

CS111 Final Exam Reference Sheet

Filesystem Access

```
// specify one of O_RDONLY, O_WRONLY, O_RDWR in flags
// O_TRUNC clears existing file, O_CREAT creates if doesn't exist,
// O_EXCL fails if already exists
int open(const char *pathname, int flags); // returns descriptor
int open(const char *pathname, int flags, mode_t mode); // also sets permissions
```

```
int close(int fd); // ignore retval
int dup2(int oldfd, int newfd); // ignore retval
int pipe(int fds[]); // ignore retval
int pipe2(int fds[], int flags); // ignore retval, flags typically O_CLOEXEC
ssize_t read(int fd, void *buf, size_t count); // returns bytes read into buf
ssize_t write(int fd, const void *buf, size_t count); // returns bytes written
```

```
#define STDIN_FILENO 0
#define STDOUT_FILENO 1
#define STDERR_FILENO 2
```

Multiprocessing

```
pid_t fork();
pid_t waitpid(pid_t pid, int *status, int flags);
int execvp(const char *path, char *argv[]); // ignore retval
#define WIFEXITED(status) // macro
#define WEXITSTATUS(status) // macro
#define WIFSIGNALED(status) // macro
#define WTERMSIG(status) // macro
```

```
#define SIGSEGV 11
```

Multithreading

```
class thread {
public:
    thread(...); // first argument is function, its args come afterwards
    void join();
};
```

Use **ref()** in the thread constructor to pass args by reference

```
// create unique lock
unique_lock<mutex> myUL(mutexName);
```

```

class mutex {
public:
    mutex();
    void lock();
    void unlock();
};

class condition_variable_any {
public:
    void wait(mutex& m);
    void notify_all();
};

```

C++ Standard Library

```

template <typename T>
class vector {
public:
    size_t size() const;
    void push_back(const T& elem);
    T& operator[](size_t i);
};

// range-based for loop
for (const T& value : vec) {
    ... // use value to refer to each element
}

```

```

template <typename T>
class queue {
public:
    size_t size() const;
    bool empty() const;
    void push(const T& elem);
    T& front();
    void pop();
};

```

```

// map operations below are for both map and unordered_map
template <typename Key, typename Value>
class unordered_map {
public:
    size_t size() const;
    Value& operator[](const Key& key); // auto-inserts!
    size_t erase(const Key& key); // ignore retval
    iterator find(const Key& key); // == m.end() if not found, != otherwise
};

```

```
// iterating through a map
for (auto it = myMap.begin(); it != myMap.end(); ++it) {
    // it->first is key, it->second is value
}

// range-based for loop
for (const auto& [key, value] : myMap) {
    ... // use key and value to refer to each pair's key/value
}

// check if key is in map
if (myMap.find(key) != myMap.end()) {
    // key is in map
}
```