

## 1 Least-squares classification

Consider a corpus of  $N$  documents. The  $i$ th document in the corpus has an associated feature vector  $x^{(i)} \in \mathbb{R}^n$ , and binary label  $y_i \in \{-1, +1\}$ . For example, each component of the feature could be the number of occurrences of a certain term in the document, and the label could be  $+1$  for a document that is a legitimate email, and  $-1$  for a document that is spam email. We want to find a classifier that assigns a label to a feature vector  $x \in \mathbb{R}^n$  using the formula

$$\hat{y} = \text{sgn}(w^\top x + v),$$

where  $w \in \mathbb{R}^n$  and  $v \in \mathbb{R}$  are the parameters of the classifiers.

- (a) Explain how to choose the parameters  $w$  and  $v$  in order to minimize

$$J = \sum_{i=1}^N (w^\top x^{(i)} + v - y_i)^2.$$

State any assumptions that are needed for your method to work.

- (b) The file `ls_classification_data.m` defines the following variables.

- **X**, a matrix whose columns are the observed feature vectors  $x^{(1)}, \dots, x^{(N)}$
- **y**, the vector of observed labels
- **Xtest**, a matrix whose columns are another set of observed feature vectors
- **ytest**, the vector of observed labels for **Xtest**

Apply your method to the set of observations in **X** and **y**. Use the  $w$  and  $v$  that you find to predict the labels for the observed feature vectors in **Xtest**. Report the number of correct predictions, the number of false negatives ( $\hat{y}_i = +1$  and  $y_i = -1$ ) and the number of false positives ( $\hat{y}_i = -1$  and  $y_i = +1$ ).