

fasciculate?

fas•cic•u•late \-let\ *adj*
(1794)

:FASCICULAR

fas•cic•u•lar \fe-'sik-ye-ler, fa-\ *adj*
(1805)

:of, relating to, or consisting of fascicles or fasciculi

— **fas•cic•u•lar•ly** *adv*

fas•ci•cle \'fas-i-ke\ *n*

[L *fasciculus*, dim. of *fascis*]

(15c)

1: a small bundle: as

a: an inflorescence consisting of a compacted cyme
less capitate than a glomerule

b: FASCICULUS 1

2: one of the divisions of a book published in parts

— **fas•ci•cled** \-keld\ *adj*

glom•er•ule \'gla-m-e-, ru-l, -er-, yu-(e)\ *n*

[NL *glomerulus*]

(1793)

:a compacted cyme like the flower head of a composite

cap•i•tate \'kap-e-, ta-t\ *adj*

[L *capitatus* headed, fr. *capit-*, *caput* head]

(1661)

1: forming a head

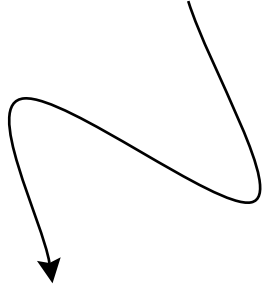
2: abruptly enlarged and globose

cyme \'si-m\ *n*

[NL *cyma*, fr. L, cabbage sprout, fr. Gk *kyma* swell, wave, cabbage sprout, fr. *kyein* to be pregnant —
more at CAVE]

(1794)

:an inflorescence in which all floral axes terminate in a single flower; *esp*: a determinate inflorescence of this type containing several flowers with the first-opening central flower terminating the main axis and subsequent flowers developing from lateral buds — see INFLORESCENCE illustrated



in•flo•res•cence \, in-flē- 'res-ēn(t)s\ n

[NL *inflorescentia*, fr. LL *inflorescent-*, *inflorescens*, prp. of *inflorescere* to begin to bloom, fr. L *in-* + *florescere* to begin to bloom — more at FLORESCENCE]

(ca. 1760)

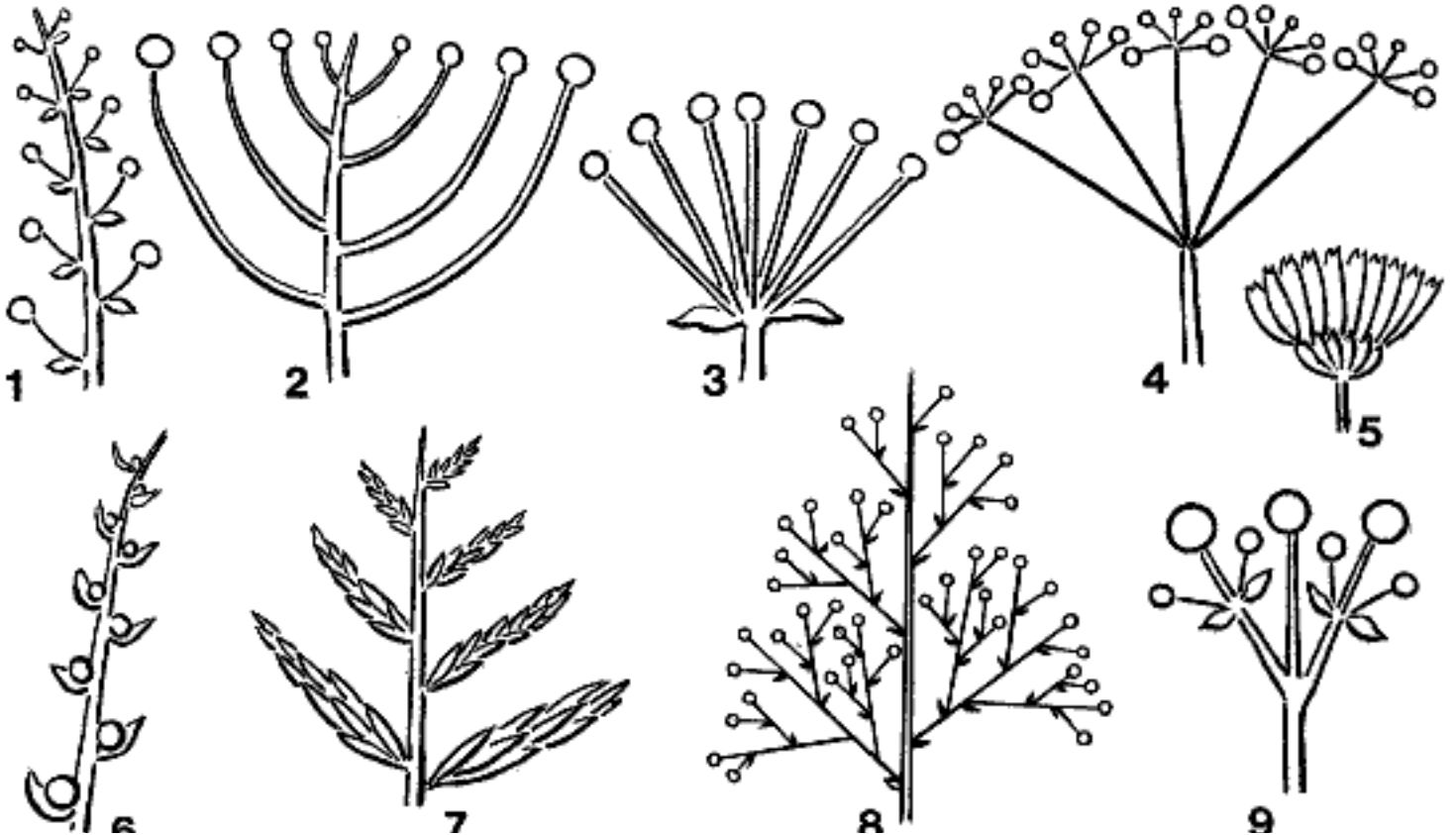
1a (1): the mode of development and arrangement of flowers on an axis

(2): a floral axis with its appendages; *also*: a flower cluster or sometimes a solitary flower

b: a cluster of reproductive organs on a moss usu. subtended by a bract

2: the budding and unfolding of blossoms: FLOWERING

— **in•flo•res•cent** \-ēnt\adj



inflorescence 1a (1): 1 raceme, 2 corymb, 3 umbel, 4 compound umbel,
5 capitulum, 6 spike, 7 compound spike, 8 panicle, 9 cyme