

Real-Time Software Receiver for GPS Controlled Reception Pattern Antenna Array Processing

Yu-Hsuan Chen and Jyh-Ching Juang, *National Cheng Kung University, Taiwan*
David S. De Lorenzo, Jiwon Seo, Sherman Lo and Per Enge, *Stanford University*
Dennis M. Akos, *University of Colorado Boulder*

Controlled Reception Pattern Antenna (CRPA)

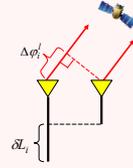
Objective: Enhance C/No & Reject Interference

•CRPA combines signals from antennas by

$$s(t) = \sum_{i=1}^N s_i(t) \cdot w_i = W^T S$$

•Build the steering vector, T, with phase coming from two sources

- Antenna's geometry and az./el. of satellite $\Delta\phi_i$
 - Cable difference delay ΔL_i
- $$T = [t_1 \ t_2 \ \dots \ t_M]^T \quad t_i = \exp(-j(\Delta\phi_i + \Delta L_i))$$



•Deterministic Beamforming

$$W = T$$

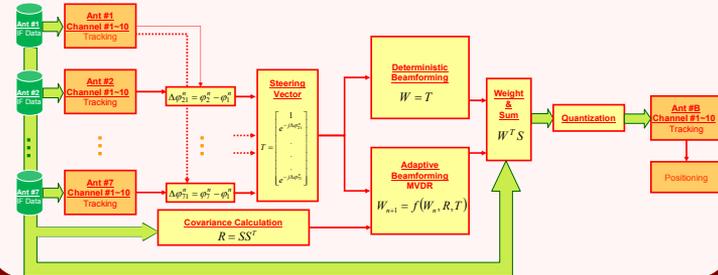
•Adaptive Beamforming

Minimum variance distortionless response (MVDR)

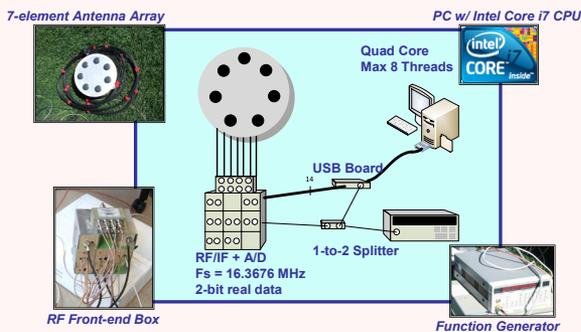
$$W_{n+1} = \gamma [I - \mu R] W_n + T \Rightarrow W_{n+1} = W_{n+1} / |W_{n+1}|$$

Implementation of CRPA in a Software Receiver

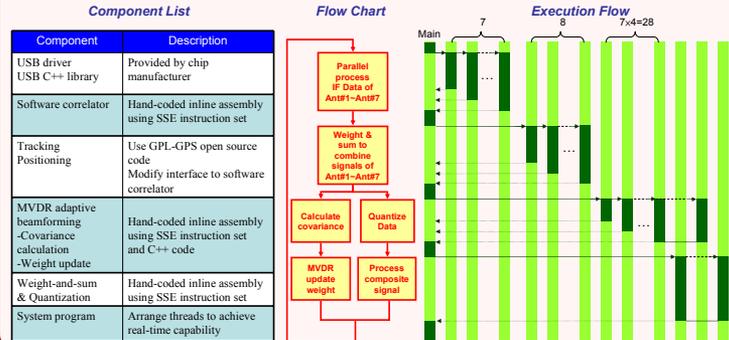
- Perform CRPA *without prior knowledge* of geometry of antenna array, az./el. of satellites and line bias.
- Only needs the difference of integrated carrier phase measurement for steering vector.



Hardware Architecture of Software Receiver



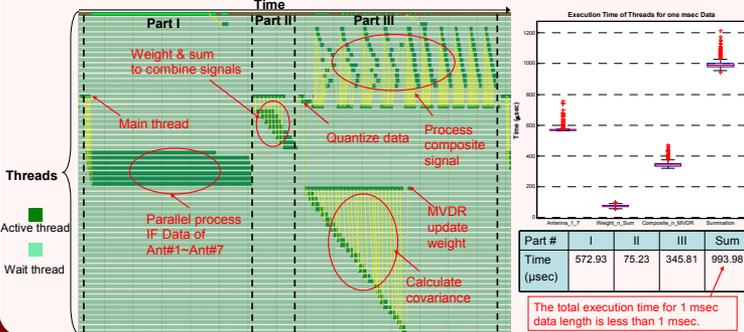
Software Architecture of Software Receiver



Software Analyses for CRPA Software Receiver

Thread Activities Analysis by Intel Tread Profiler

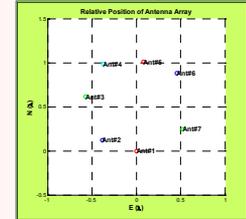
Execution Time Analysis



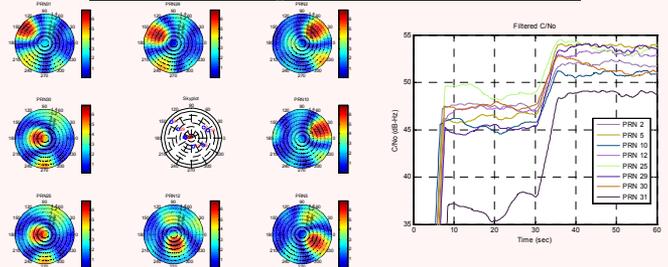
Experiments for CRPA Software Receiver

Photo of Hardware

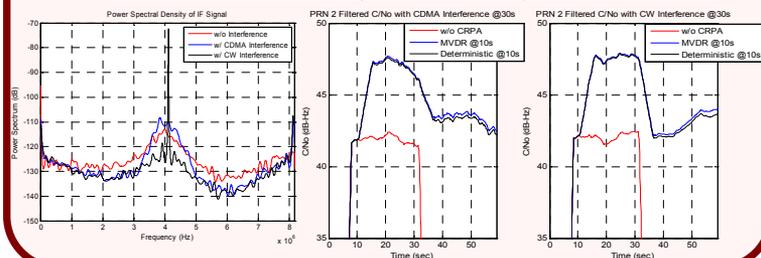
Precise Positioning Result



CASE I Enhancing C/No : Without Interference



CASE II Interference Rejection : With Injected Interference



Executing Program of CRPA Software Receiver

Without Steered Beam

With Steered Beam toward PRN 2 Satellite

