

## Section #6 Warmup

Based on the work of many CS109 staffs

### 1 Lecture 17, 5-18-20: Conditional Joint Distributions II

1. Let  $X \sim \mathcal{N}(\mu_1, \sigma_1^2)$  and  $Y \sim \mathcal{N}(\mu_2, \sigma_2^2)$ . What is  $\mu$  and  $\sigma$  for  $X + Y \sim \mathcal{N}(\mu, \sigma)$ ?
2. Let  $X \sim \text{Uni}(0, 1)$  and  $Y \sim \text{Uni}(0, 1)$ . What is the PDF for  $X + Y$ ?
3. In general, for two independent random variables  $X$  and  $Y$ , what is the PDF  $f$  of  $X + Y$ ?

### 2 Lecture 18, 5-20-20: Sampling/Bootstrapping

1. Computing the sample mean is similar to the population mean: sum all available points and divide by the number of points. However, sample variance is slightly different from population variance.

(a) Consider the equation for population variance, and an analogous equation for sample variance.

$$\sigma^2 = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=1}^N (x_i - \mu)^2 \quad (1) \qquad S_{biased}^2 = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n (X_i - \bar{X})^2 \quad (2)$$

$S_{biased}^2$  is a random variable which estimates the constant  $\sigma^2$ . Is  $E[S_{biased}^2]$  greater or less than  $\sigma^2$ ?

- (b) Write the equation for  $S_{unbiased}^2$  (known simply as  $S^2$  in the slides). This is known as *Bessel's correction*.

### 3 Lecture 1, 5-22-20: Central Limit Theorem

1. What is the distribution (with name and parameter(s)) of the average of  $n$  i.i.d. random variables,  $X_1, \dots, X_n$ , each with mean  $\mu$  and variance  $\sigma^2$ ?