

Why Carbon Capture and Direct Air Capture Increase CO₂, Air Pollution, Fossil Mining, and Costs

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Four Cases Across 149 Countries

BAU: Business-As-Usual

BAU-CC-BAU: Attach carbon capture (CC) to fossil & bioenergy stationary sources; Offset mobile & distributed CO₂ sources with direct air capture (DAC). Use BAU energy for CC/DAC.

BAU-CC-WWS: Same as BAU-CC-BAU but use WWS energy for CC/DAC

WWS: Electrify all non-electric BAU energy; provide electricity with WWS

Assumptions in Base Scenario

With CC/DAC, 2050 demand 6.74% below BAU due to efficiency improvements; WWS demand 54.4% lower due to electrification + effic.

9.8% of remaining 2050 BAU demand with CC/DAC comes from WWS; 2.3% comes from nuclear. Such sources are assumed to emit no CO₂e.

85% of remaining BAU CO₂e emissions are CO₂

80% efficiency of CC and DAC equipment (IEEFA: 10-80%)

25% more energy needed with CC (IPCC: 13-44%); 3000 kWh/t-CO₂ w/ DAC

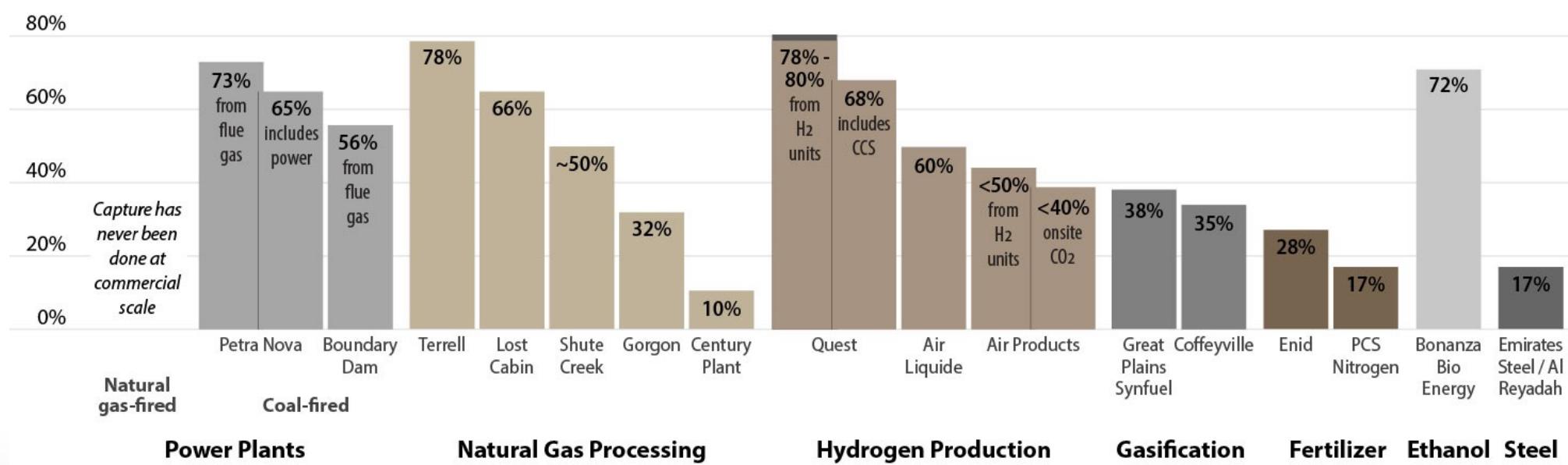
Assumes all CO₂ stored although 82% today used for EOR, which releases 30-40% back to air during EOR operations & 20-80% due to burning extra oil

Real-World CO₂ Capture Efficiency: 10-80%, Not 95%

Real-World CO₂ Capture

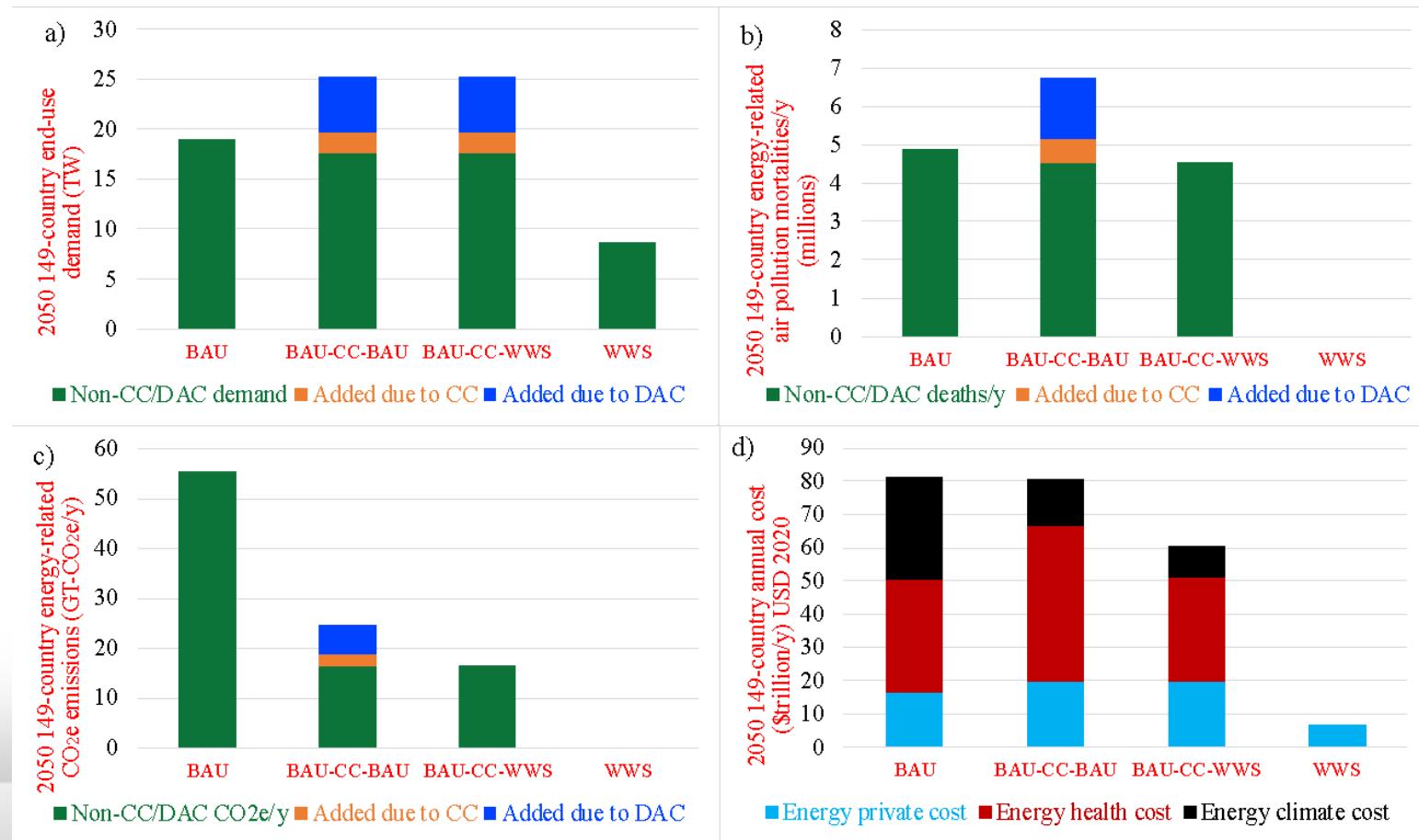
100% carbon capture

95% or higher: Industry claims for CO₂ capture

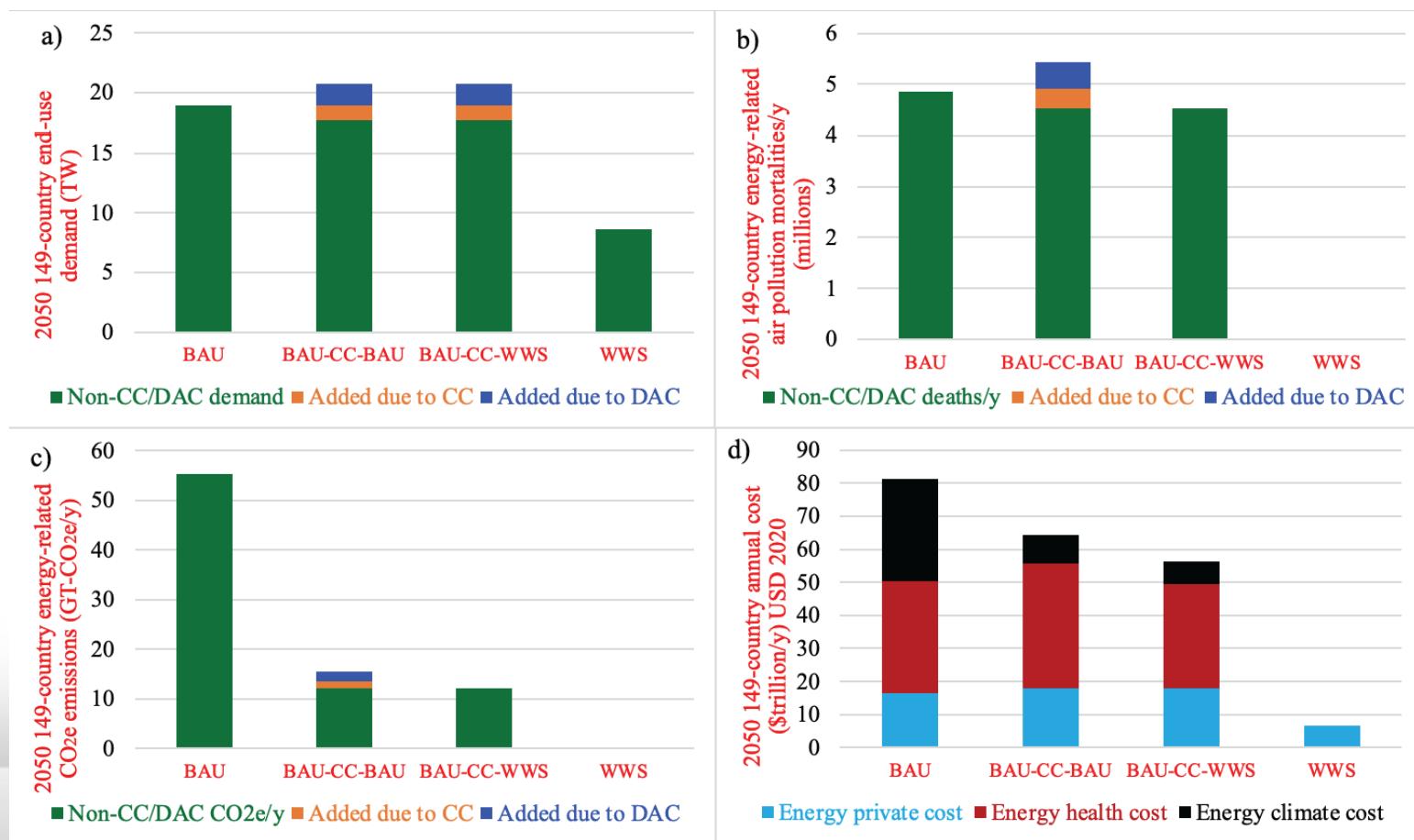


Schlissel, D., and A. Juhn (2023), IEEFA

a) Energy Demand; b) Air Pollution Deaths/y; c) CO₂e/y; d) Social Cost Across 149 Countries in 4 Cases. CC/DAC Social Cost 9.1-12.1 x WWS Cost

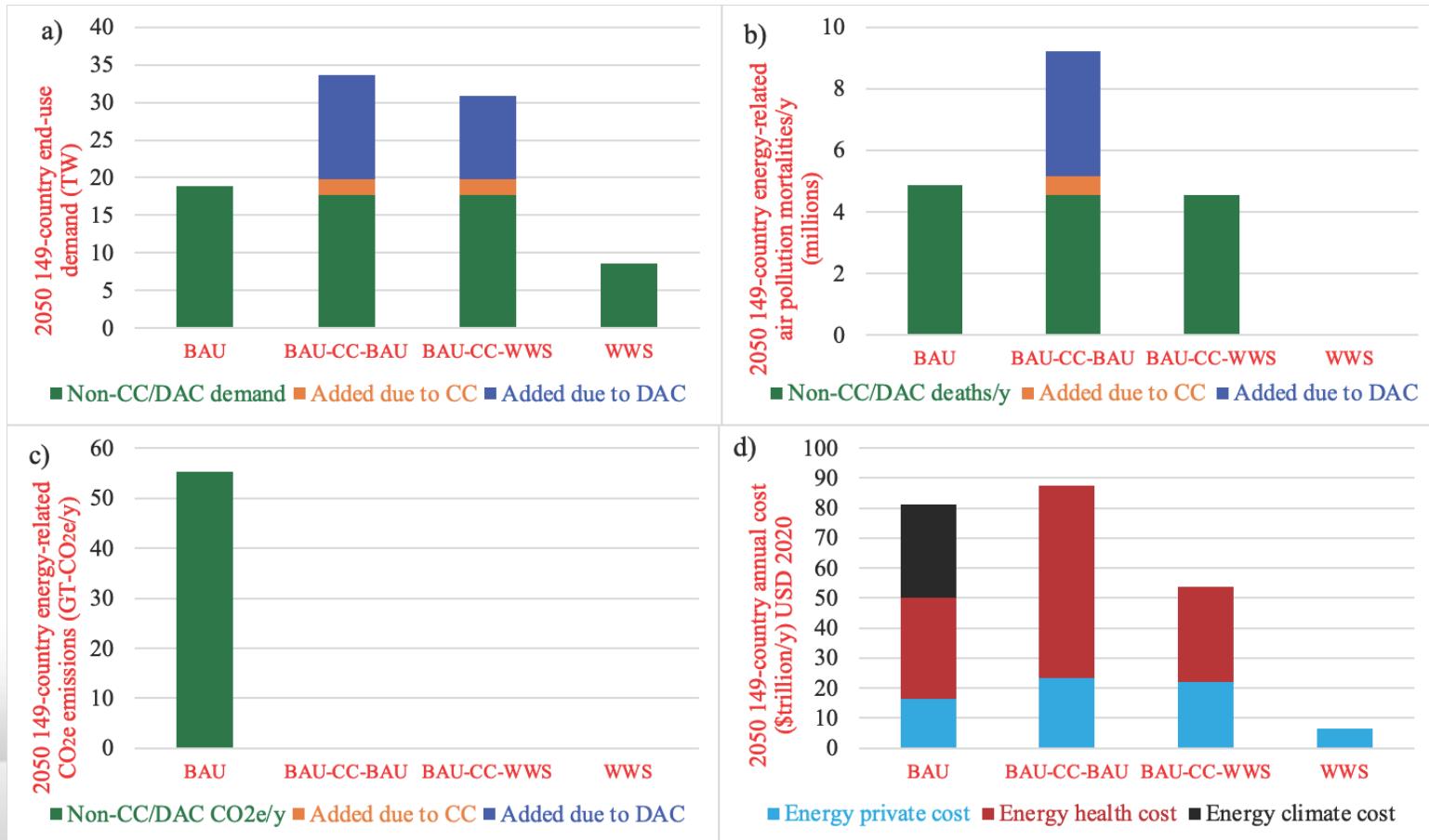


Case Where 5 Parameters Changed to Strongly Favor CC/DAC. CC/DAC Social Cost Still 8.4-9.7 x That of WWS



Case With All Excess CO₂ Removed by DAC

CC/DAC Social Cost Still 8.1-13.1 x That of WWS



Conclusions on Carbon Capture/Direct Air Capture

Policies promoting CC and DAC increase air pollution, CO₂e emissions, energy needs, private energy costs, and social energy costs 9.1-12.1 times those of policies promoting 100% Wind-Water-Solar (WWS).

Result holds even when parameters chosen to strongly favor CC/DAC

Results hold for any level of carbon removal above zero.

CC and DAC may, in the limit, cause millions of unnecessary air pollution deaths each year worldwide and substantial climate damage in the short and long term.

As such, policies promoting CC and DAC should be abandoned.

Evaluation of Carbon Capture/Direct Air Capture (2025)

<https://web.stanford.edu/group/efmh/jacobson/WWSStillNMN/SNMN-WhyNotCCorDACP.pdf>

New Paper on Carbon Capture/Direct Air Capture (2025)

<https://web.stanford.edu/group/efmh/jacobson/Articles/Others/25-CaliforniaWWS.pdf>

How Green is Blue Hydrogen? (2021)

<https://web.stanford.edu/group/efmh/jacobson/Articles/Others/21-GreenVsBlueH2.pdf>

Health and Climate Effects of Carbon Capture and Direct Air Capture (2019)

<https://web.stanford.edu/group/efmh/jacobson/Articles/Others/19-CCS-DAC.pdf>

Book on all these issues “No Miracles Needed”

<https://web.stanford.edu/group/efmh/jacobson/WWSSoMN/NoMiracles.html>