

Multi-Receiver Vector Tracking

Yuting Ng and Grace Xingxin Gao

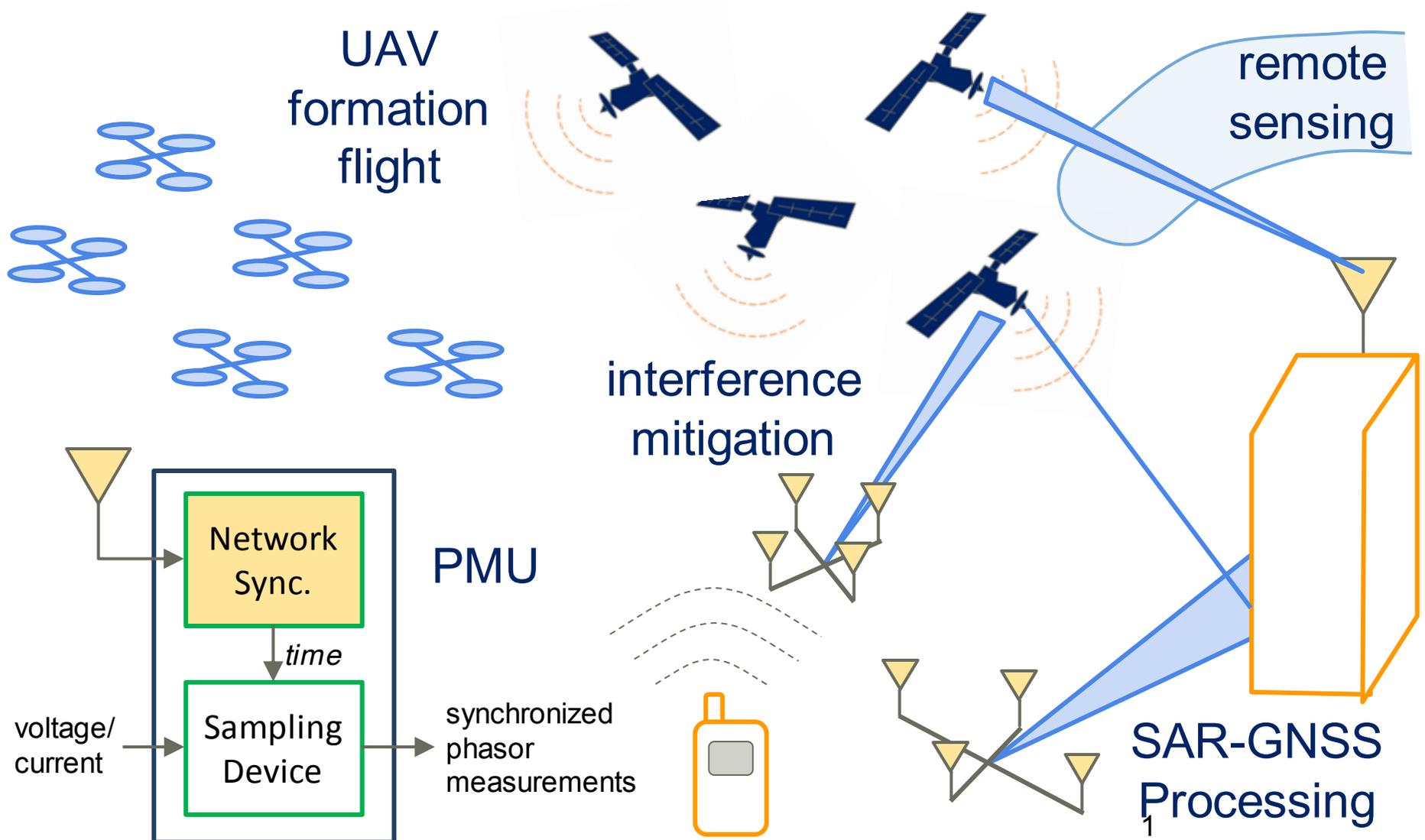


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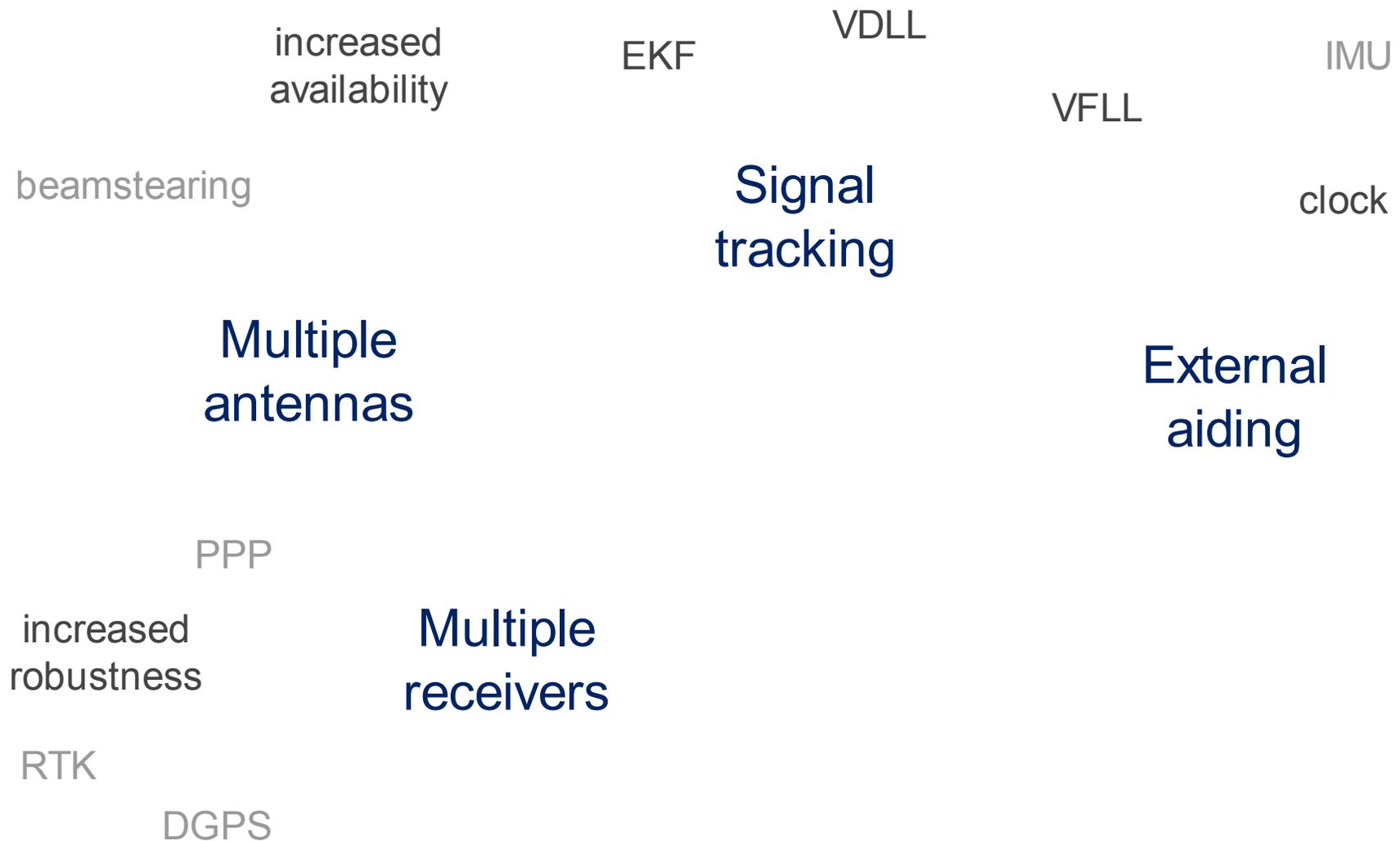
AT URBANA-CHAMPAIGN

please feel free to view the .pptx version for the speaker notes

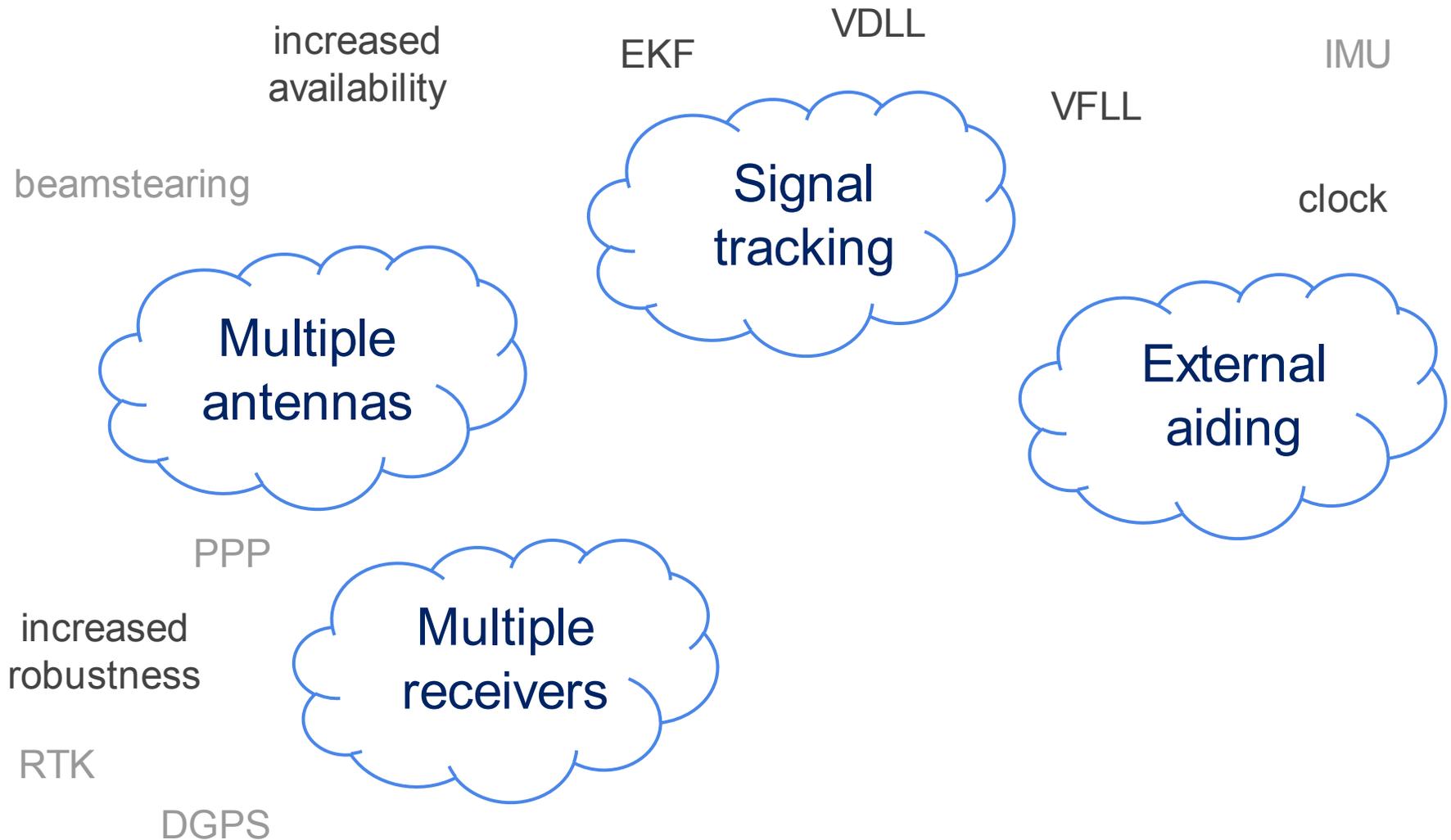
Cutting-Edge Applications



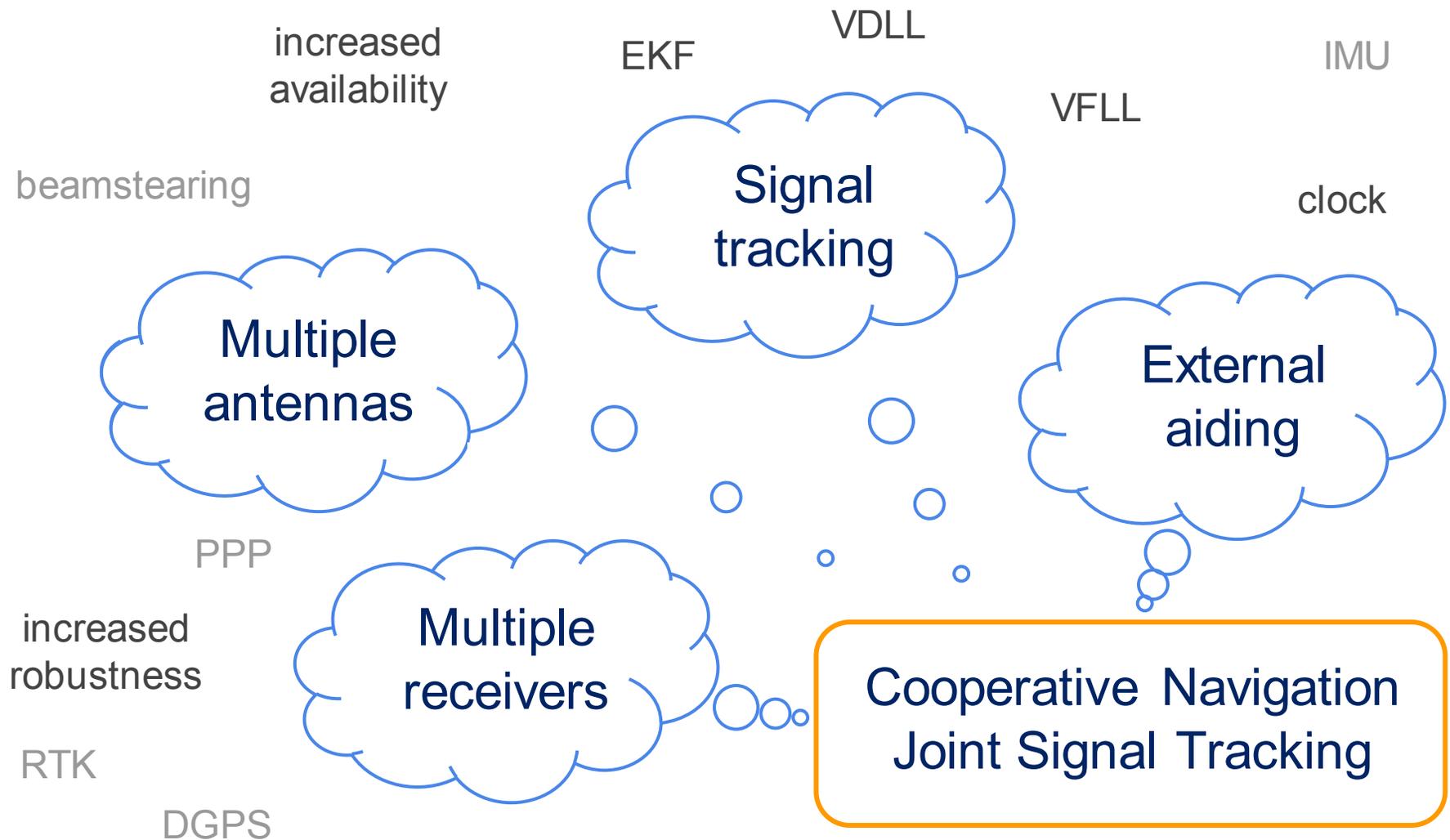
State-of-the-Art Techniques



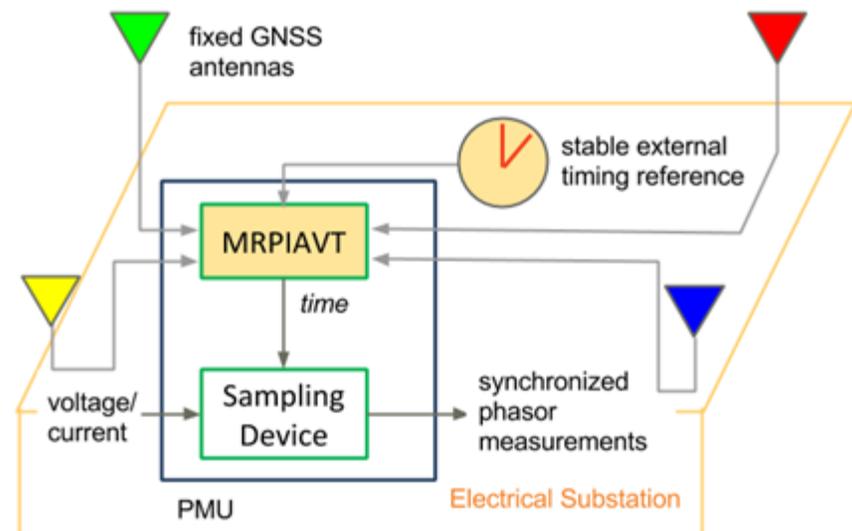
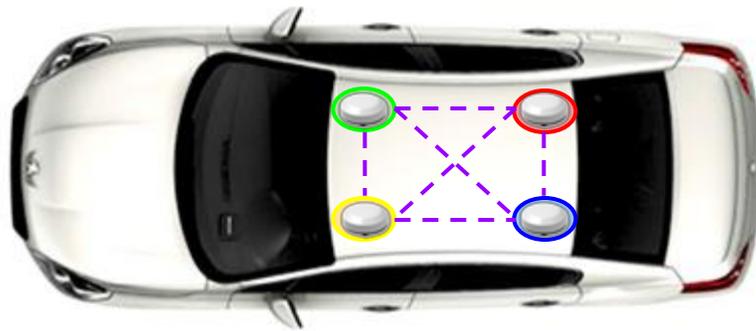
State-of-the-Art Techniques



State-of-the-Art Techniques



Multi-Receiver Vector Tracking



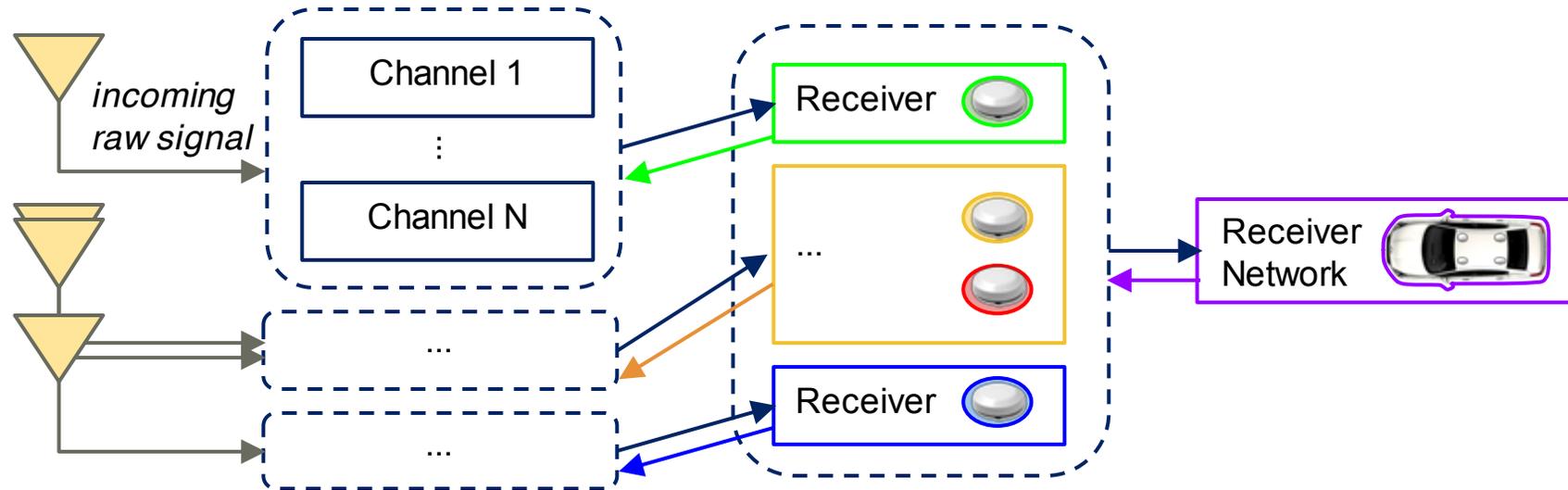
Joint tracking of multiple GNSS receivers for increased accuracy, robustness and reliability

Outline



-
- Motivation | Coop Nav, Joint Signal Tracking
 - Our Approach | Multi-Receiver Vector Tracking
 - Implementation | Hardware, Python SDR
 - Experimental Validation
 - Summary

MRVT Receiver Architecture



Scheme	Scalar	SRVT	MRVT
Entities	N x M Channels	M Receivers	1 Network
Unknowns	N x M x 4	M x 8	1 x 14

N Channels
M Receivers
4 Unknowns
 $[\phi_{carr} \ \phi_{code} \ f_{carr} \ f_{code}]$

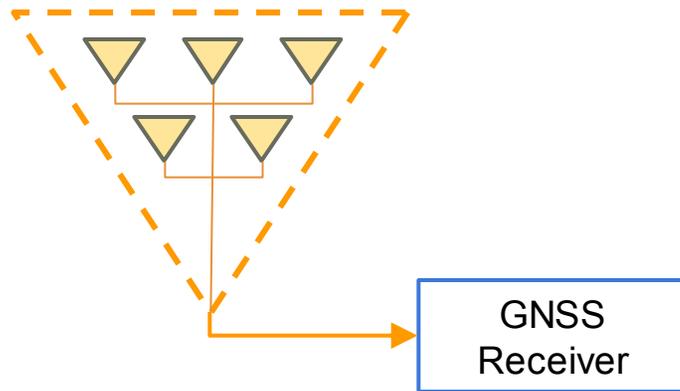
M Receivers
8 Unknowns
 $[x \ y \ z \ cdt \ \dot{x} \ \dot{y} \ \dot{z} \ c\dot{d}t]$

1 Network
14 Unknowns
 $[x \ y \ z \ cdt \ \dot{x} \ \dot{y} \ \dot{z} \ c\dot{d}t]$
 $[\psi \ \theta \ \phi \ \dot{\psi} \ \dot{\theta} \ \dot{\phi}]$

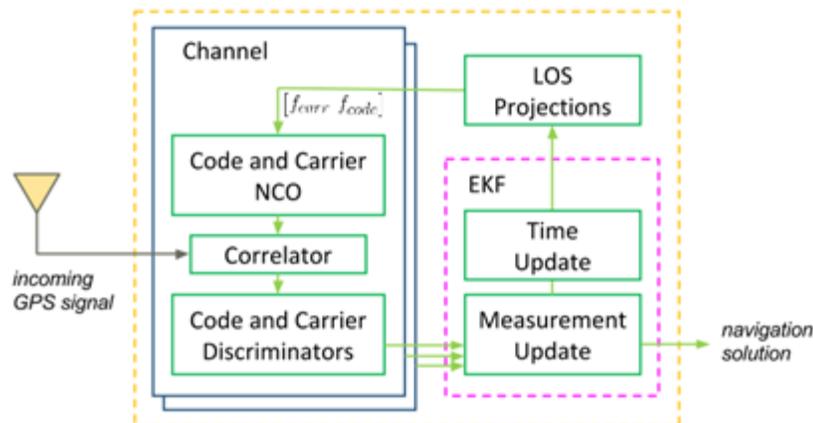
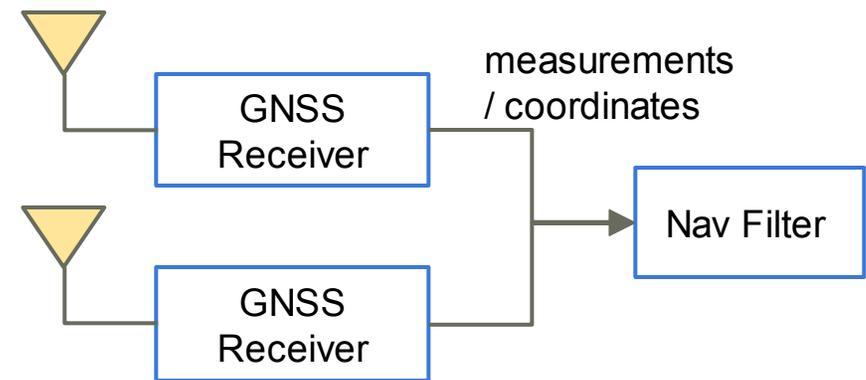
Comparison with other GNSS Processing Implementations



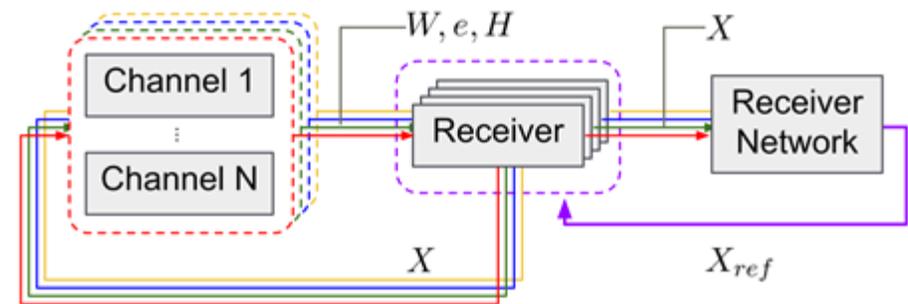
Antenna array



Differential GPS (DGPS)

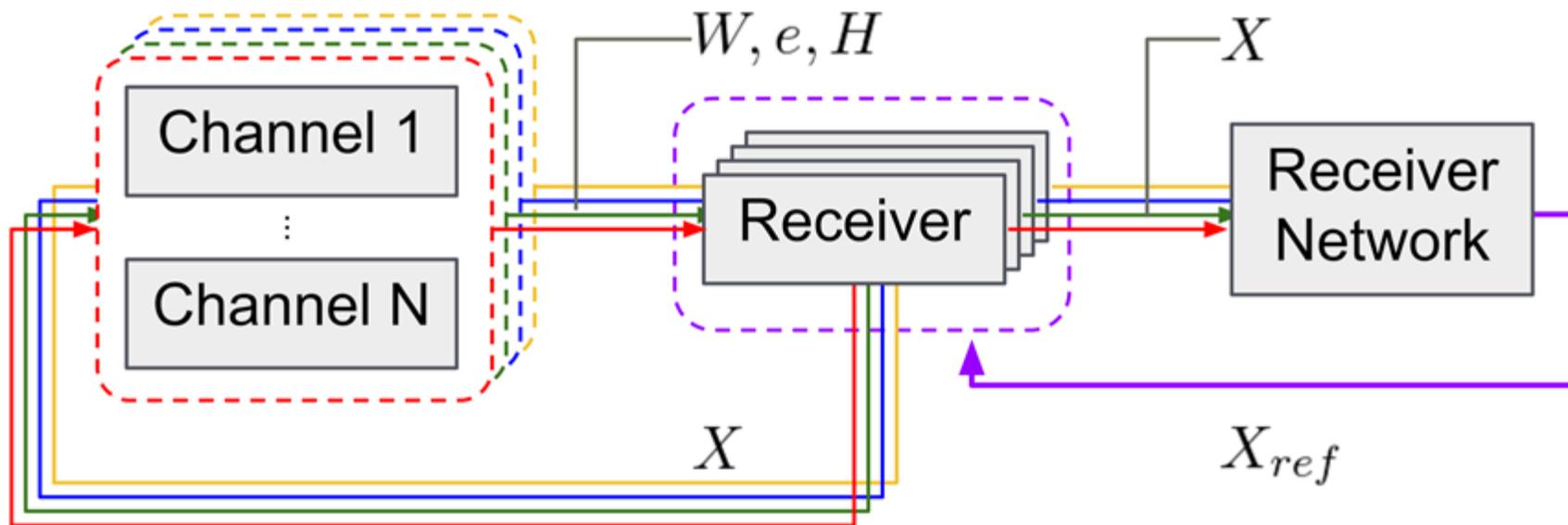


Single-Receiver Vector Tracking (SRVT)

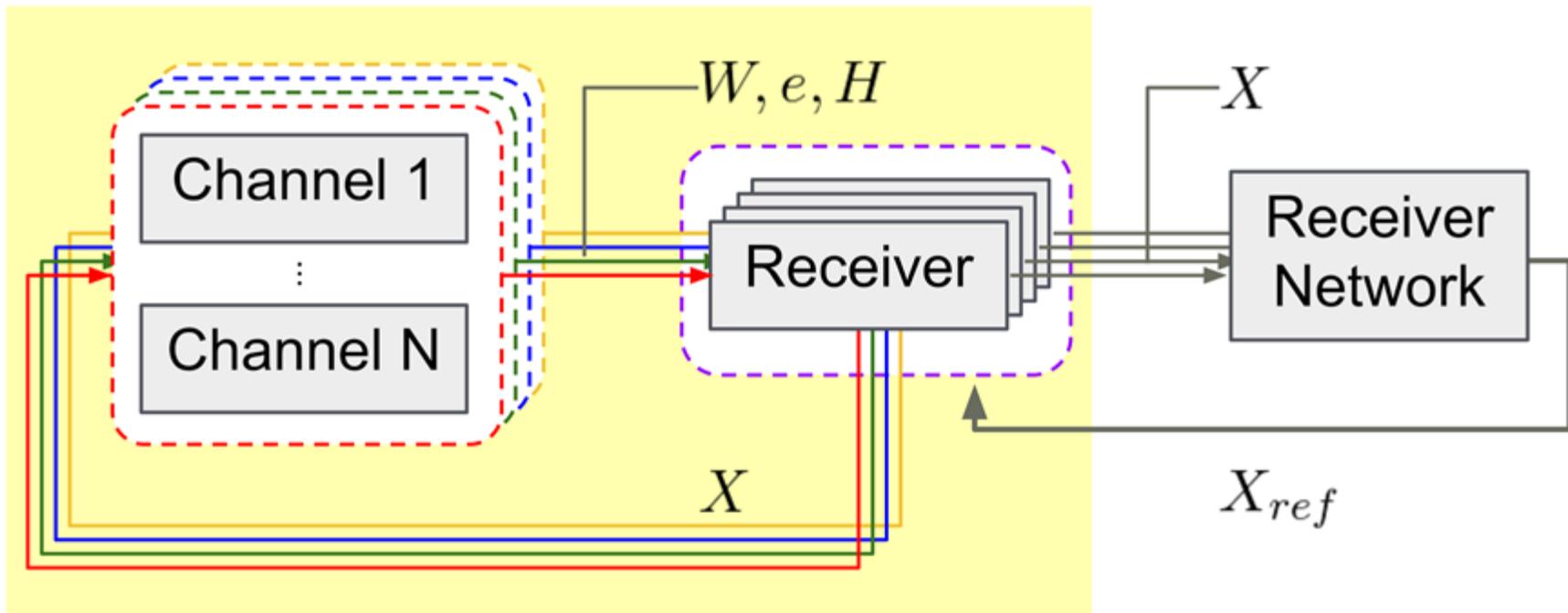


Multi-Receiver Vector Tracking (MRVT)

MRVT Block Diagram

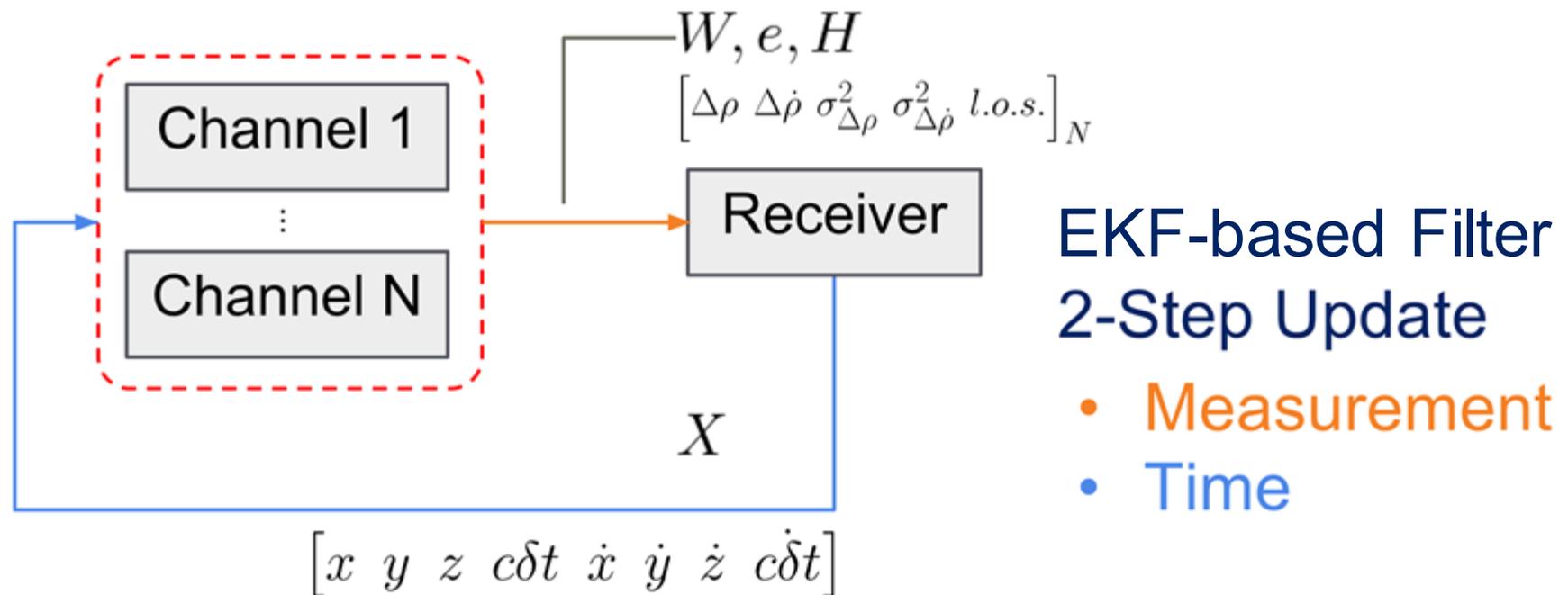


MRVT Block Diagram



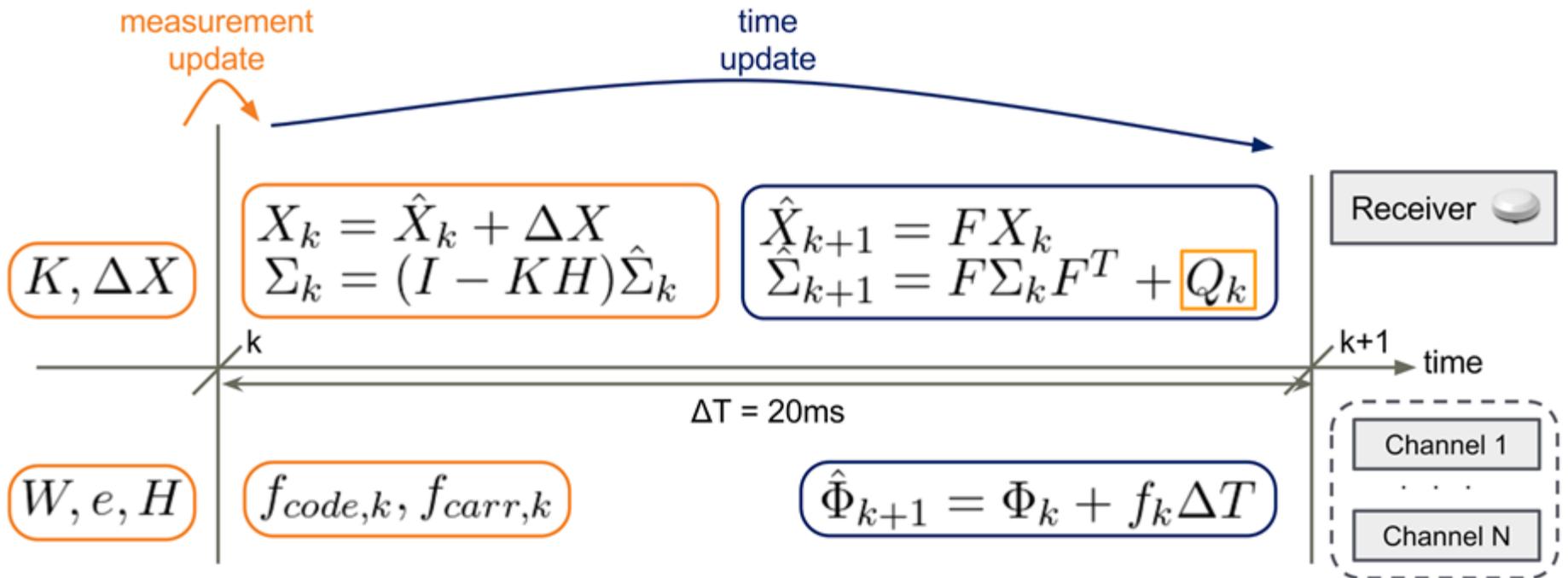
SRVT Loops

Single Receiver Vector Tracking Loop



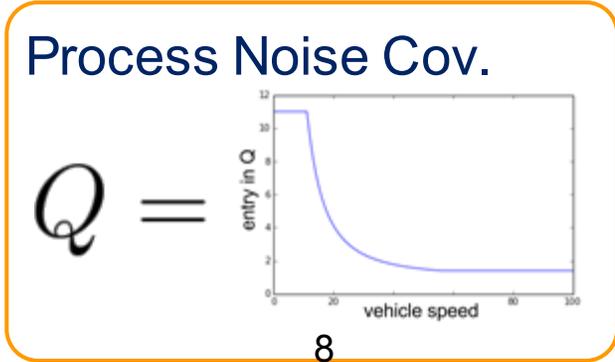
Single Receiver

Vector Tracking

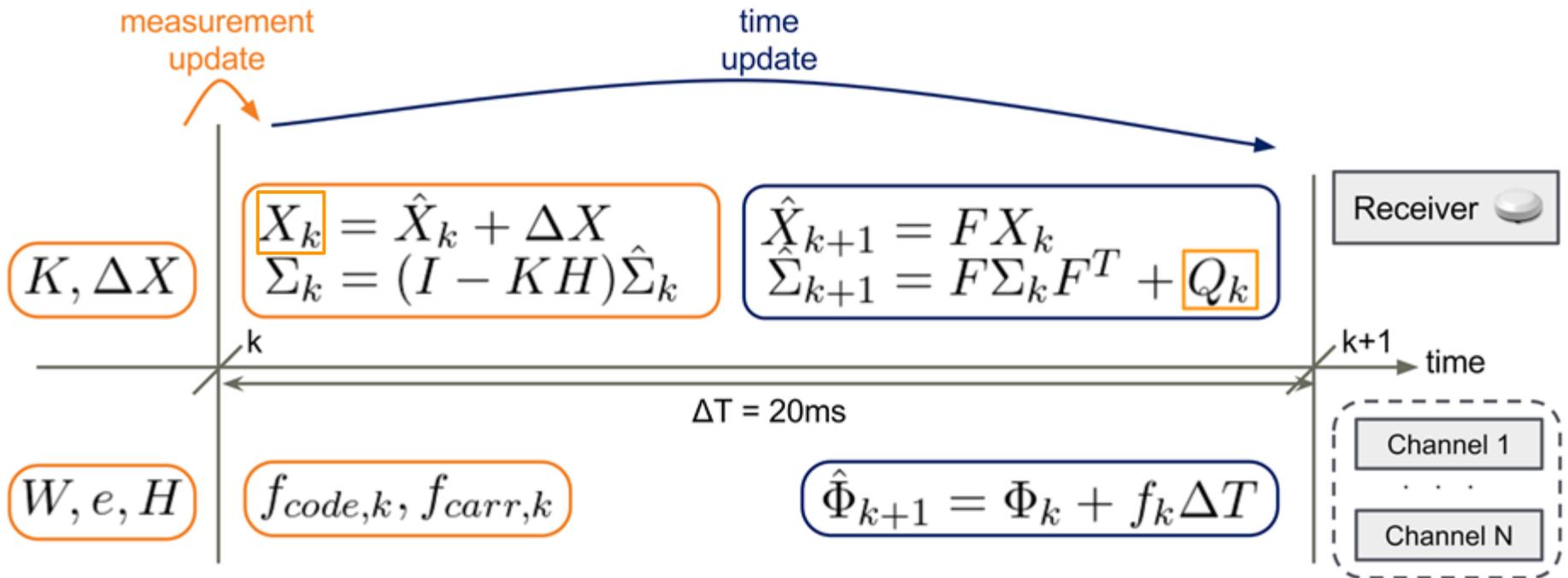


State Representation

$$X = [x \ y \ z \ c\delta t \ \dot{x} \ \dot{y} \ \dot{z} \ c\dot{\delta}t]$$



Single Receiver PIA Vector Tracking



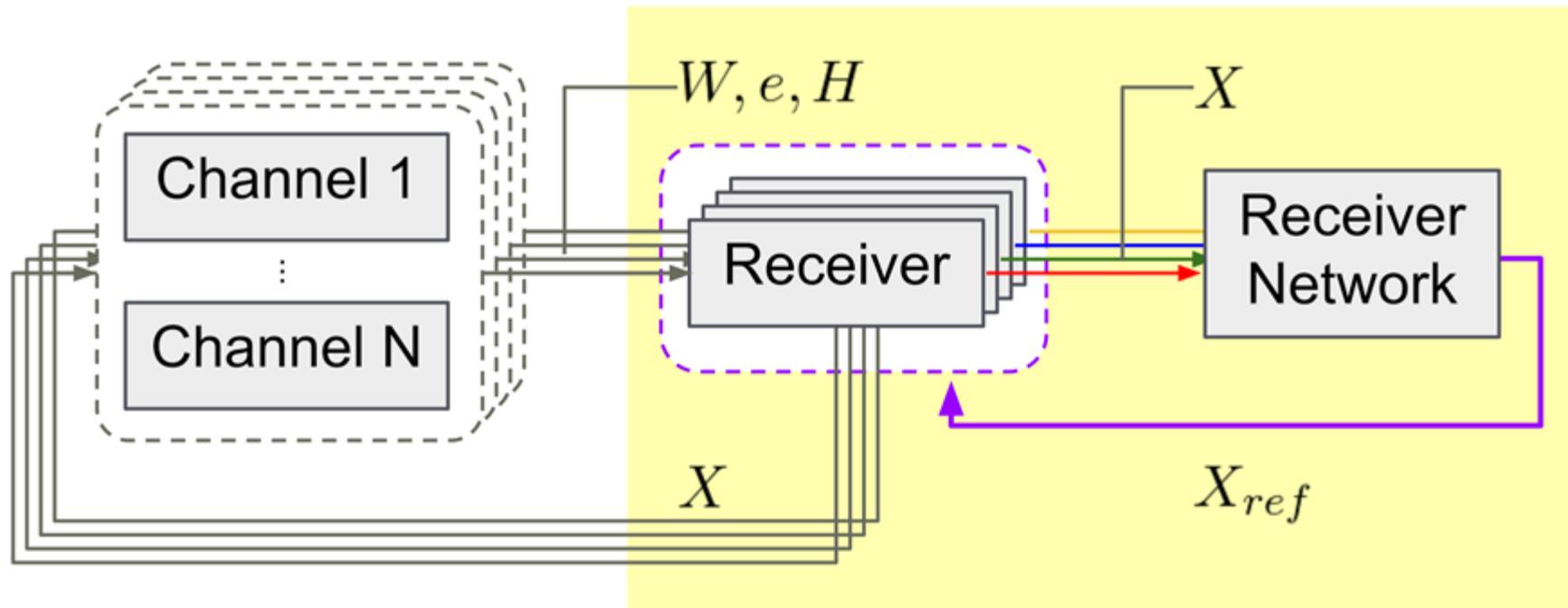
State Representation

$$X = \begin{bmatrix} c\delta t_u \\ c\dot{\delta t}_u \end{bmatrix}$$

Process Noise Covariance Matrix

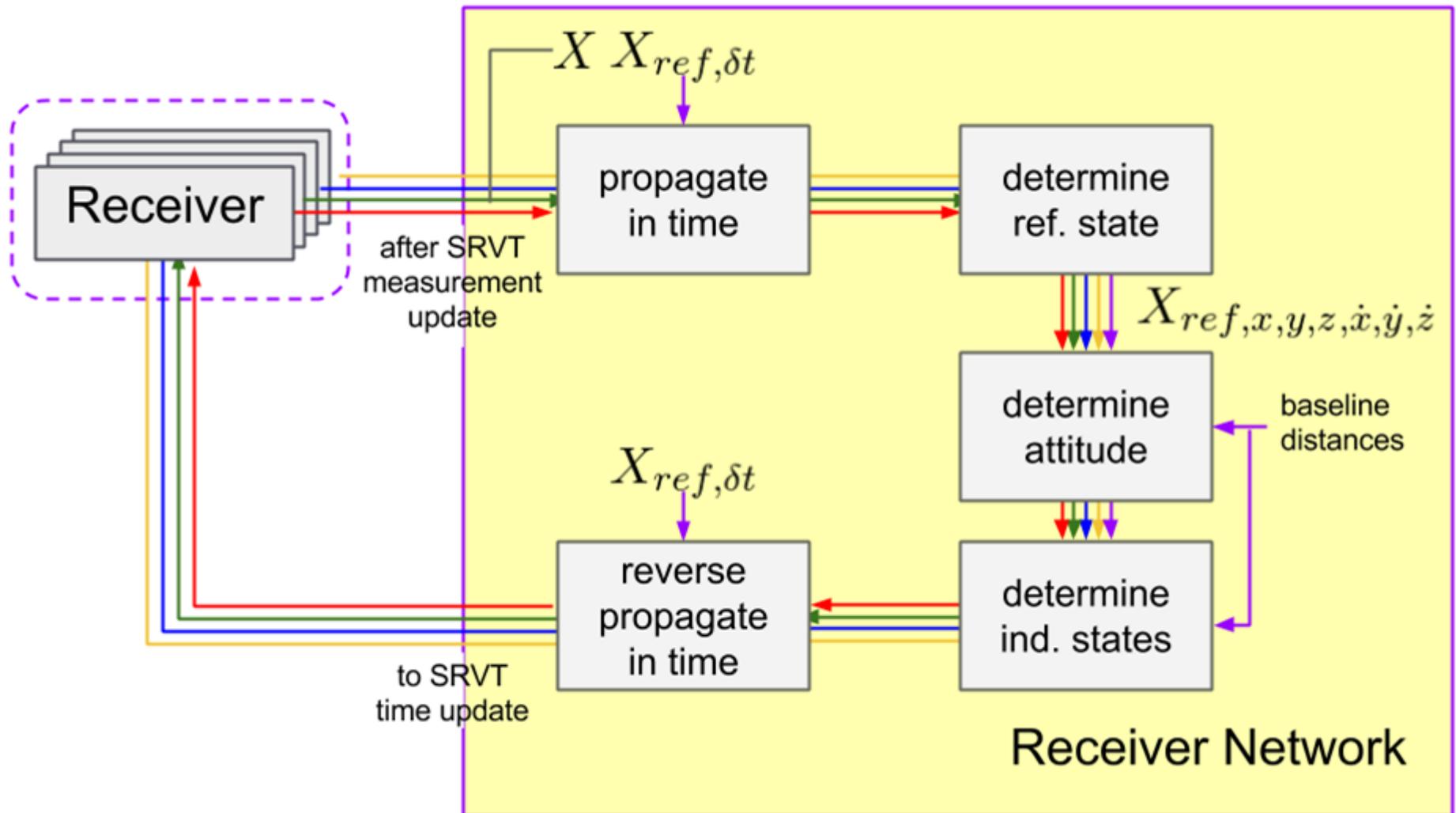
$$Q = \begin{bmatrix} \sigma_{c\delta t_u}^2 & 0 \\ 0 & \sigma_{c\dot{\delta t}_u}^2 \end{bmatrix}$$

MRVT Block Diagram



MRVT Loop

MRVT Loop





MRVT Variations

MRVT

$$X = \begin{bmatrix} x & y & z & c\delta t \\ \dot{x} & \dot{y} & \dot{z} & c\dot{\delta}t \\ \psi & \theta & \phi & \dot{\psi} & \dot{\theta} & \dot{\phi} \end{bmatrix}$$

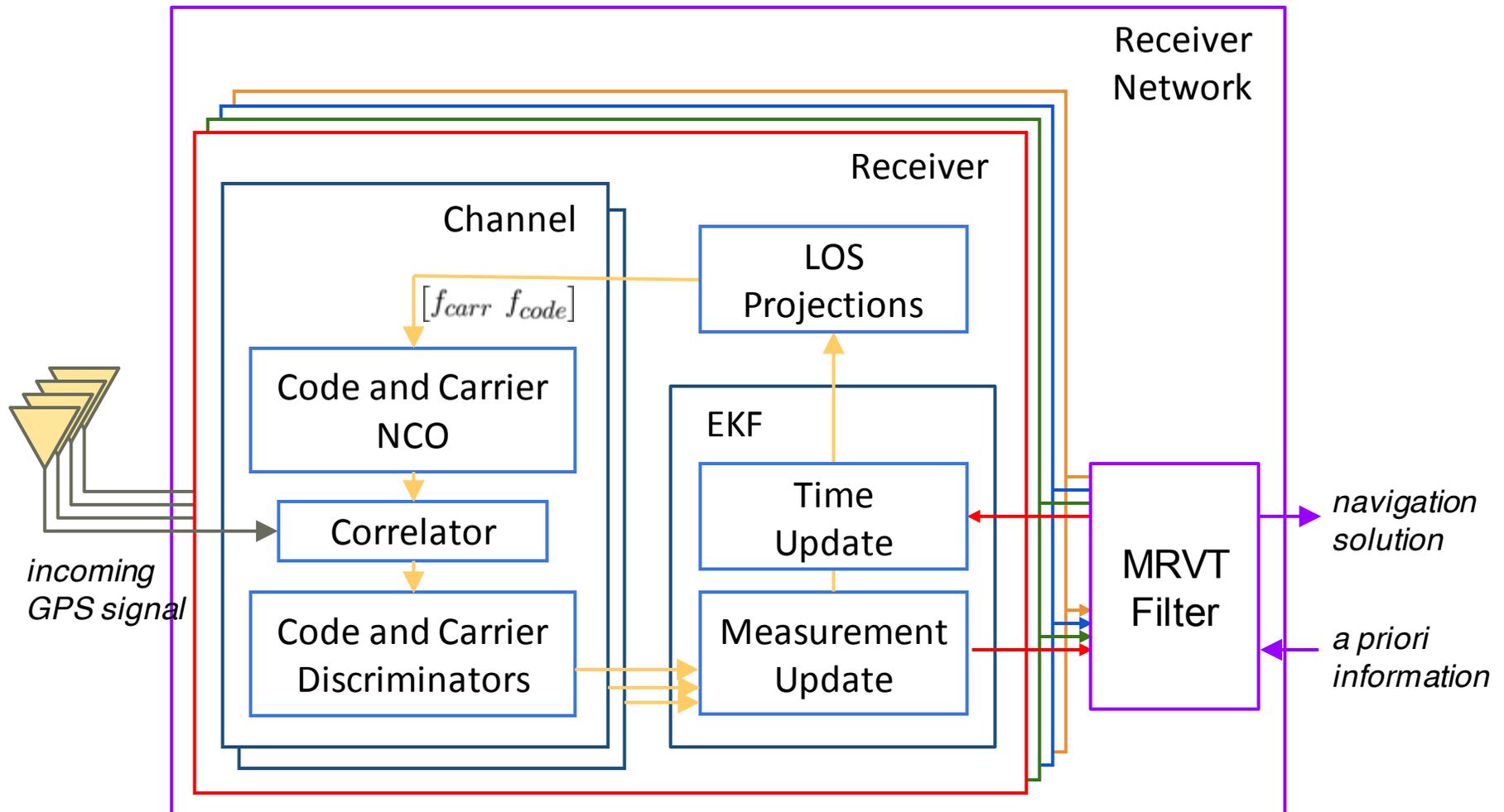
Enforce baseline, attitude
and velocity constraints
Enforce timing constraints

MRPIAVT

$$X = \begin{bmatrix} c\delta t_u \\ c\dot{\delta}t_u \end{bmatrix}$$

- Enforce timing constraints
 - clock bias differ by constant
 - clock drift same

Multi-Receiver Vector Tracking

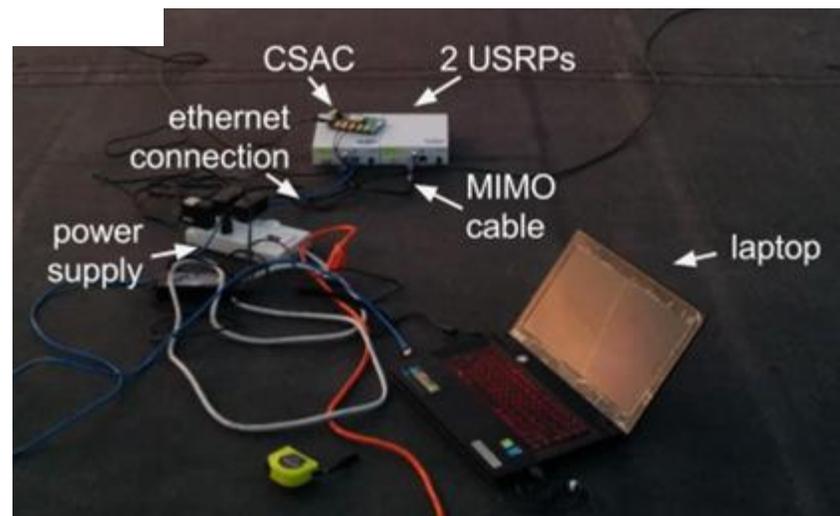
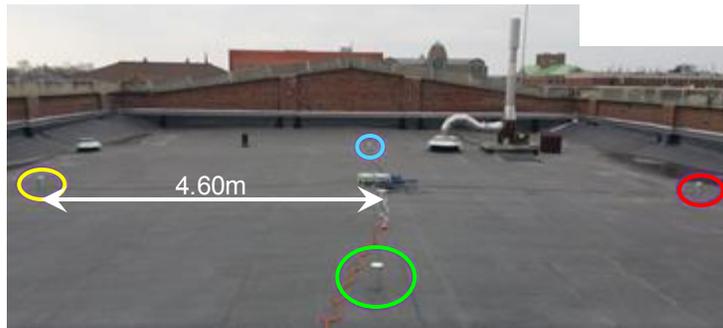
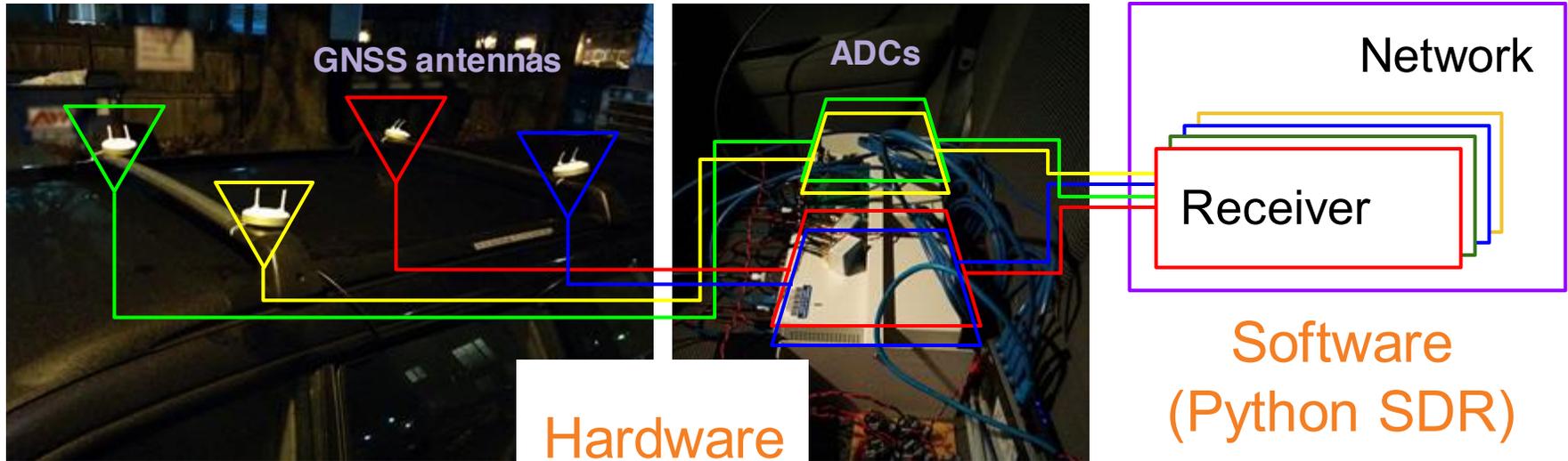


Outline



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- Motivation | Coop Nav, Joint Signal Tracking
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Overall Implementation



Python SDR : Research Platform



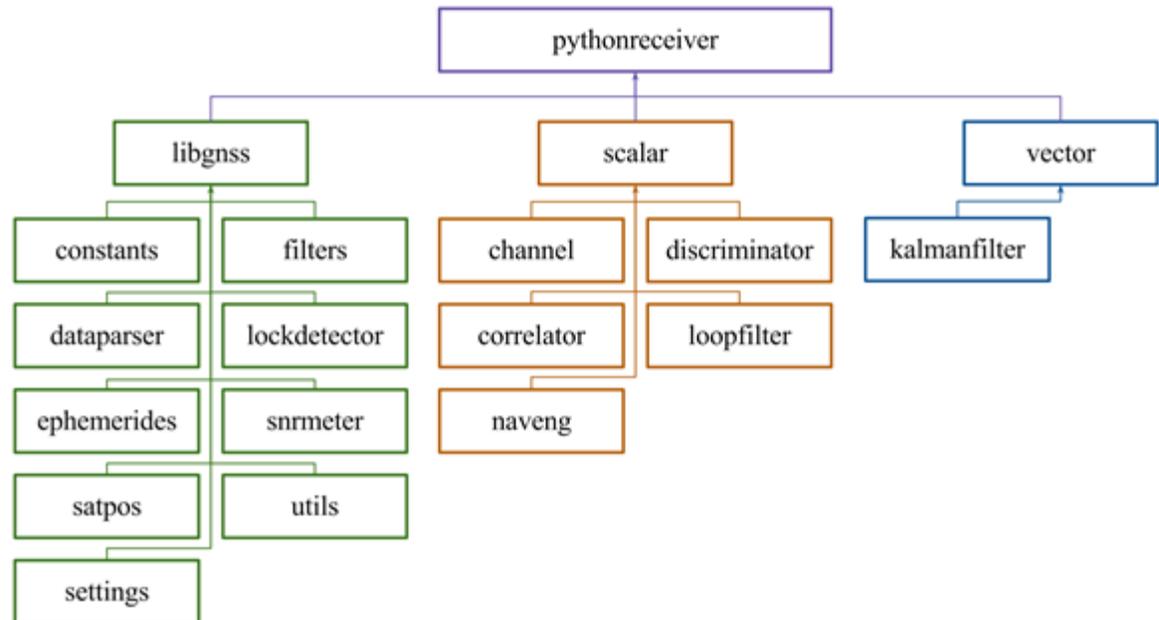
Channel

Attributes

- PRN
- Settings
- Correlator
- DLL Discriminator
- F/PLL Discriminator
- DLL LoopFilter
- F/PLL LoopFilter
- code phase
- code frequency
- carrier phase
- carrier frequency
- ...

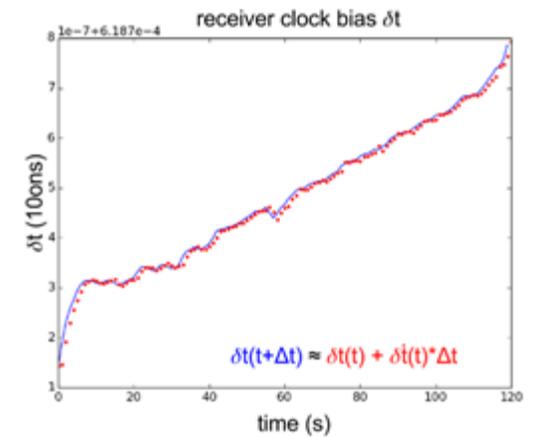
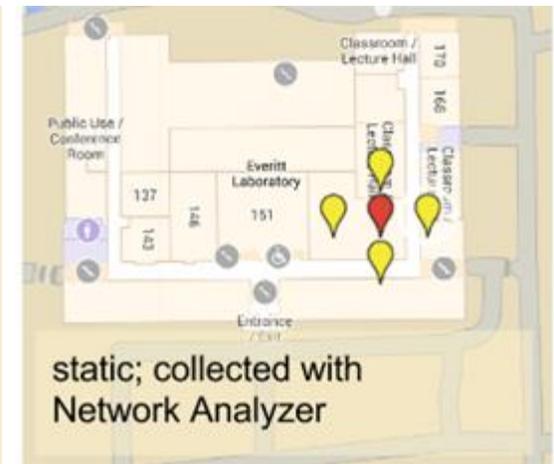
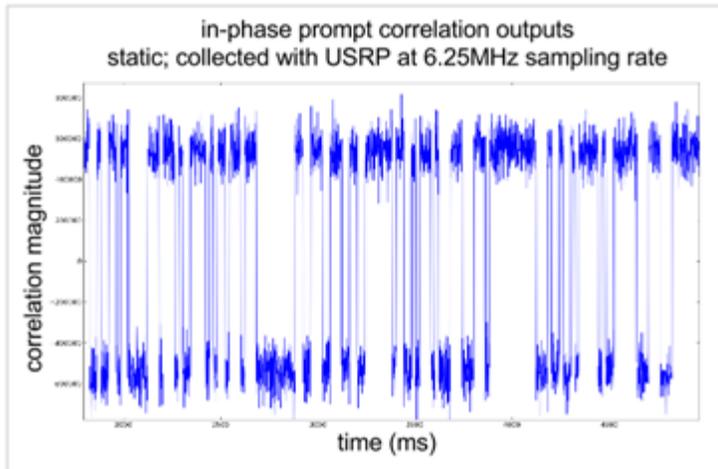
Functions

- `__init__()`
- `cold_start()`
- `set_integration_period()`
- `scalar_track()`
- `update()`
- ...



- Share information effectively
- SDR (Software Defined Radio)
- OOP (Object-Oriented Programming)

Python SDR : Research Platform



Python SDR : Teaching Platform



ECE 456 Laboratory 4

Signal Correlation and Acquisition

Laboratory Goals

In this lab, we will develop Python code that will take in raw data and determine which GPS signals are present. You will be writing code to analyze the raw signal and perform acquisition. The code you write today will be used in future labs, so make sure it really works and you understand what it is doing!

(c) A. S. S. Signal Correlation and Acquisition, Tracking and Decoding - written by Yuhang Ng (2015)

GPS Signal Correlation

Signal correlation is an integral component of signal acquisition - usually one of the first steps performed by a GPS receiver after cold start. In GPS signal acquisition, the GPS receiver is trying to search for the presence of GPS signals. It does so by first creating a replica GPS signal within the receiver, then attempting to match (or correlate) this signal to the received signal. In this lab, you will be exploring the correlation process, trying to estimate the received code phase or lag. See Fig. 1 and Fig. 2.

Range - Doppler Search Map Channel 3

```
Doppler_freq_coarse = -1000.000000
code_phase = 21.195000
correlation_peak_value = 194635.925385
```

The plot is shown above. There is one peak in the plot. The coarse doppler frequency estimation and the code phase corresponding to the peak is listed above, and they match what were obtained in the previous part of the lab.

PL2

Using what you have learned so far, fill in the table given to you in Q1.

PRN	Code phase lag (chips)	Carrier doppler frequency (Hz)	Correlation Height
3	27.110	-1472.47	194635.93
8	72.123	-1946.88	442370.26
9	278.25	3295.90	221513.77
16	958.55	1666.09	447372.49
23	49.61	2480.71	326821.64
26	169.818	-556.09	438458.43
31	470.069	-2442.96	191263.48
32	805.613	-3288.27	199413.52

```
PRN = 3
Doppler_freq_coarse = -1000.000000
code_phase = 26.086500
correlation_peak_value = 228704.509143
('medium doppler frequency', -1400.0)
fine doppler frequency = -1517.844179
```

```
PRN = 8
Doppler_freq_coarse = -2000.000000
code_phase = 71.098500
correlation_peak_value = 480295.970509
('medium doppler frequency', -2000.0)
fine doppler frequency = -2081.718039
```

```
PRN = 16
Doppler_freq_coarse = 2000.000000
code_phase = 959.574000
correlation_peak_value = 357613.708767
('medium doppler frequency', 1600.0)
fine doppler frequency = 1759.533461
```

```
PRN = 23
Doppler_freq_coarse = 3000.000000
code_phase = 51.150000
correlation_peak_value = 322131.654385
('medium doppler frequency', 2600.0)
fine doppler frequency = 2502.321317
```

```
PRN = 26
Doppler_freq_coarse = -1000.000000
code_phase = 169.306500
correlation_peak_value = 367505.911670
('medium doppler frequency', -600.0)
fine doppler frequency = -556.684419
```

```
PRN = 31
Doppler_freq_coarse = -2000.000000
code_phase = 469.045500
correlation_peak_value = 193177.080364
('medium doppler frequency', -2400.0)
fine doppler frequency = -2603.364069
```

```
PRN = 32
Doppler_freq_coarse = -3000.000000
code_phase = 804.078000
correlation_peak_value = 213800.183177
('medium doppler frequency', -3200.0)
fine doppler frequency = -3250.842694
```

Python SDR : Teaching Platform



「ポケモン」から、みんなへ
最新情報!!

2015/10/28



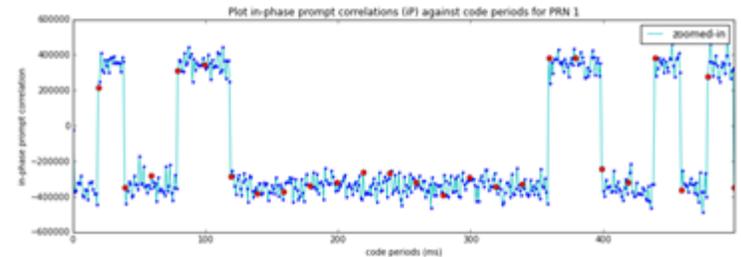
LOST POKEMON : PIKACHU

Ash's Pikachu is an electric-type Pokémon owned by Ash. He is the first Pokémon Ash ever had and is always by Ash's side. He is also a constant target for Team Rocket. They tried to capture him, but, on the few occasions that they do, their plans are thwarted by Ash and his friends.

Last known datetime and location



Help Ash find Pikachu!!!
reward : 100 PokePoints



('First 25 Navbits of PRN 1', array([1., -1., -1., 1., 1., -1., -1., -1., -1., -1., -1., -1., -1., -1., -1., -1., -1., -1., 1., 1., -1., -1., 1., -1., 1., -1.])))

*** Ephemerides ***

```

IODE: 79, IODC: 79
weeknumber: 1100110011
accuracy: 0
health: 0
T_GD: 5.58793544769e-09
t_oc: 352800
a_f2: 0.0
a_f1: 4.54747350886e-13
a_f0: -5.89992851019e-06
C_rs: 19.71875
delta_n: 4.90913305653e-09
M_0: 1.8478906143
C_uc: 1.13062560558e-06
e: 0.00416372809559
C_us: 6.8936496973e-06
sqrt_A: 5153.66034698
t_oe: 352800
C_ic: -5.58793544769e-08
OMEGA_0: -1.55220992773
C_is: 1.43423676491e-07
i_0: 0.961708135987
C_rc: 247.78125
omega: 0.374407823429
OMEGADOT: -8.15105380982e-09
IDOT: 3.864446684e-10
timestamp: {'cpcount': 3439, 'timeOfWeek': 348960}
    
```

ITEMS



- Prelab1: Obtaining Navigation Bits from Correlations × 1
- Prelab2: Searching for Preambles × 1
- Prelab3: Decoding the TOW × 1
- ▶ Prelab4: Obtaining the Pseudorange Measurements × 1
- Prelab5: Performing Newton-Raphson × 1
- Hyper Potion × 1



a wild Jigglypuff appears! it is friendly and intent on performing its trademark song in order to boost you on your journey!

..... preamble..... preamble.....
.. 01111-111-1-1 .. 01111-111-1-1 ..



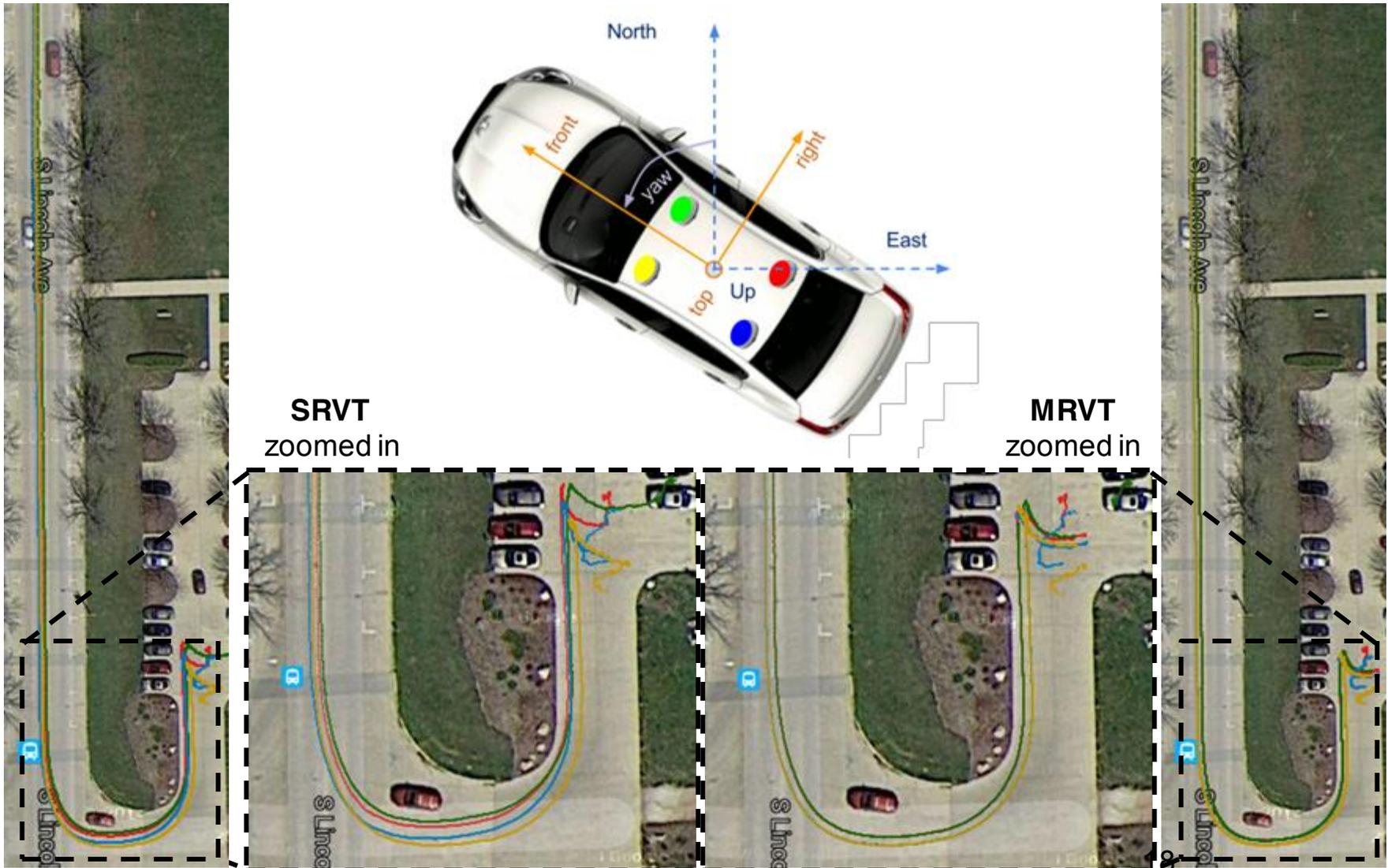
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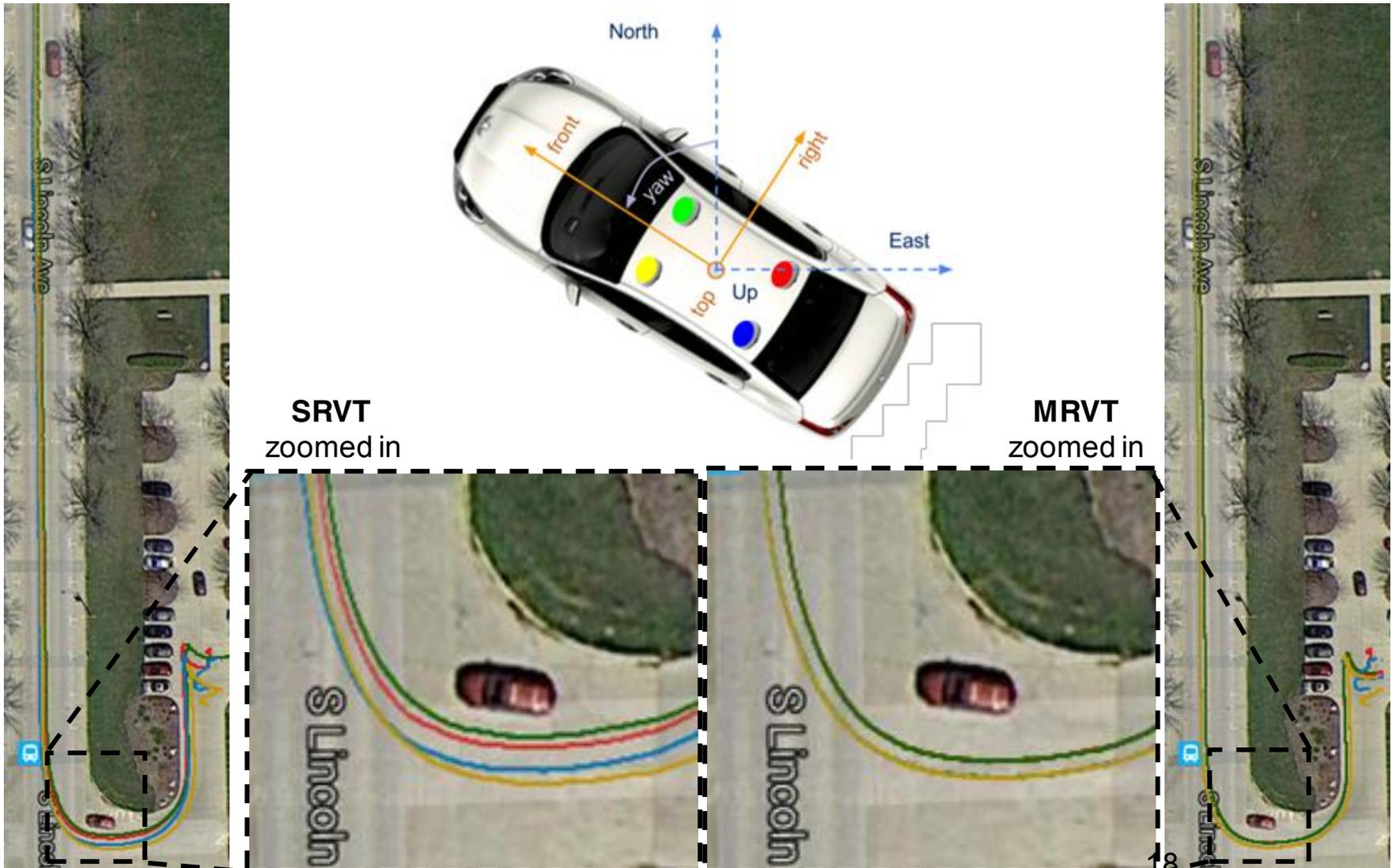


MRVT Positioning Results

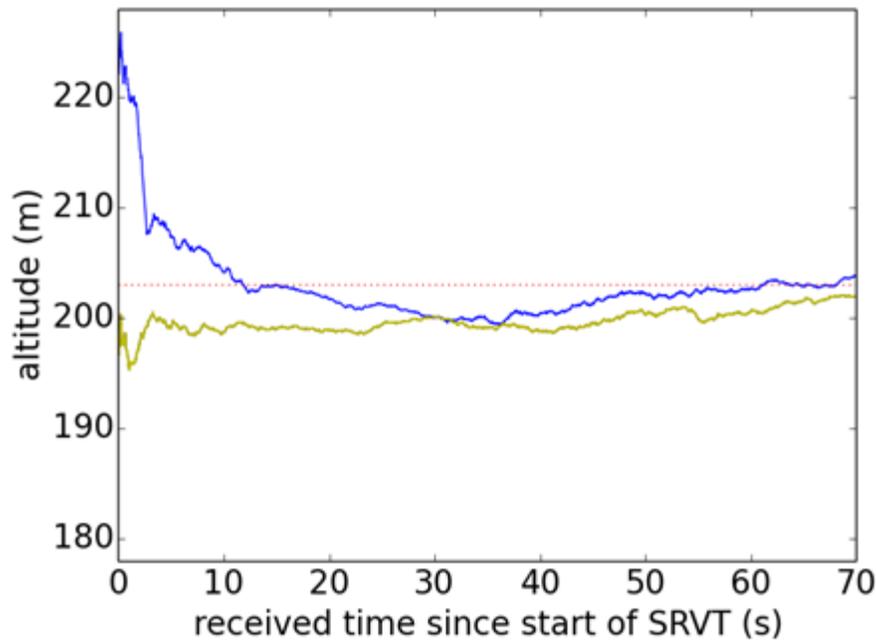




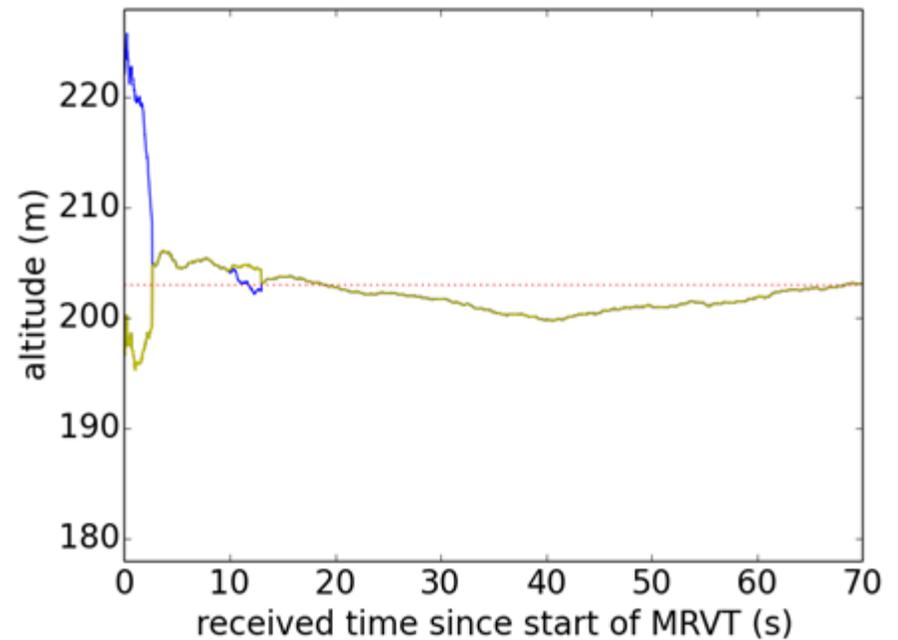
MRVT Positioning Results



MRVT Results: Reliable Altitudes

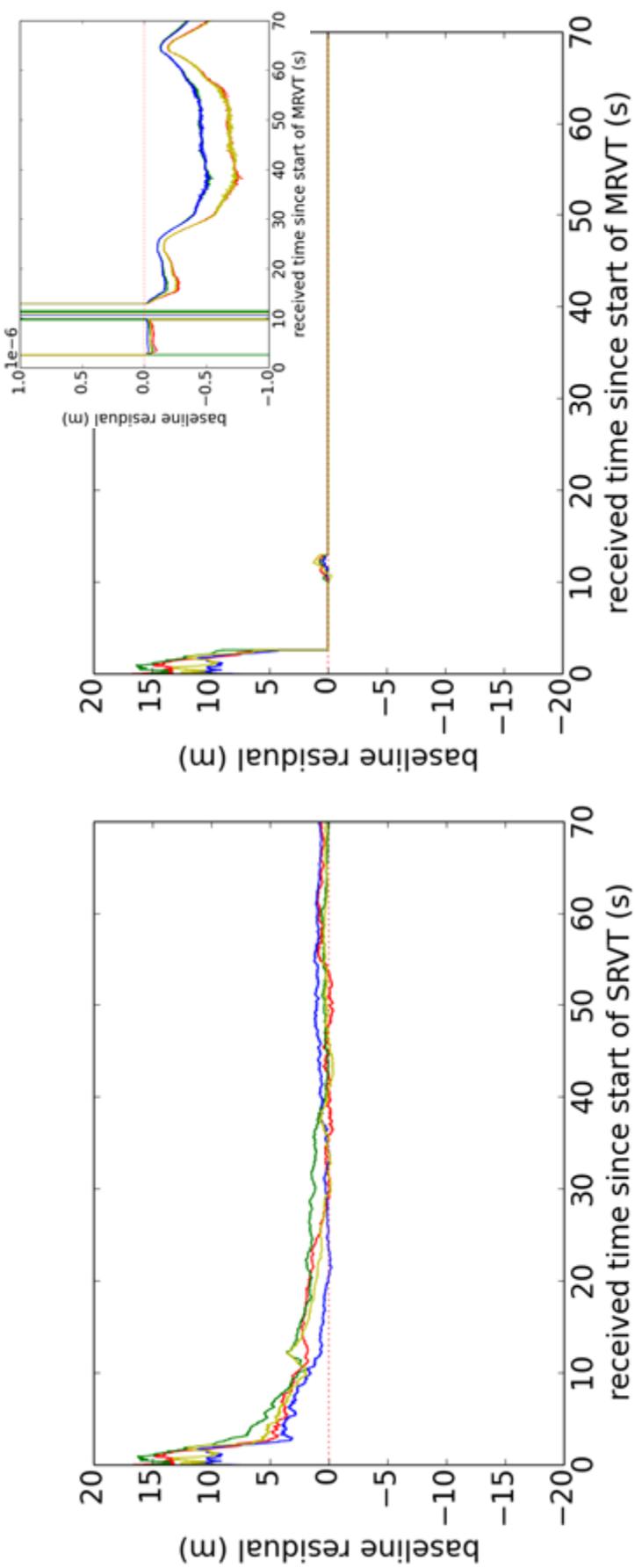


**Single-Receiver
Vector Tracking
(SRVT)**



**Multi-Receiver
Vector Tracking
(MRVT)**

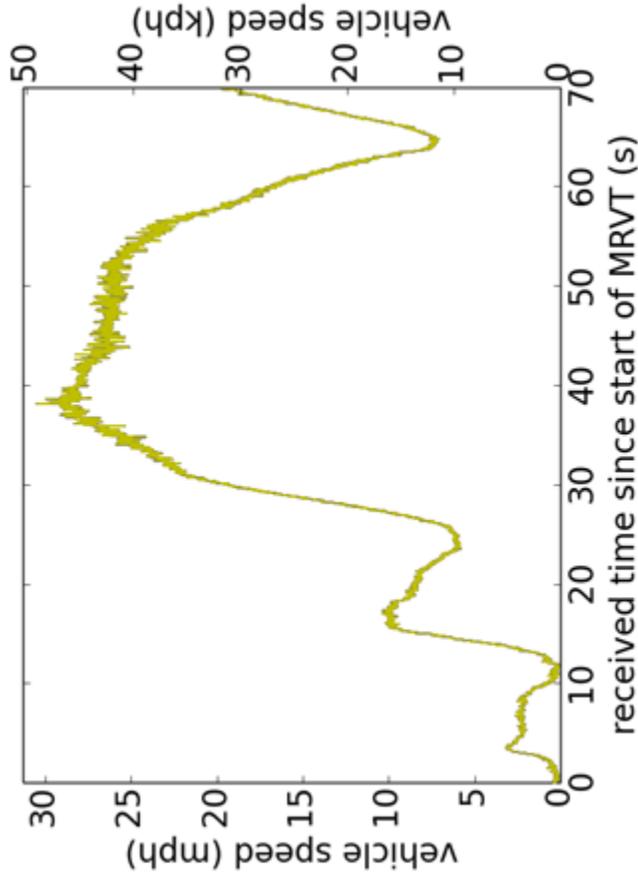
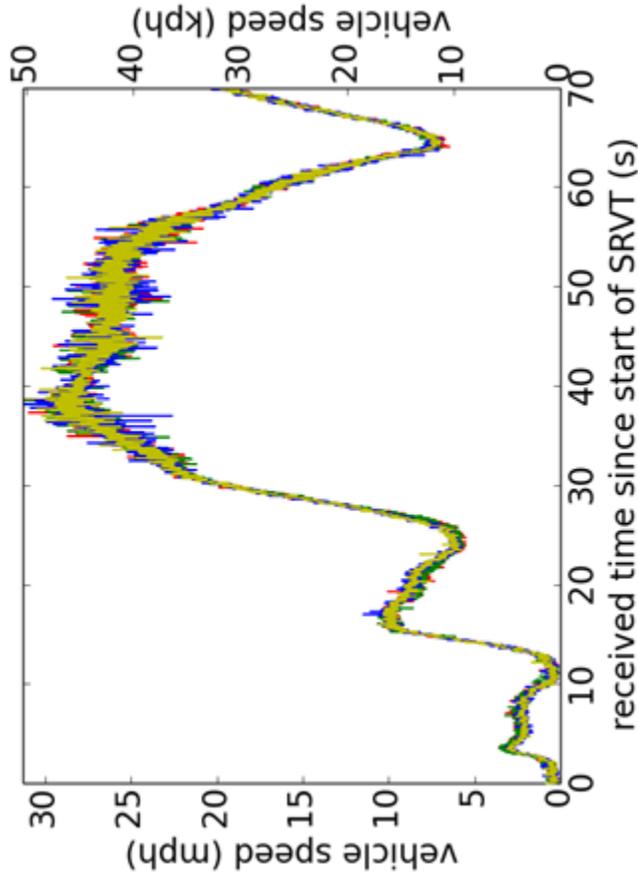
MRVT Results: Accurate Baselines



**Single-Receiver
Vector Tracking
(SRVT)**

**Multi-Receiver
Vector Tracking
(MRVT)**

MRVT Results: Less Noisy Speeds



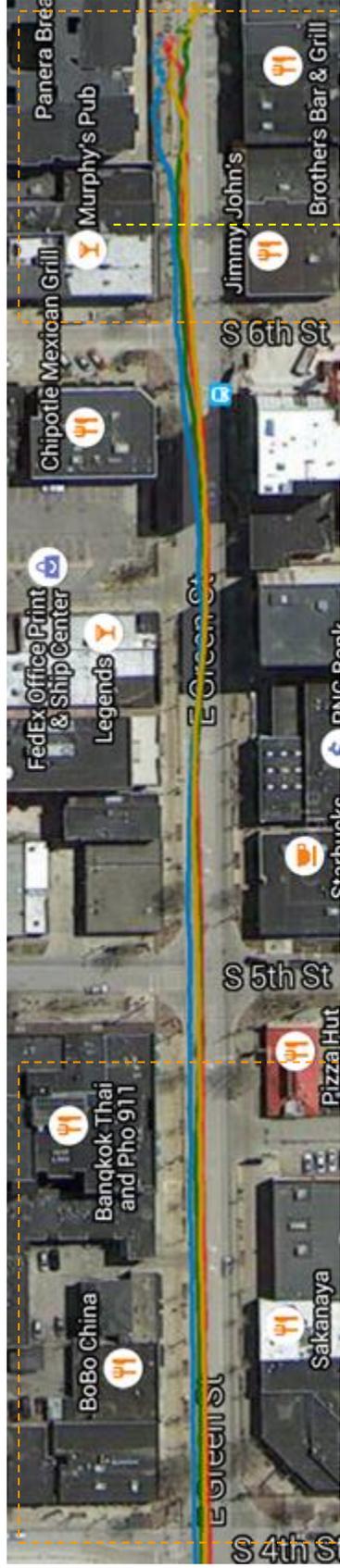
**Single-Receiver
Vector Tracking
(SRVT)**

**Multi-Receiver
Vector Tracking
(MRVT)**

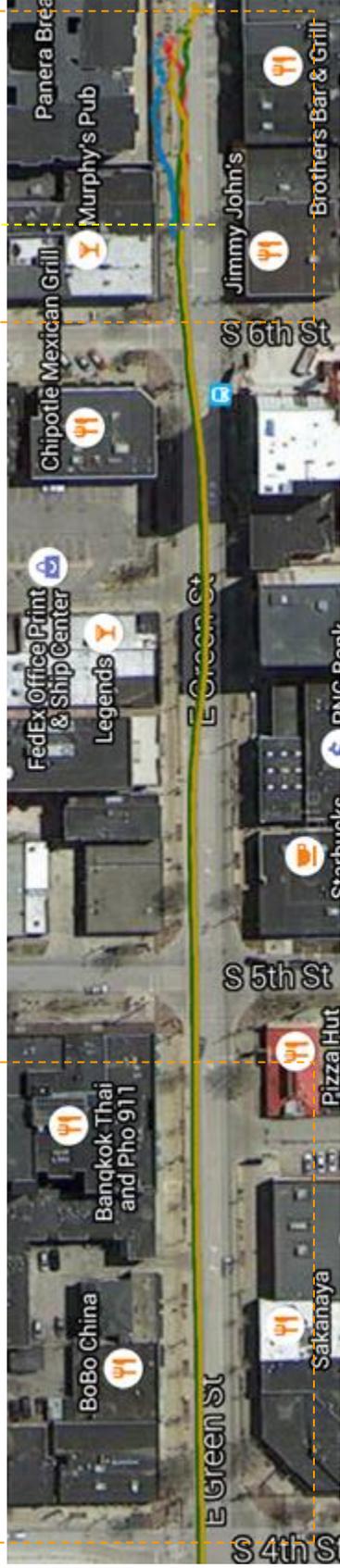
Results with Buildings+Accelerations



SRVT



MRVT



Results with Buildings+Accelerations



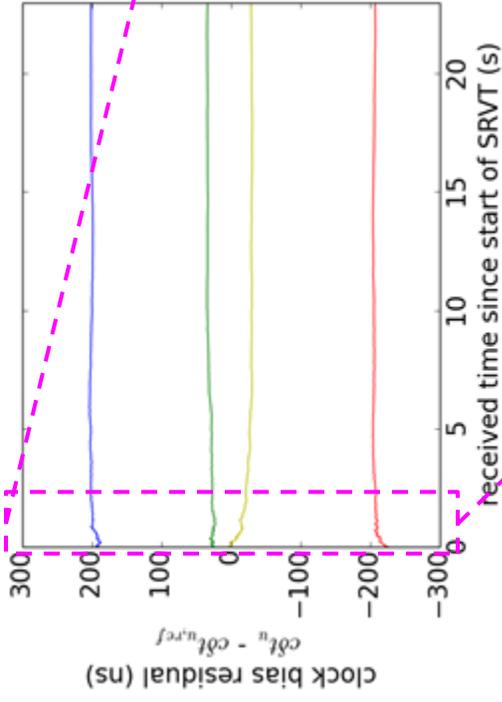
SRVT
zoomed in

MRVT
zoomed in

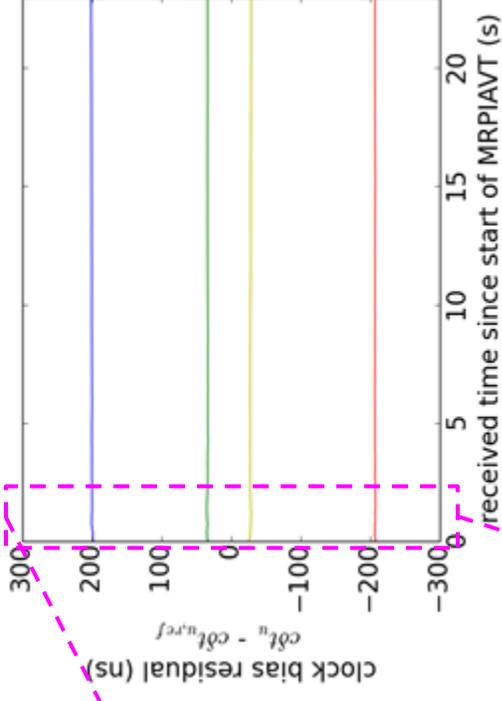


MRPIAVT Results:

Improved Timing Accuracy

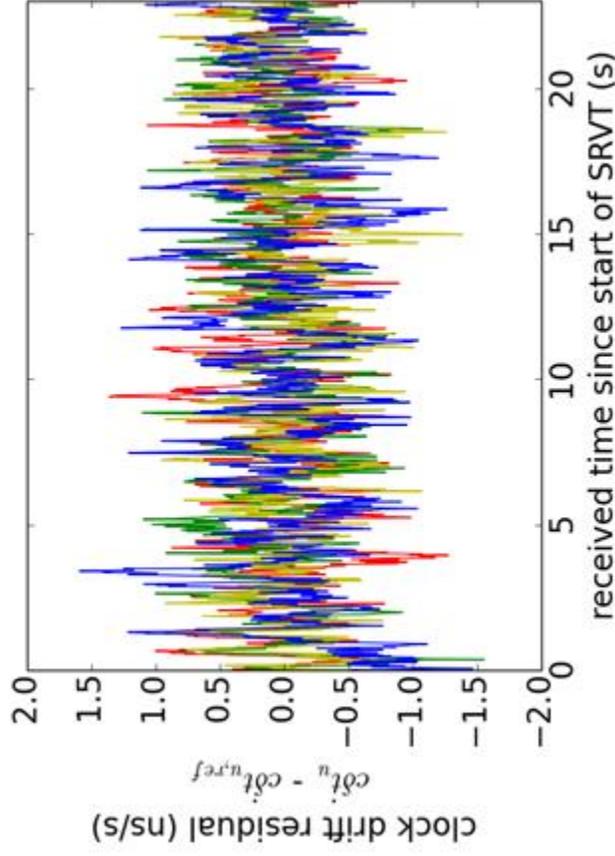
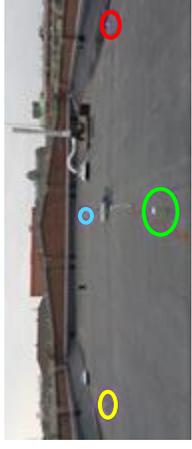


SRVT

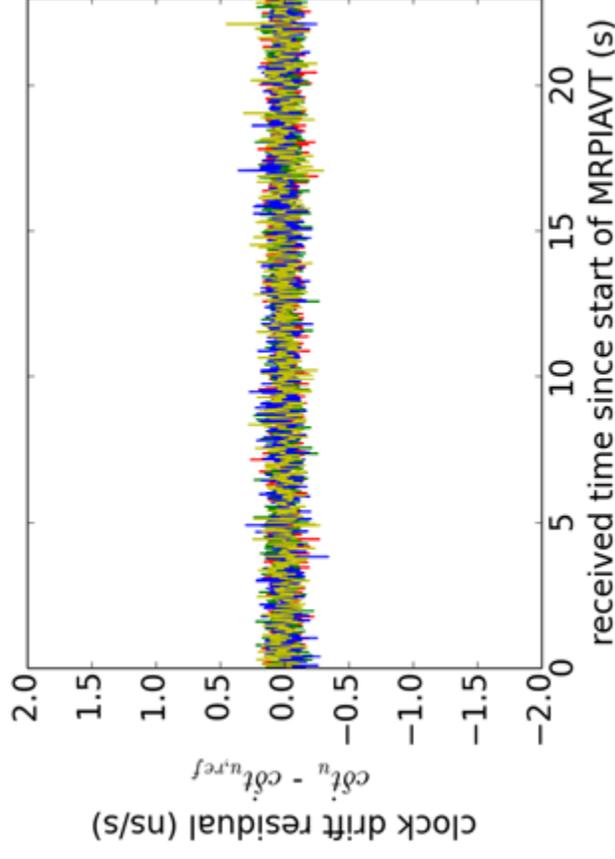


MRPIAVT

MRPIAVT Results: Improved Timing Accuracy



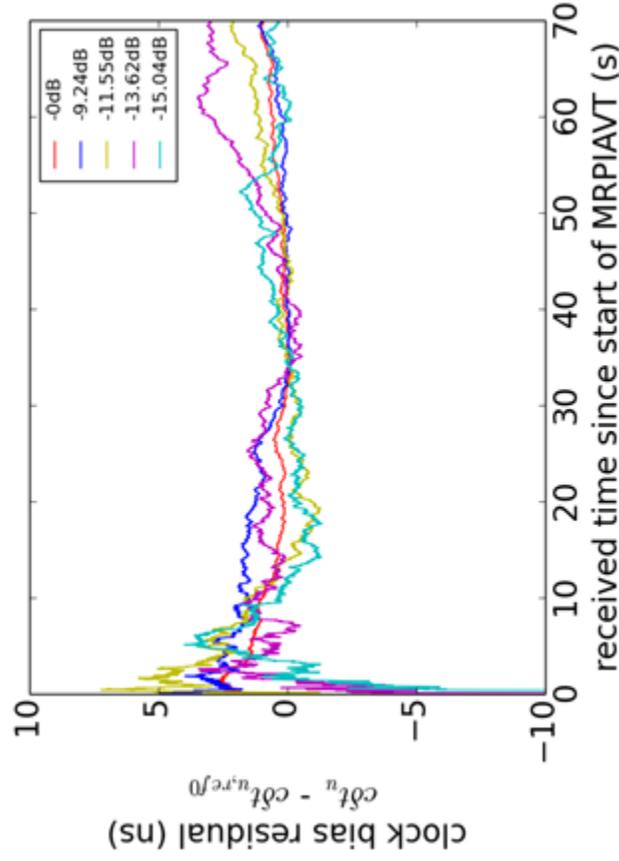
SRVT



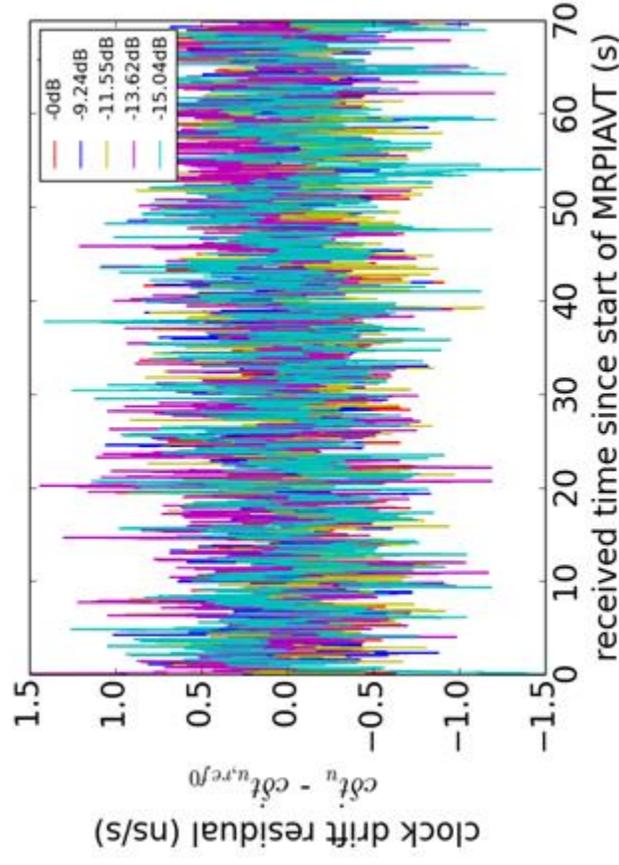
MRPIAVT

MRPIAVT: Resistant to Jamming

Added noise of different levels



Clock bias comparison
across different noise power

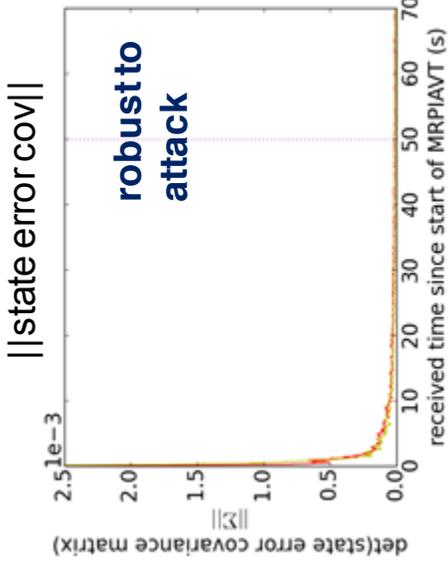
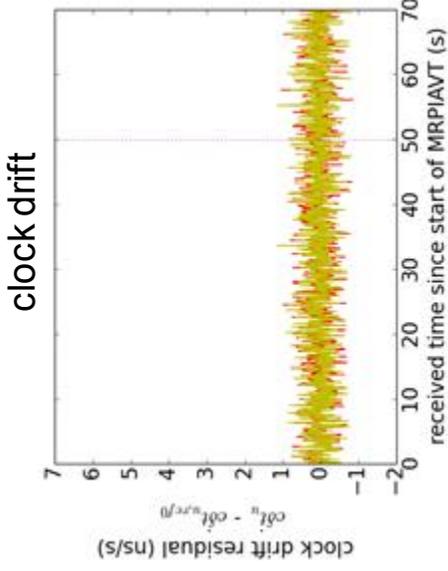
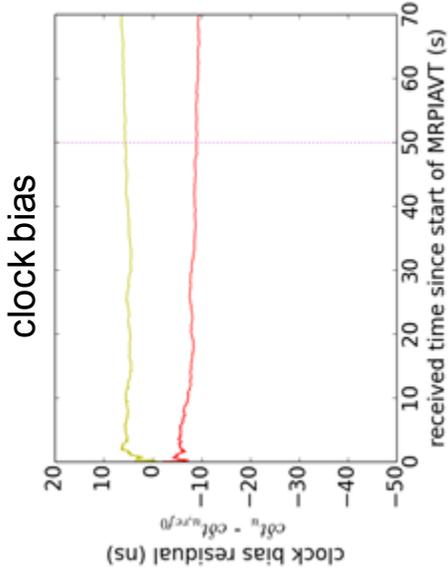


Clock drift comparison
across different noise power

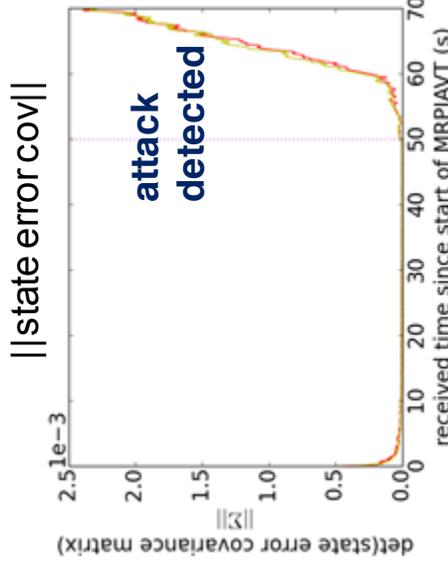
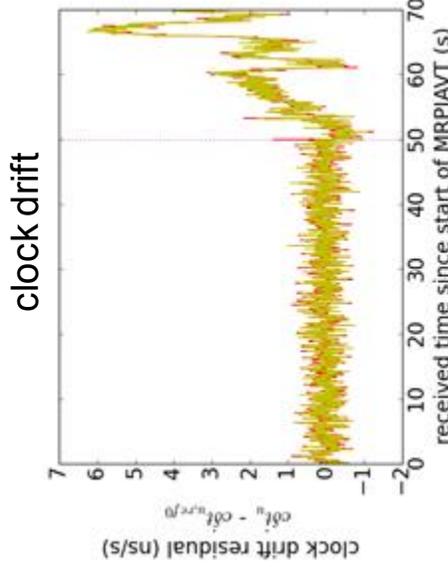
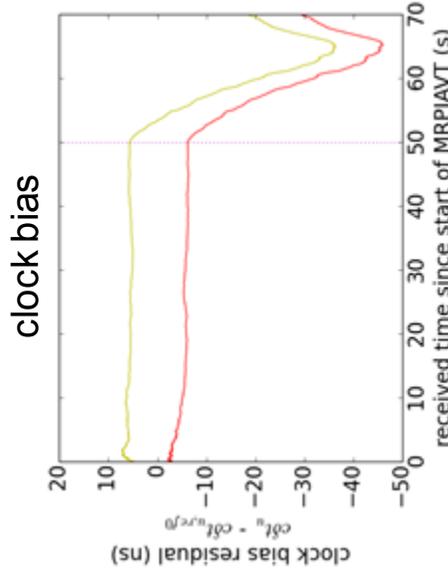
MRPIAVT: Robust to Meaconing



weak meaconing (1:1 power ratio)



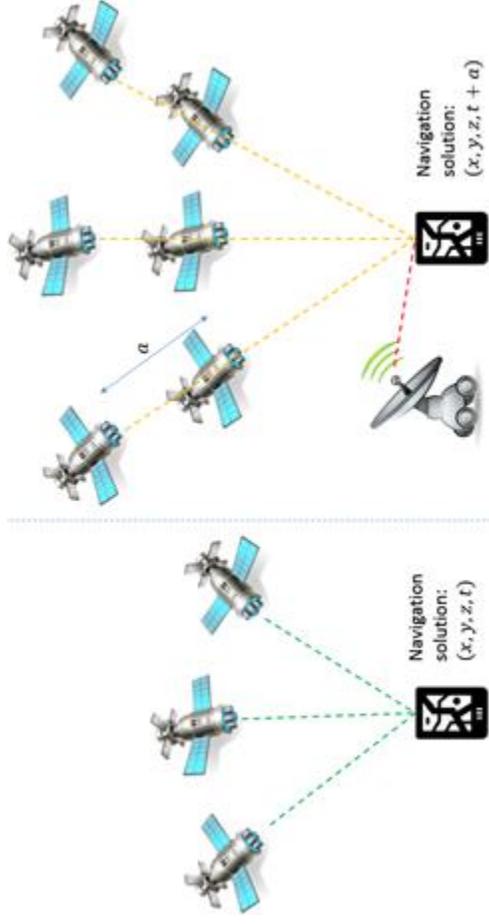
strong meaconing (100:1 power ratio)



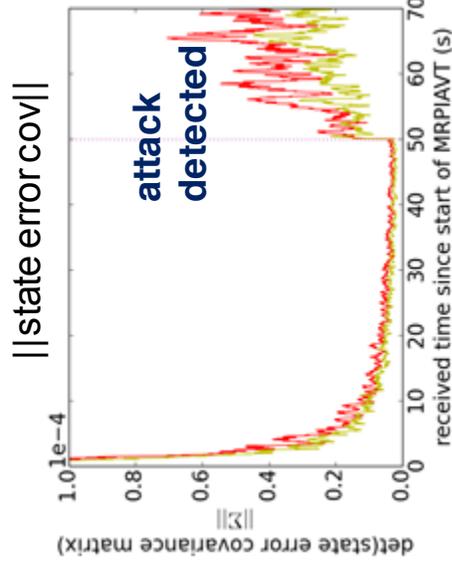
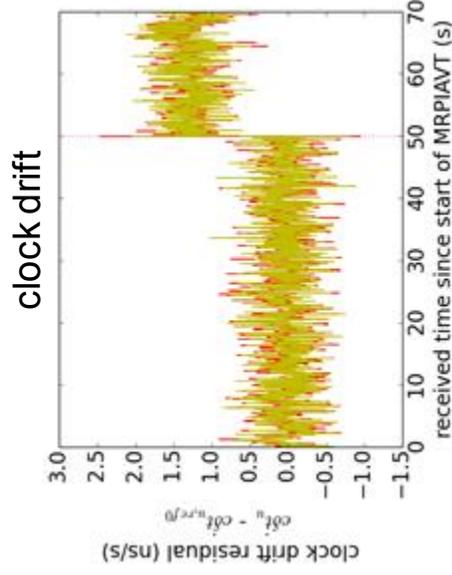
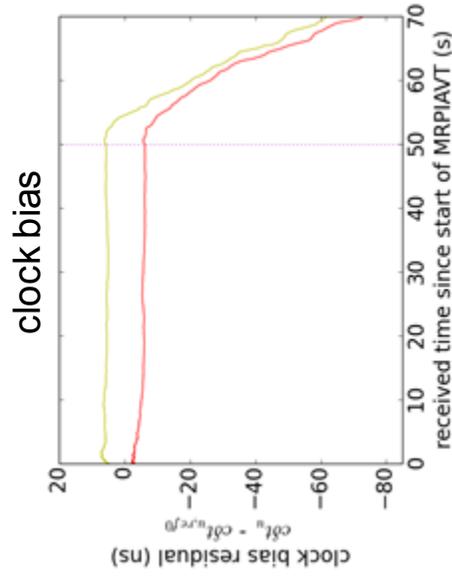
MRPIAVT: Detects Data Spoofing



Attacked af_0 in Subframe 1 of Ephemerides



satellite clock biases shifted by 4s



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Summary

- Proposed Multi-Receiver Vector Tracking (MRVT)
 - Cooperative navigation
 - Joint signal tracking
- Designed MRVT Architecture Implemented in Python SDR
- Conducted MRVT Experiments
- Validated Performance Improvements
 - MRVT : Demonstrated increased accuracy in horizontal heading, altitudes, baselines, speeds, timing
 - MRPIAVT : Demonstrated improved timing accuracy and precision, robustness against timing attacks

Thank you!



From all of us @UIUC