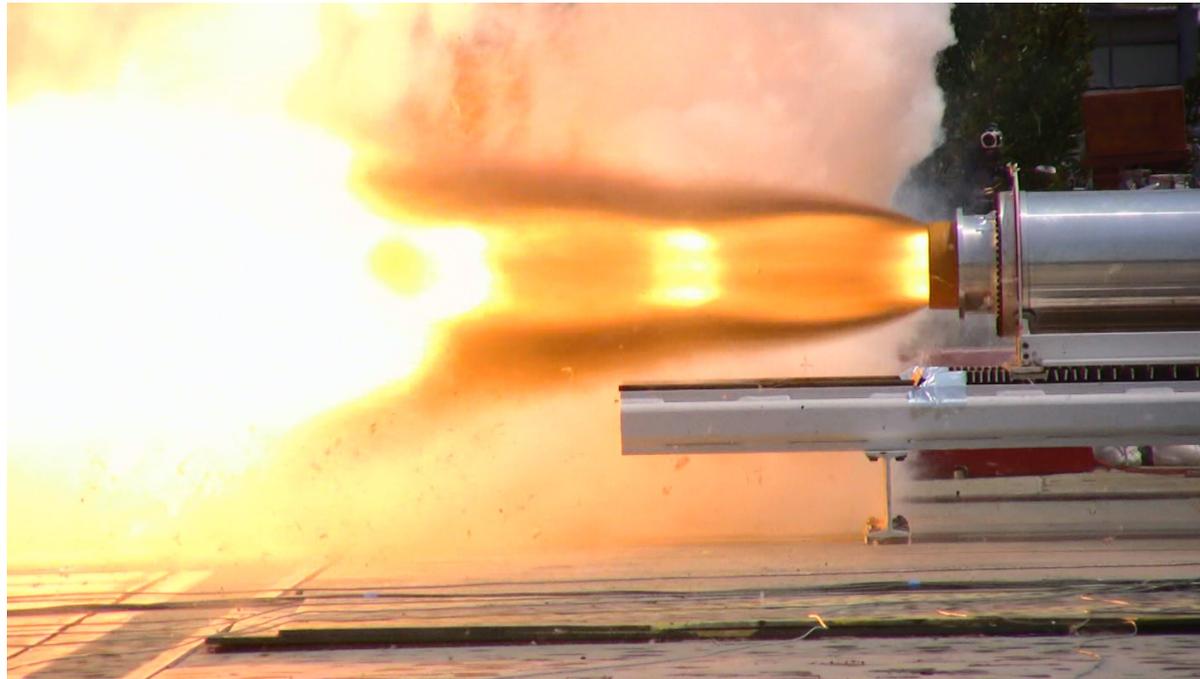


## Aircraft and Rocket Propulsion – Spring 2023 - 2024

### Course Introduction



**Instructor** – Brian J. Cantwell, 250A Durand

**Location** – History Corner 200 – 02

**Class Hours** – T Th 12:00 – 1:20

**Office Hours** – T Th 1:30 – 3:00 and by appointment

## Exam / Homework / Grading Policies

**Exam policy** - Exams are in taken in class during the assigned time. Students are permitted to bring books, notes and tables as well as a graphing calculator to the exams. Laptops are allowed to access course notes. Use of the internet is not allowed. Although Matlab and Mathematica can be used to work exam problems, you must show your work on the exam including equations, methods and assumptions so that the graders can fully understand your approach. As a guide, your exam solutions must show detail comparable to your homework solutions.

**Homework** - Homework problems will be assigned each tuesday and will be due the following tuesday. The understanding gained through solving problems is absolutely crucial to learning the course subject matter. You are not expected to work on homeworks in total isolation; seek out your peers, the course assistants and the instructor when you need help on the problems. This is a fundamental part of the learning experience. Just be sure that whatever you hand in, is your own work. Homeworks that are turned in by 5:00 PM on the date due will be carefully examined, graded and returned. There is a considerable effort required to grade the homeworks. Please be considerate of the course assistants and make every effort to turn your homework in on time. **Late homeworks will not be graded.** They will be assigned up to 3/5 credit depending on effort and returned without examination.

**Grading** - Homework - 20% Exam 1 - 40% Exam 2 - 40%

### Exam dates

Exam 1 - Thursday, May 2, in class 12:00 to 1:20

Exam 2 - Thursday, May 30, in class 12:00 to 1:20

## Course Reference Material

**Required Text:** Course Reader, *Aircraft and Rocket Propulsion* – These are my course notes and can be downloaded in pdf format from my web site.

<https://web.stanford.edu/~cantwell/>

### Recommended References

Hill and Peterson, *Mech. and Thermo. of Propulsion*, 2nd Edition, Addison-Wesley

Kerrebrock, *Aircraft Engines and Gas Turbines*, MIT Press.

Mattingly, *Elements of Gas Turbine Propulsion* Mc Graw-Hill

Oates, G., *Aerotherm. of Gas Turbine and Rocket Propulsion*-AIAA Education Series.

Shapiro, *The Dynamics and Thermodynamics of Comp. Fluid Flow*, Ronald Press.

Sutton, G.S. *Rocket Propulsion Elements*, Sixth Edition, Wiley Interscience.

Ashley Chandler Karp, Elizabeth Therese Jens, *Hybrid Rocket Propulsion Design Handbook*, Academic Press 2024

## Resources

**e-Resources** – If you need access to journal articles through the Stanford system this link, <https://library.stanford.edu/using/connecting-e-resources>, will help you set that up on your home computer.

**Course material** – Materials for all my courses are available at my website at <https://web.stanford.edu/~cantwell/>. The folder *Course Material for AA283* includes a folder containing a bookmarked pdf of the course text, *Aircraft and Rocket Propulsion*, a folder where pdfs of the lectures will be posted a day or so before the lecture, and a folder where homework assignments will be posted. In addition, selected papers related to the course material are also included in a resources folder. Videos of the lectures will be placed on the AA283 site on CANVAS.

## Course Reader Contents

### AIRCRAFT GAS TURBINES

Chapter 1 – Aircraft Drag and Propulsion Thermodynamics

Chapter 2 - Engine Performance Parameters

Chapter 3 - The Ramjet Cycle

Chapter 4 - The Turbojet Cycle

Chapter 5 - The Turbofan Cycle

Chapter 6 - The Turboprop Cycle

### ROCKET PROPULSION

Chapter 7 - Rocket Performance

Chapter 8 - Multistage Rockets

Chapter 9 - Thermodynamics of Reacting Mixtures

Chapter 10 - Solid Propellant Rockets

Chapter 11 - Hybrid Rockets

Appendix A - Elements of Thermochemistry

Appendix B - Selected JANNAF Data

## Useful Web Sites - pictures and videos

This is my web site where the AA 283 notes can be found in pdf format along with pdfs of the lectures and homework assignments and selected resources.

<http://www.stanford.edu/~cantwell/>

This Virginia Tech web site has a useful app for calculating the properties of a one-dimensional compressible flow as well as several other apps.

<http://www.engapplets.vt.edu>

Lots of interesting flow pictures.

<http://www.efluids.com/efluids/pages/gallery.htm>

This MIT site has the Fluid Mechanics Films produced for the National Science Foundation in the 1960's available in streaming video. Highly recommended.

<http://web.mit.edu/fluids/www/Shapiro/ncfmf.html>

## Useful Web Sites – Software for Combustion Calculations

<http://www.grc.nasa.gov/WWW/CEAWeb/ceaHome.htm>

This is a NASA Glenn web site where you can access the application CEA (CHEMICAL EQUILIBRIUM WITH APPLICATIONS).

<http://cearun.grc.nasa.gov>

This is a web-based interface for running CEA. You need a browser with cookies and Javascript enabled. Any problems with this site should be reported to [mark.leader@nasa.gov](mailto:mark.leader@nasa.gov).

<https://www.grc.nasa.gov/WWW/CEAWeb/ceaThermoBuild.htm>

This link takes you to a site with an application called ThermoBuild which is an interactive tool that allows you to access the NASA Glenn thermodynamic database to select species and to obtain tables of thermodynamic properties and data sets for use in CEA, or any other computer program.

<http://software.lpre.de/index.htm>

This link takes you to a site with a downloadable (for a price) application called RPA - Tool for Rocket Propulsion Analysis. The capabilities are very similar to CEA.

## Useful Web Sites – Khan Academy short video lectures

One of the most interesting developments in recent years has been the creation of new, free websites dedicated to online teaching. Perhaps the best of these is the amazingly extensive set of lectures put up by Sal Khan who lives in Los Altos just south of Stanford. While there are really no lectures on the site directly connected to compressible flow, there are several on calculus and thermodynamics that might be useful.

Links to a few suggested lectures are below. They typically run ten minutes or less. I am suggesting these as a means of review if you feel you are rusty on these subjects.

### Integrating Factors

<http://www.khanacademy.org/video/integrating-factors-1?playlist=Differential%20Equations>

### Second Order differential Equations

<http://www.khanacademy.org/video/2nd-order-linear-homogeneous-differential-equations-1?playlist=Differential%20Equations>

### Carnot Cycle

<http://www.khanacademy.org/video/carnot-cycle-and-carnot-engine?playlist=Chemistry>

### Enthalpy

<http://www.khanacademy.org/video/enthalpy?playlist=Chemistry>

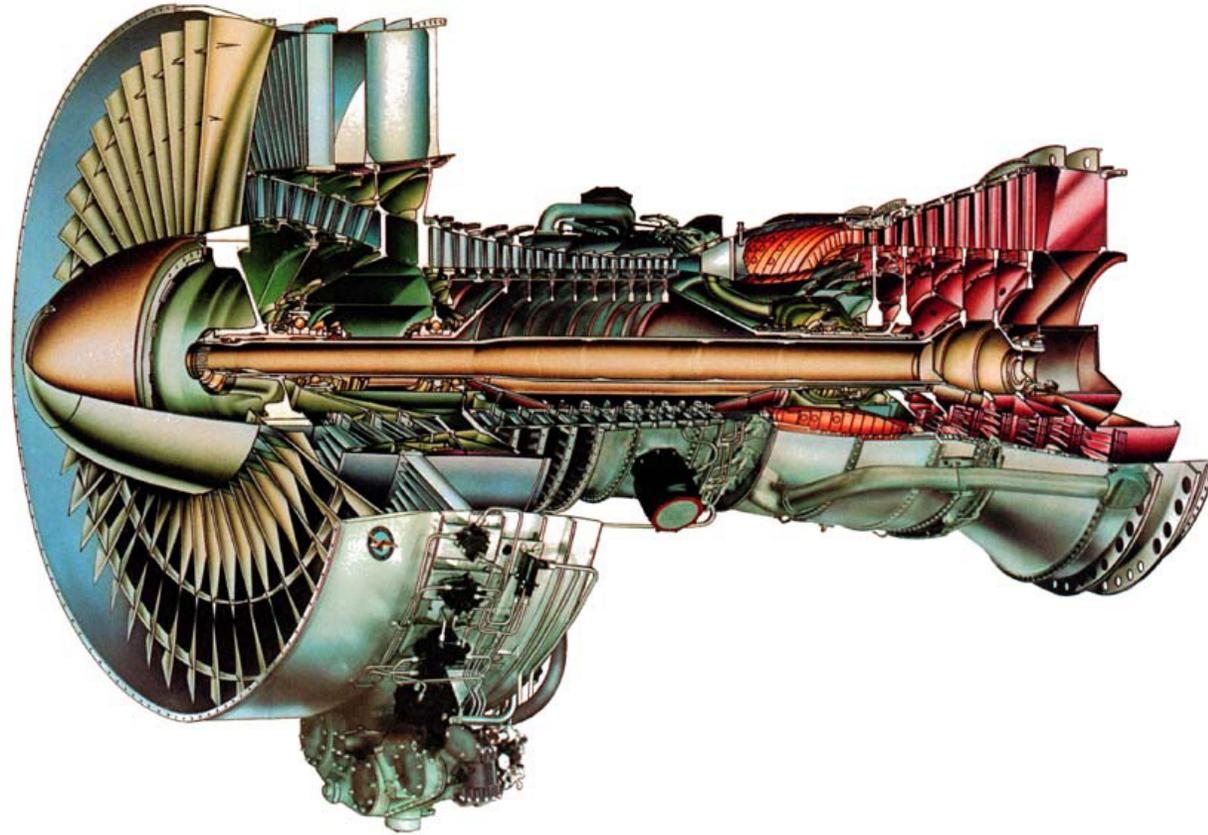
### Thermodynamic Entropy Definition, Clarification

<http://www.khanacademy.org/video/thermodynamic-entropy-definition-clarification?playlist=Chemistry>

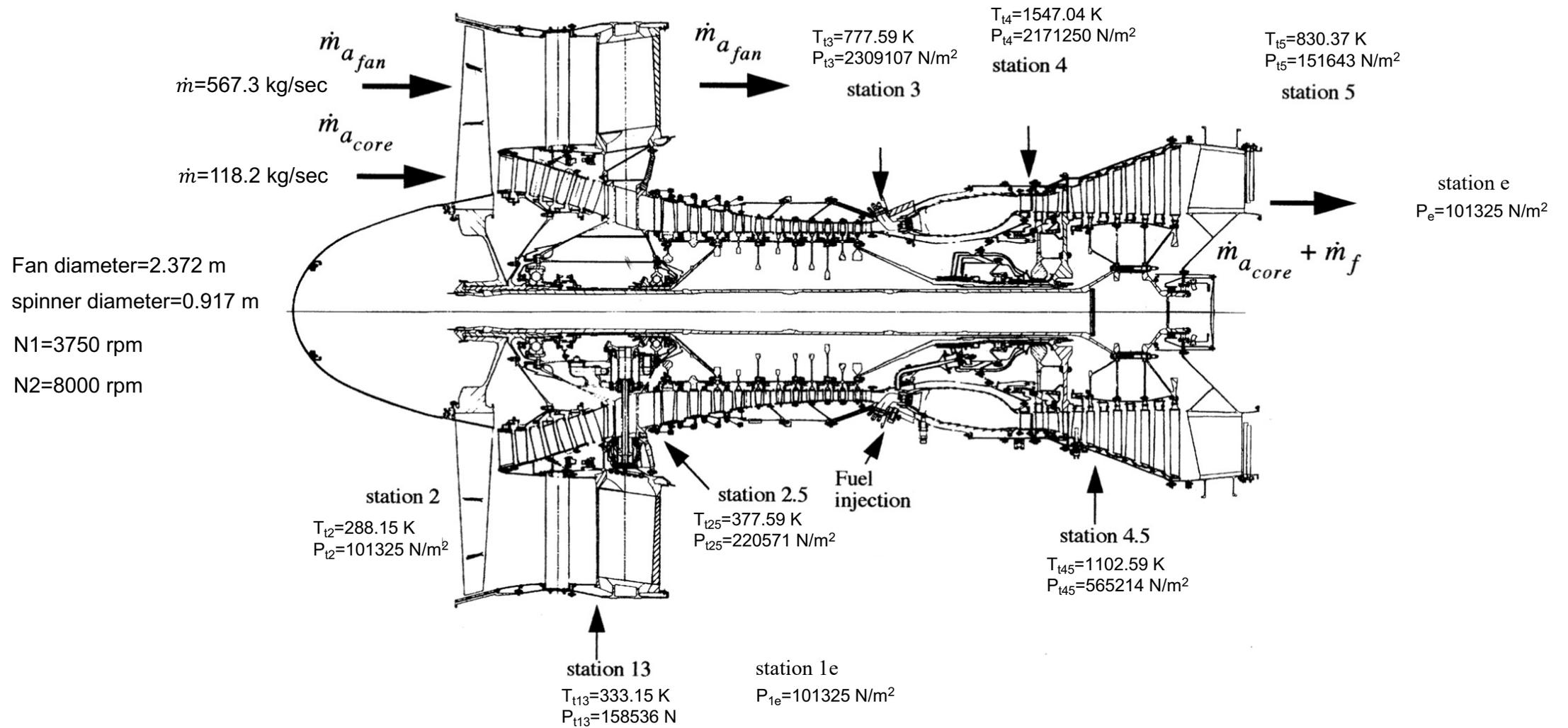
## Pratt and Whitney JT9D



## JT9D-20 TURBOFAN ENGINE



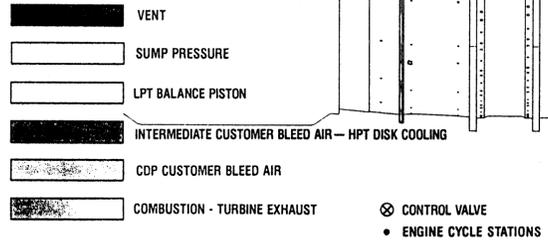
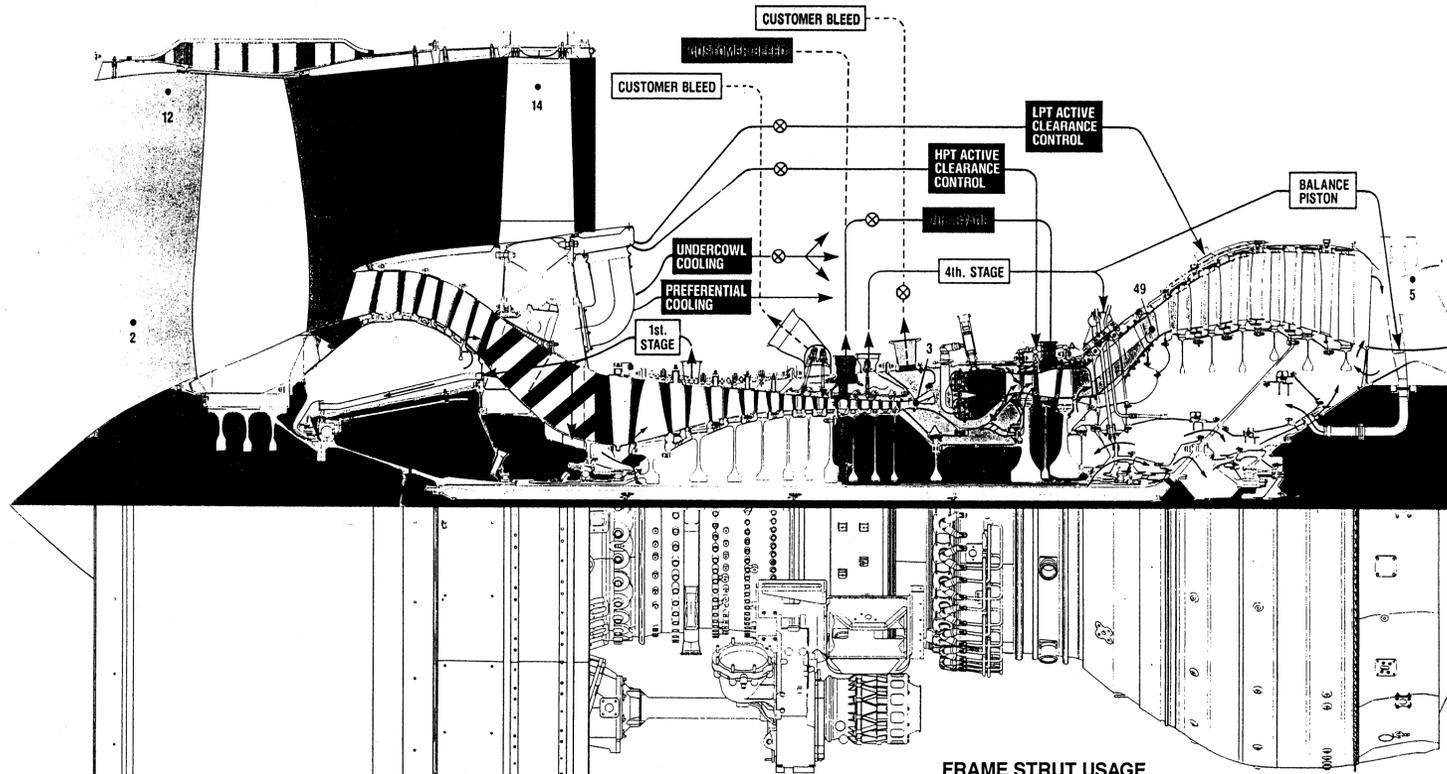
# JT9D - 7



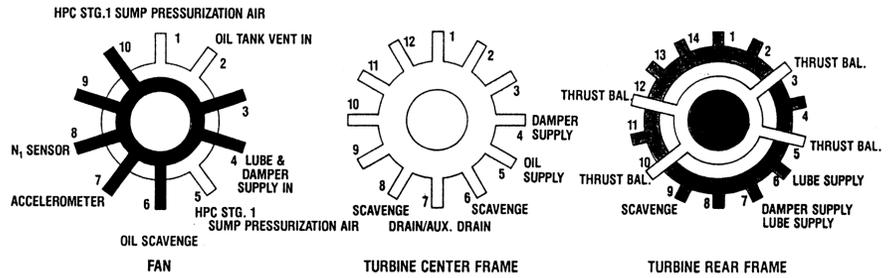
# General Electric GE 90



# GE 90 ENGINE AIRFLOW

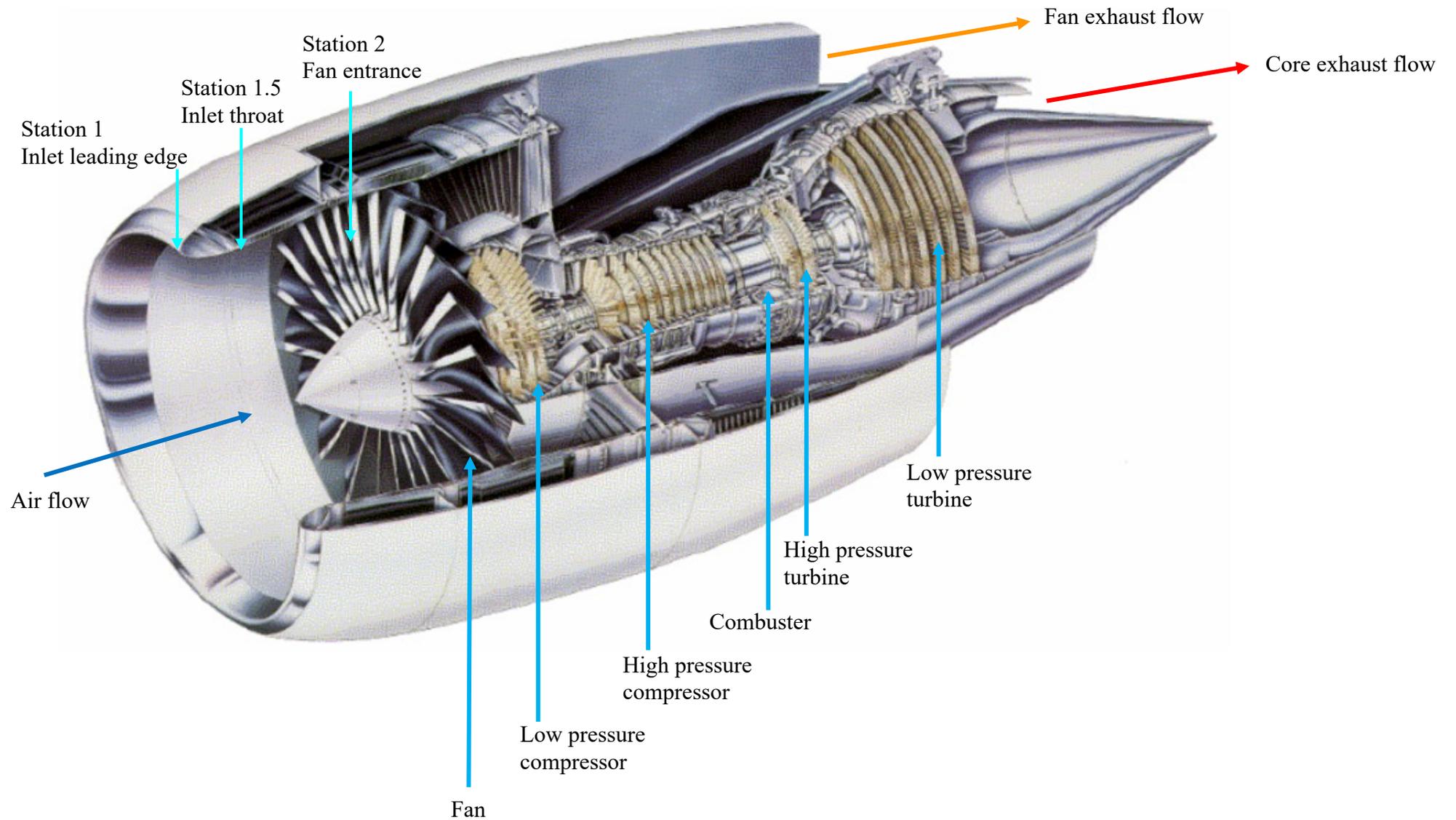


## FRAME STRUT USAGE

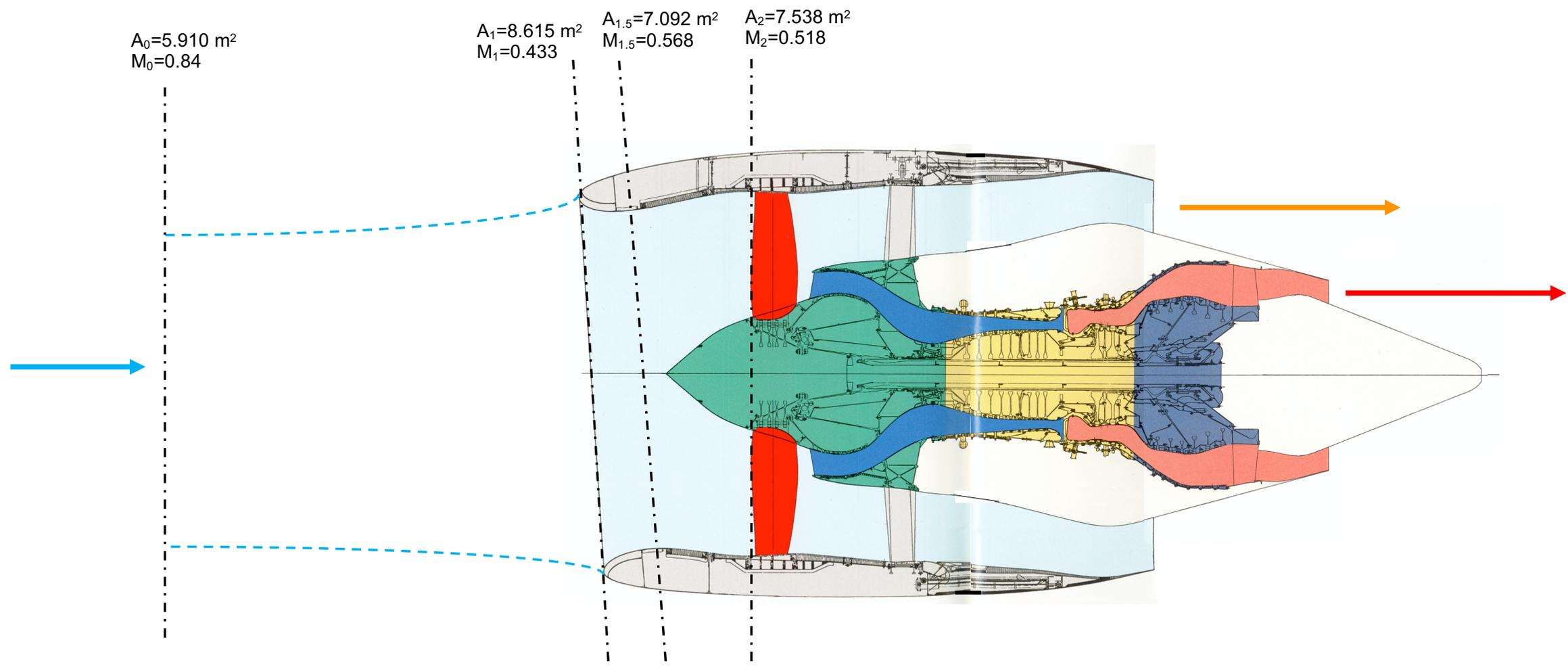


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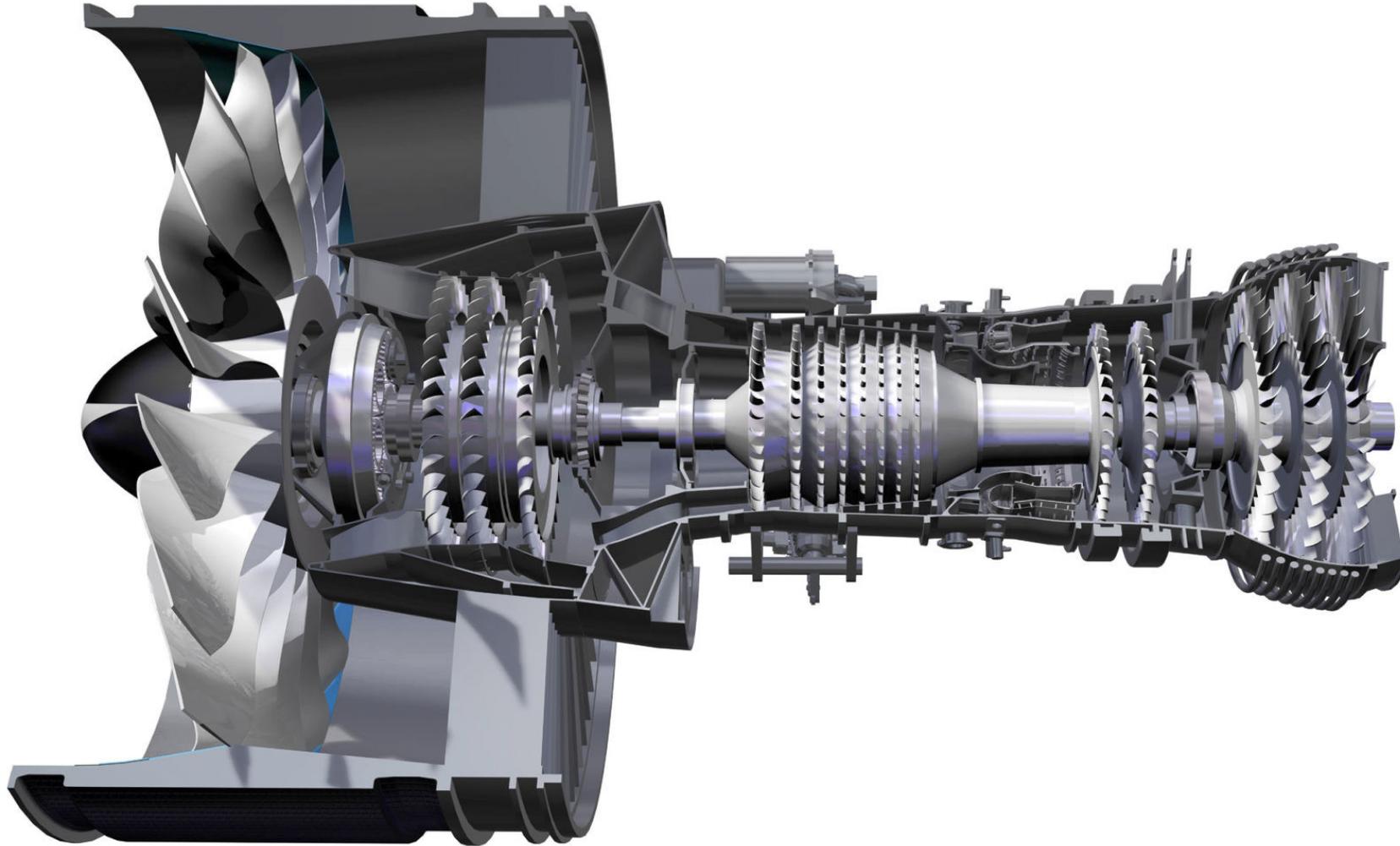
# General Electric GE 90 Nomenclature



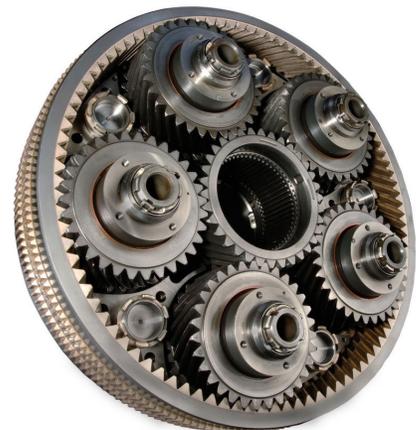
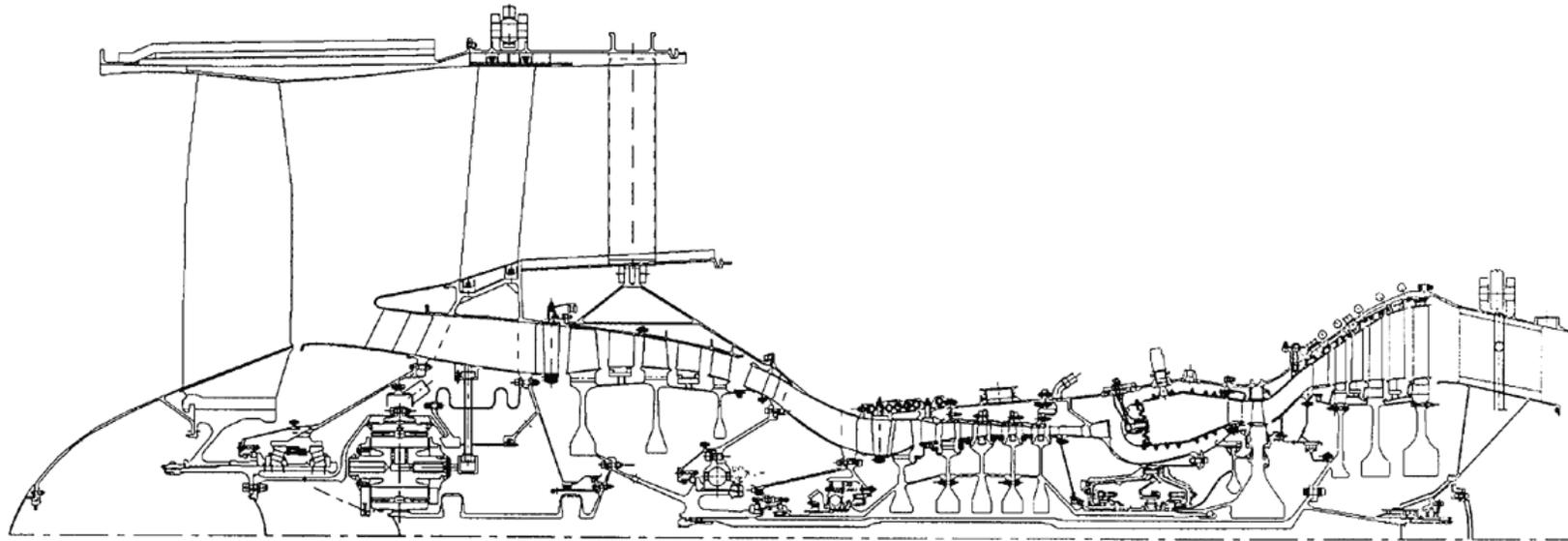
# GE 90 Flowpath at cruise



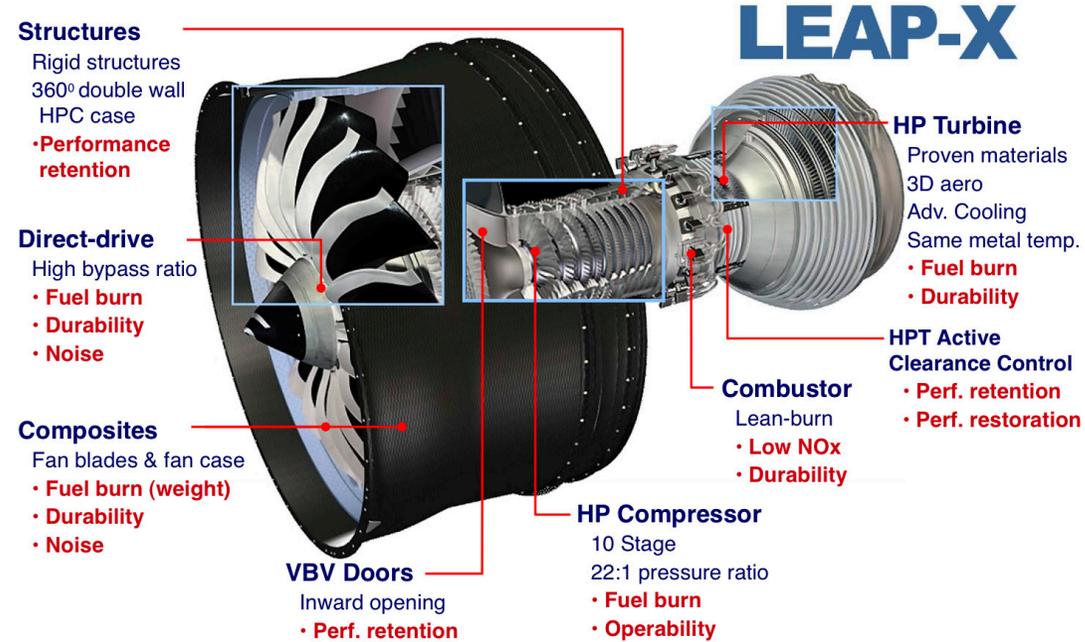
# Pratt and Whitney Geared Turbofan



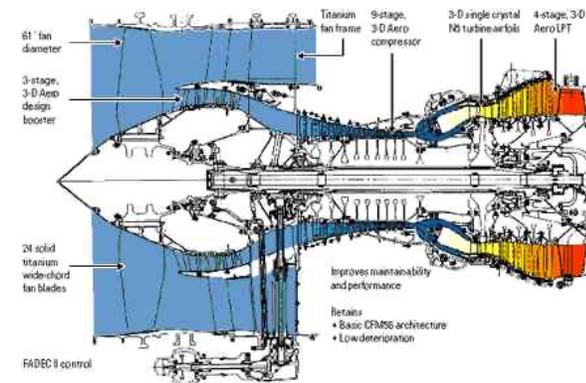
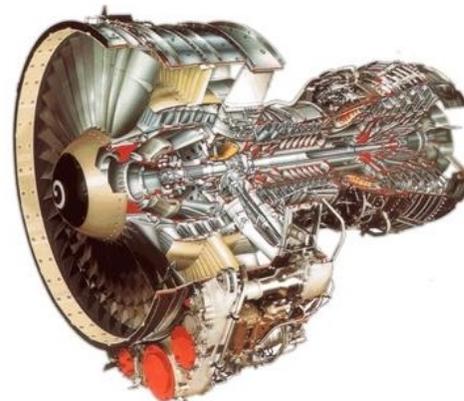
## PW Geared Turbofan - cross section



# CFM LEAP-X

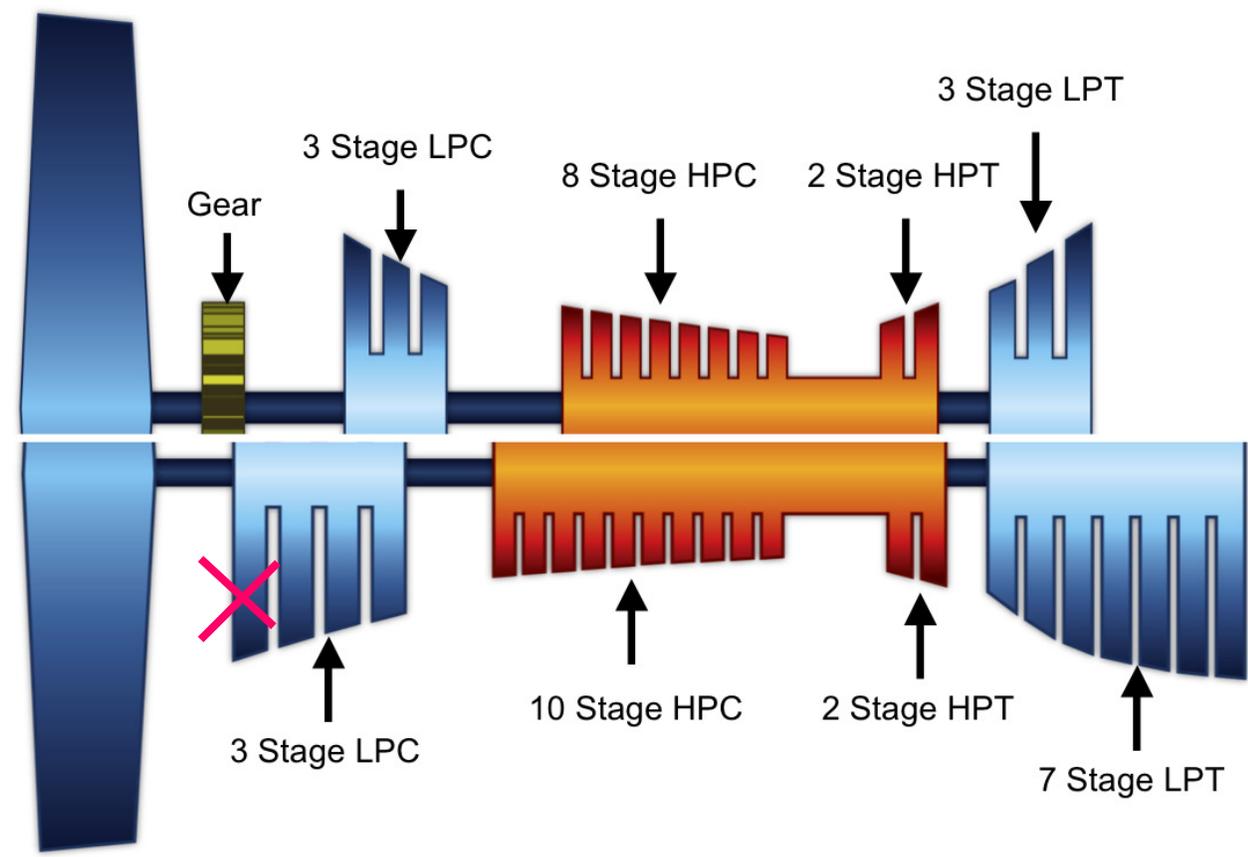


## Legacy CFM-56



# Comparison

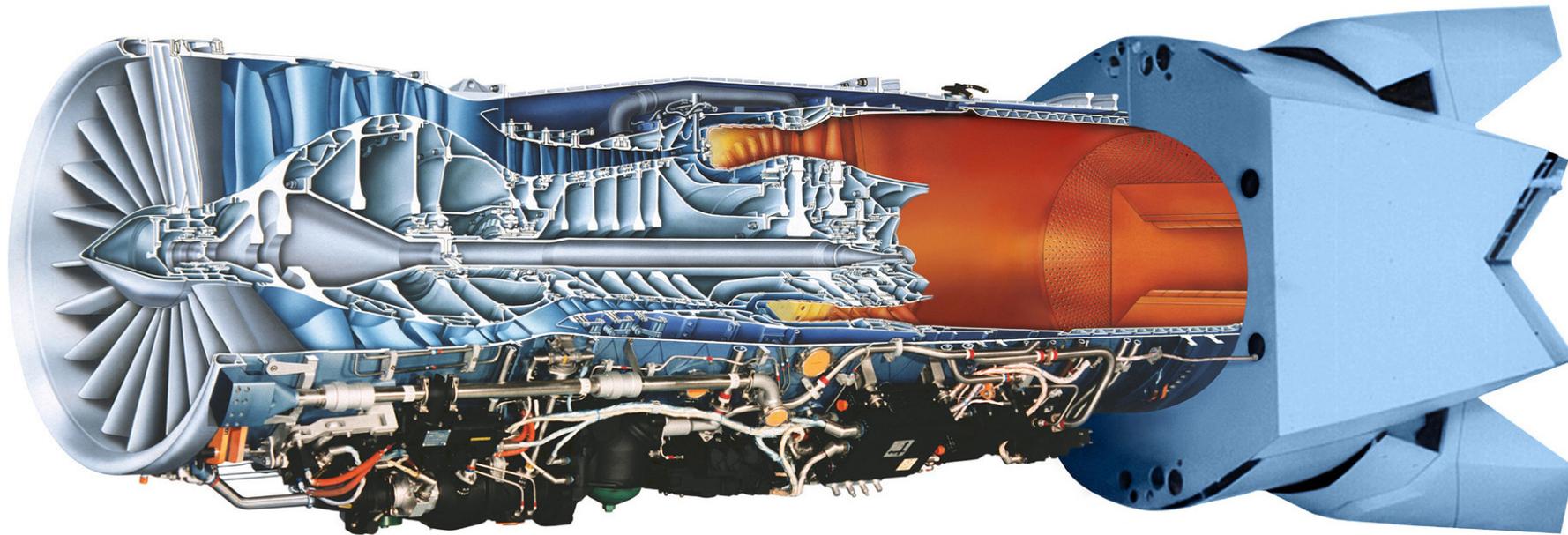
PW1100G



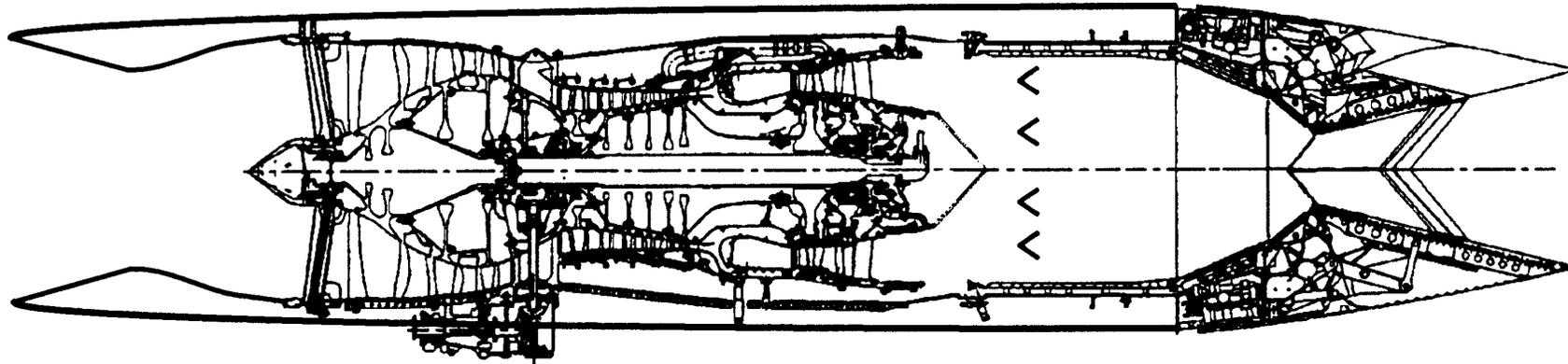
LEAP

Aircraft – A320 neo, B737 MAX

## Pratt and Whitney F119



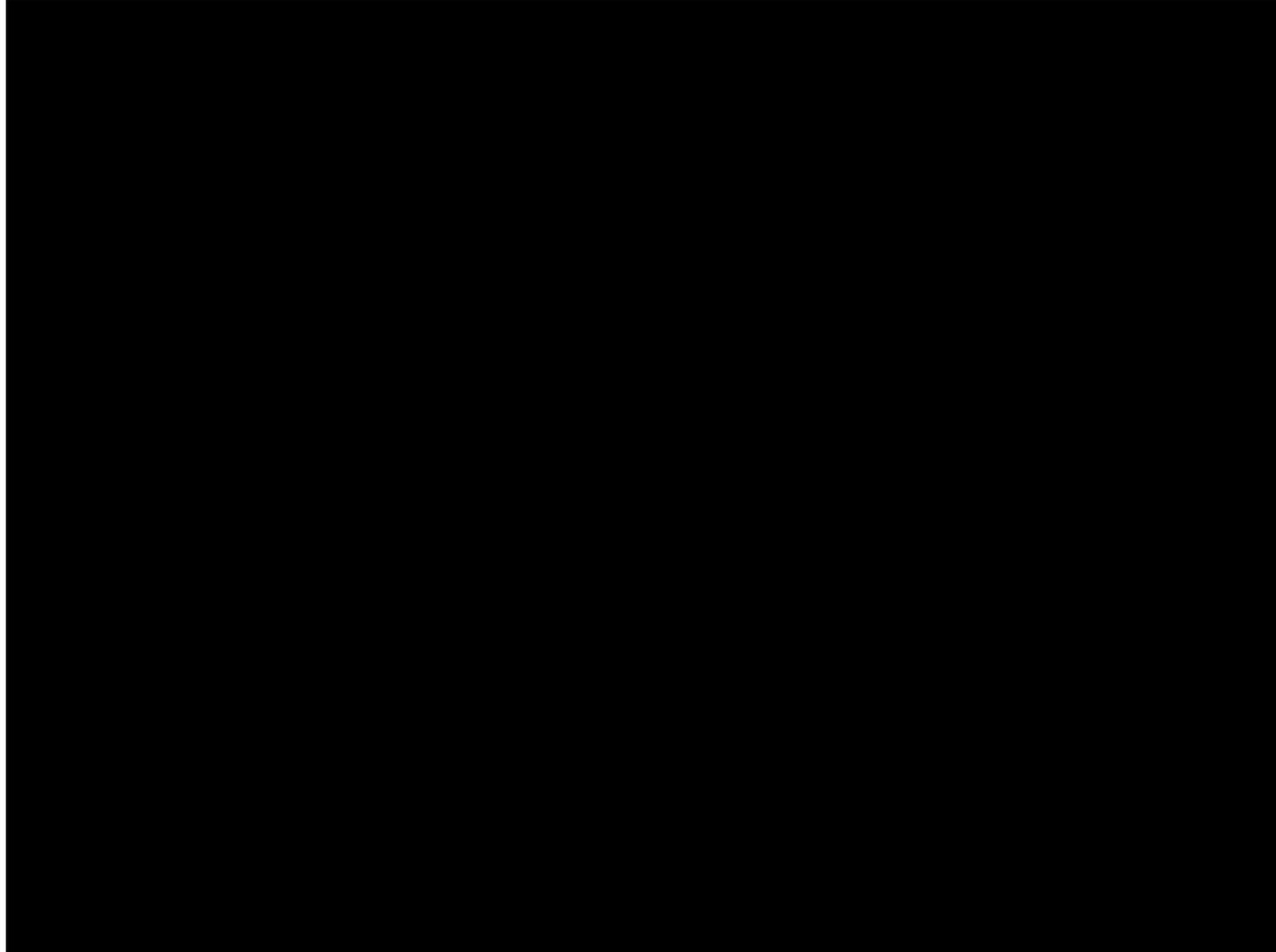
## Pratt and Whitney F119



## 2-D Supersonic Nozzles: The US Air Force's new fighter the F-22



Video of the vectored nozzle used on the F-22.





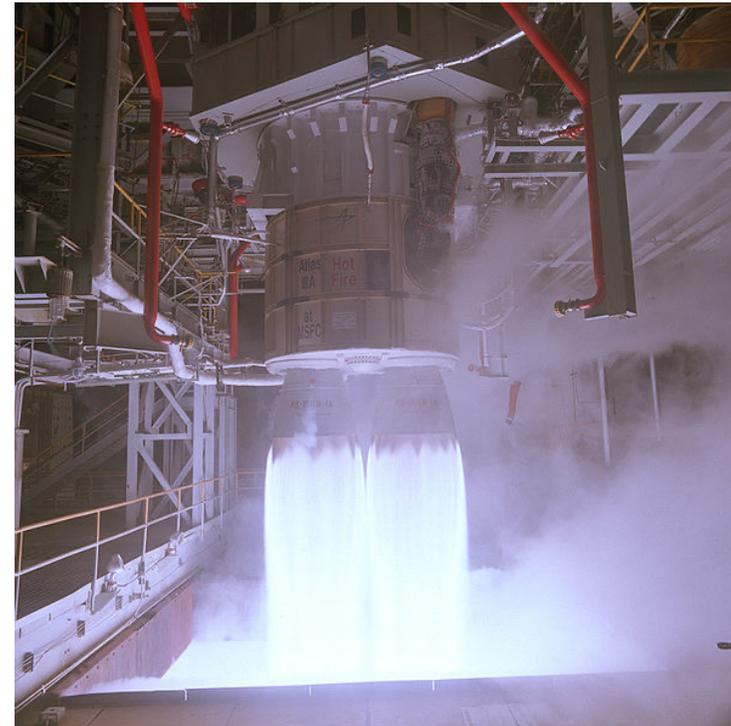
# Rolls-Royce LiftSystem<sup>®</sup>

Providing STOVL capability for the F-35B Joint Strike Fighter



# Saturn V - F1 Engine



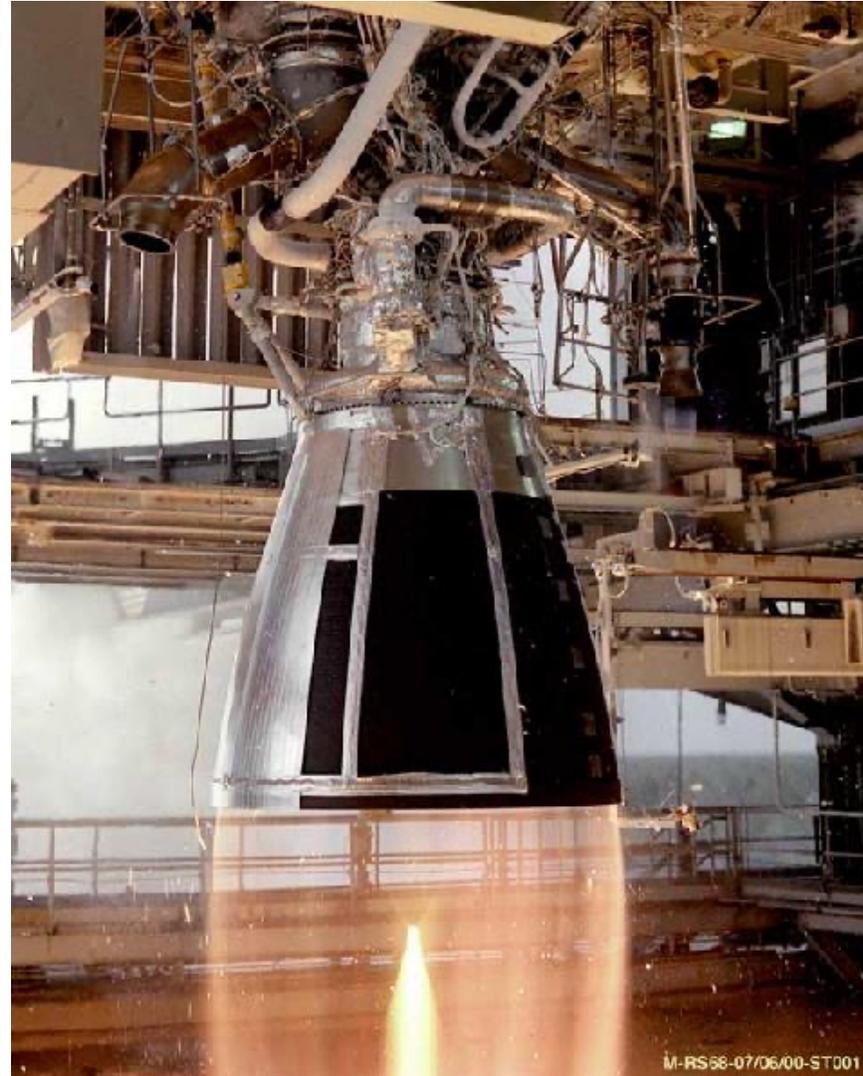


# Space Shuttle Main Engine

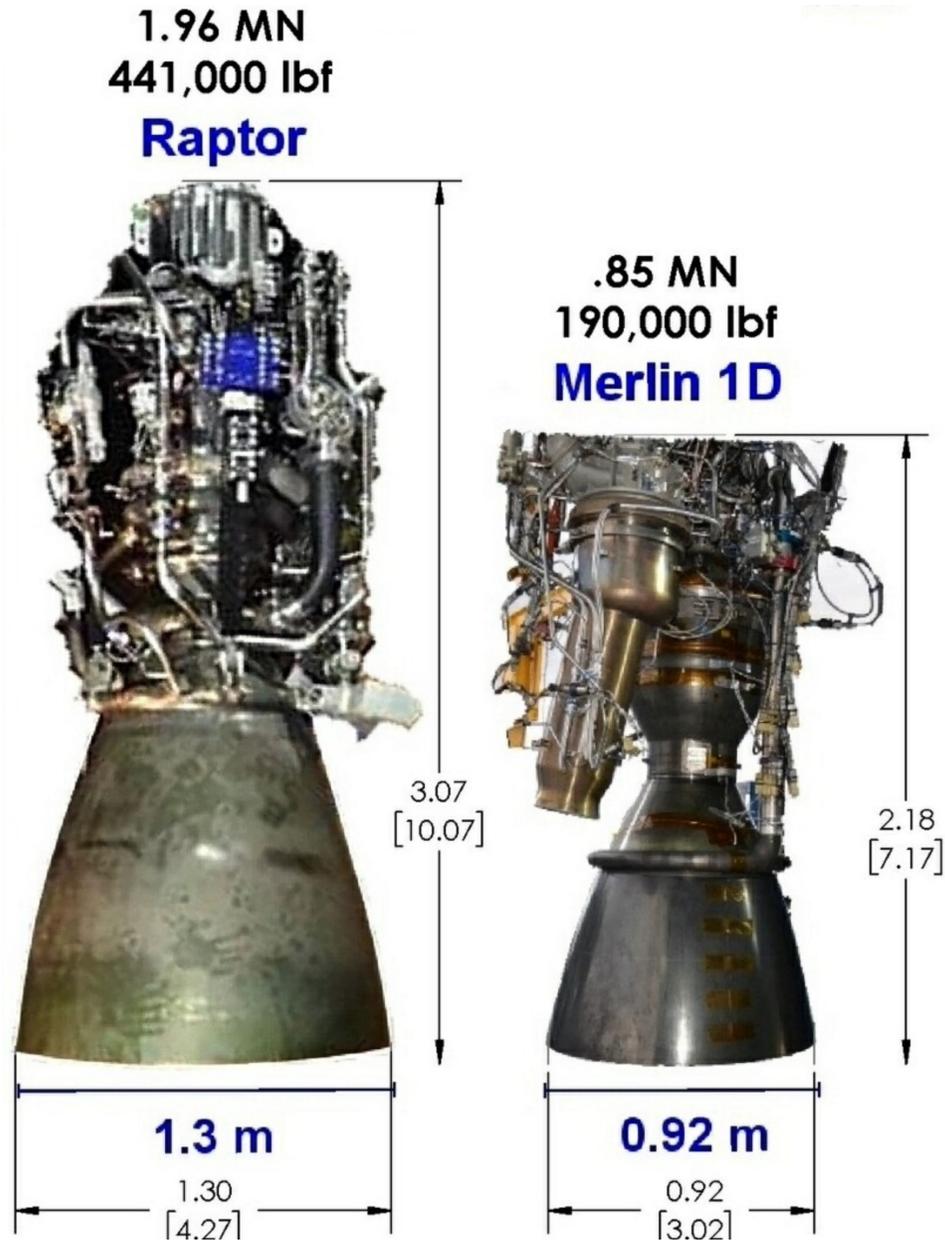




## Pratt and Whitney RS 68

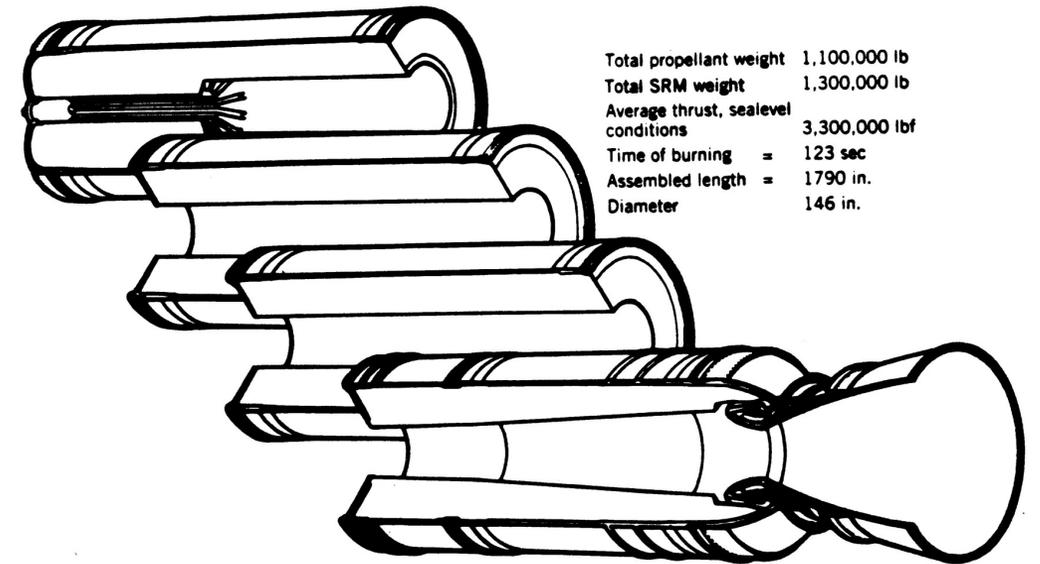


# SpaceX Merlin and Raptor Engines



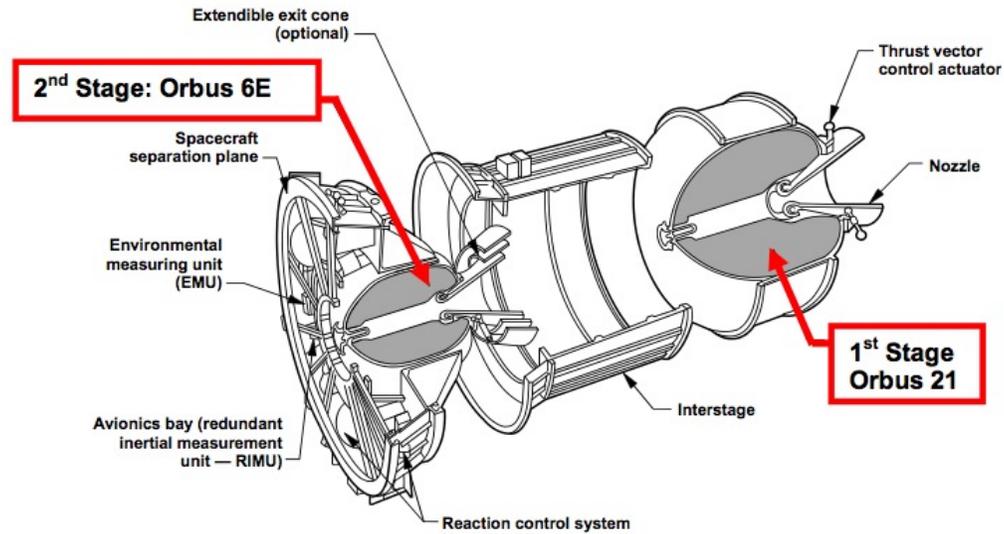
Falcon 9

## Space Shuttle Solid Rocket Booster

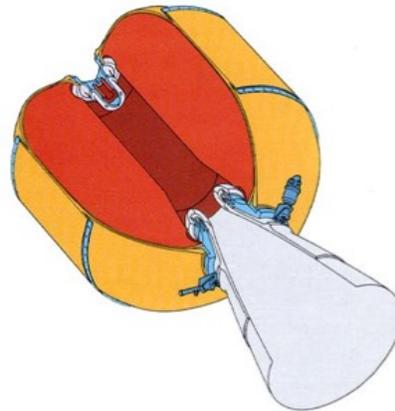


Total propellant weight	1,100,000 lb
Total SRM weight	1,300,000 lb
Average thrust, sealevel conditions	3,300,000 lbf
Time of burning	= 123 sec
Assembled length	= 1790 in.
Diameter	146 in.

# Boeing – CSD Inertial Upper Stage

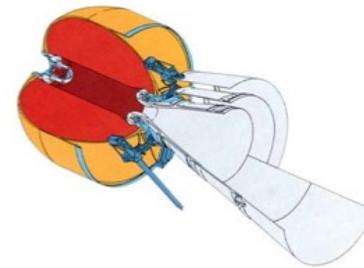


Air Force/NASA IUS, built by Boeing, a 2-Stage Space Vehicle using CSD's Orbus 21 and Orbus 6E Solid Propellant Rockets. It was Configured to Fly off both the Shuttle and Titan Launch Vehicles



Orbus 21: IUS 1<sup>st</sup> Stage

Diameter = 92-in  
Wp = 21,400-lb



Orbus 6E: IUS 2<sup>nd</sup> Stage

Diameter = 63-in  
Wp = 6,000-lb

# Hybrid Rocket Motor Test at NASA Ames

