

## Container Syntax Reference

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Here's a quick reference sheet for the syntax of common operations on the different container types. This list isn't comprehensive – for that, visit the [Stanford C++ Library Reference](#) website.

This version, which will be available at the midterm, was updated on February 3, 2020.

<p><b>Lexicon</b></p> <pre>Lexicon lex; Lexicon english(filename); lex.addWord(word); bool present = lex.contains(word); bool pref = lex.containsPrefix(prefix); int numElems = lex.size(); bool empty = lex.isEmpty(); lex.clear();  /* Elements visited in sorted order. */ for (string word: lex) { ... }</pre>	<p><b>HashMap</b></p> <pre>HashMap&lt;K, V&gt; map = {{k<sub>1</sub>, v<sub>1</sub>}, ... {k<sub>n</sub>, v<sub>n</sub>}}; cout &lt;&lt; map[key] &lt;&lt; endl; // Autoinserts map[key] = value; // Autoinserts bool present = map.containsKey(key); int numKeys = map.size(); bool empty = map.isEmpty(); map.remove(key); map.clear(); Vector&lt;K&gt; keys = map.keys();  /* Visited in no particular order. */ for (K key: map) { ... }</pre>
<p><b>Stack</b></p> <pre>stack.push(elem); T val = stack.pop(); // Removes top T val = stack.peek(); // Looks at top int numElems = stack.size(); bool empty = stack.isEmpty(); stack.clear();</pre>	<p><b>Queue</b></p> <pre>queue.enqueue(elem); T val = queue.dequeue(); // Removes front T val = queue.peek(); // Looks at front int numElems = queue.size(); bool empty = queue.isEmpty(); queue.clear();</pre>
<p><b>HashSet</b></p> <pre>HashSet&lt;T&gt; set = {v<sub>1</sub>, v<sub>2</sub>, ..., v<sub>n</sub>}; set.add(elem); set += elem; set -= elem; HashSet&lt;T&gt; s = set - elem; // or + elem bool present = set.contains(elem); set.remove(x); set -= x; set -= set2; HashSet&lt;T&gt; unionSet = s1 + s2; HashSet&lt;T&gt; intersectSet = s1 * s2; HashSet&lt;T&gt; difference = s1 - s2; T elem = set.first(); int numElems = set.size(); bool empty = set.isEmpty(); set.clear();  /* Visited in no particular order. */ for (T elem: set) { ... }</pre>	<p><b>Vector</b></p> <pre>Vector&lt;T&gt; vec = {v<sub>1</sub>, v<sub>2</sub>, ..., v<sub>n</sub>}; vec[index]; // Read/write vec.add(elem); vec += elem; vec.insert(index, elem); vec.indexOf(elem); // index or -1 vec.remove(index); vec.clear(); int numElems = vec.size(); bool empty = vec.isEmpty(); vec.subList(start, numElems);  /* Visited in order. */ for (T elem: vec) { ... }</pre>
<p><b>string</b></p> <pre>str[index]; // Read/write str.substr(start); str.substr(start, numChars); str.find(c); // index or string::npos str.find(c, startIndex); str += ch; str += otherStr; str.erase(index, length);  /* Visited in order. */ for (char ch: str) { ... }</pre>	<p><b>Grid</b></p> <pre>Grid&lt;T&gt; grid(nRows, nCols); Grid&lt;T&gt; grid(nRows, nCols, fillValue);  int nRows = grid.numRows(); int nCols = grid.numCols();  if (grid.inBounds(row, col)) { ... }  grid[row][col] = value; cout &lt;&lt; grid[row][col] &lt;&lt; endl;  /* Visited left-to-right, top-to-bottom */ for (T elem: grid) { ... }</pre>