

Quiz #2

(to be included as Appendix Q2 in Final Write-up)

In class using materials from both the text (HO#23) and the Gray and Meyer text (HO#24) we have considered noise and circuit-level impact on MDS and NF. In particular, in class it was shown that by adding the feedback resistor to the simple circuit shown in Figure 11.18 (HO#24) that the following equation is modified as shown below: (11.38)

$$\frac{v_o^2}{\Delta f} = g_m^2 R_L^2 \frac{r_p^2}{(r_p + R_s + r_b)^2} \left[\frac{1}{1 = \left(\frac{f}{f_1}\right)^2} \left[4kT(R_s + r_b) \left(1 + \frac{R_s + r_b}{R_f} \right) + (R_s + r_b)^2 2qI_B \right] + R_L^2 \left(4kT \frac{1}{R_f \parallel R_L} + 2qI_C \right) \right]$$

Basically, there are two terms that have been changed. In class (HO#28) the SPICE results for the basic LNA topology used in Lab #1 were also discussed, along with suggestions about improvements to the design in order to achieve stability (per the “K” factor discussed in HO#27).

With this background, and as you work to improve your LNA (whether you use the topology from Lab #1 or any others you find appropriate), in the final lab write-up the following information (and discussion) is to be included in an Appendix Q2:

- SPICE results for your final LNA design including:
 - Gain-bandwidth
 - Noise data (both v_o^2 and NF)
- Hand calculations (using eqn. 11.38) showing which components of noise are dominant for your design values
- Critical discussion of how much the LNA versus other blocks contributes to your MDS. (Hint: HO#22 and the discussion regarding Razavi Figure 6.35 is a very detailed analysis. You might start with a two-stage consideration based on the NF values for the next-stage multiplier that is after the LNA)