

TCP Optimized for Short Flows



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Overview

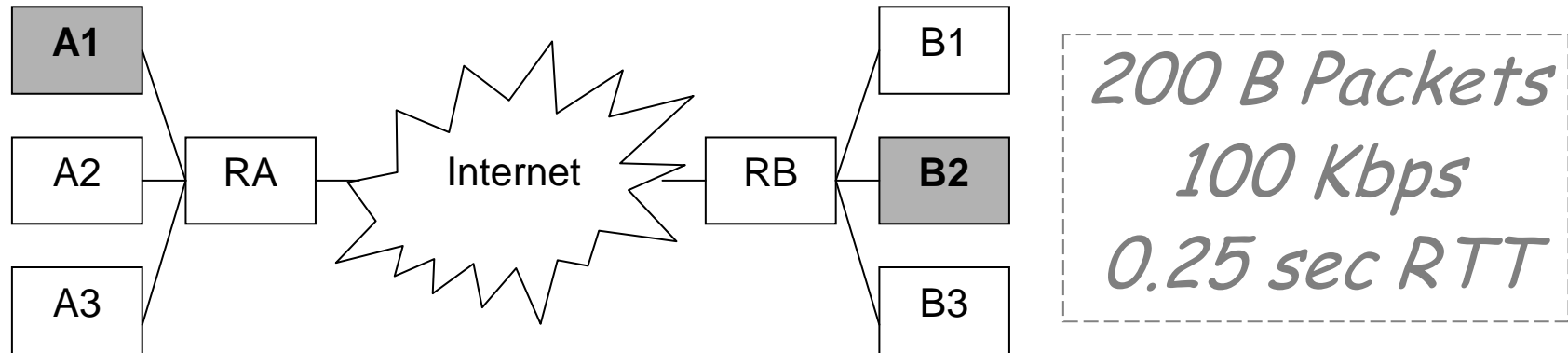
- ❖ Problem Statement
- ❖ Canonical Example
- ❖ Criteria for New Scheme
- ❖ Proposed Scheme
- ❖ Evaluation

Problem Statement

- ❖ TCP Congestion Control's purpose:
 - Congestion in Routers
 - ❖ Today: Feedback based techniques
 - TCP Slow Start
 - ❖ Short Flows suffer (e.g. HTTP)
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- ❖ How to improve TCP Congestion Control for Short Flows while upholding TCP CC's semantics?

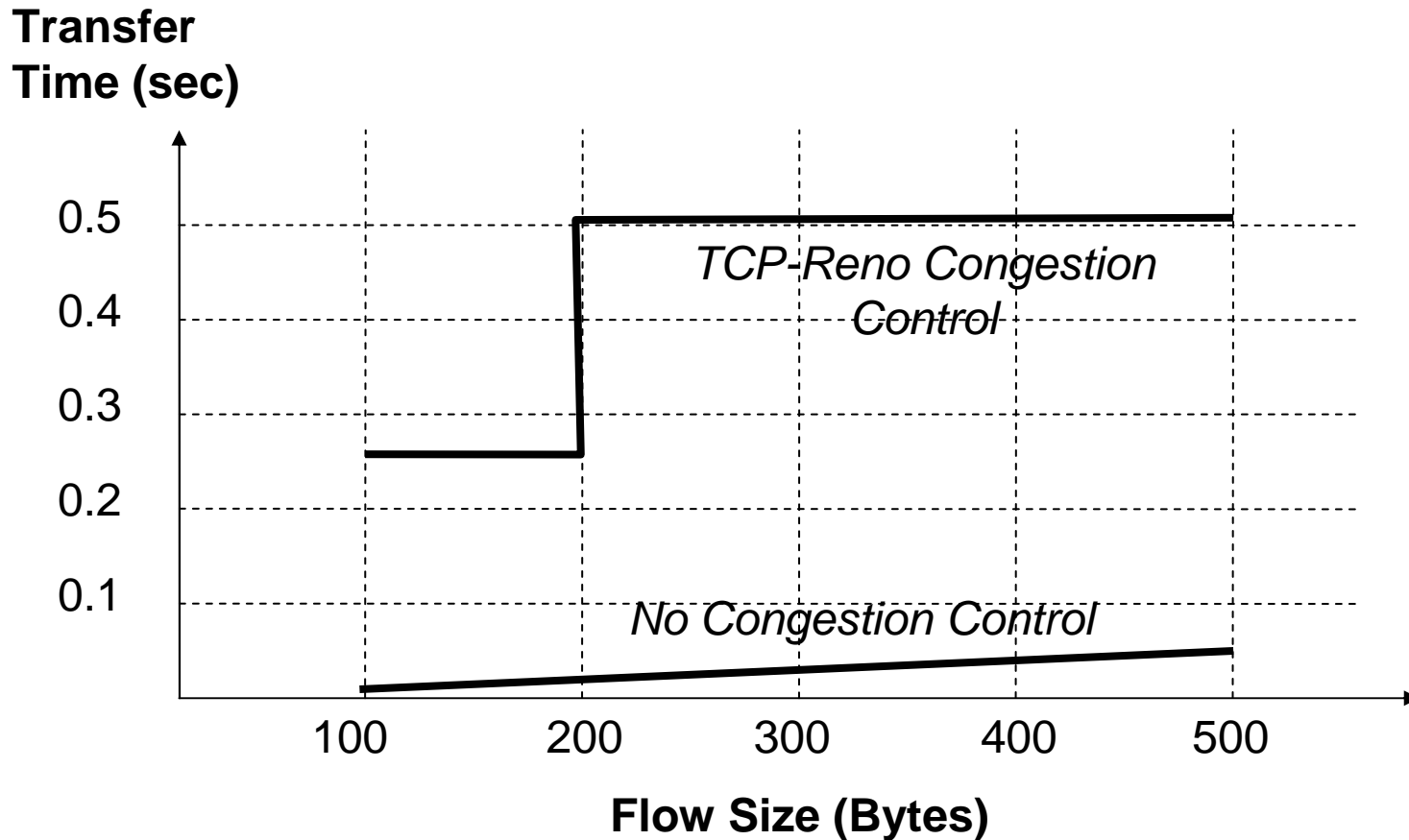


Canonical Example



Flow Size	TCP-Reno	None
100 B	0.25 sec (1 RTT)	0.01 sec
200 B	0.25 sec (1 RTT)	0.02 sec
300 B	0.5 sec (2 RTT)	0.03 sec
500 B	0.5 sec (2 RTT)	0.05 sec

Canonical Example Illustrated

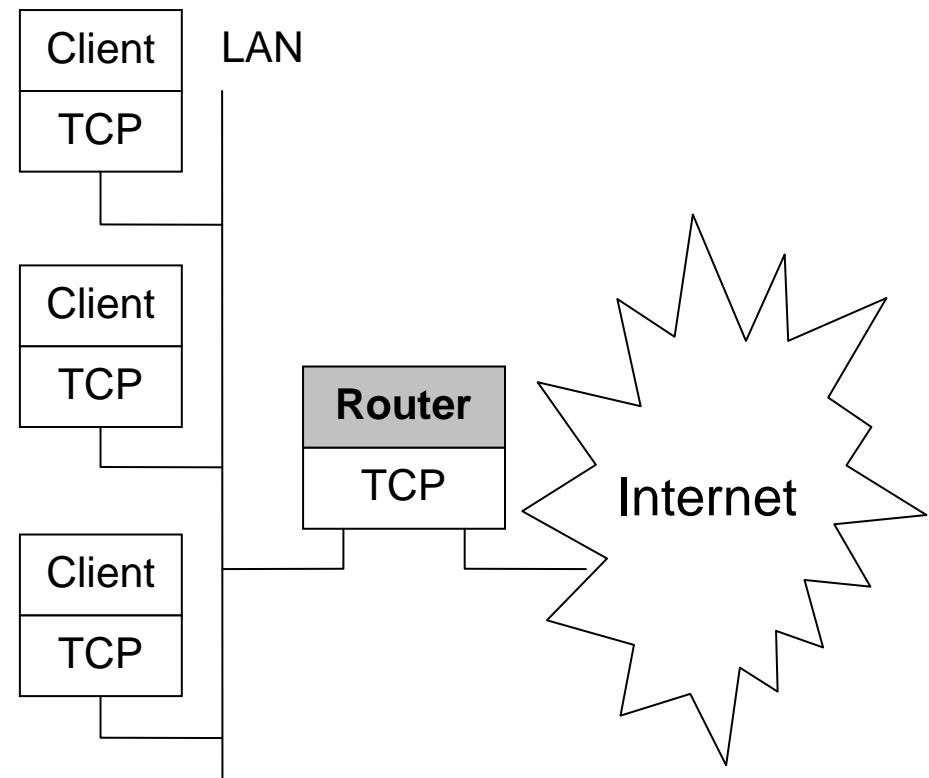


Criteria for New Scheme

- ❖ Performance
 - No worse than traditional Cong. Control
- ❖ Interoperability
 - Transparent to Client applications
- ❖ Fairness
 - Not too aggressive

Proposal: System Overview

- ❖ Resides in Router
- ❖ Intercepts outbound / inbound packets
- ❖ Performs handshaking to ensure transparency



Proposal: Handshaking

- ❖ Send *Phantom Acks* for T_{opt} millisec (= 500 initial)
- ❖ After T_{opt} , resume regular TCP CC
- ❖ If real Acks before T_{opt} , resume regular TCP CC
- ❖ Transaction Number book-keeping
- ❖ Drop packets if queue overflow imminent

Proposal: T_{opt} Autocorrection

- ❖ If T_{opt} is wrong, causes unfairness
- ❖ Keep running average
 - Update on every TCP close
 - Time before first real Ack
- ❖ $L_{opt} =$ Running average length
(10,000)

Proposal: Shared TCP State

- ❖ Router remembers optimal bandwidth between local clients and remote hosts
- ❖ Router reuses this information if another client contacts the same destination subnet

Evaluation

- ❖ Performance
 - Zero Congestion Control overhead for Short Flows
- ❖ Interoperability
 - Router approach ensures transparency
- ❖ Fairness
 - Resume regular TCP Congestion Control after T_{opt} , autocorrecting

What We Covered

- ❖ Problem Statement
- ❖ Canonical Example
- ❖ Criteria for New Scheme
- ❖ Proposed Scheme
- ❖ Evaluation

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