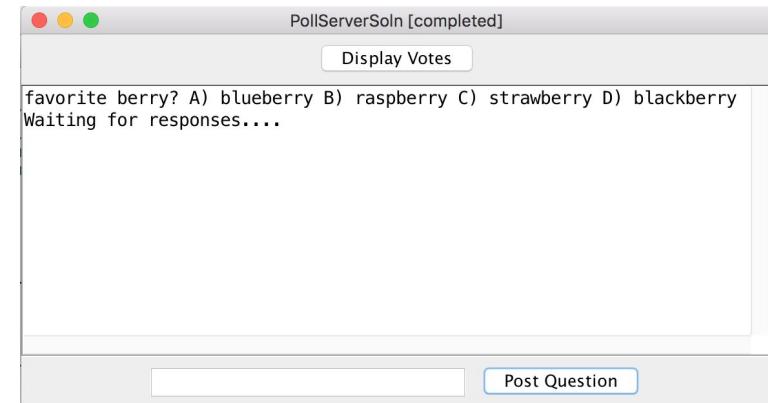
Polling



“I vote B” 



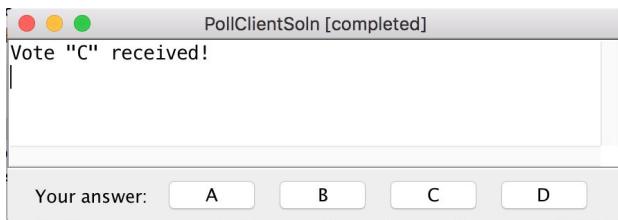
0	1	1	0
A	B	C	D



Clients

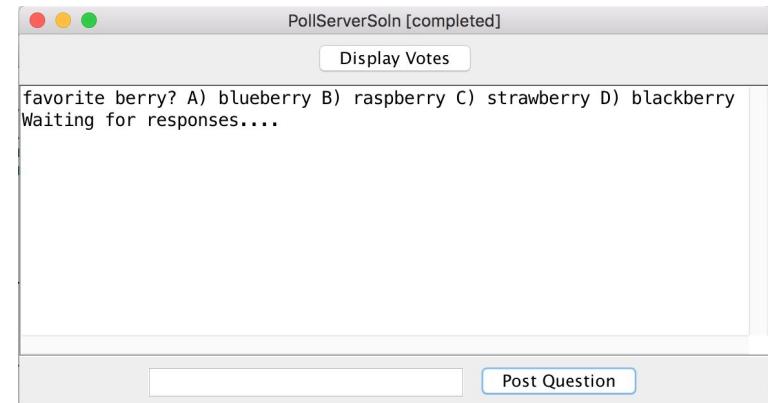
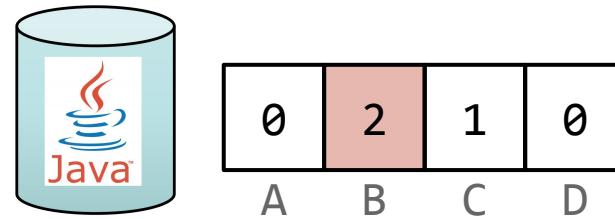
Server

Polling



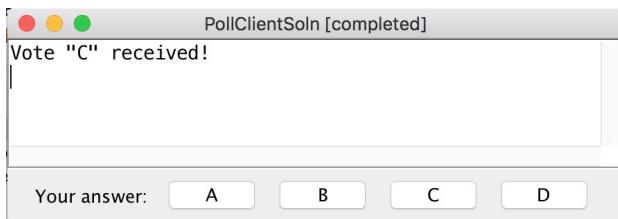
Clients

“I vote B”



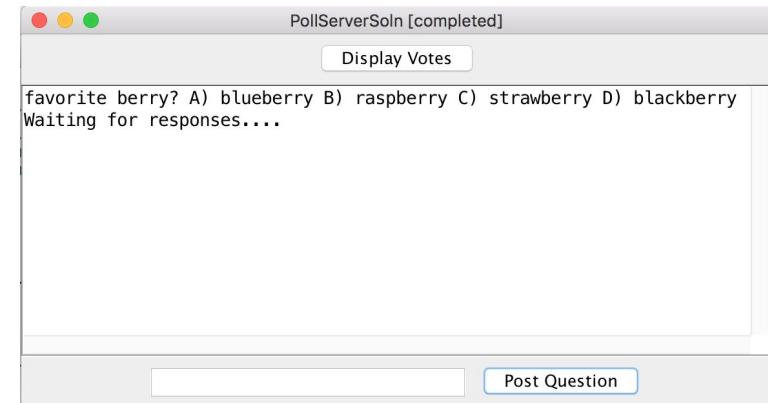
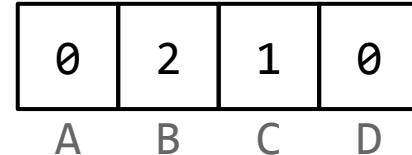
Server

Polling



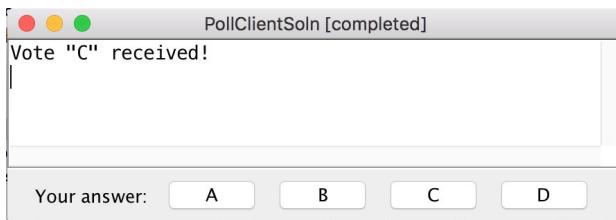
“I vote B”
“B received”

Clients

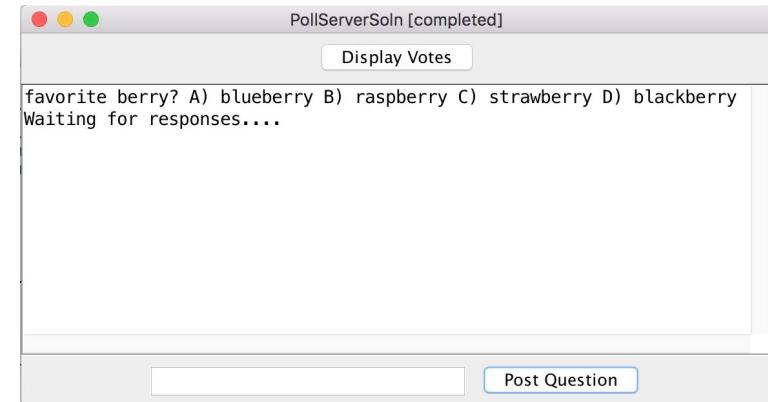
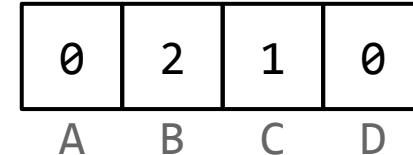
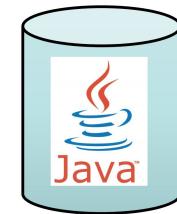


Server

Polling

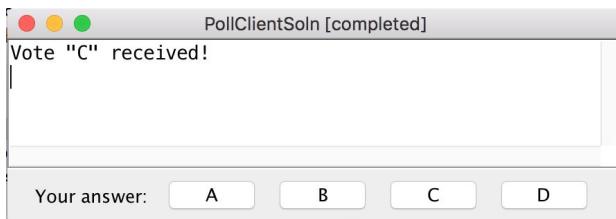


Clients

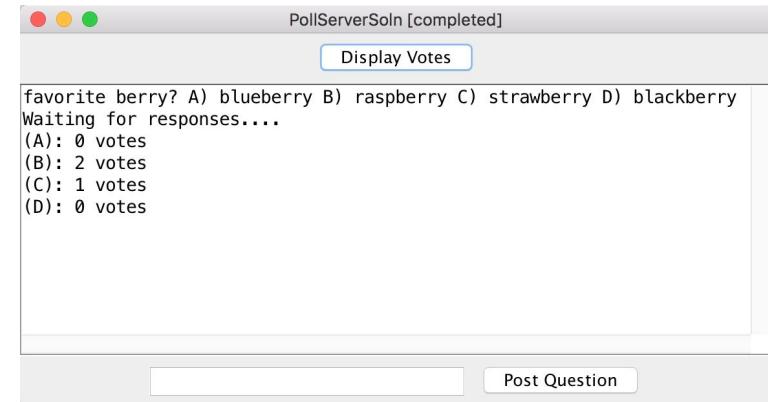
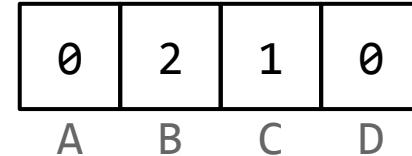


Server

Polling



Clients



Server

Let's Code It!

Polling

```
public class PollServer extends ConsoleProgram implements SimpleServerListener {  
  
    // 1. make a Server object  
    // The Server object that notifies us when we receive a Request  
    private SimpleServer server = new SimpleServer(this, 8080);  
  
    // The text field where the user enters questions  
    private JTextField textField;  
  
    // The length-4 array counting the votes for A/B/C/D  
    int[] votes = new int[4];  
  
    public void init() {  
        setFont("Courier-20");  
  
        // 2. Start listening for requests  
        server.start();  
  
        // Add interactors  
        add(new JButton("Display Votes"), NORTH);  
        textField = new JTextField(20);  
        add(textField, SOUTH);  
        add(new JButton("Post Question"), SOUTH);  
        addActionListeners();  
    }  
}
```

```
public void actionPerformed(ActionEvent event) {  
    if (event.getActionCommand().equals("Display Votes")) {  
        // Display the votes for A/B/C/D  
        for (int i = 0; i < votes.length; i++) {  
            char currentAnswer = (char)('A' + i);  
            println("(" + currentAnswer + "): " + votes[i] + " votes");  
        }  
    } else if (event.getActionCommand().equals("Post Question")) {  
        // Clear the screen and the vote counts for the new question  
        clearConsole();  
        votes = new int[4];  
        println(textField.getText());  
        println("Waiting for responses....");  
        textField.setText("");  
    }  
  
    // 3. Implement requestMade  
    // This method is called whenever a request is received.  
    public String requestMade(Request request) {  
        if (request.getCommand().equals("vote")) {  
            // Add one to our array of vote counts for their vote  
            String vote = request.getParam("answer");  
            votes[vote.charAt(0) - 'A']++;  
            return "Vote \" " + vote + " \" received!";  
        } else {  
            return "Unknown command.";  
        }  
    }  
}
```

Polling

```
public class PollClient extends ConsoleProgram {  
  
    // The URL where the host program is running  
    private static final String HOST = "http://localhost:8080";  
  
    public void init() {  
        setFont("Courier-24");  
  
        // Add interactors  
        add(new JLabel("Your answer: "), SOUTH);  
        add(new JButton("A"), SOUTH);  
        add(new JButton("B"), SOUTH);  
        add(new JButton("C"), SOUTH);  
        add(new JButton("D"), SOUTH);  
        addActionListeners();  
    }  
  
    public void actionPerformed(ActionEvent event) {  
        // When the user clicks a button, send a new Request with our vote.  
        try {  
            Request request = new Request("vote");  
            String answerStr = event.getActionCommand();  
            request.addParam("answer", answerStr);  
            String response = SimpleClient.makeRequest(HOST, request);  
            println(response);  
        } catch (IOException e) {  
            e.printStackTrace();  
        }  
    }  
}
```

Plan for Today

- Review: Interactors
- Internet 101
- Servers & Clients
- Practice: Polling

Next Time: How to start your own Java project