

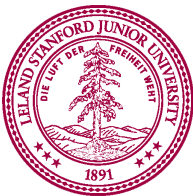
A background image of the WALL-E robot from the Pixar movie "WALL-E". The robot is shown from the waist up, looking towards the right. It has large, binocular-like eyes and a small, boxy body. The background is a dark, starry space with a reddish-orange horizon line.

# CS106A: Programming Methodology

# Mehran Sahami

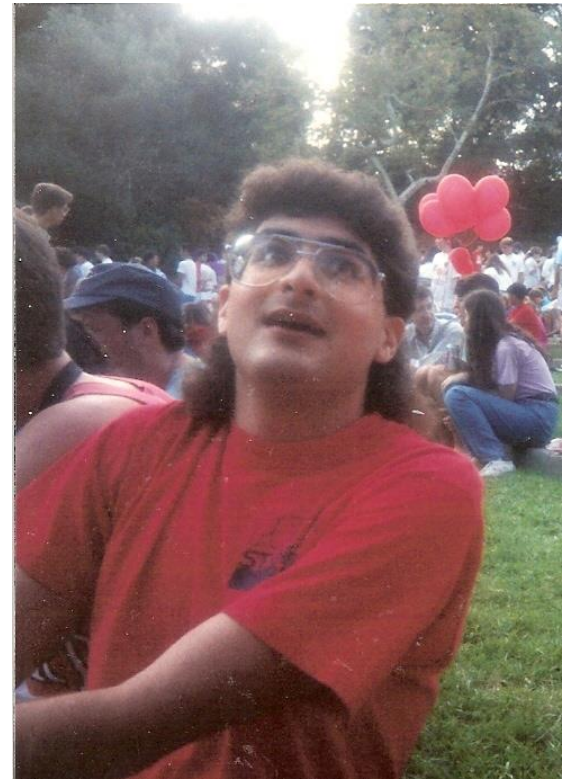


- Childhood: Iran
- High School: San Diego
- Stanford Ph.D. in Machine Learning  
(Before Machine Learning was cool)
- Spent a decade in tech industry before coming back as professor
  - Love of teaching is why I came back



# Mehran Sahami

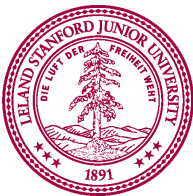
- Took CS106A my freshman year at Stanford
  - It changed my life
- But it did not make me cut my mullet
  - It should have...



# Head TA: Juliette Woodrow



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# Section Leaders



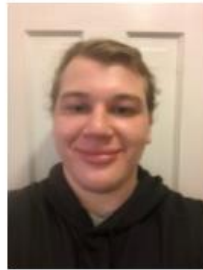
Clinton



Colin



Daniel



Daniel



Dev



Dwight



Eric



Esteban



Evan



Francesca



Francisco



Grant



Hannah



Jack



Jason



Jayendra



Jennifer



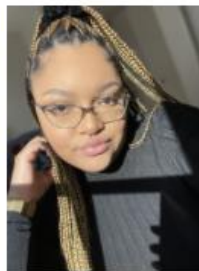
Jerry



Jin-Hee



Julie



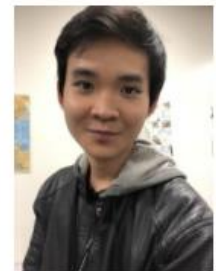
Kayla



Laura



Lauren



Minh

\* Actually some past section leaders

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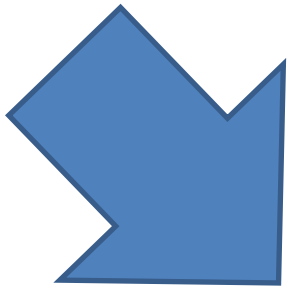


# Course mechanics

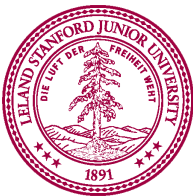
(This is a brief version.

Please read the handout for full details).

# Course Website



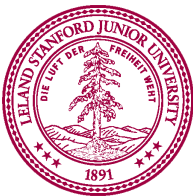
<http://cs106a.stanford.edu>



# Prerequisite Test



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# Getting To Know You

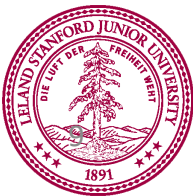
- Assignment #0 on website (“Who are you?”)



The screenshot shows the top navigation bar of the CS106A course website. The navigation bar is dark grey with white text. On the left, there is a home icon followed by 'CS106A'. In the center, the word 'ASSIGNMENTS' is highlighted with a red rectangular box. To the right of 'ASSIGNMENTS' are the words 'SECTIONS', 'ASSESSMENTS', and 'SCHEDULE'. Below the navigation bar, the course title 'CS106A Programming Methodology' is displayed in a large, black, sans-serif font. To the left of the title is the Stanford University seal. Below the title, the text 'Spring Quarter 2022' and 'Lecture MWF 12:15-1:15pm in Hewlett 200' is shown in a smaller, black, sans-serif font.

“It is a really difficult time for my family right now, but I will still be trying my best in this class.”

- Please be safe, compassionate, and kind. So will we.



# Lectures and Sections

- Lectures MWF 12:15-1:15pm
  - Will be recorded (available on Canvas)
- Weekly 50-min section led by awesome section leaders (the backbone of the class!)
  - Section signups will be on class webpage (not Axess)
  - Signups begin on Thursday at 5pm and close Sunday at 5pm.



# Office Hours in Durand Building



LaIR: evenings Sunday through Thursday  
(starting Sunday)

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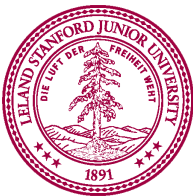


# Grading Scale

**Functionality** and **style** grades for the assignments use the following scale:

- ++** A submission so good it “makes you weep”
- +** Exceeds requirements (and has great style)
- ✓+** Satisfies all requirements, with good functionality and style
- ✓** Meets the requirements, but perhaps with a small problem
- ✓-** Has some somewhat more serious problems
- Is worse than that, but shows real effort and understanding
- Better than nothing

You are only competing against yourself.

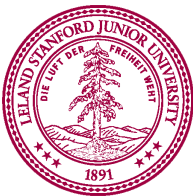


# Interactive Grading



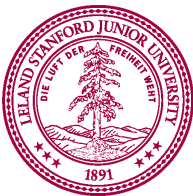
One on one feedback  
from your section leader

- Chance for you to get more feedback than just a grade
- Opportunity to really develop “style” as a programmer
  - We’ll talk more about that soon
- We can put focus on *learning* rather than grading



# What we will ask you to do

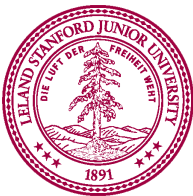
- 7 programming assignment 50%
  - Get more complicated as quarter progresses
- Midterm exam 15%
- Final exam 30%
- Section participation 5%
- Get 4 free “late days” (on assignments)
  - Each “late day” is a 24-hour period
  - Allows for turning in assignment late without penalty
  - After free late days are used, assignments penalized one grade bucket per day late
  - For extensions beyond free late days, contact Juliette (head TA)



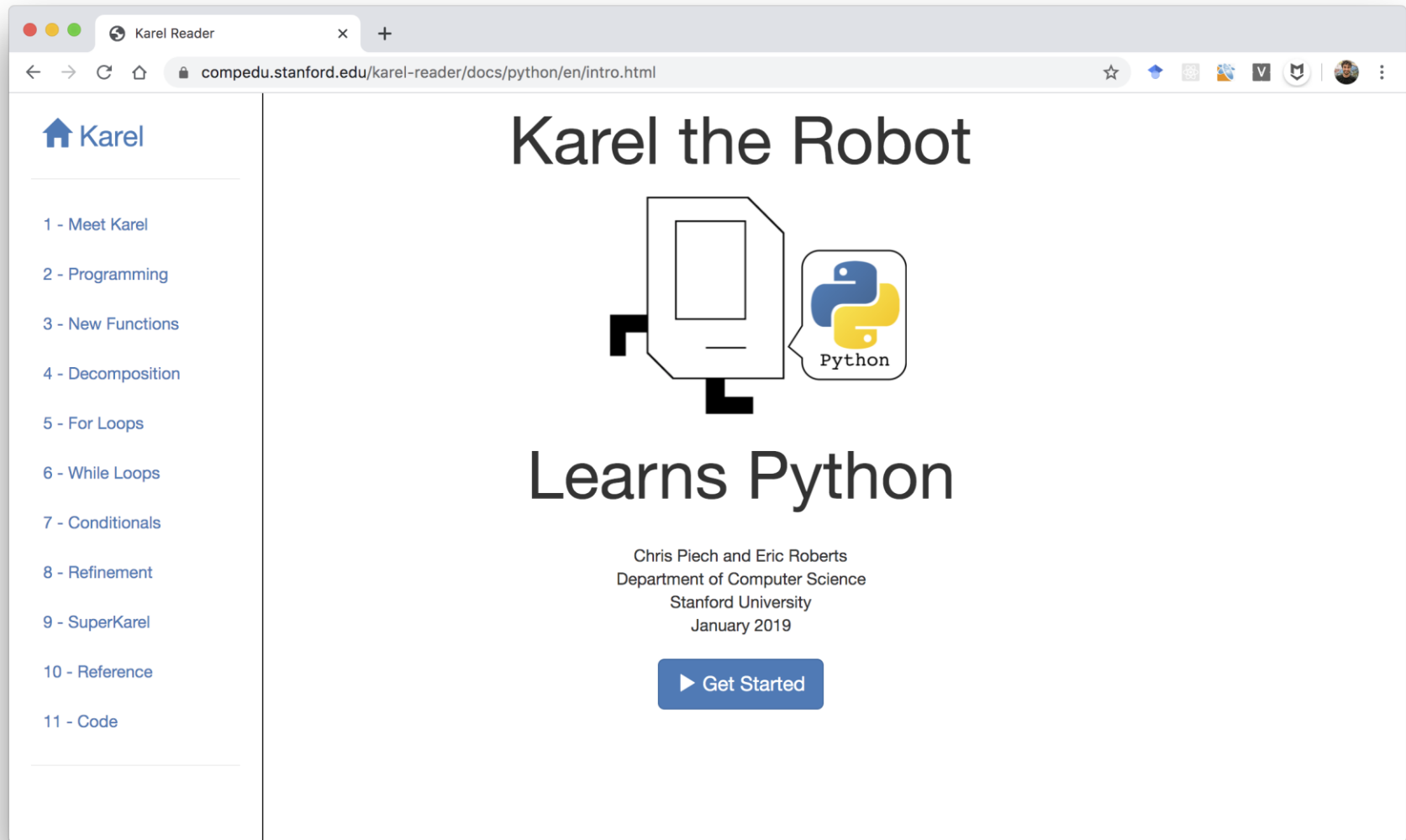
# Optional Contest



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# Online Text Books



The screenshot shows a web browser window with the URL `compedu.stanford.edu/karel-reader/docs/python/en/intro.html`. The page features a sidebar on the left with a navigation menu under the heading "Karel". The main content area displays the title "Karel the Robot Learns Python" in large, bold text. Below the title is an illustration of a robot head with a speech bubble containing the Python logo and the word "Python". Underneath the illustration, the authors "Chris Piech and Eric Roberts" and their affiliation "Department of Computer Science, Stanford University" are listed, along with the date "January 2019". A prominent blue button with a play icon and the text "Get Started" is centered at the bottom of the main content area.

Karel Reader

compedu.stanford.edu/karel-reader/docs/python/en/intro.html

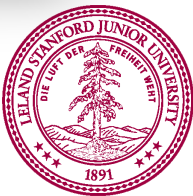
## Karel

- 1 - Meet Karel
- 2 - Programming
- 3 - New Functions
- 4 - Decomposition
- 5 - For Loops
- 6 - While Loops
- 7 - Conditionals
- 8 - Refinement
- 9 - SuperKarel
- 10 - Reference
- 11 - Code

# Karel the Robot Learns Python

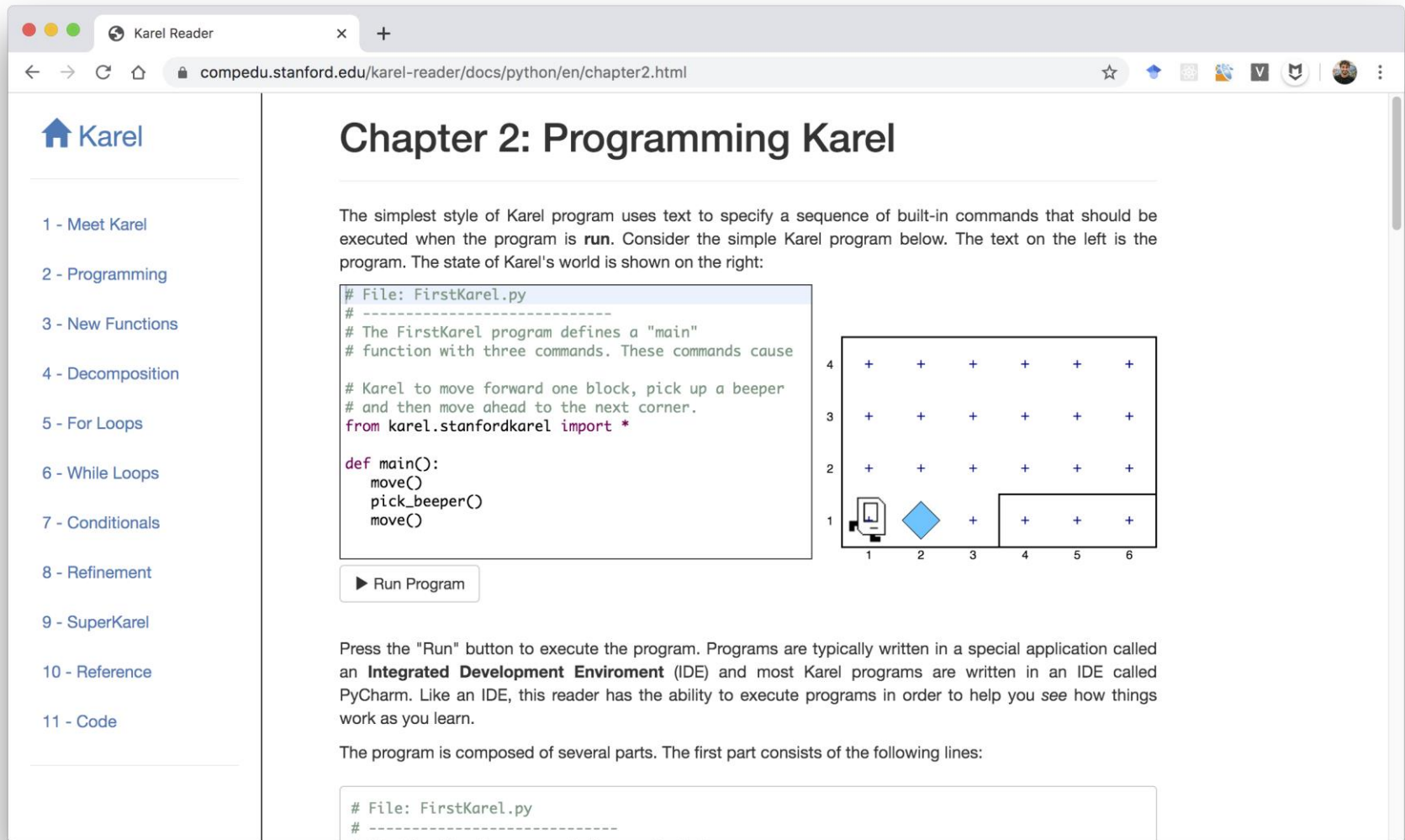
Chris Piech and Eric Roberts  
Department of Computer Science  
Stanford University  
January 2019

▶ Get Started





# Online Karel Reader



The screenshot shows a web browser window with the URL `compedu.stanford.edu/karel-reader/docs/python/en/chapter2.html`. The page title is "Chapter 2: Programming Karel". On the left is a navigation menu with items: "1 - Meet Karel", "2 - Programming", "3 - New Functions", "4 - Decomposition", "5 - For Loops", "6 - While Loops", "7 - Conditionals", "8 - Refinement", "9 - SuperKarel", "10 - Reference", and "11 - Code".

The main content area contains the following text:

The simplest style of Karel program uses text to specify a sequence of built-in commands that should be executed when the program is **run**. Consider the simple Karel program below. The text on the left is the program. The state of Karel's world is shown on the right:

```
# File: FirstKarel.py
# -----
# The FirstKarel program defines a "main"
# function with three commands. These commands cause
# Karel to move forward one block, pick up a beeper
# and then move ahead to the next corner.
from karel.stanfordkarel import *

def main():
    move()
    pick_beeper()
    move()
```

Below the code is a "Run Program" button.

To the right of the code is a 4x6 grid representing Karel's world. The grid contains '+' symbols in every cell. At the bottom-left corner (row 1, column 1), there is a Karel robot icon. At the bottom-left corner (row 1, column 2), there is a blue diamond representing a beeper. At the bottom-left corner (row 1, column 3), there is a '+' symbol. At the bottom-left corner (row 1, column 4), there is a '+' symbol. At the bottom-left corner (row 1, column 5), there is a '+' symbol. At the bottom-left corner (row 1, column 6), there is a '+' symbol.

Below the world diagram is the following text:

Press the "Run" button to execute the program. Programs are typically written in a special application called an **Integrated Development Environment** (IDE) and most Karel programs are written in an IDE called PyCharm. Like an IDE, this reader has the ability to execute programs in order to help you see how things work as you learn.

The program is composed of several parts. The first part consists of the following lines:

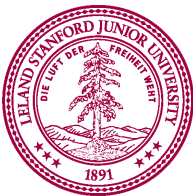
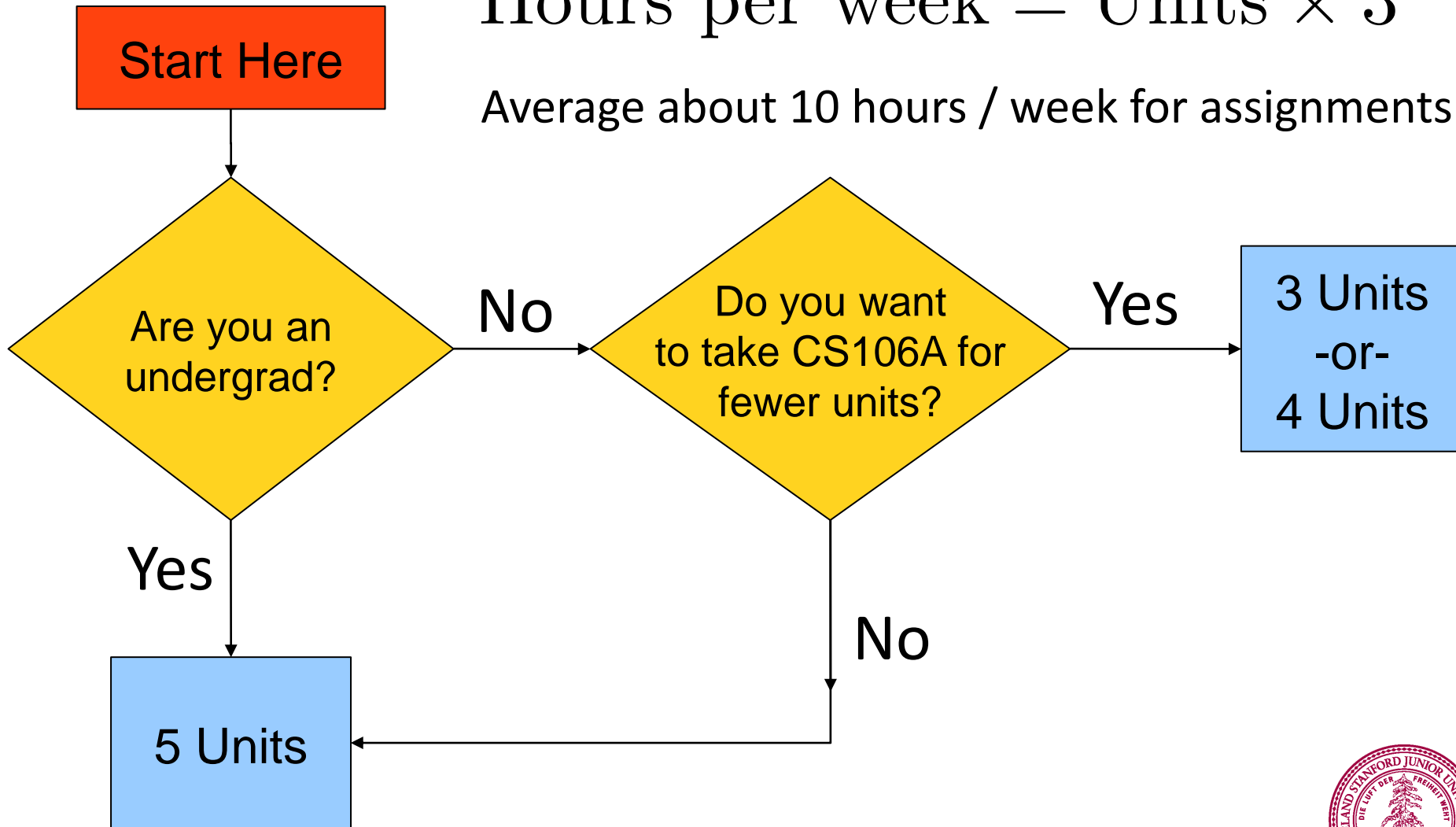
```
# File: FirstKarel.py
# -----
```



# CS106A Units

Hours per week = Units  $\times$  3

Average about 10 hours / week for assignments



Are you in the right place?

# Where Should You Start?

- No/light previous programming (many students start here) → CS106A

---

- Limited previous programming (e.g., written “short” programs) → CS106A

---

- AP exam: CS Principles, score 4 or 5 → CS106A

---

- AP exam: CS A, score 4 or 5 → CS106B

---

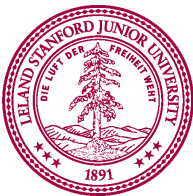
- No AP, significant previous programming experience → CS106B

---

- *Extensive* prior experience and/or multiple prior CS classes → CS106B or 107

---

- Just want to satisfy “Ways” and know that will be all you’ll take → CS105 or 106A



What is CS106A?

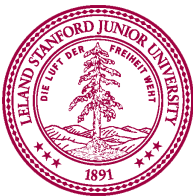
# Computer Science

“Computer science is no more about computers than astronomy is about telescopes, biology is about microscopes or chemistry is about beakers and test tubes. Science is not about tools, it is about how we use them and what we find out when we do.”

— Michael Fellows and Ian Parberry

“You must unlearn what you have learned”

— Yoda



# Learning Goals

- *Learn how to harness computing power to solve problems.*
- To that end:
  - Explore fundamental techniques in computer programming.
  - Develop good software engineering style.
  - Gain familiarity with the Python programming language.



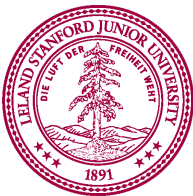
There are a lot of cool  
programs you may one day  
write



# Computer Graphics



Pat Hanrahan, one of the founders of Pixar is a professor here.  
He recently won the Turing Award – the Nobel Prize of Computer Science.



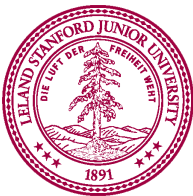
# Consumer Applications



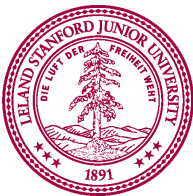
# Computing in Medicine



(c) 2012 Intuitive Surgical, Inc.



# Self-Driving Car

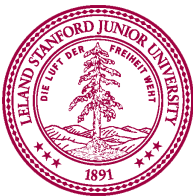


If only we could program  
self-driving cars...

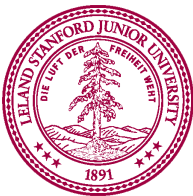
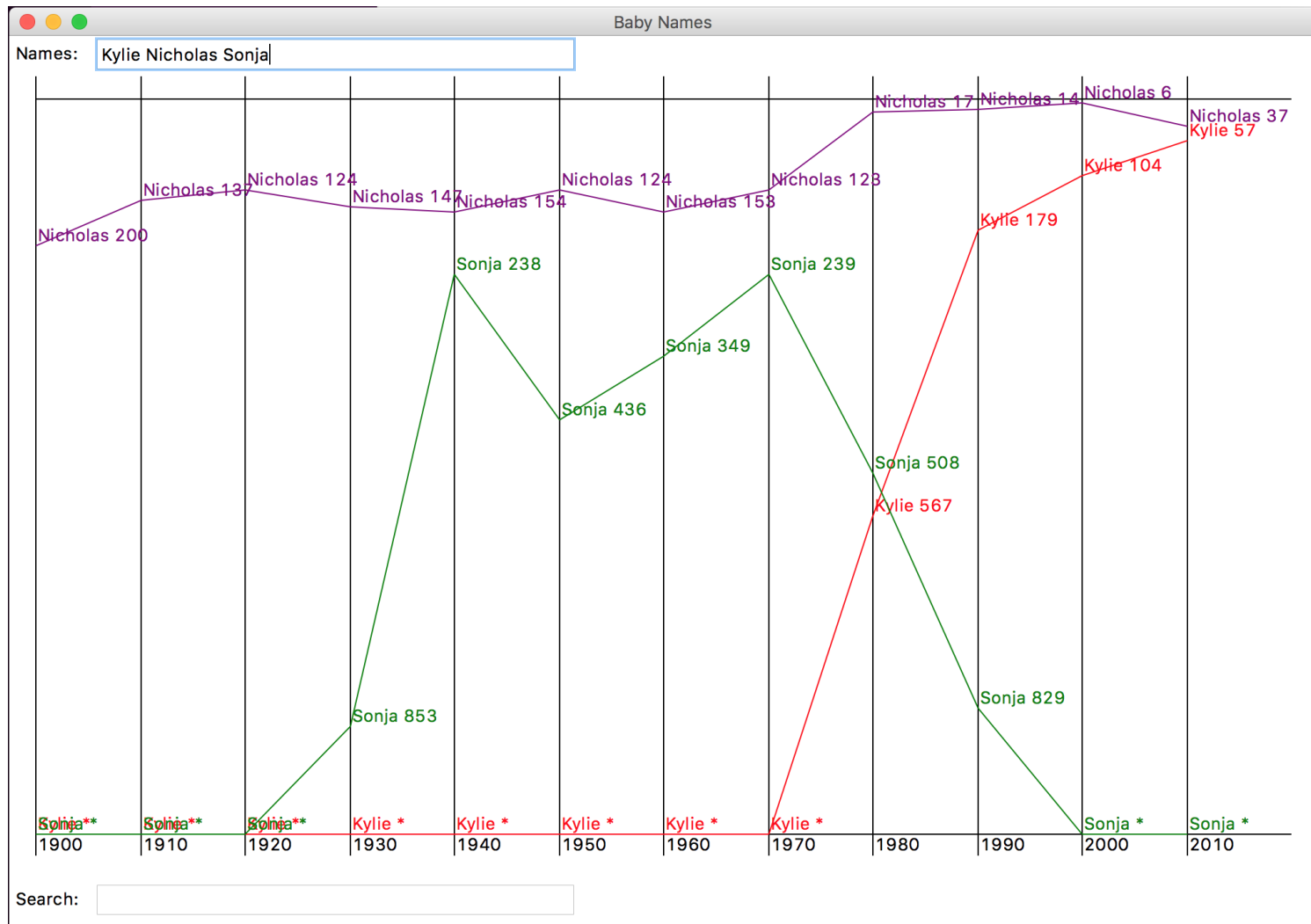
# Image Transformation



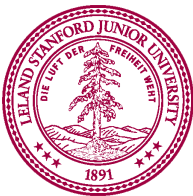
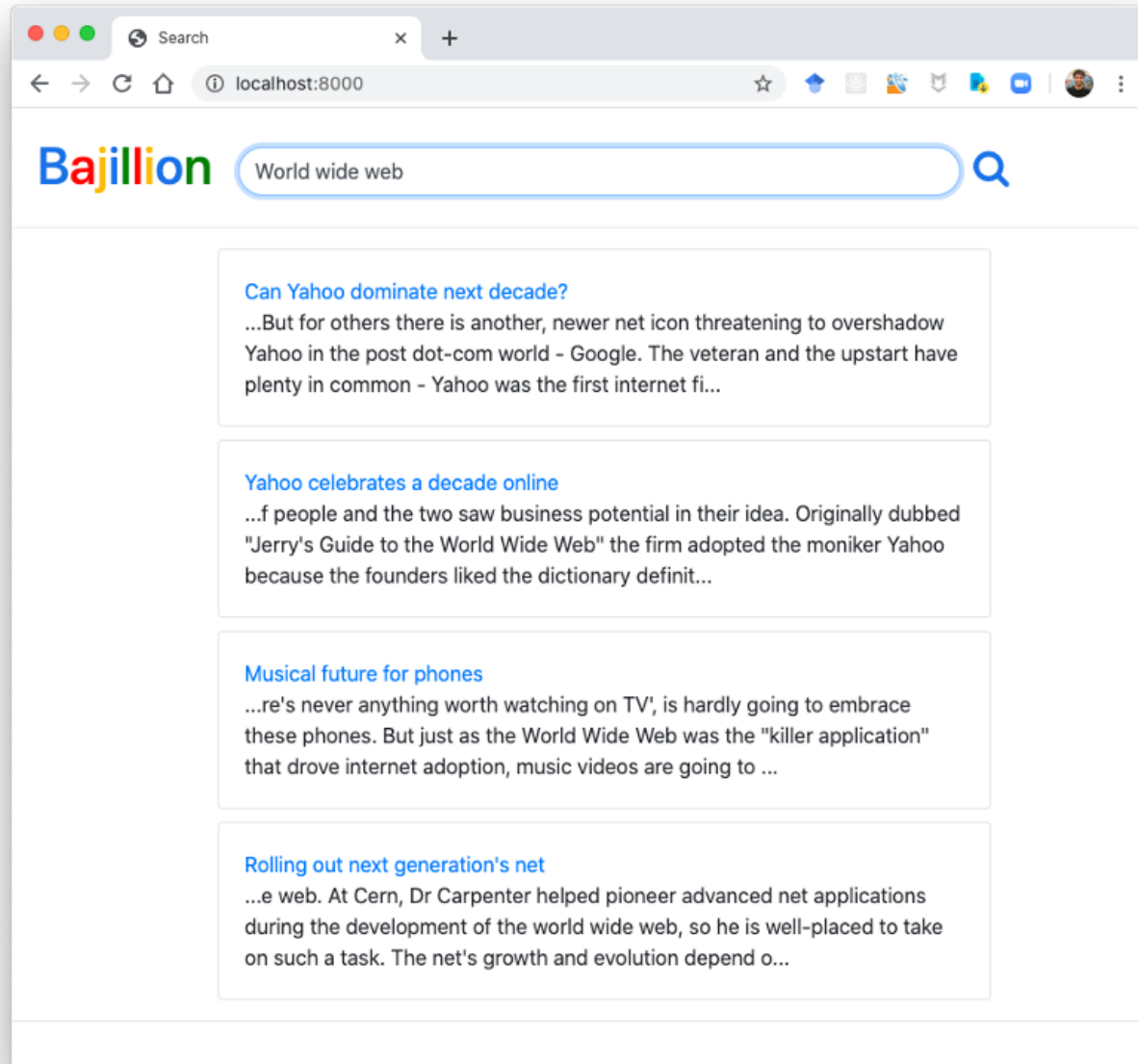
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# Data Science



# Internet Applications





# Strive for Everyone to Succeed



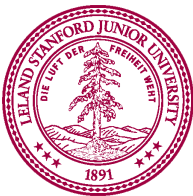
# Lets Get Started



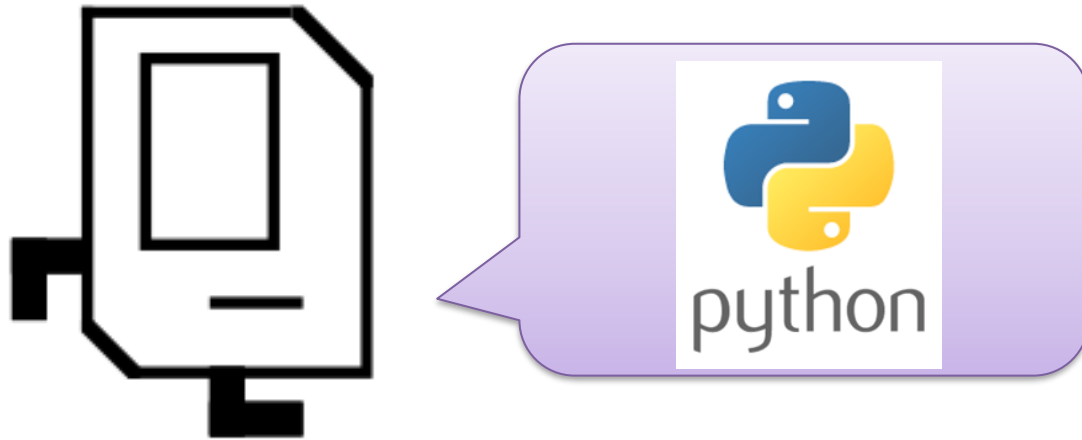
# Meet Karel the Robot



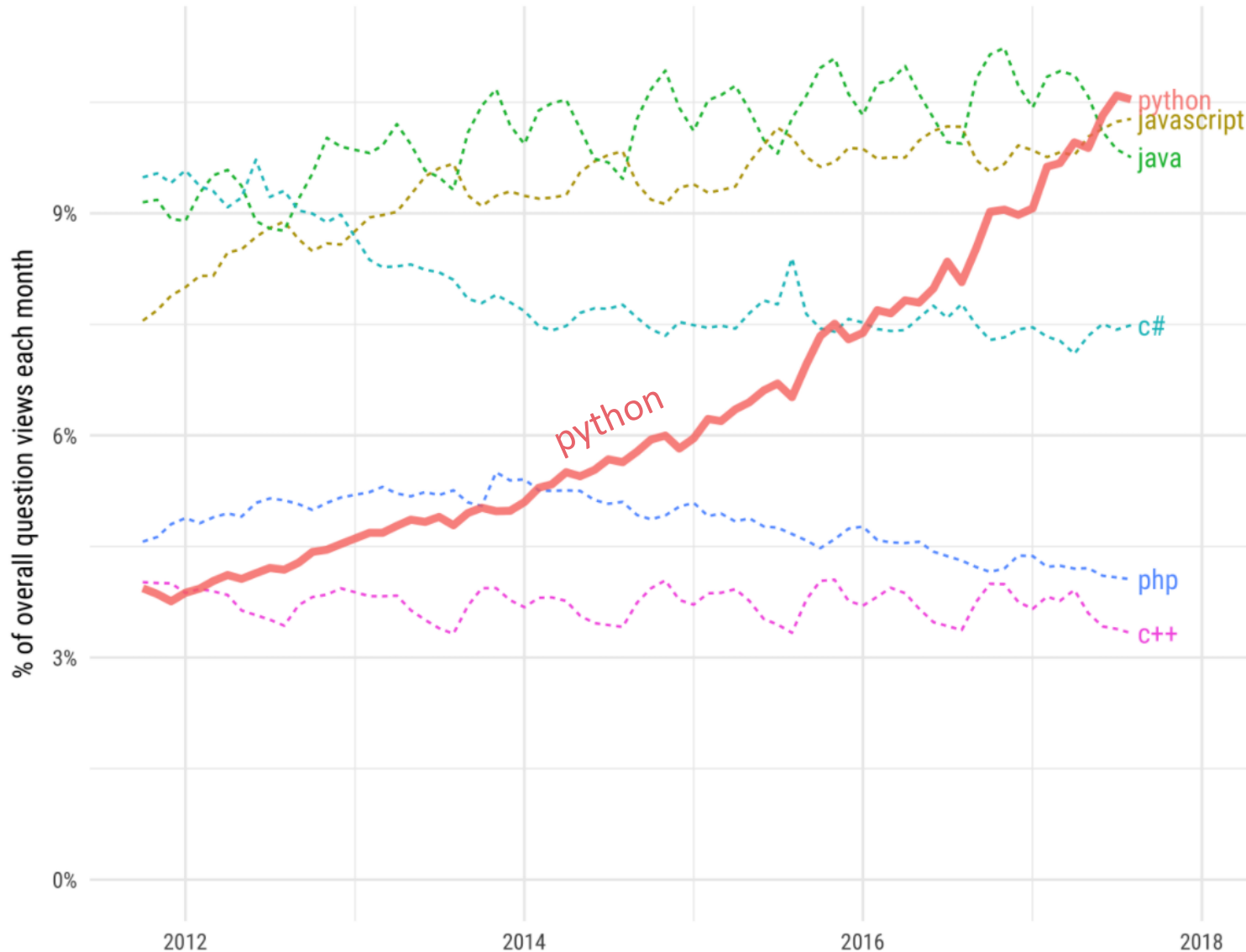
Good morning



# Karel Speaks Python



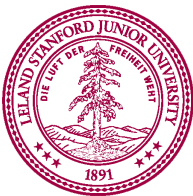
# Why Python?



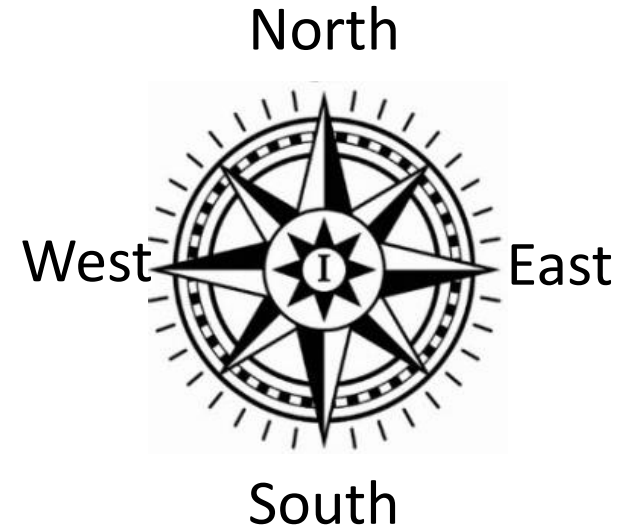
<https://stackoverflow.blog/2017/09/06/incredible-growth-python/>



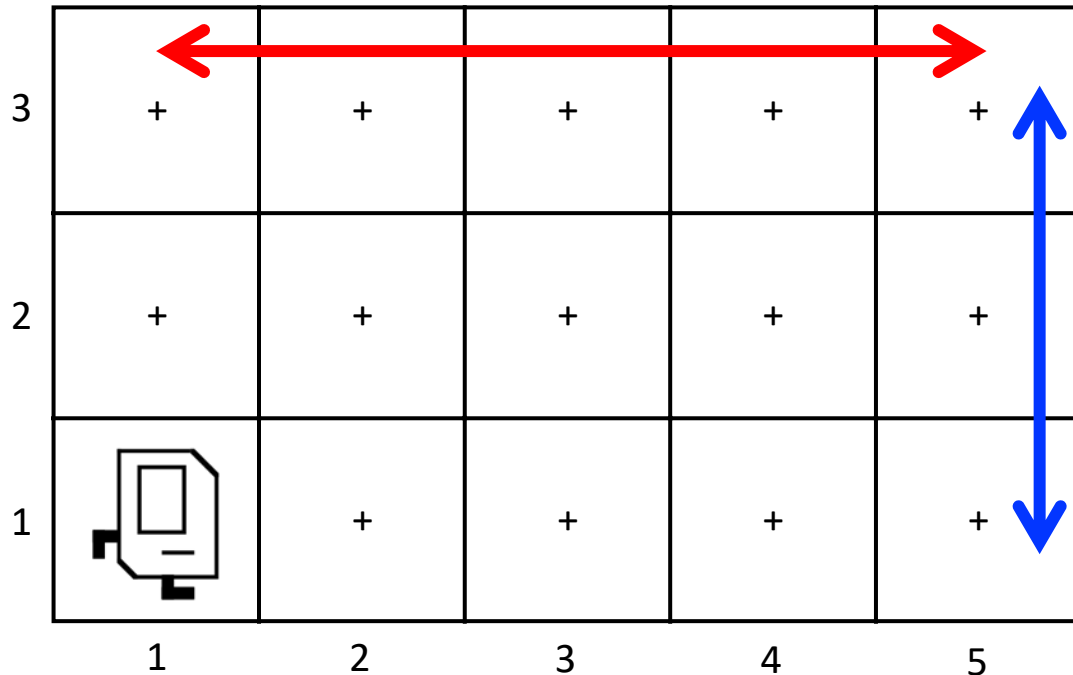
# Guido van Rossum



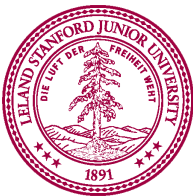
# Karel's World



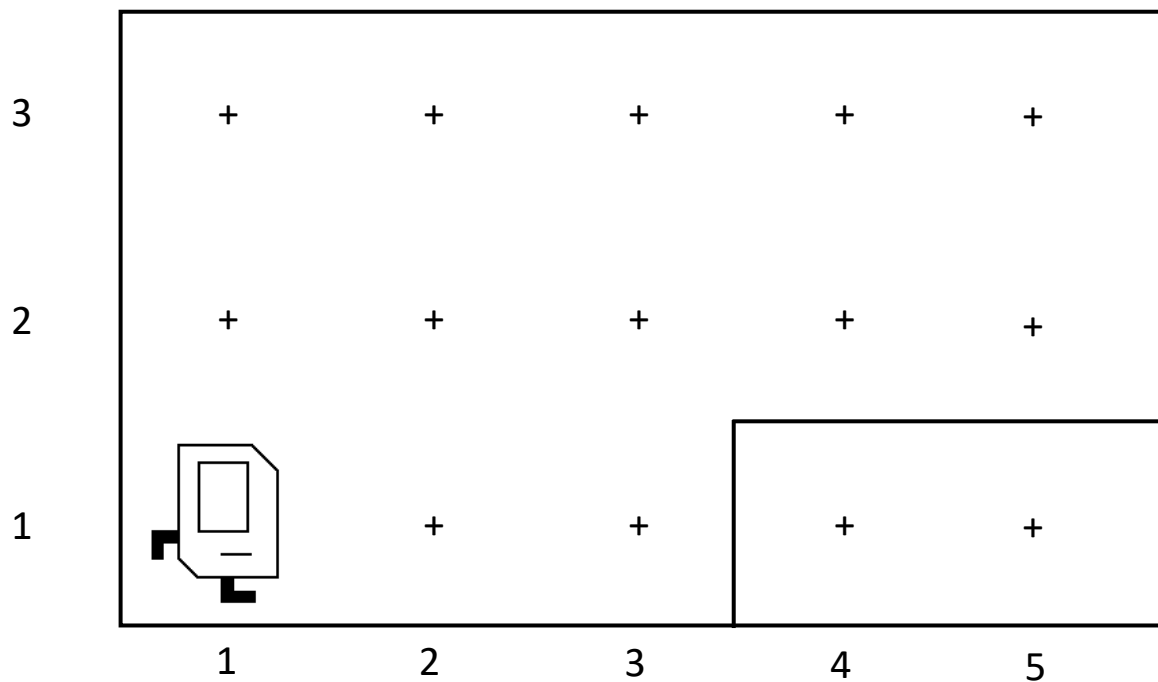
**“Streets” run East/West**



**“Avenues” run  
North/South**

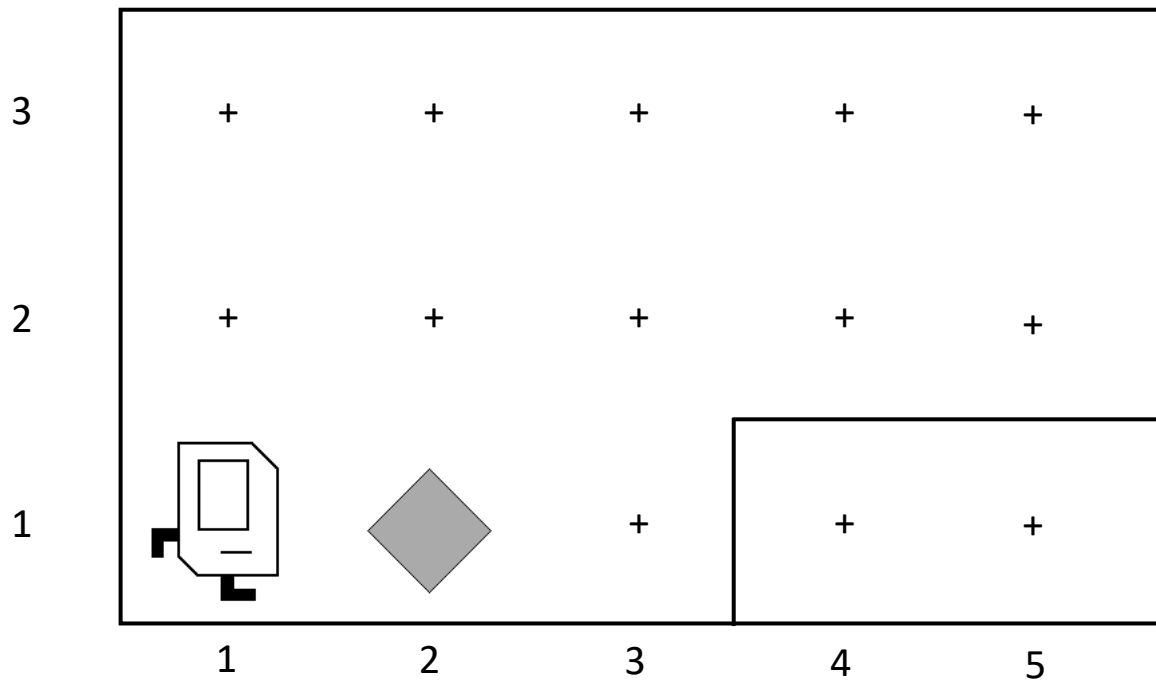


# Walls





# Beepers



# Knows Four Commands

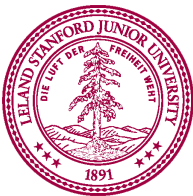


`move()`

`turn_left()`

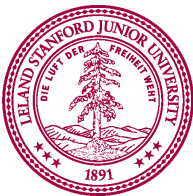
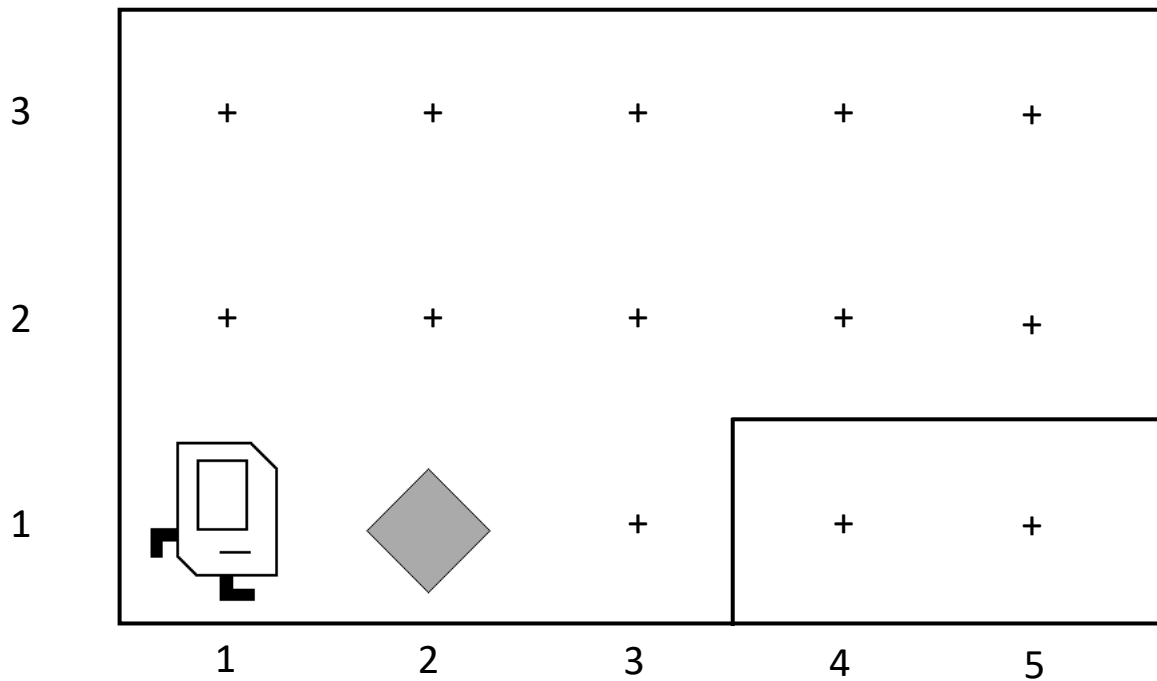
`put_beeper()`

`pick_beeper()`

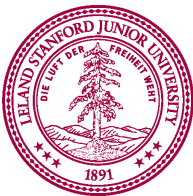
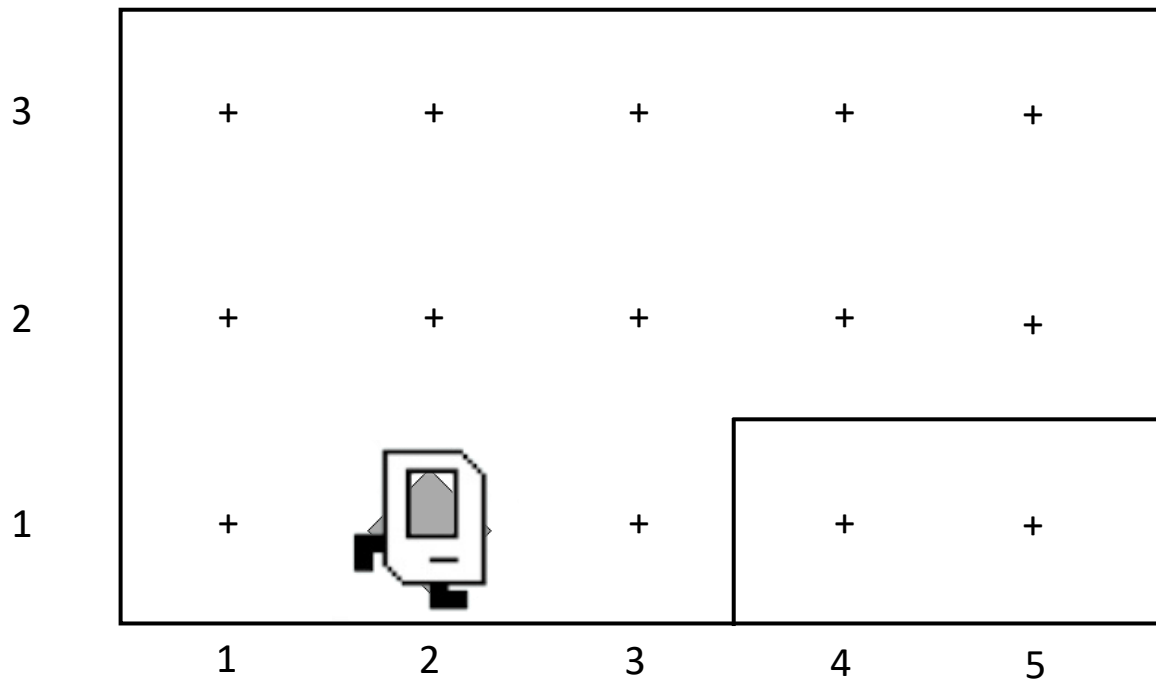


move ()

# move ()

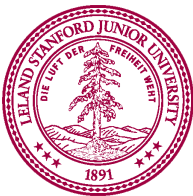
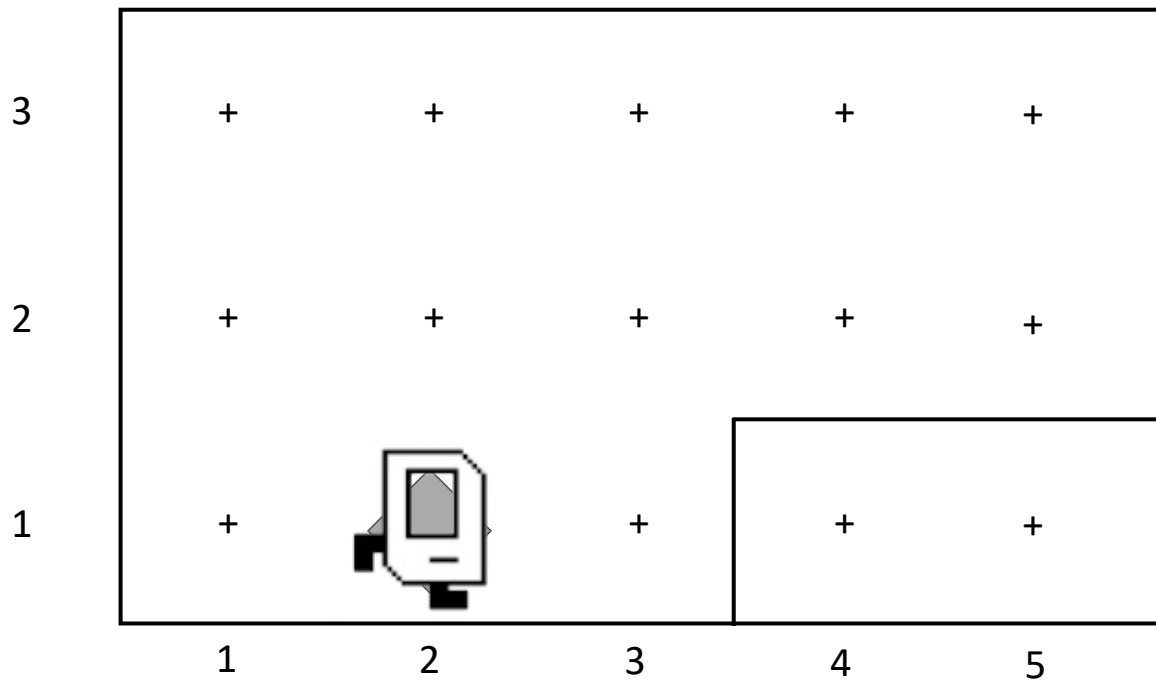


# move ()

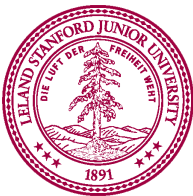
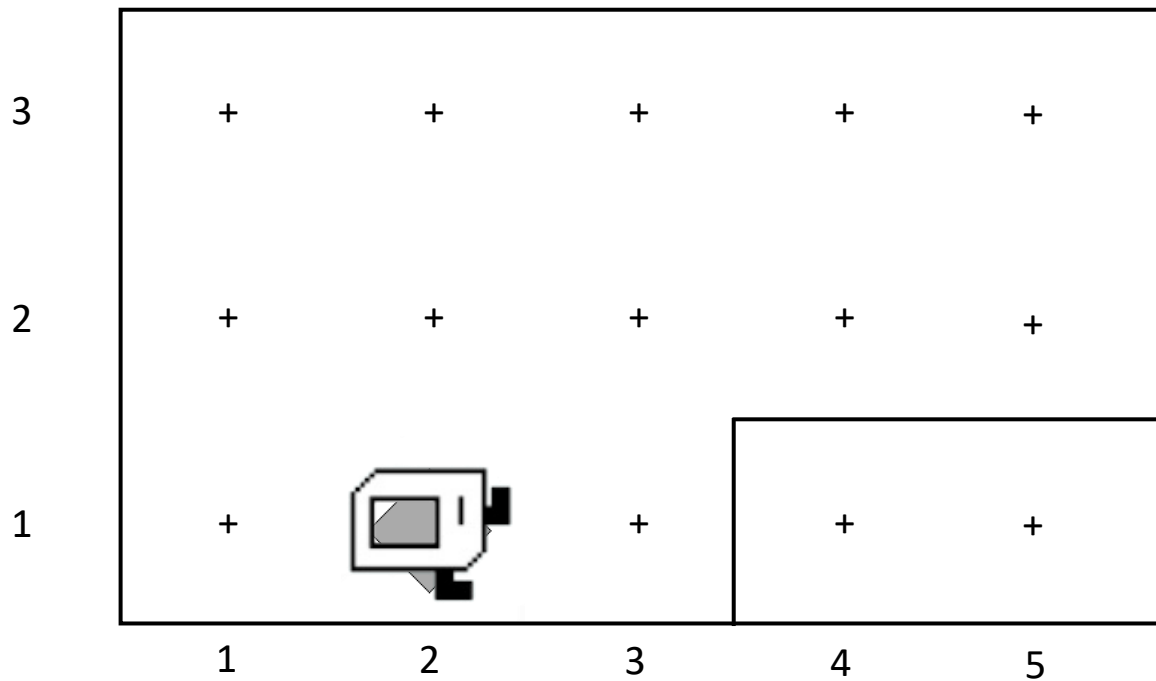


```
turn_left()
```

# turn\_left()



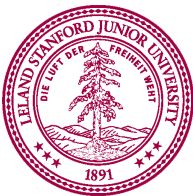
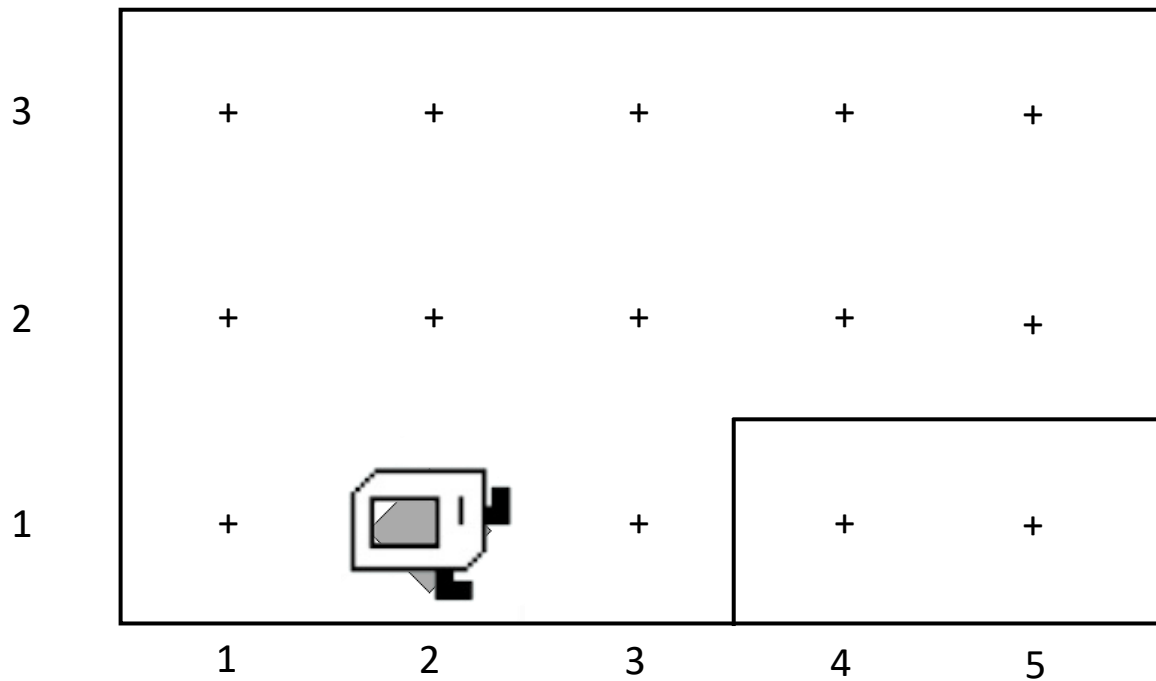
# turn\_left()



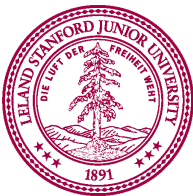
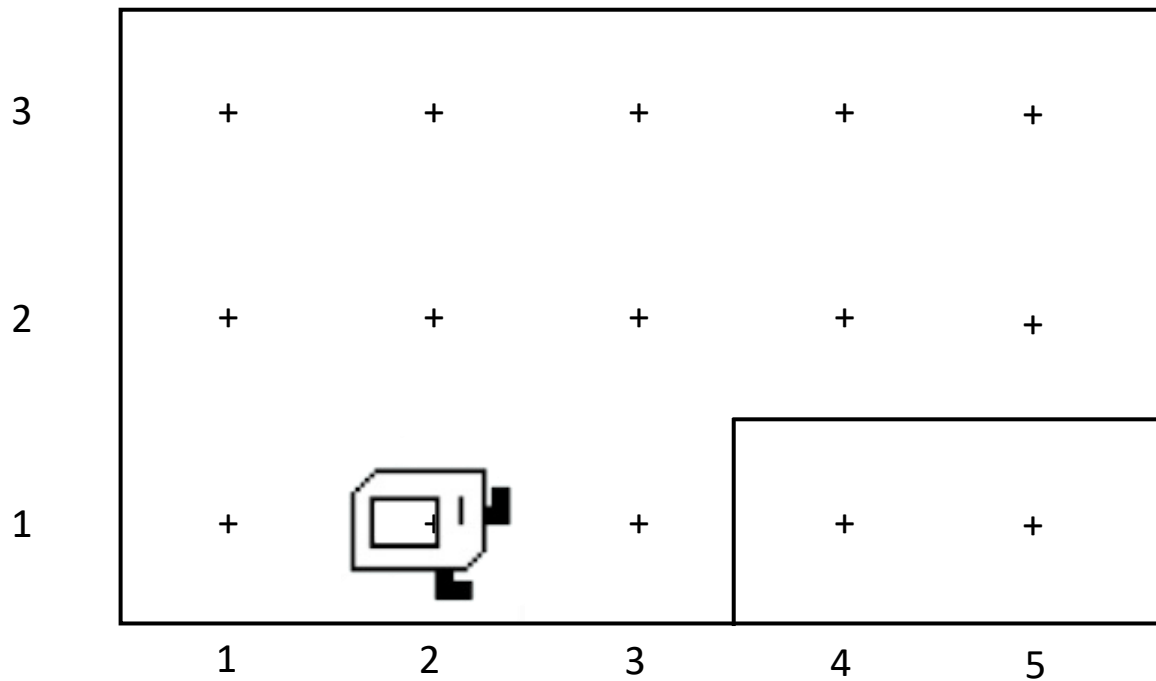


```
pick_beeper()
```

# turn\_left()

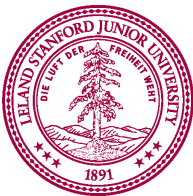
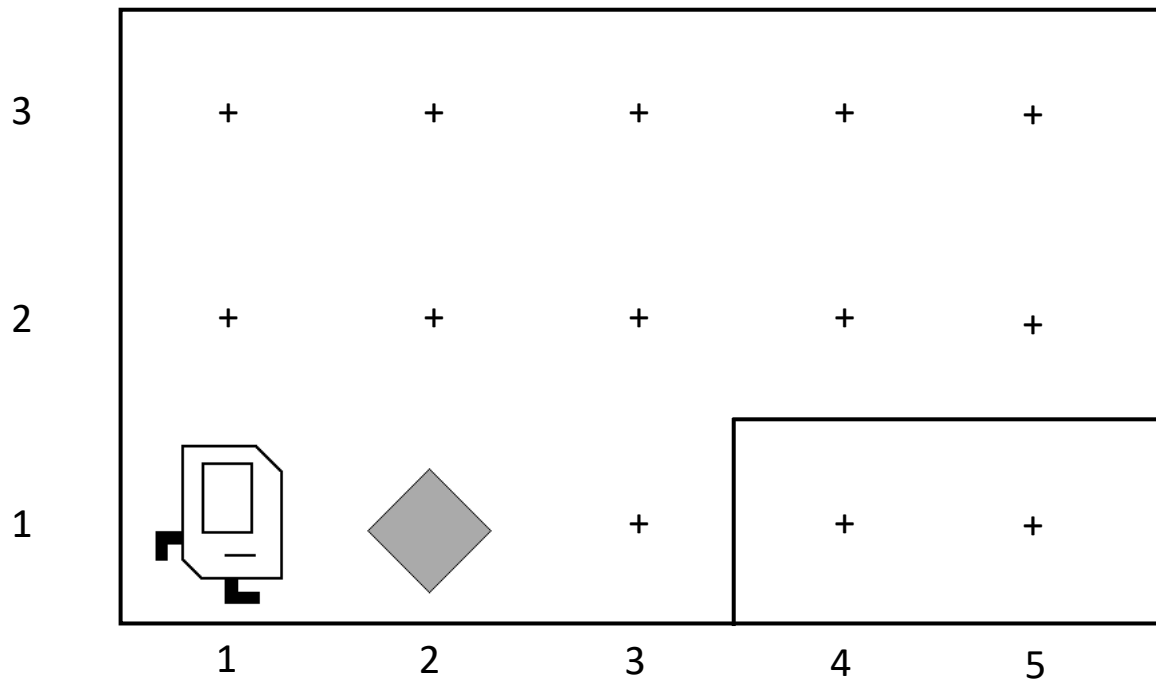


# turn\_left()

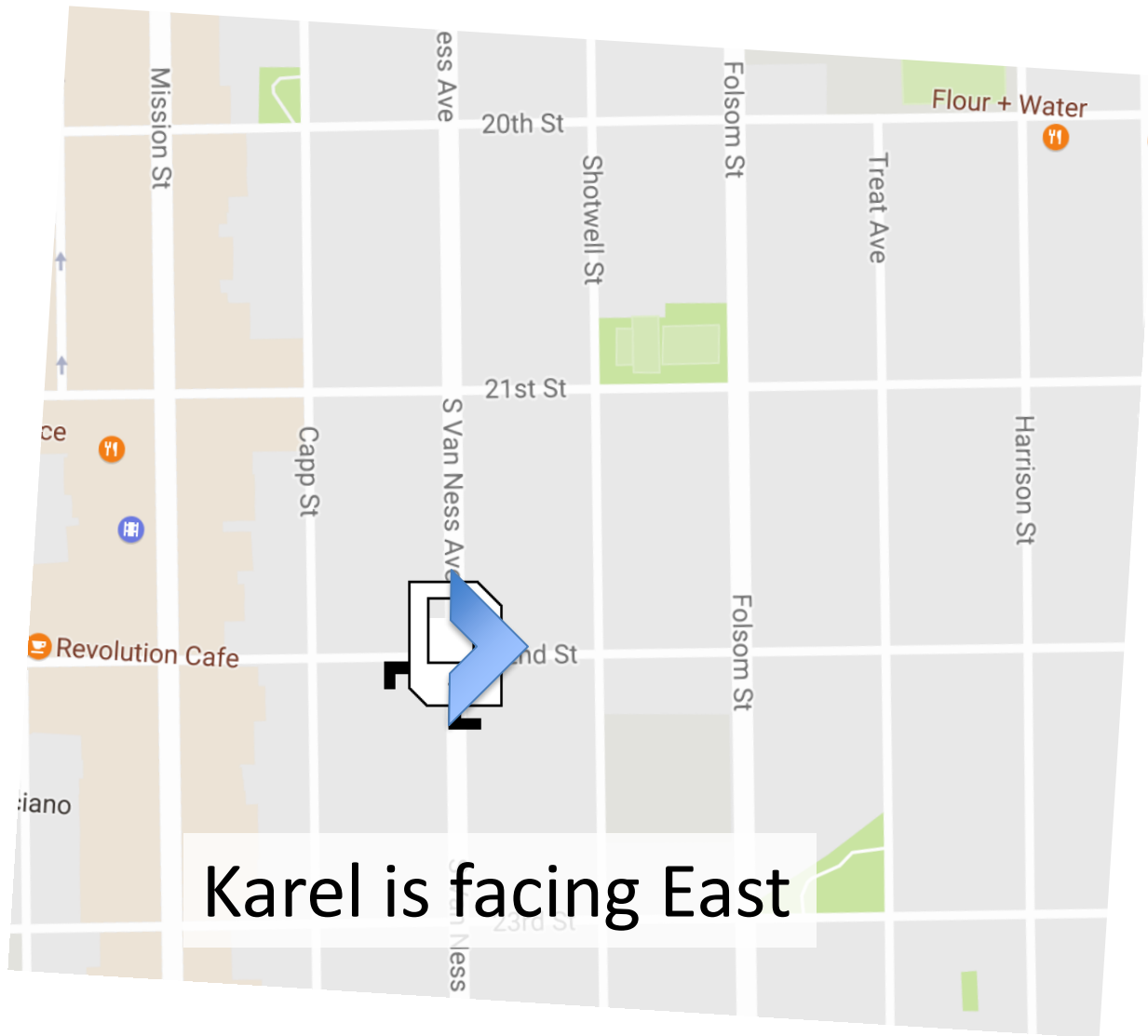


Make Sense?

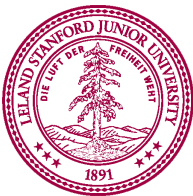
# Bird's Eye View



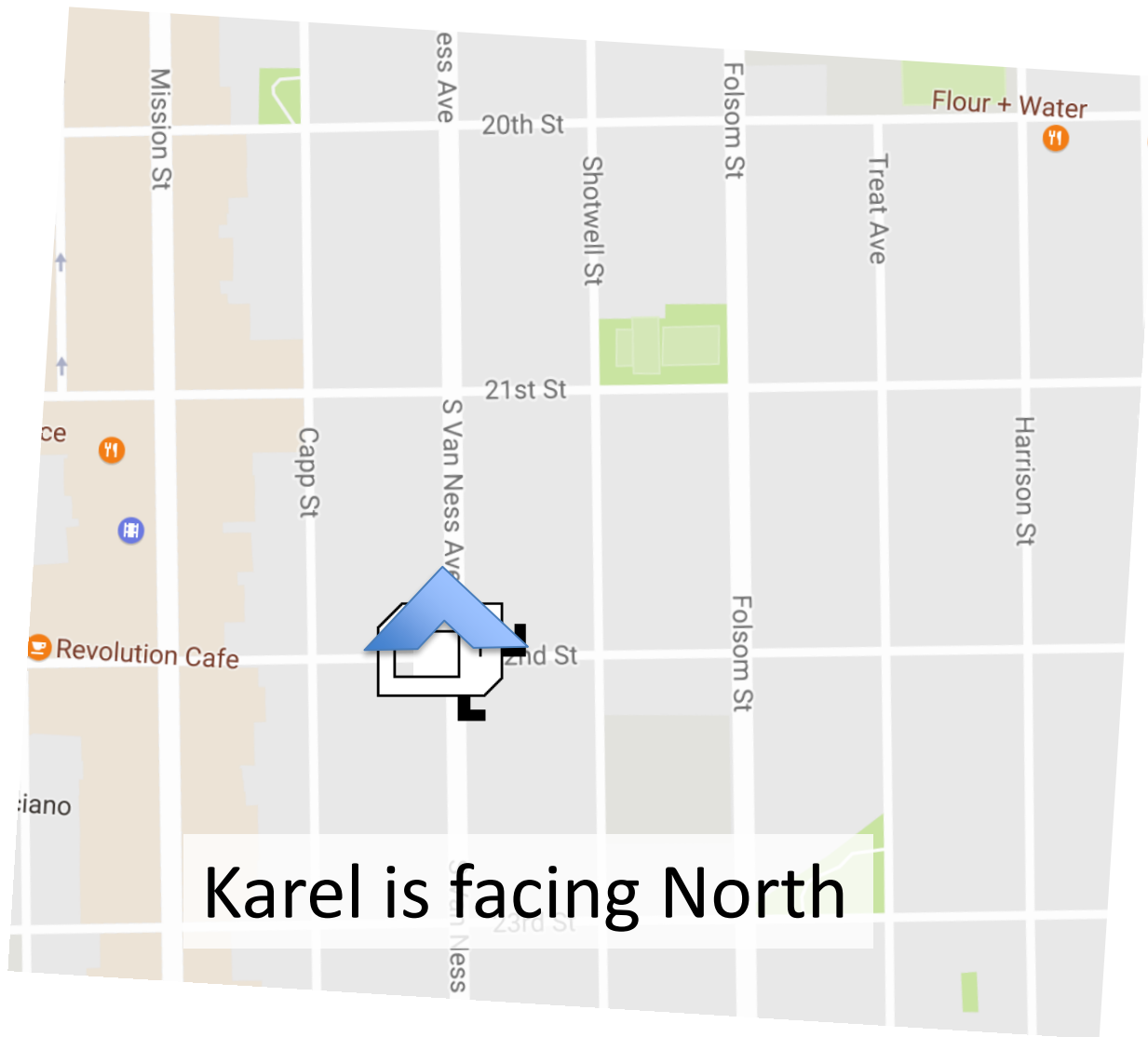
# Bird's Eye View



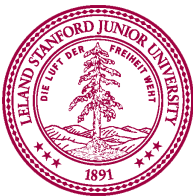
Karel is facing East



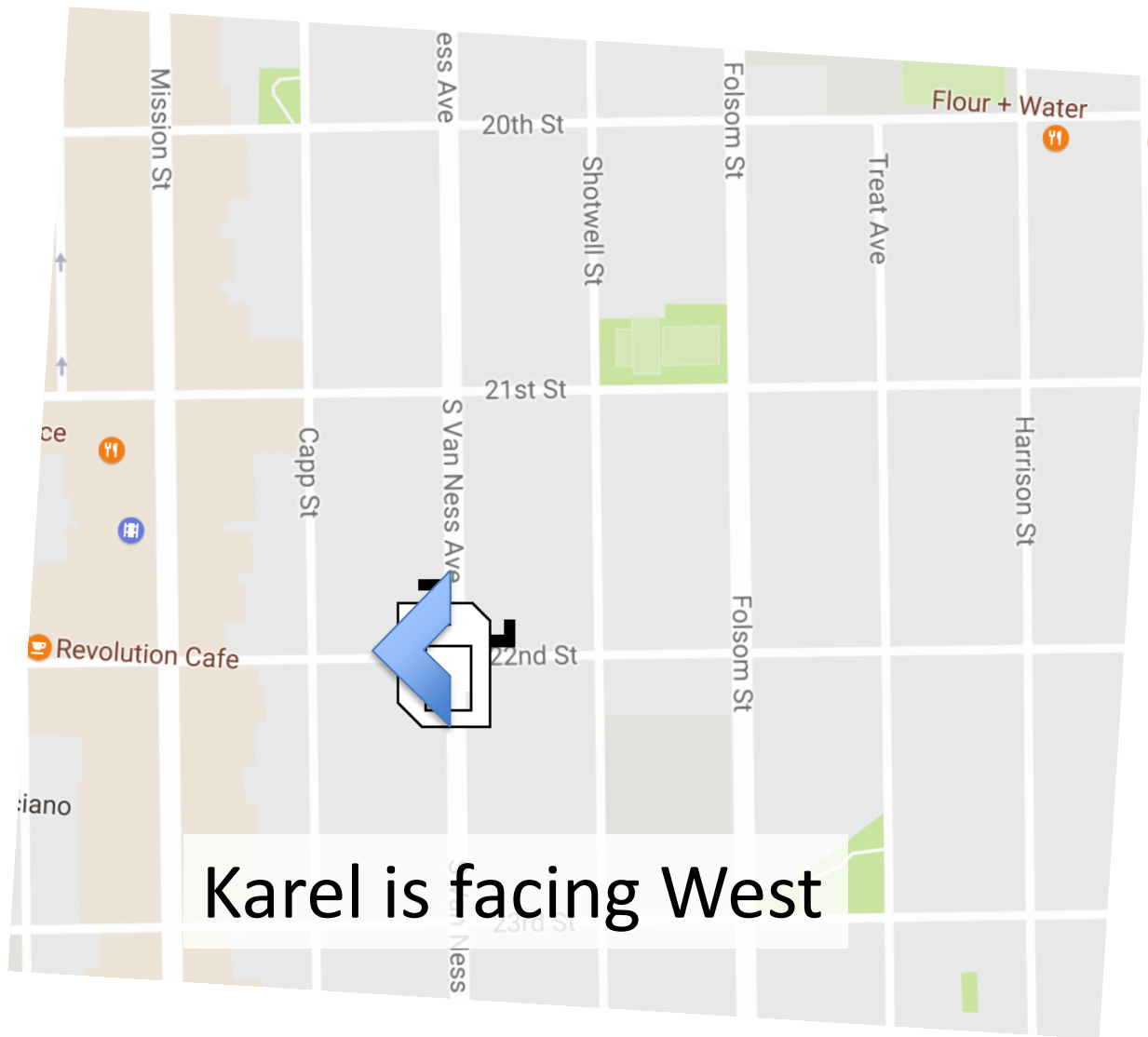
# Turn Left



Karel is facing North



# Turn Left

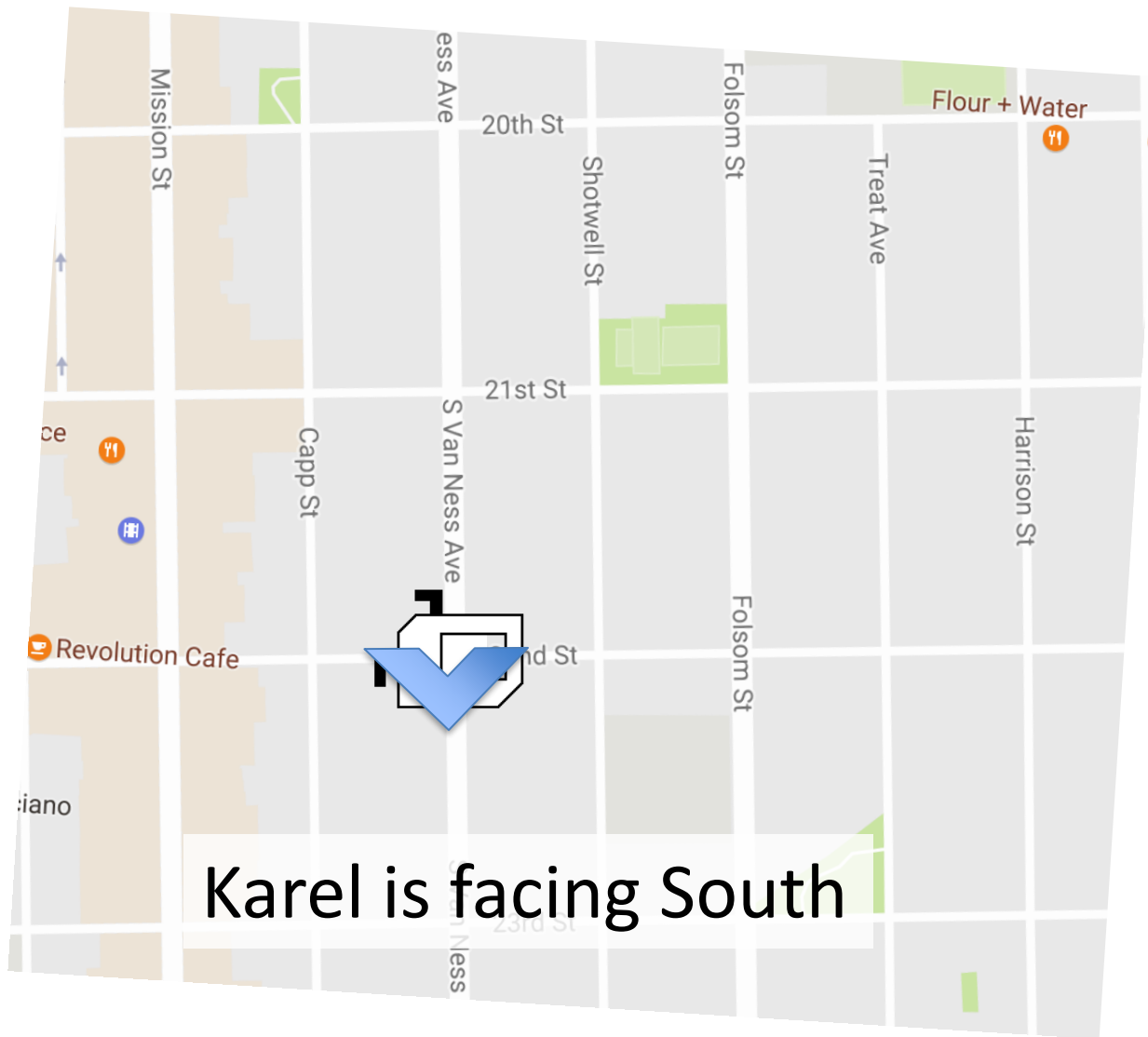


Karel is facing West

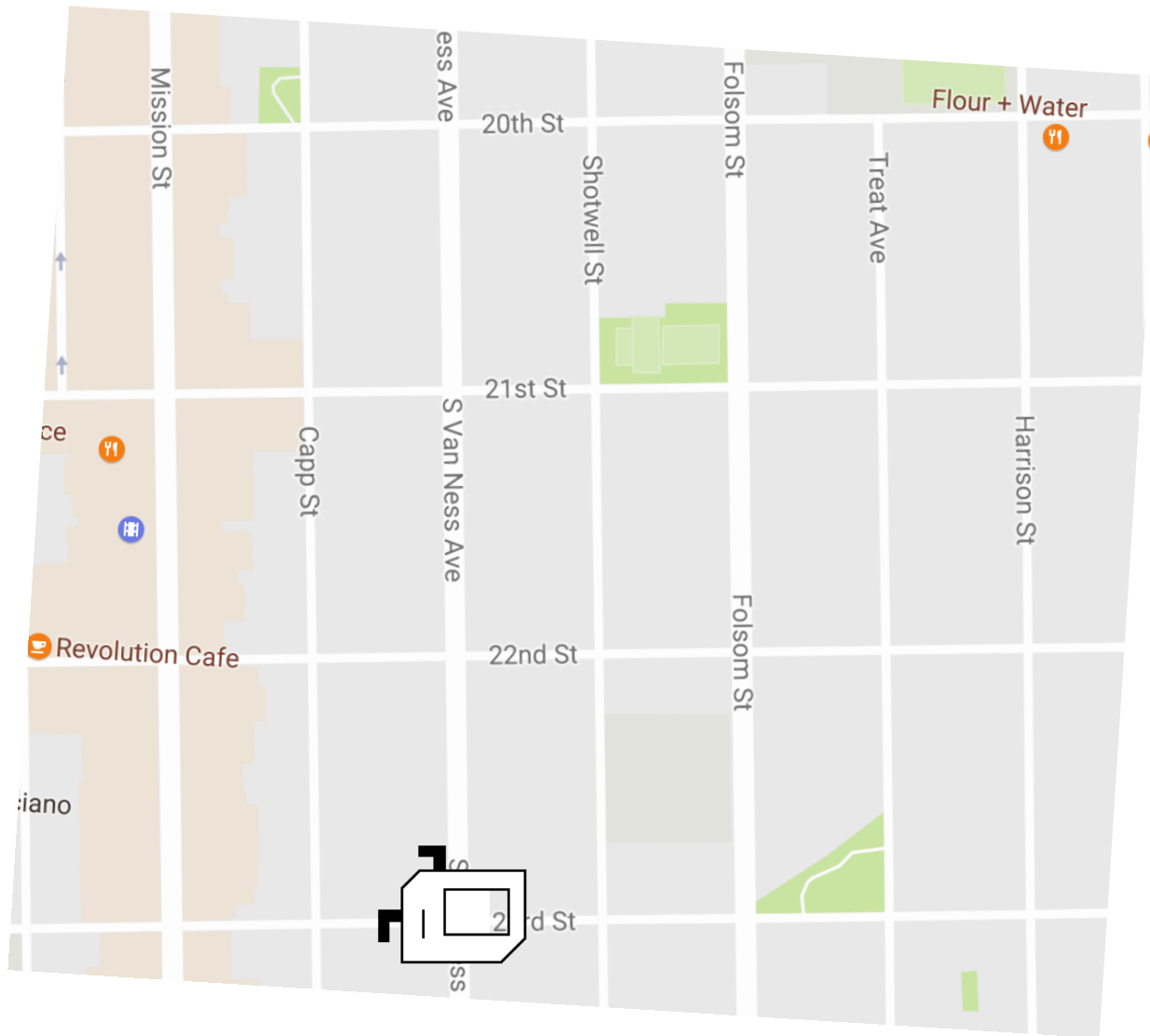




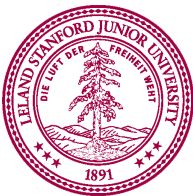
# Turn Left



# Move



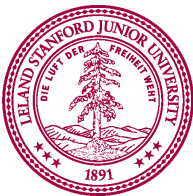
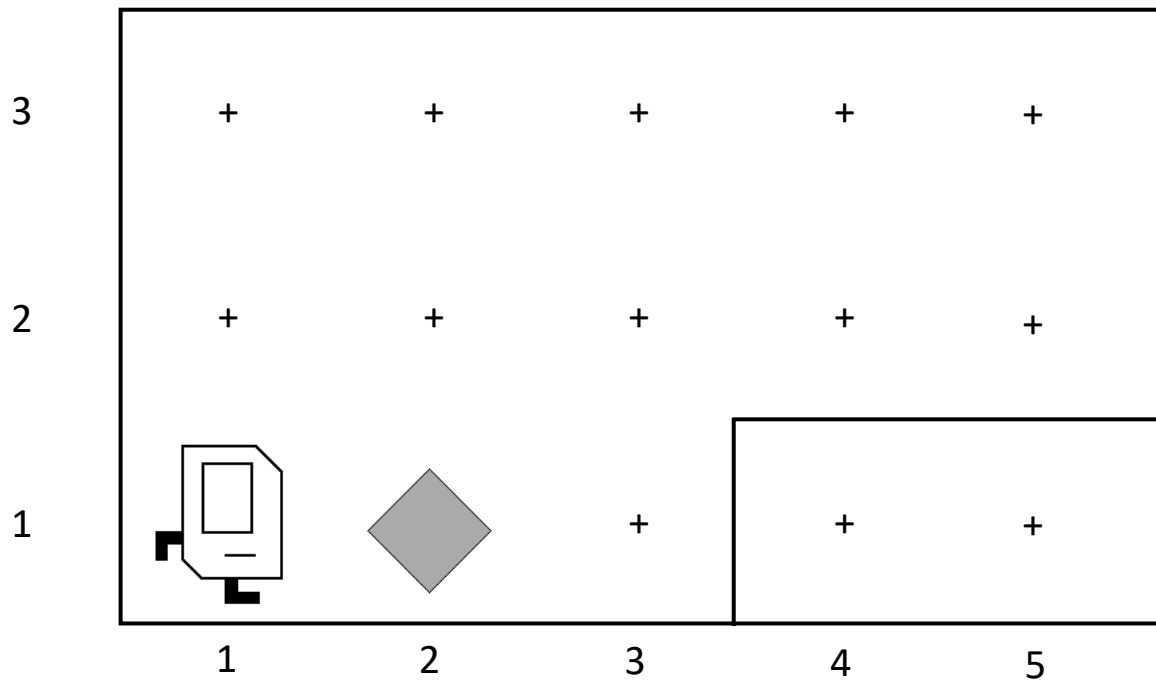
Sahami, CS106A, Stanford University



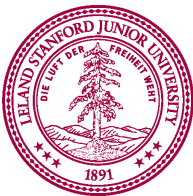
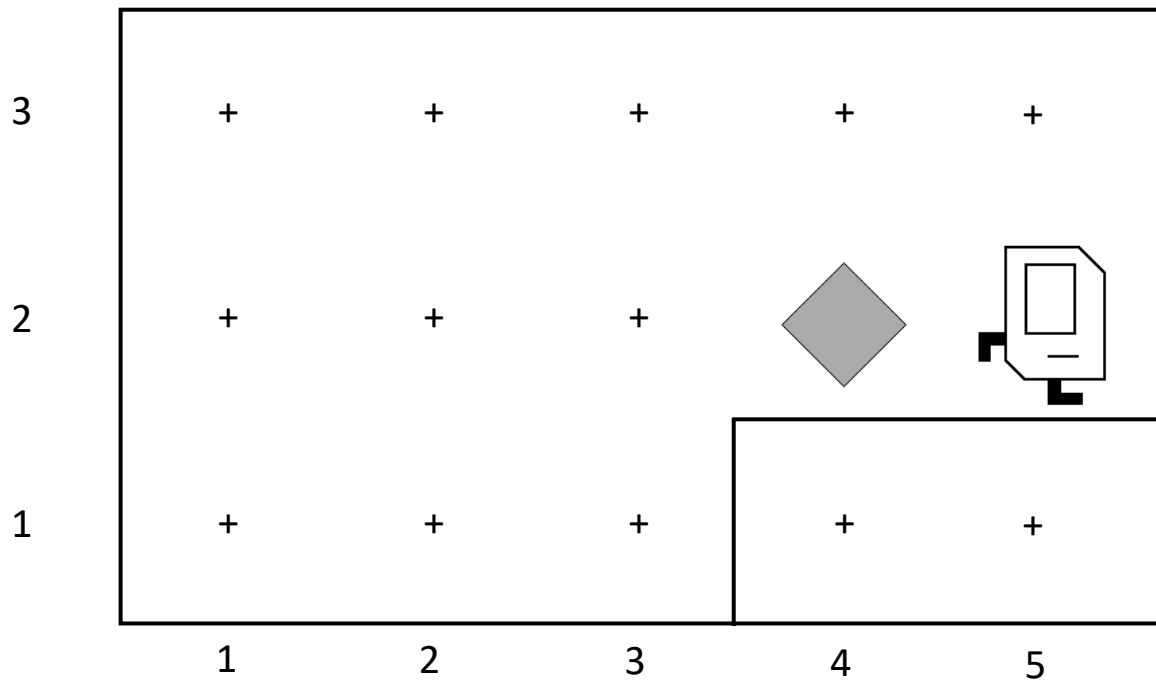
# Learn By Doing



# First Challenge



# First Challenge



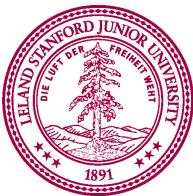


# PyCharm

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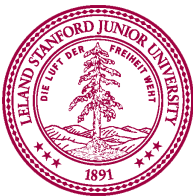
Full-fledged Professional or Free Community



# Function Definition

```
def name():  
    function statements
```

This adds a new  
command to Karel's  
vocabulary



# Anatomy of a Program

Import Packages

Program





# Anatomy of a Program

Import Packages



# Anatomy of a Program

Import Packages

main function

helper functions

start program



# Anatomy of a Program

Import Packages

```
def main():  
    move()  
    pick_beeper()  
    move()  
    turn_left()  
    move()  
    turn_right()  
    move()  
    put_beeper()  
    move()
```

helper functions

start program



# Anatomy of a Program

Import Packages

```
def main():  
    move()  
    pick_beeper()  
    move()  
    turn_left()  
    move()  
    turn_right()  
    move()  
    put_beeper()  
    move()  
  
def turn_right():  
    turn_left()  
    turn_left()  
    turn_left()
```

start program



# Anatomy of a Program

## Import Packages

```
def main():  
    move()  
    pick_beeper()  
    move()  
    turn_left()  
    move()  
    turn_right()  
    move()  
    put_beeper()  
    move()  
  
def turn_right():  
    turn_left()  
    turn_left()  
    turn_left()  
  
if name == "main":  
    run_karel_program()
```



# Anatomy of a Program

```
from karel.stanfordkarel import *
```

```
def main():  
    move()  
    pick_beeper()  
    move()  
    turn_left()  
    move()  
    turn_right()  
    move()  
    put_beeper()  
    move()
```

```
def turn_right():  
    turn_left()  
    turn_left()  
    turn_left()
```

```
if __name__ == "__main__":  
    run_karel_program()
```



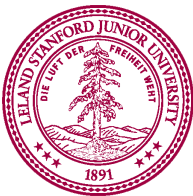
# Anatomy of a Program

```
from karel.stanfordkarel import *
```

```
def main():  
    move()  
    pick_beeper()  
    move()  
    turn_left()  
    move()  
    turn_right()  
    move()  
    put_beeper()  
    move()
```

```
def turn_right():  
    turn_left()  
    turn_left()  
    turn_left()
```

```
if __name__ == "__main__":  
    run_karel_program()
```



# Anatomy of a Program

```
from karel.stanfordkarel import *
```

```
def main():  
    move()  
    pick_beeper()  
    move()  
    turn_left()  
    move()  
    turn_right()  
    move()  
    put_beeper()  
    move()
```

This piece of the program's  
*source code* is called a  
*function*.

```
def turn_right():  
    turn_left()  
    turn_left()  
    turn_left()
```

```
if __name__ == "__main__":  
    run_karel_program()
```





# Anatomy of a Program

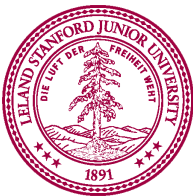
```
from karel.stanfordkarel import *
```

```
def main():  
    move()  
    pick_beeper()  
    move()  
    turn_left()  
    move()  
    turn_right()  
    move()  
    put_beeper()  
    move()
```

This line of code gives the **name** of the function (here, the name is: **main**)

```
def turn_right():  
    turn_left()  
    turn_left()  
    turn_left()
```

```
if __name__ == "__main__":  
    run_karel_program()
```



# Anatomy of a Program

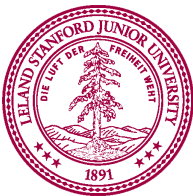
```
from karel.stanfordkarel import *
```

```
def main():  
    move()  
    pick_beeper()  
    move()  
    turn_left()  
    move()  
    turn_right()  
    move()  
    put_beeper()  
    move()
```

```
def turn_right():  
    turn_left()  
    turn_left()  
    turn_left()
```

```
if __name__ == "__main__":  
    run_karel_program()
```

This line of code gives the *name* of the function  
(here, the name is: **turn\_right**)



# Anatomy of a Program

```
from karel.stanfordkarel import *
```

```
def main():
```

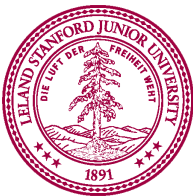
```
    move()
    pick_beeper()
    move()
    turn_left()
    move()
    turn_right()
    move()
    put_beeper()
    move()
```

This is called a *code block*  
(Note the indenting)

```
def turn_right():
```

```
    turn_left()
    turn_left()
    turn_left()
```

```
if __name__ == "__main__":
    run_karel_program()
```



# Anatomy of a Program

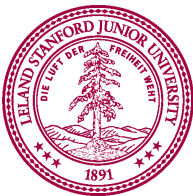
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from karel.stanfordkarel import *
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def main():  
    move()  
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    turn_left()  
    move()  
    turn_right()  
    move()  
    put_beeper()  
    move()
```

This is called a *code block*  
(Note the indenting)

```
def turn_right():  
    turn_left()  
    turn_left()  
    turn_left()
```

```
if __name__ == "__main__":  
    run_karel_program()
```



# Anatomy of a Program

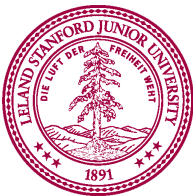
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from karel.stanfordkarel import *
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    turn_right()  
    move()  
    put_beeper()  
    move()
```

This is called a *code block*  
(Note the indenting)

```
def turn_right():  
    turn_left()  
    turn_left()  
    turn_left()
```

```
if __name__ == "__main__":  
    run_karel_program()
```



Why Study CS?

# Joy of Building



# Interdisciplinary



Sahami, CS106A, Stanford University





# Closest Thing To Magic



# Everyone is Welcome



The End

A black, teardrop-shaped spinning top is balanced on its point on a reflective surface. The top is perfectly balanced, with its point touching the surface. The surface is highly reflective, creating a clear mirror image of the top. The background is a blurred, warm-toned gradient, suggesting an indoor setting with soft lighting. The overall mood is one of stillness and balance.

The End?