

Faster Transformers for Document Summarization Zaid Nabulsi, Dian Ang Yap, Vineet Kosaraju

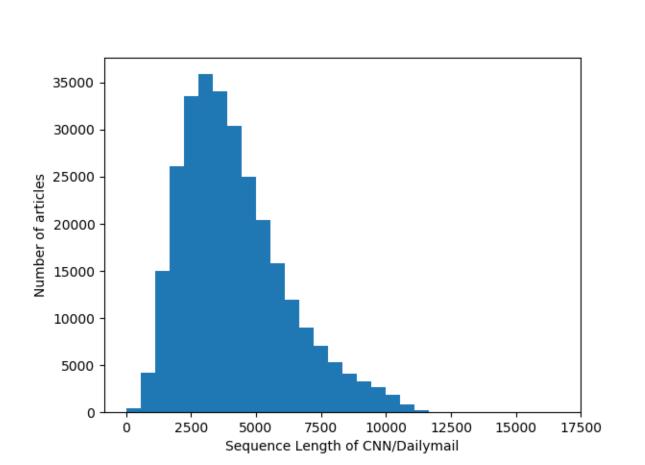
Background



Task: Long Document Summarization

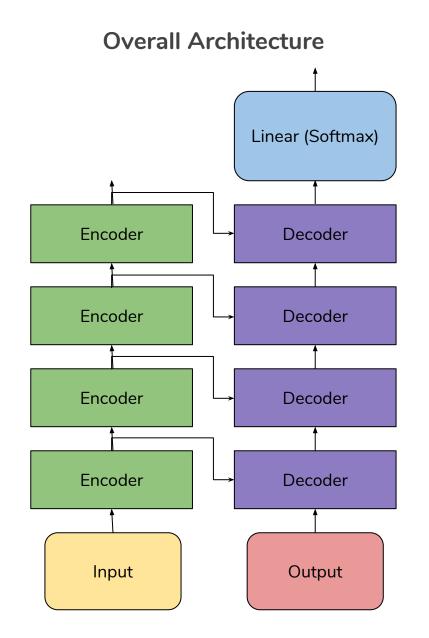


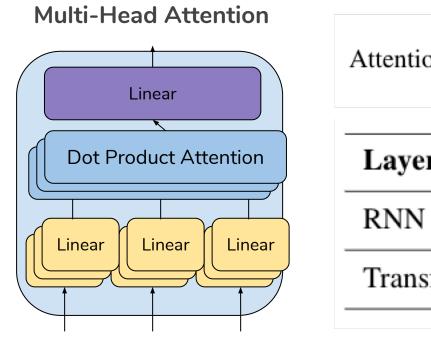
Document summarization has been done through vanilla RNNs, RL agents, and transformers. Transformers are very promising but are difficult to train as there attention layers serve as bottleneck. We present architectural design modifications to improve both efficiency and performance.



Data was split into train/val/test with a 92/4/4 ratio. The sequence length in the dataset ranges from 250 tokens to 16652 tokens, with a mean of 4153 tokens and a standard deviation of 2014 tokens.

Transformer Architecture



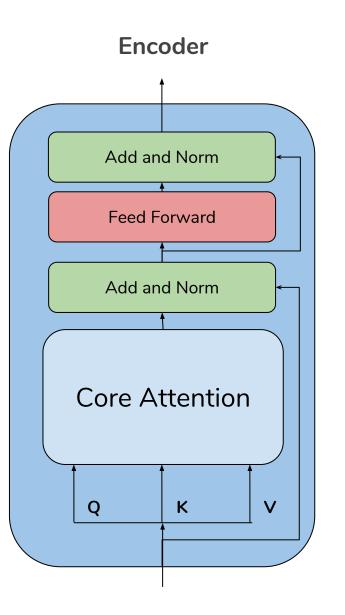


Attention	Accuracy		Perplexity		Speed (Tokens/s)		Theoterical Runtime	
	Training	Validation	Training	Validation	Training	Inference		
Baseline	56.12	56.55	7.65	9.26	5.96	54.48	$O(n^2)$	
Conv.	56.51	56.12	7.50	9.41	6.28	57.70	$O((\frac{n}{s})^2)$	
Strided	56.62	56.77	7.49	9.01	6.29	58.18	$O(\frac{n^2}{c})$	
	Baseline		Attention	Convolutional Attention		on Stride	Strided Attention	
ROUGE-1 Recall		38.60		39.26			37.79	
ROUGE-1 Precision		41.90		41.19		4	42.33	
ROUGE-1 F Score		38.82		38.77			38.53	
ROUGE-2 Recall		16.64		16.86			16.40	
ROUGE-2 Precision		18.47		18.06			18.83	
ROUGE-2 F Score		16.89		16.80		1	16.91	
ROUGE-L Recall		35.62		36.38		-	34.93	
ROUGE-L Precision		38.76		38.27			39.24	
ROUGE-L F Score		35.87		35.97			35.67	

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Dataset

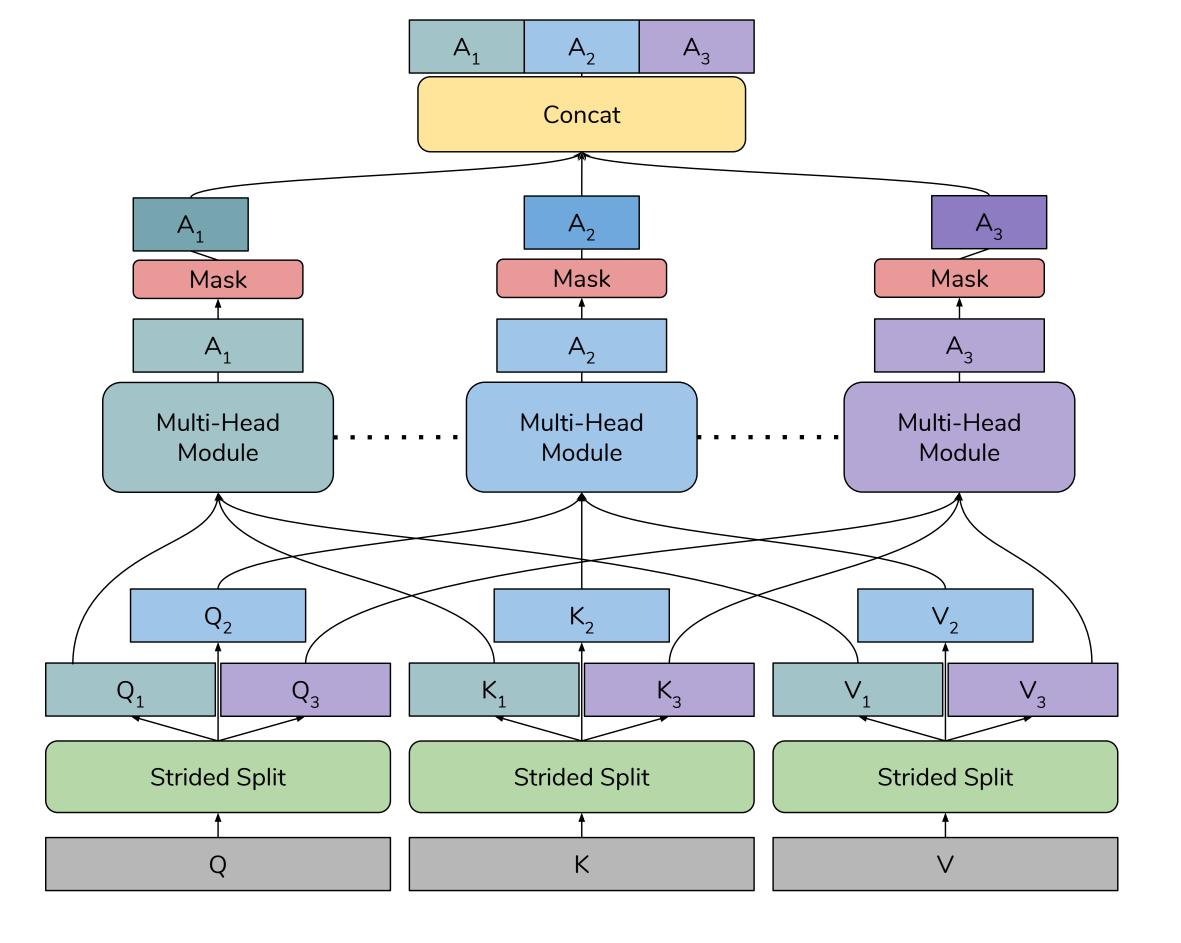
Approach & Methods Strided Neighborhood Attention



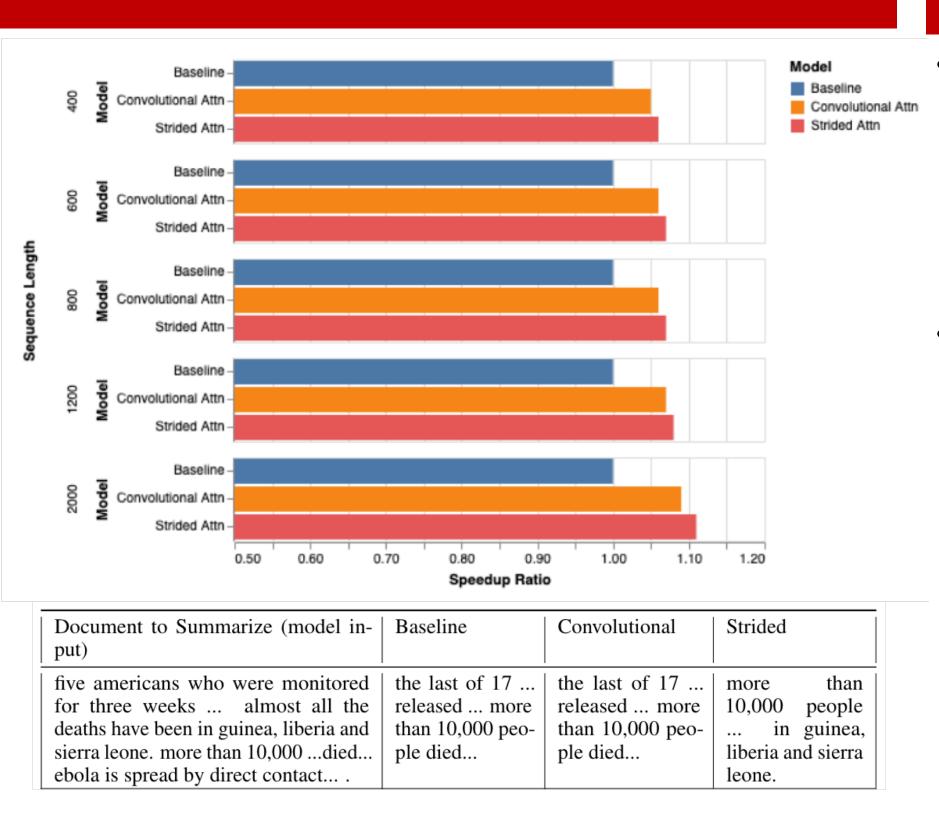
on
$$(Q, K, V) = \operatorname{softmax}\left(\frac{QK^T}{\sqrt{d_k}}\right)V$$

er Runtime

 $O(n \cdot d^2)$ RNN (Recurrent) Transformer (Baseline) $O(n^2 \cdot d)$

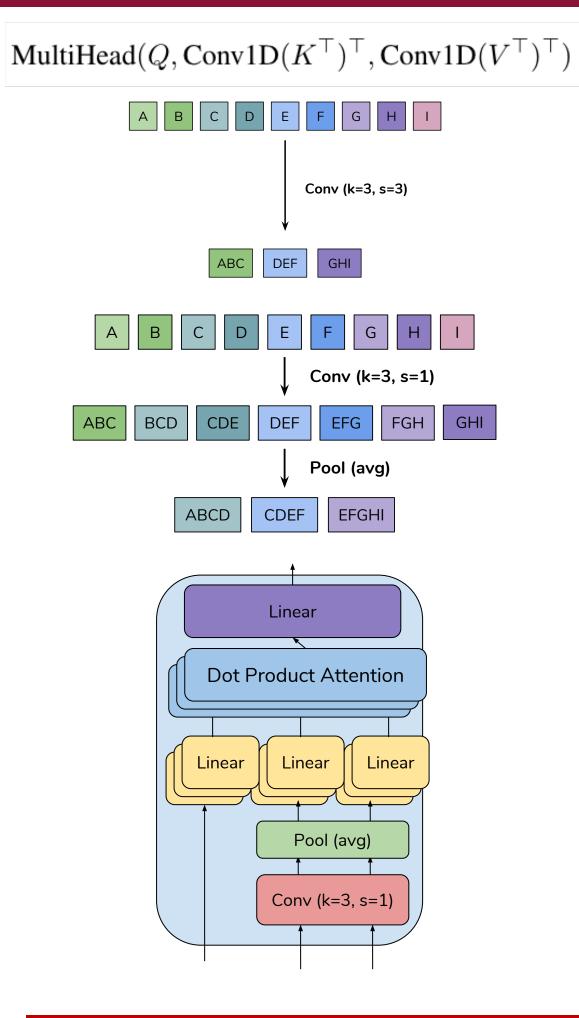


Results





Convolutional Attention



Conclusions

- Presented two novel models with architectural improvements to transformers that allow for more efficient training while maintaining (and even exceeding) comparable metrics to existing state-of-the-art methods on document summarization.
- As next steps, combining the models might result in even better performance.

References

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