

### Job control

- Send SIGSTOP signal to pause a process
- Send SIGCONT signal to resume a process

On command line:

`kill -SIGSTOP pid`  
`(SIG)CONT`

Programmatically:

`kill( pid, SIGSTOP/CONT );`

waitpid (pid\_t pid, int \*status, int flags);

child you want to  
get info about, or  
-1 if you don't care  
to be specific

pointer to  
a collection  
of bits that  
tells you info  
about the child

O: default: wait for  
child to terminate  
WUNTRACED:  
wait for child to  
stop  
WCONTINUED:  
wait for child to  
continue

execvp:

runs an executable on the machine

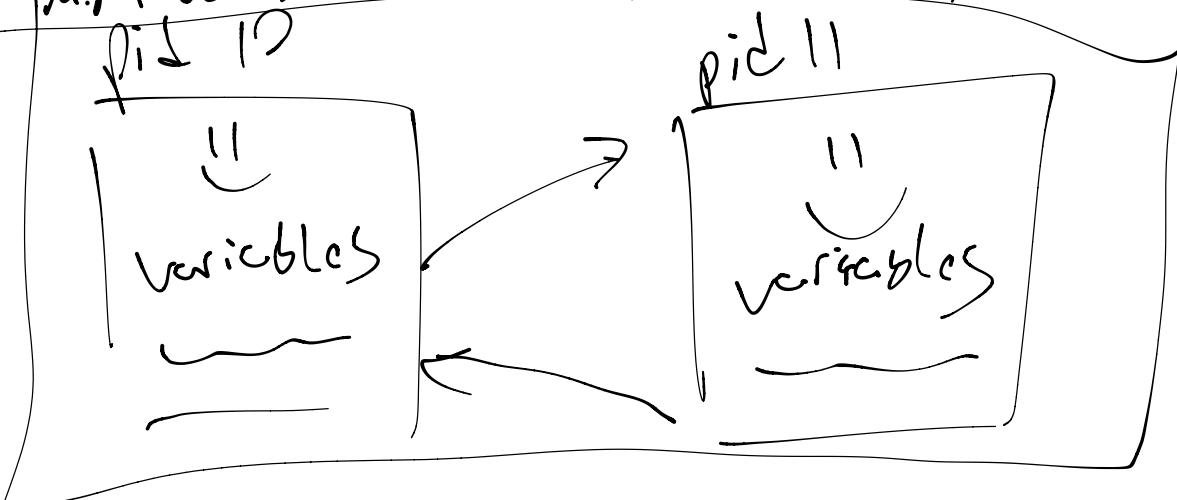
int execvp(const char \*executablc,

char \* const argv[]);

what we  
might want: → { "make", "clean", NULL }

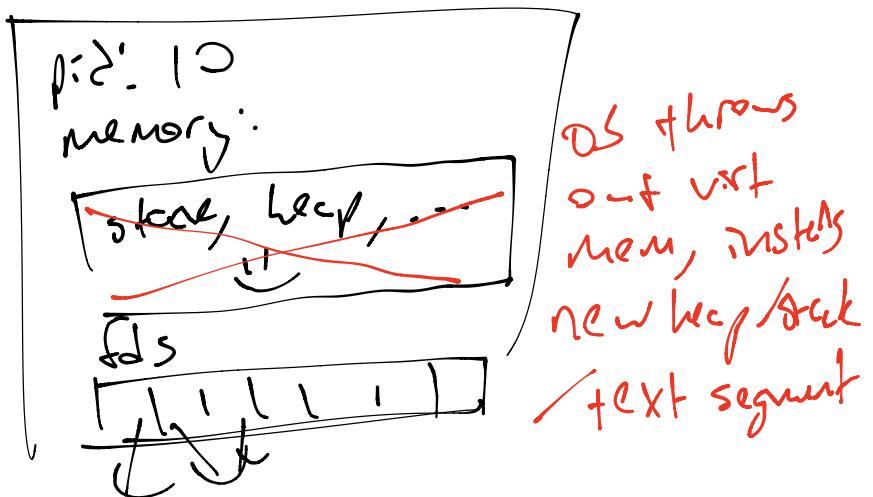
pid 10

pid 11



↙

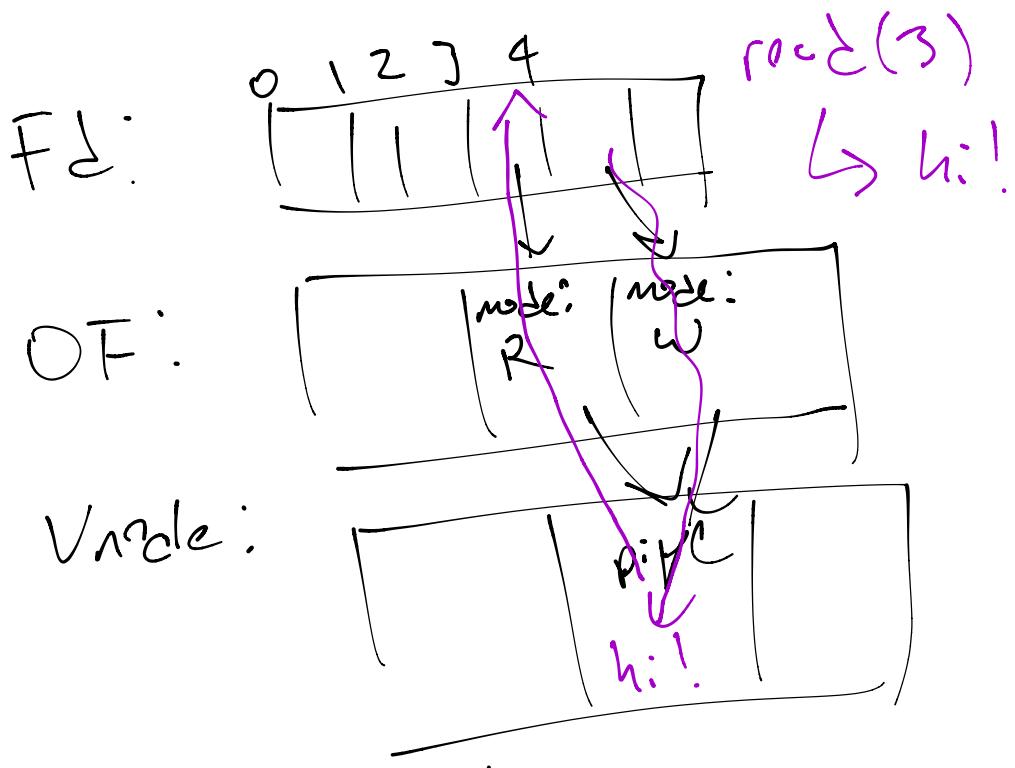
what actually happens



# Pipes

Special file in memory with  
a write end that you can write  
to, and a read end that echoes  
those bytes

`write(4, "hi!")`



write is right  
learn to read before you learn to  
write

read:

- If nothing is in the pipe, waits for at least 1 byte to be available
- If all <sup>^</sup> file descriptors are closed, no more data can ever go into the pipe  $\Rightarrow$  returns 0

