

# Demo - Generalization and Overfitting Parabola

October 15, 2019

```
[1]: import torch
import torch.nn as nn
import torch.nn.functional as F
import torch.optim as optim

import random
from tqdm import tqdm
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
%matplotlib inline
```

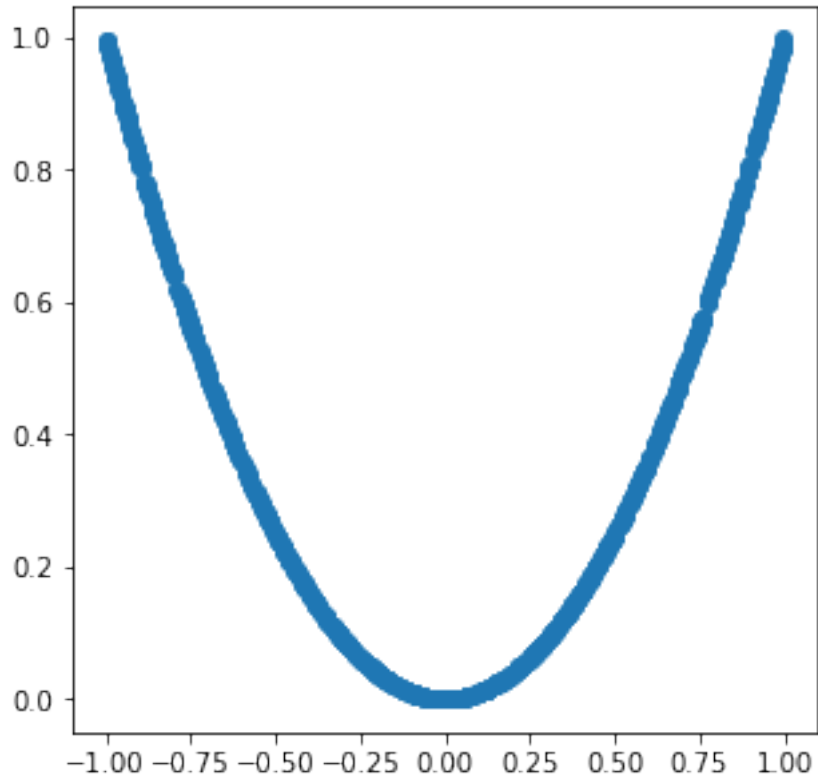
```
[2]: random.seed(1337)
np.random.seed(1337)
torch.manual_seed(1337)
```

```
[2]: <torch._C.Generator at 0x11b3ac770>
```

```
[3]: # generator function (parabolic true function!)
def generate_data(N):
    generator = lambda x : x**2
    x = np.random.rand(N) * 2 - 1
    y = generator(x)
    return x, y
```

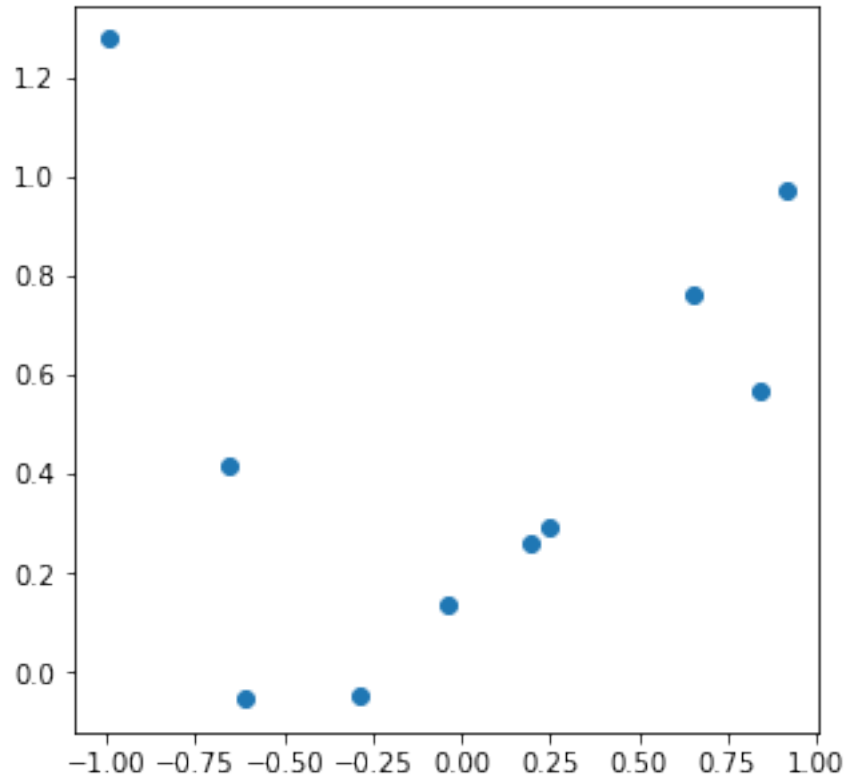
```
[4]: # generate 1000 data points for testing.
N_test = 1000
x_test, y_test = generate_data(N_test)
```

```
[5]: plt.figure(figsize=(5,5))
plt.plot(x_test, y_test, 'o')
plt.show()
```



```
[6]: # generate 10 data points for training.  
N_train = 10  
x_train, y_train = generate_data(N_train)  
y_train = y_train + np.random.randn(N_train) * 0.2
```

```
[7]: plt.figure(figsize=(5,5))  
plt.plot(x_train, y_train, 'o')  
plt.show()
```



```
[8]: from torchvision import datasets, transforms
```

```
[9]: from torch.utils.data import TensorDataset
```

```
[10]: X_train = torch.from_numpy(x_train).float().unsqueeze(1)
      Y_train = torch.from_numpy(y_train).float().unsqueeze(1)
      train_dataset = TensorDataset(X_train, Y_train)
```

```
[11]: X_test = torch.from_numpy(x_test).float().unsqueeze(1)
      Y_test = torch.from_numpy(y_test).float().unsqueeze(1)
      test_dataset = TensorDataset(X_test, Y_test)
```

```
[12]: class Linear(nn.Module):
      def __init__(self):
          super().__init__()
          self.fc = nn.Linear(1, 1)

      def forward(self, data):
          return self.fc(data)
```

```
model = Linear()
optimizer = optim.SGD(model.parameters(), lr=1e-1)
```

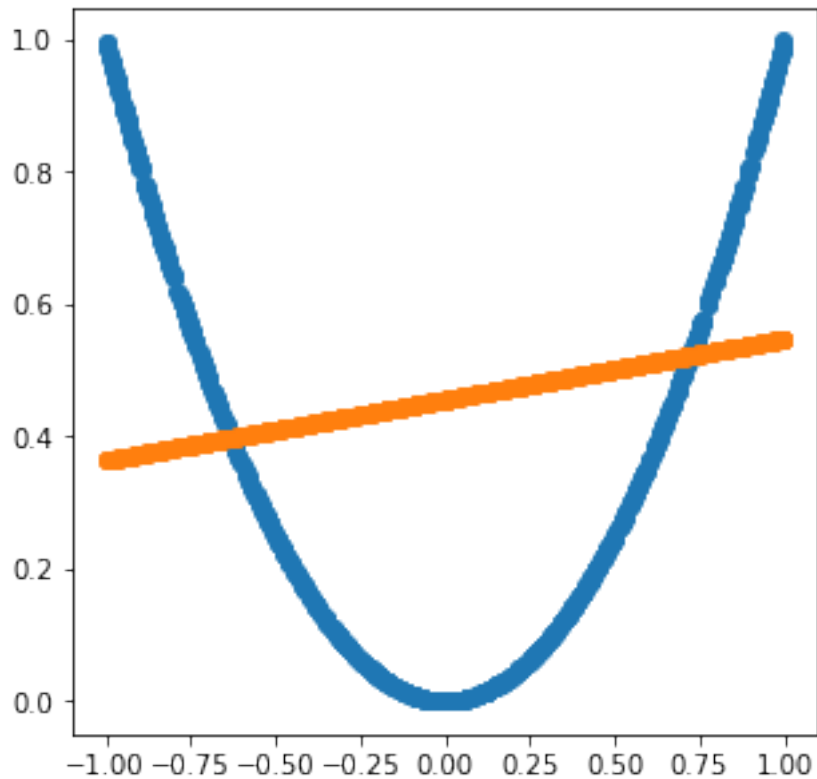
```

for i in tqdm(range(1000)):
    model.train()
    optimizer.zero_grad()
    Y_pred = model(X_train)
    loss = F.mse_loss(Y_pred, Y_train)
    loss.backward()
    optimizer.step()

y_pred = model(X_test).squeeze(1).detach().numpy()
plt.figure(figsize=(5,5))
plt.plot(x_test, y_test, 'o')
plt.plot(x_test, y_pred, 'o')
plt.show()

```

100%|| 1000/1000 [00:00<00:00, 3125.97it/s]



```

[13]: class MLP(nn.Module):
        def __init__(self):
            super().__init__()
            self.fc = nn.Sequential(
                nn.Linear(1, 10),

```

```

        nn.Tanh(),
        nn.Linear(10, 10),
        nn.Tanh(),
        nn.Linear(10, 1))

    def forward(self, data):
        return self.fc(data)

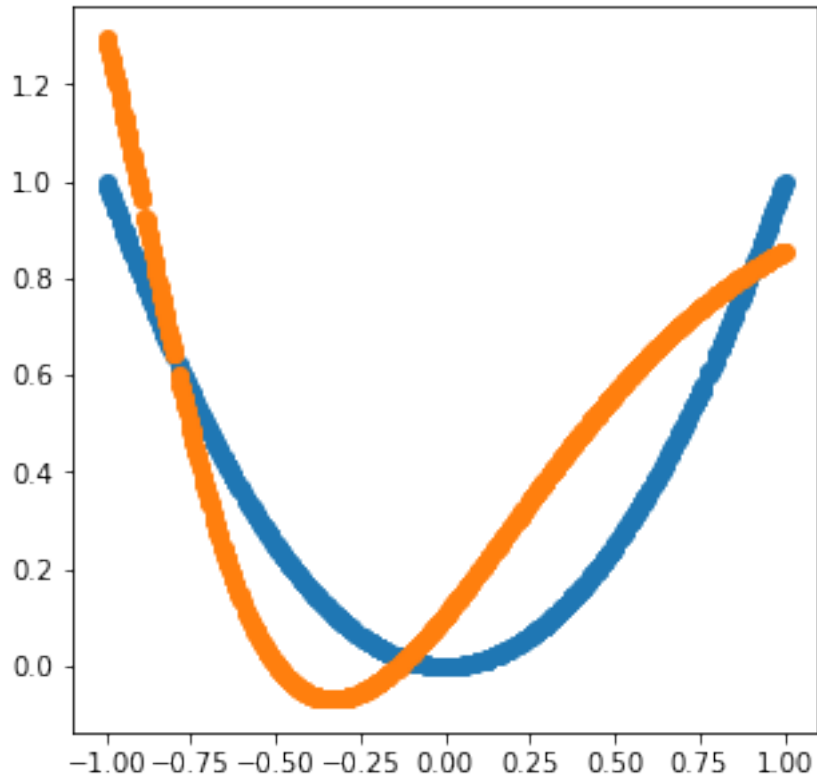
model = MLP()
optimizer = optim.SGD(model.parameters(), lr=1e-1)

for i in tqdm(range(1000)):
    model.train()
    optimizer.zero_grad()
    Y_pred = model(X_train)
    loss = F.mse_loss(Y_pred, Y_train)
    loss.backward()
    optimizer.step()

y_pred = model(X_test).squeeze(1).detach().numpy()
plt.figure(figsize=(5,5))
plt.plot(x_test, y_test, 'o')
plt.plot(x_test, y_pred, 'o')
plt.show()

```

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```
[14]: class BigMLP(nn.Module):
    def __init__(self):
        super().__init__()
        self.fc = nn.Sequential(
            nn.Linear(1, 100),
            nn.Tanh(),
            nn.Linear(100, 100),
            nn.Tanh(),
            nn.Linear(100, 100),
            nn.Tanh(),
            nn.Linear(100, 100),
            nn.Tanh(),
            nn.Linear(100, 100),
            nn.Tanh(),
            nn.Linear(100, 1))

    def forward(self, data):
        return self.fc(data)

model = BigMLP()
optimizer = optim.SGD(model.parameters(), lr=1e-1)
```

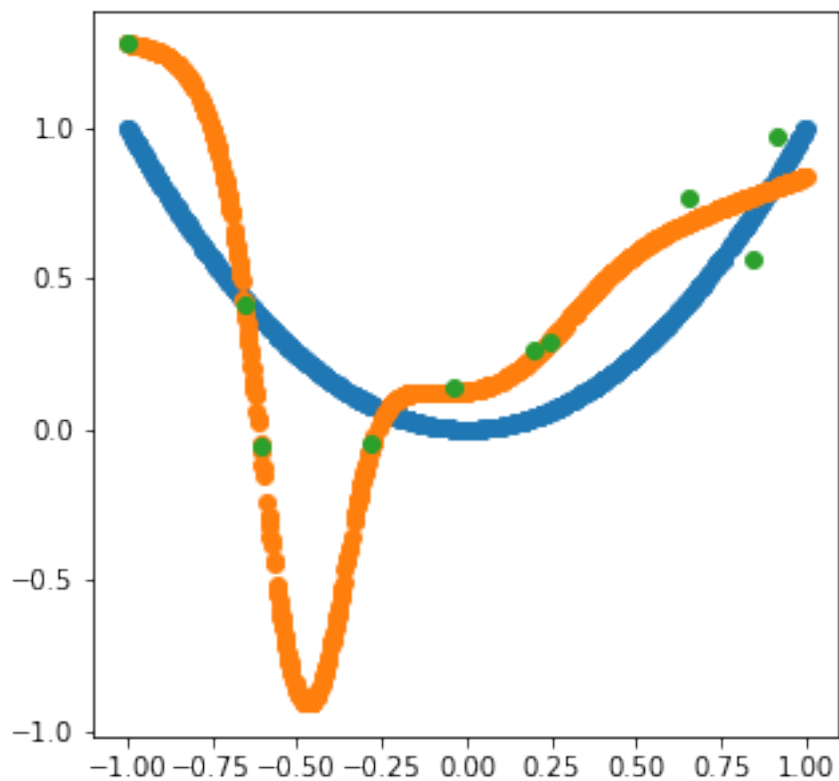
```

for i in tqdm(range(10000)):
    model.train()
    optimizer.zero_grad()
    Y_pred = model(X_train)
    loss = F.mse_loss(Y_pred, Y_train)
    loss.backward()
    optimizer.step()

y_pred = model(X_test).squeeze(1).detach().numpy()
plt.figure(figsize=(5,5))
plt.plot(x_test, y_test, 'o')
plt.plot(x_test, y_pred, 'o')
plt.plot(x_train, y_train, 'o')
plt.show()

```

100%| 10000/10000 [00:14<00:00, 712.15it/s]



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