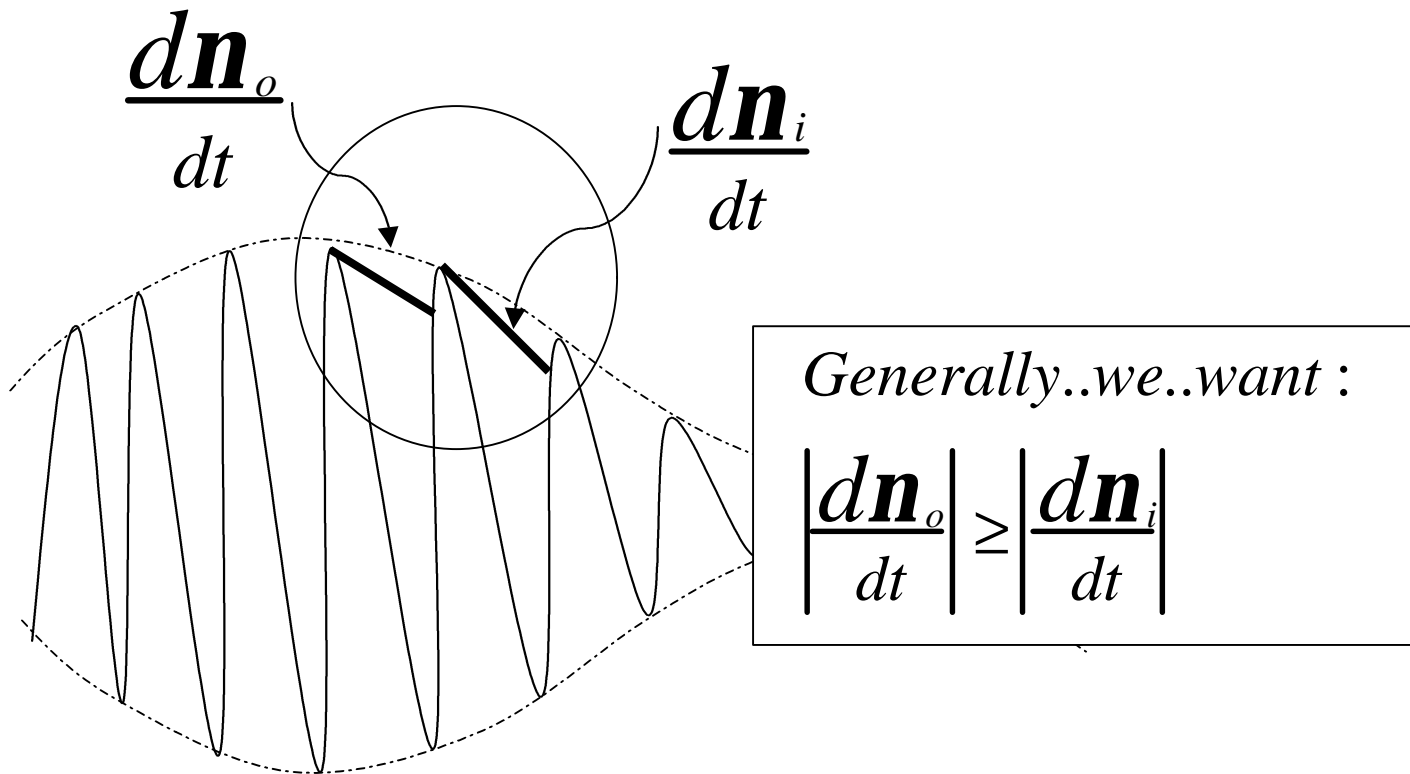


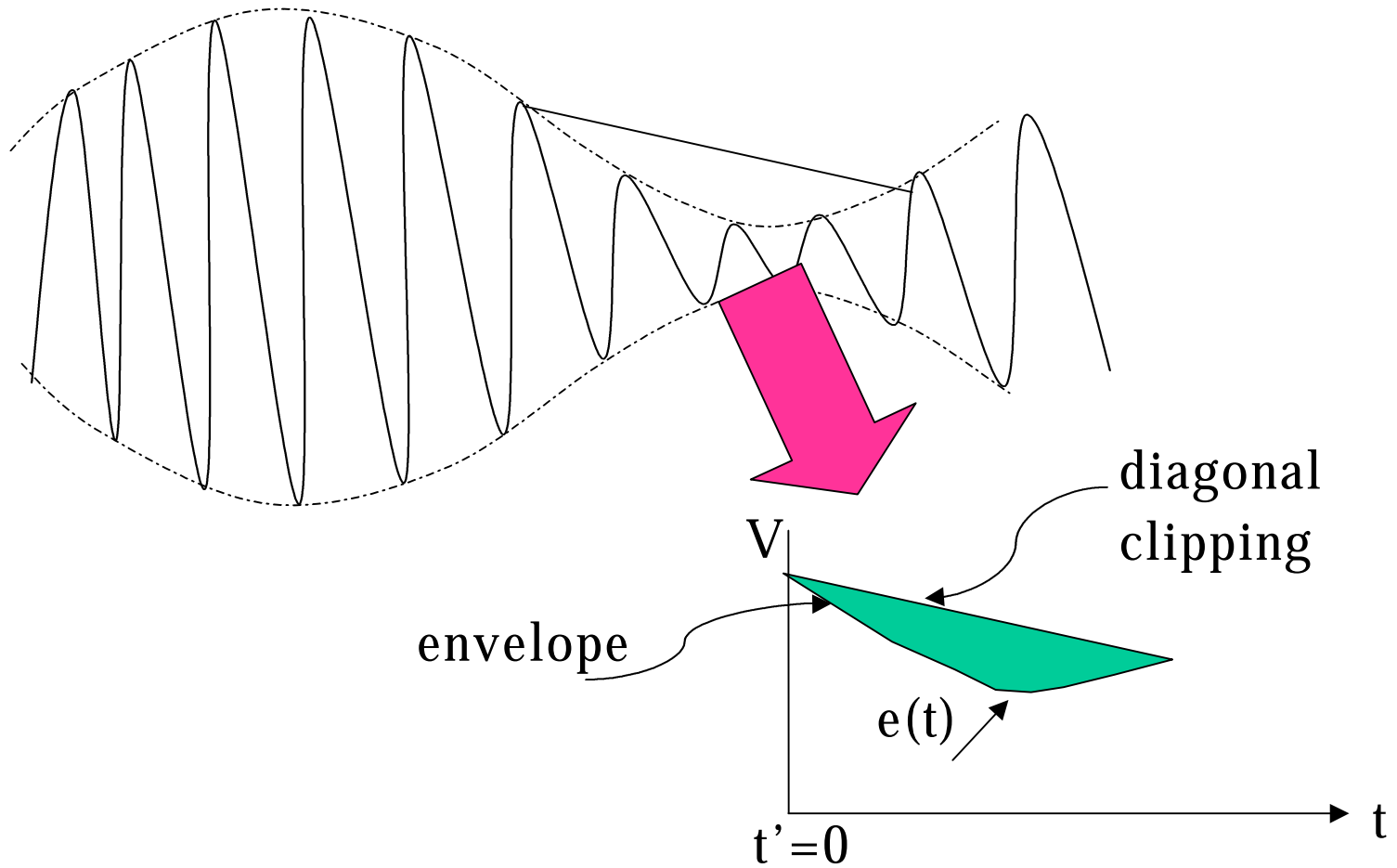
About “Peak Detection” and Waveforms



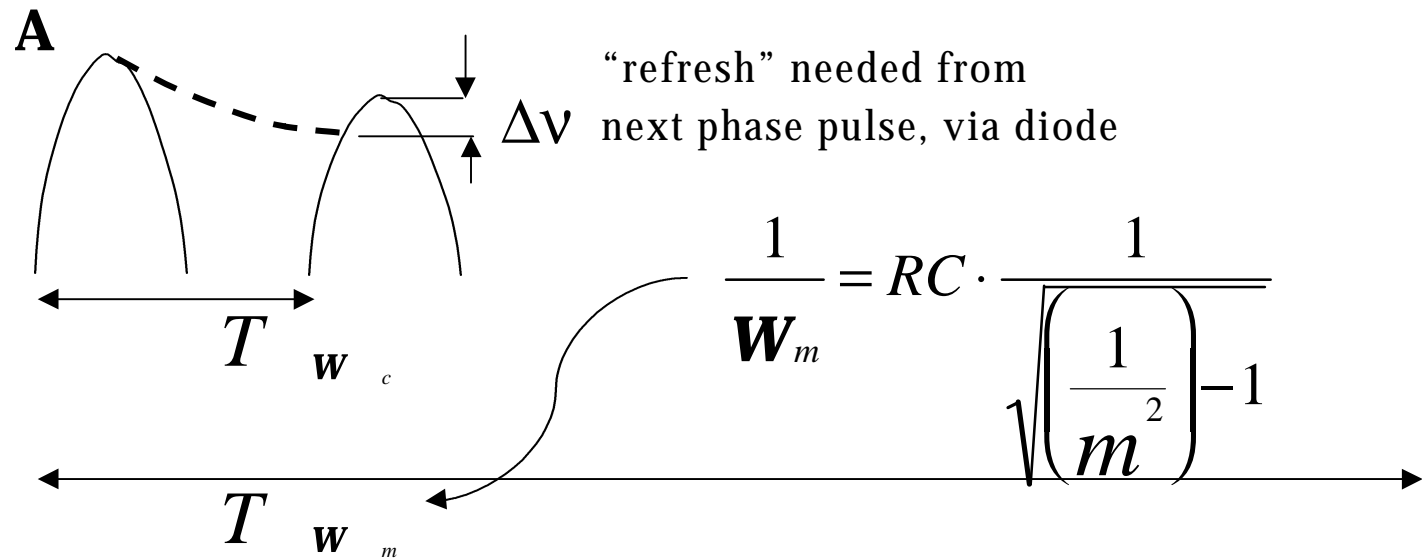
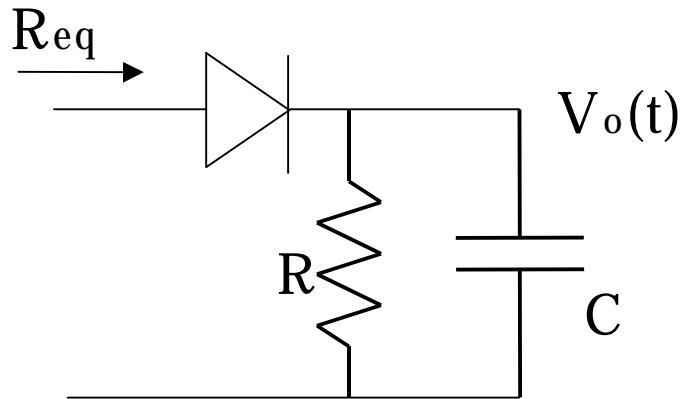
Generally..we..want :

$$\left| \frac{dn_o}{dt} \right| \geq \left| \frac{dn_i}{dt} \right|$$

What we DON'T want--Clipping



Condition for Optimum RC



About the Equation for “optimum”...

$$v_i = V_i(1 + m \cos \omega_m t)$$

$$v_o = V e^{-\frac{t}{T_{RC}}}$$

$$\frac{V}{T_{RC}} e^{-\frac{t}{T_{RC}}} \geq V_i m \omega_m \sin \omega_m t$$

equating $v_i = v_o$ (at some t)

$$\frac{1 + m \cos \omega_m t}{T_{RC}} \geq m \omega_m \sin \omega_m t$$

And the answer is...

after some "trig" manipulations...

$$\frac{(1-m^2)^{\frac{1}{2}}}{m} \geq \omega_m T_{RC}$$

where $T_{RC} = RC$ then :

$$C \leq \frac{(1-m^2)^{\frac{1}{2}}}{m} \frac{1}{\omega_m R} = \frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{m^2} - 1}}{\omega_m R}$$

The KEY equation for C (in terms of: m, ω_m & R)