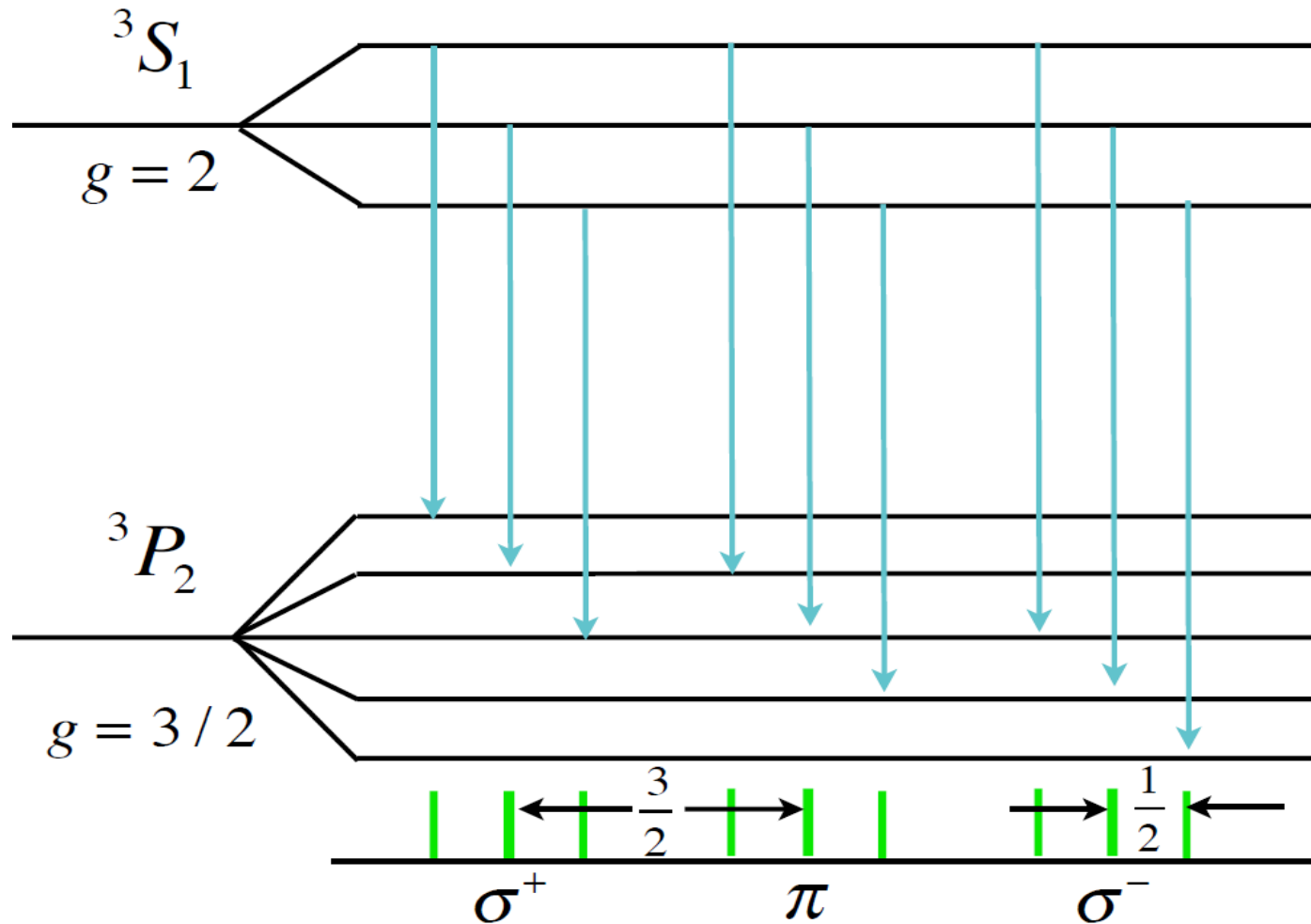


The Zeeman Effect:

Mercury Fine Structure and Determination of e/m

Edwin Ng | 14 March 2012

Theory of the Zeeman Effect



Relating FP Spectrum to Energy

- ▶ Governing equation for Fabry-Perot

$$\delta\lambda = \frac{\lambda^2}{2L} \frac{\delta\theta}{\Delta\theta}$$

- ▶ Relate this to the energy of a splitting

$$\delta E = \frac{hc}{\lambda^2} \delta\lambda = \frac{hc}{2L} \frac{\delta\theta}{\Delta\theta}$$



Governing Equation for e/m

- ▶ From theory of the Zeeman effect,

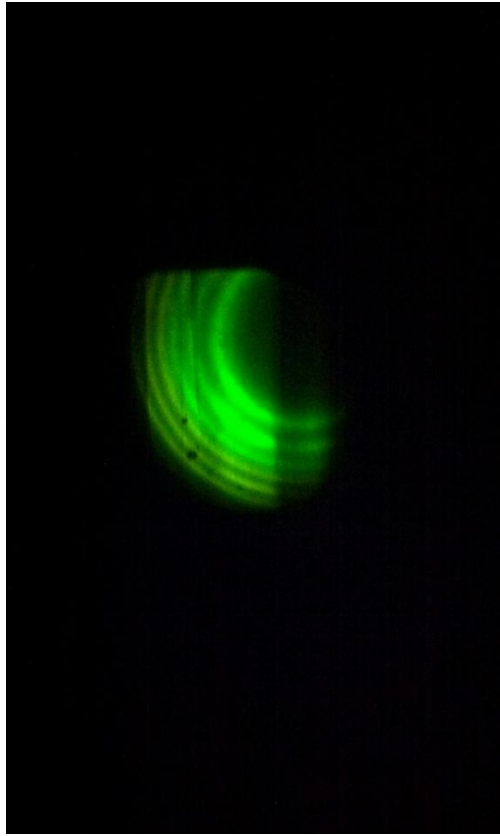
$$\mu_0 B \delta g = \delta E = \frac{hc}{2L} \frac{\delta \theta}{\Delta \theta}$$

- ▶ Solve for e/m in the Bohr magneton

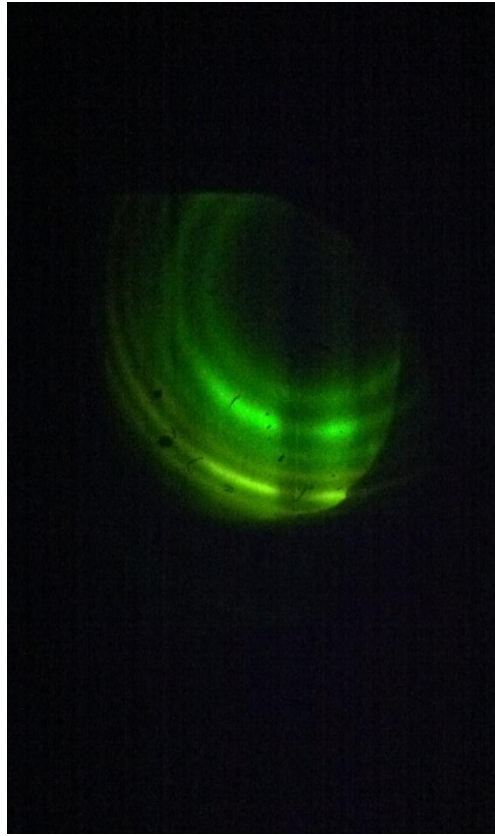
$$\frac{e}{m} = \frac{2\pi c}{BL \delta g} \frac{\delta \theta}{\Delta \theta}$$



Zeeman Splitting: Pictures



Unpolarized



σ Polarized

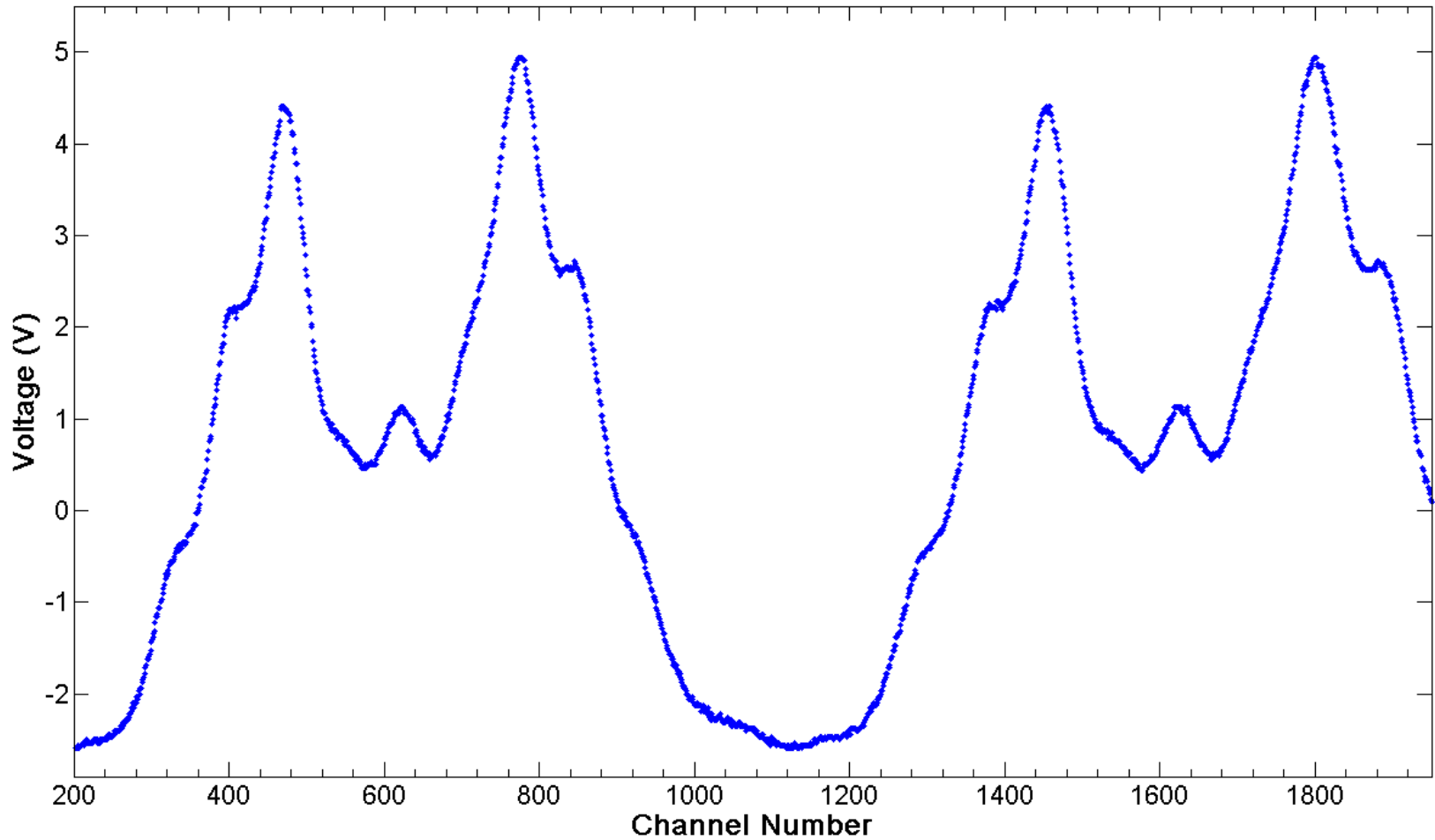


π Polarized



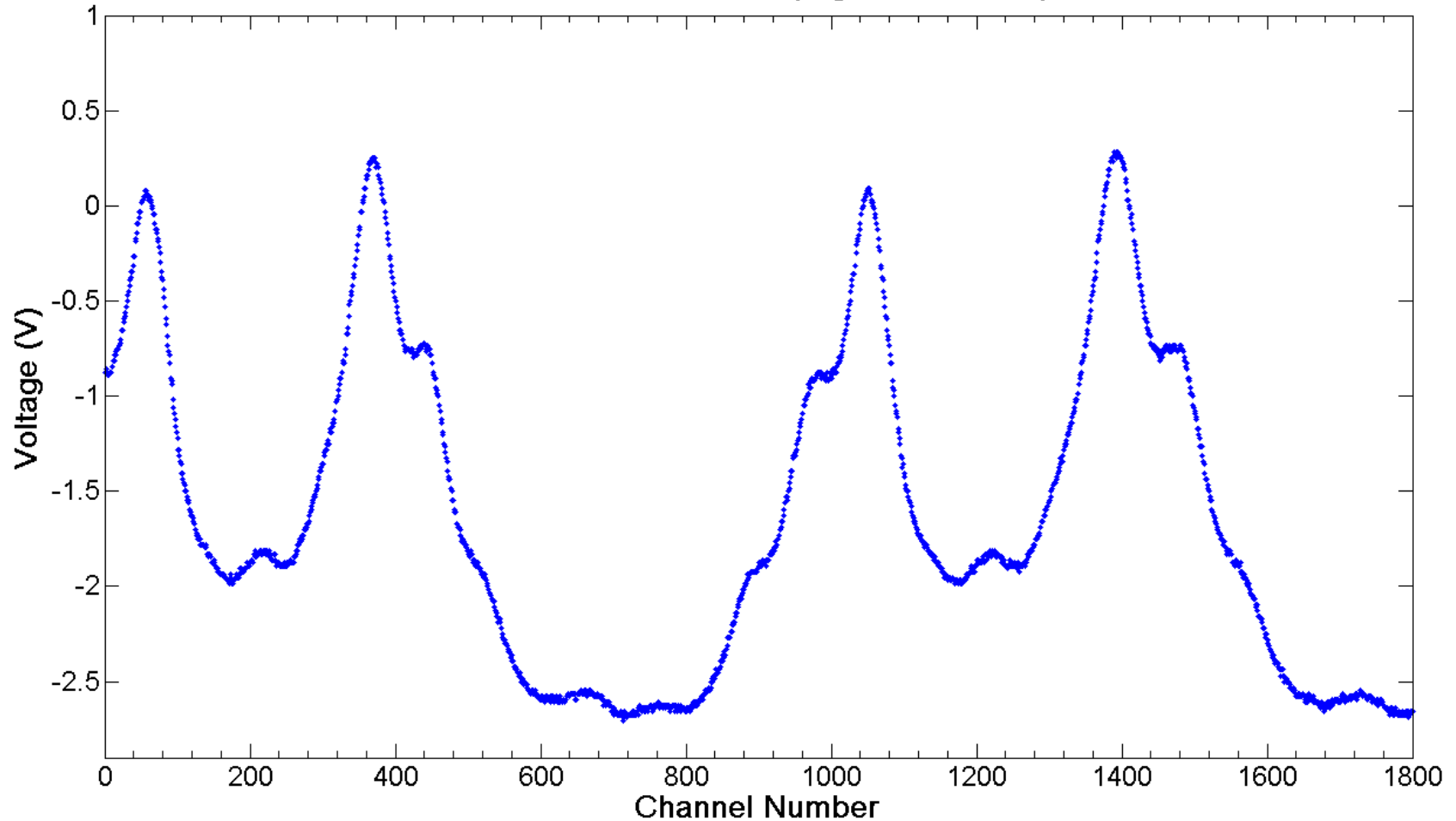
Zeeman Splitting: Interferograms

Green Line at 11.7 kG (No Polarizer)



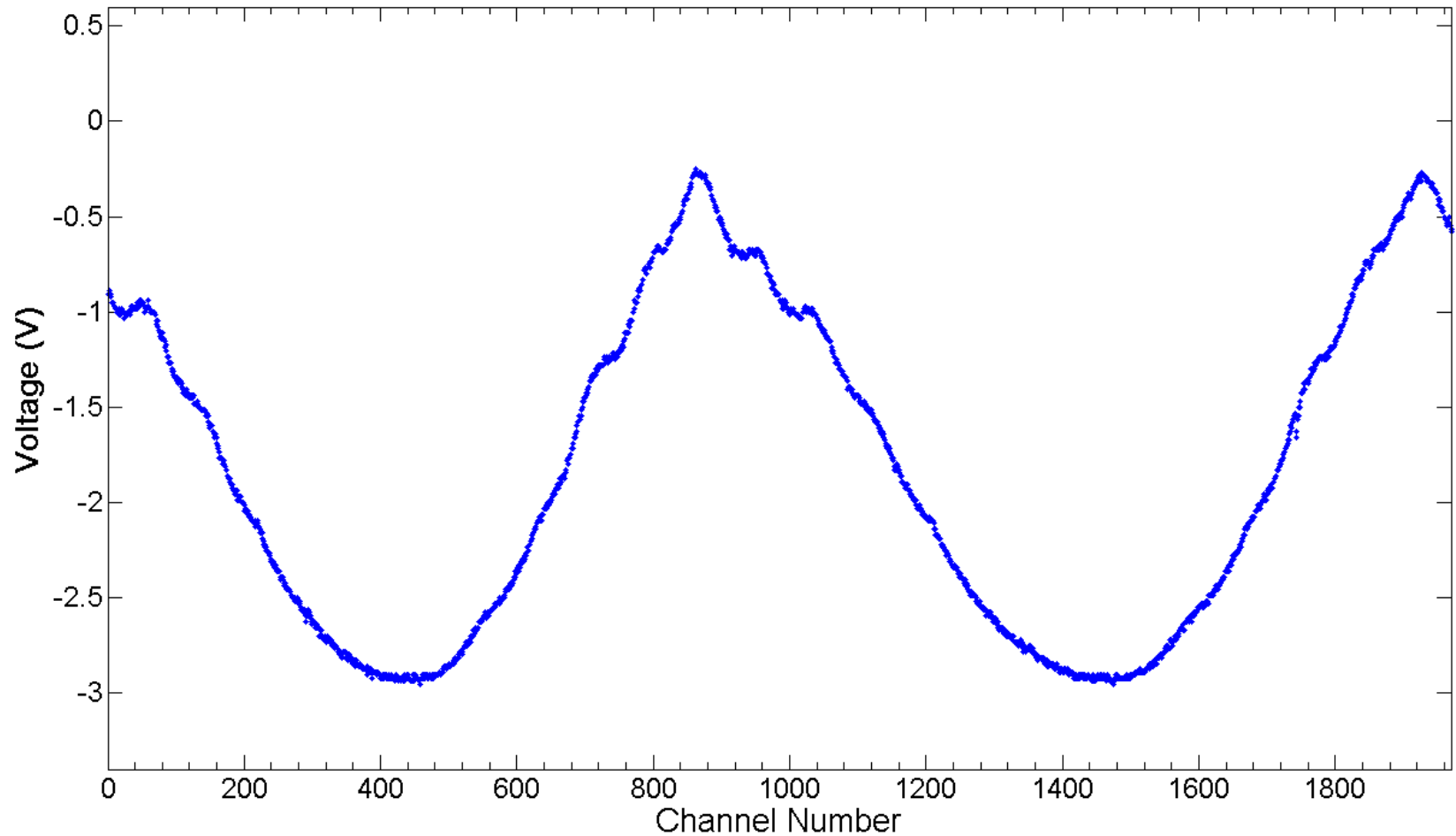
Zeeman Splitting: Interferograms

Green Line at 11.7 kG (Sigma Polarized)



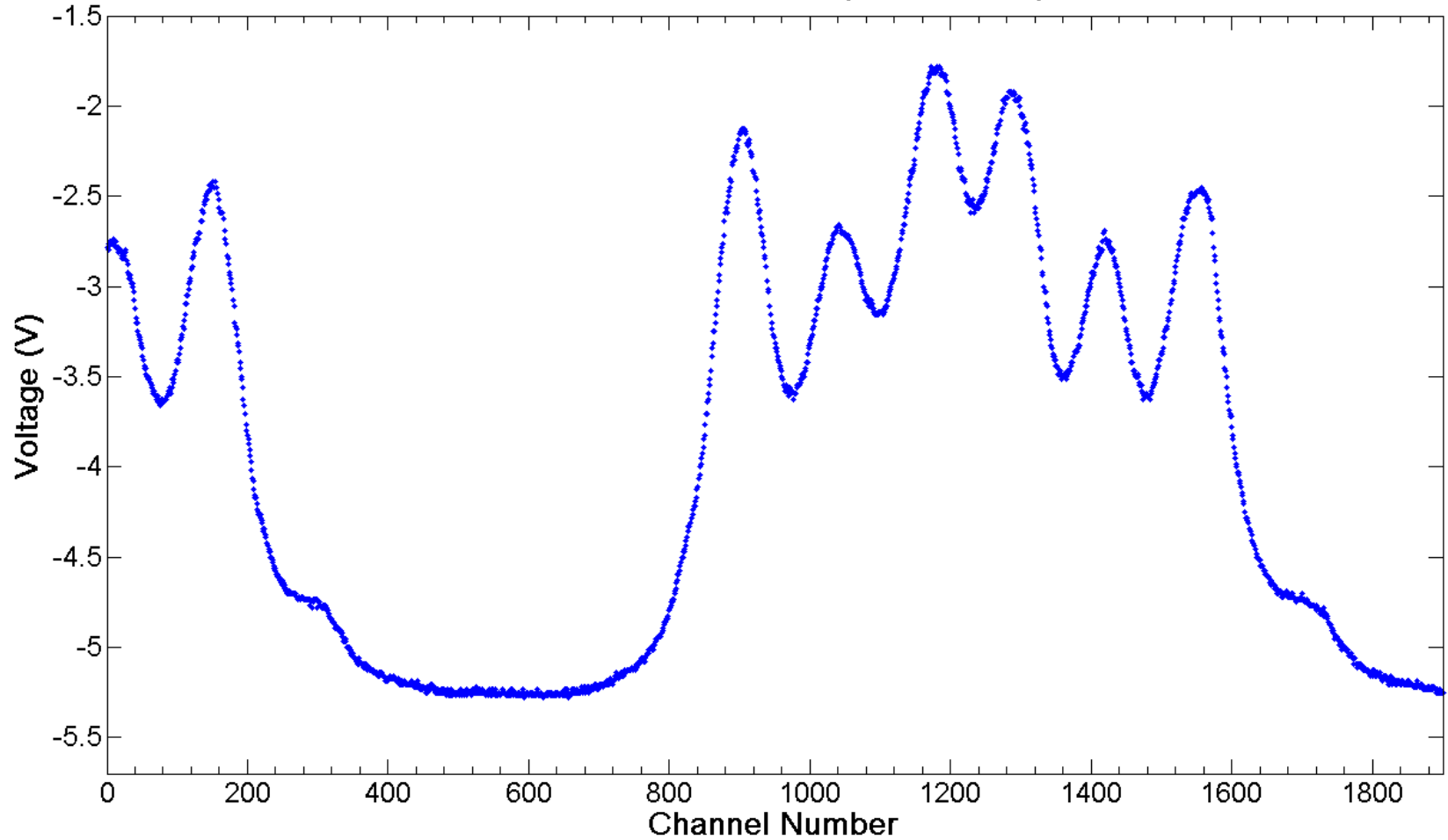
Zeeman Splitting: Interferograms

Green Line at 11.7 kG (Pi Polarized)



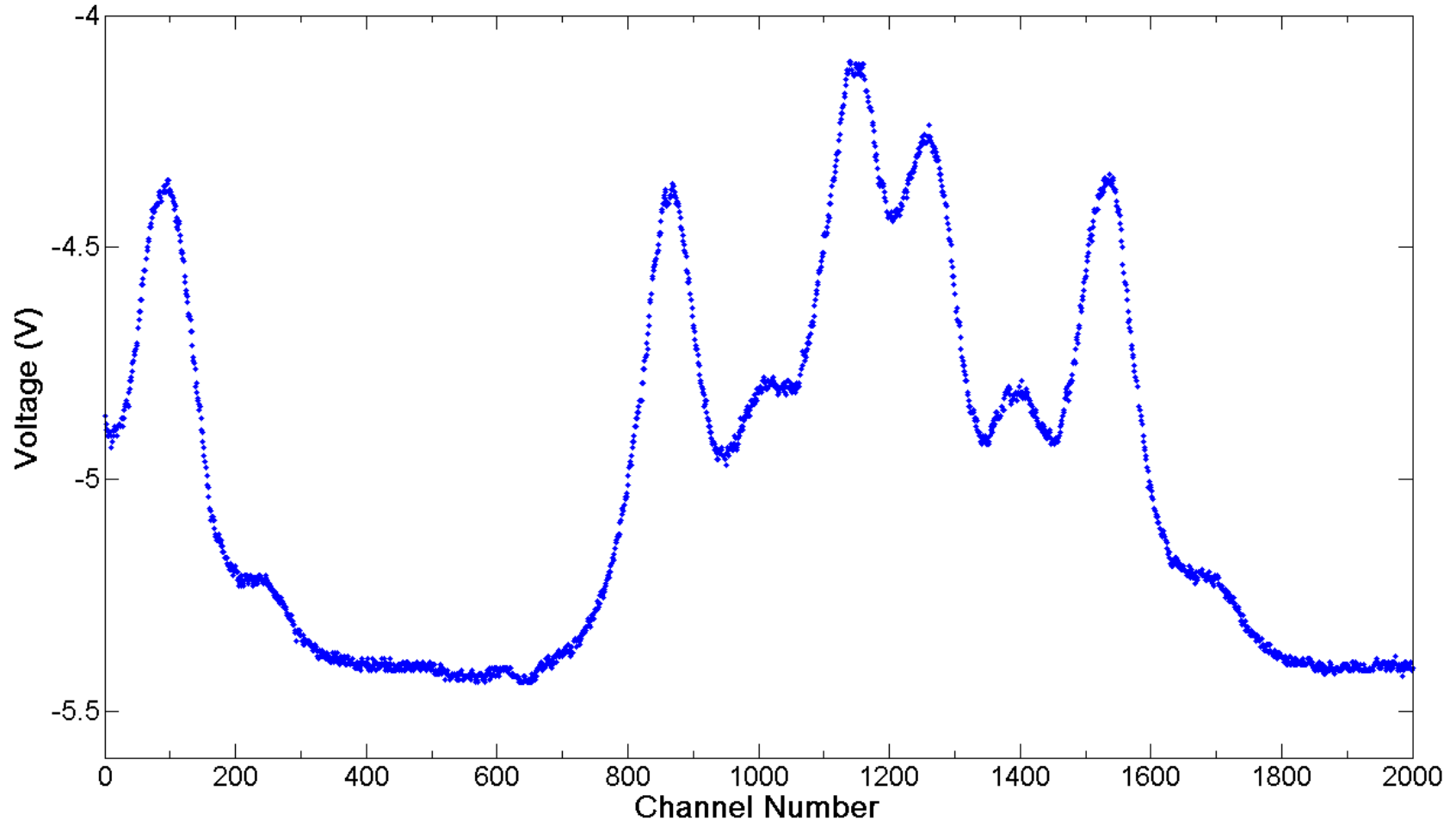
Zeeman Splitting: Interferograms

Yellow Line at 6.32 kG (No Polarizer)



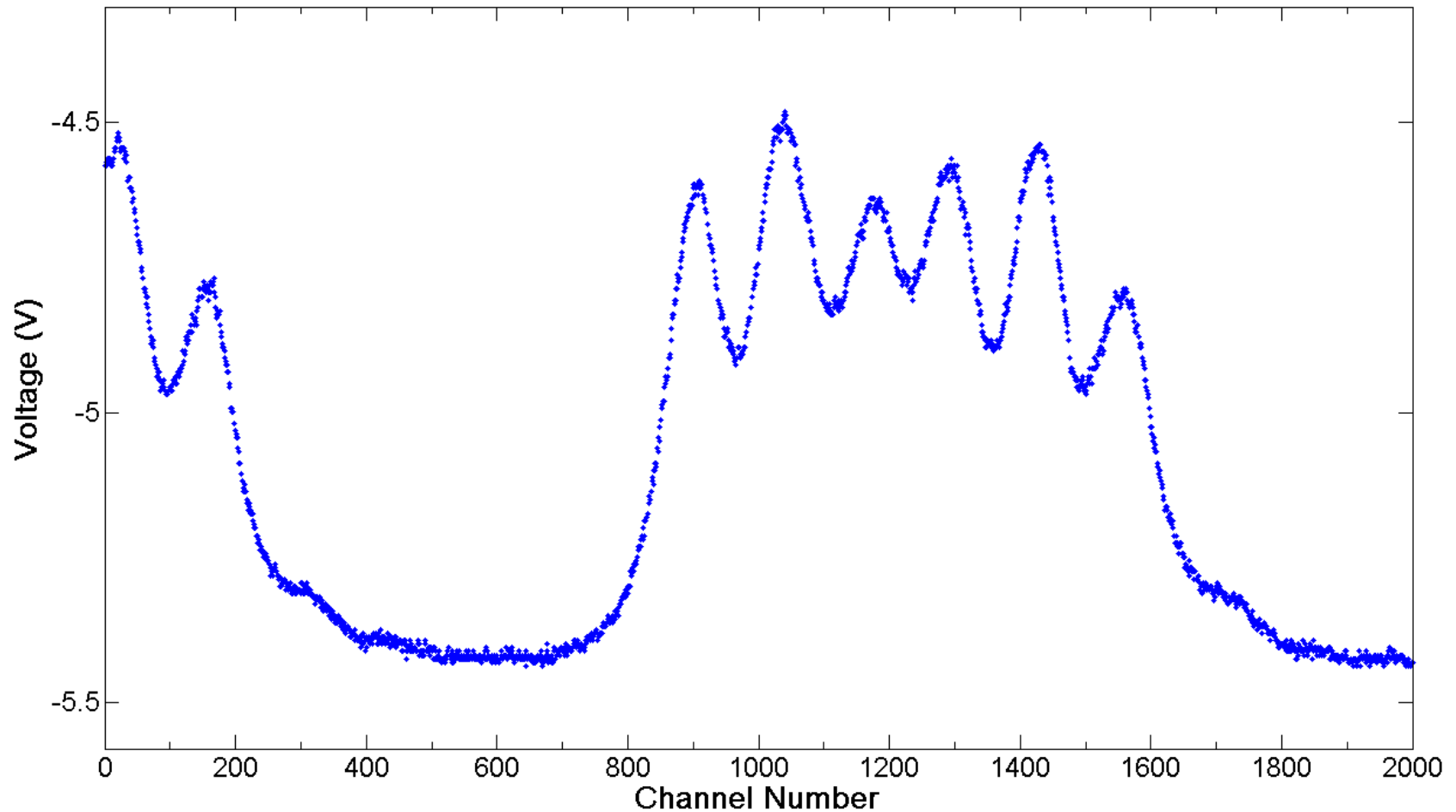
Zeeman Splitting: Interferograms

Yellow Line at 6.32 kG (Sigma Polarized)



Zeeman Splitting: Interferograms

Yellow Line at 6.32 kG (Pi Polarized)



Fitting Procedure: Overview

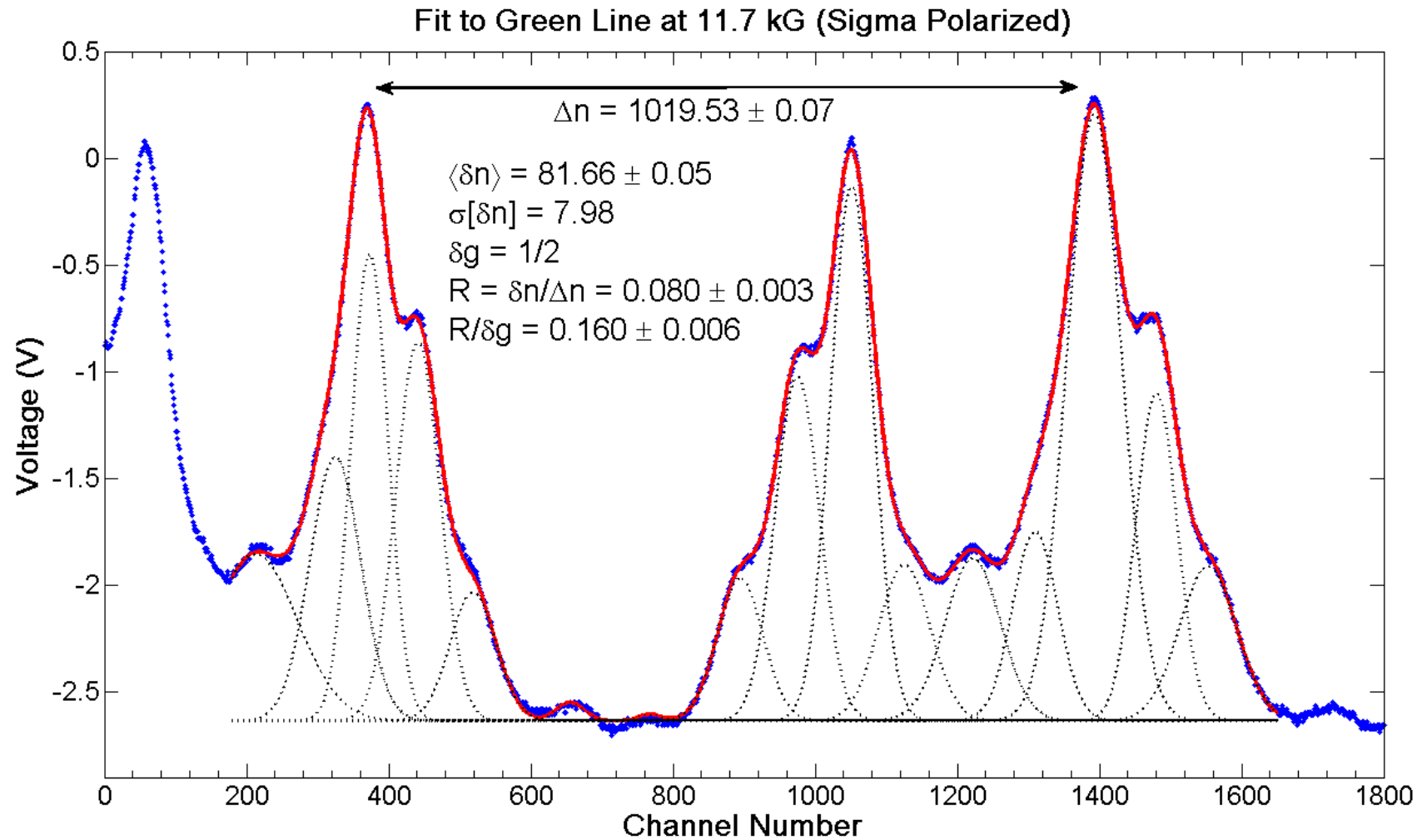
- ▶ Fit selected regions of interferogram with a sum of Gaussians on top of a background

$$y = b + \sum_j A_j \exp \left[-\frac{(x - n_j)^2}{2\sigma_j^2} \right]$$

- ▶ Interested in n_j which give peak positions
-



Fitting Procedure: Method I

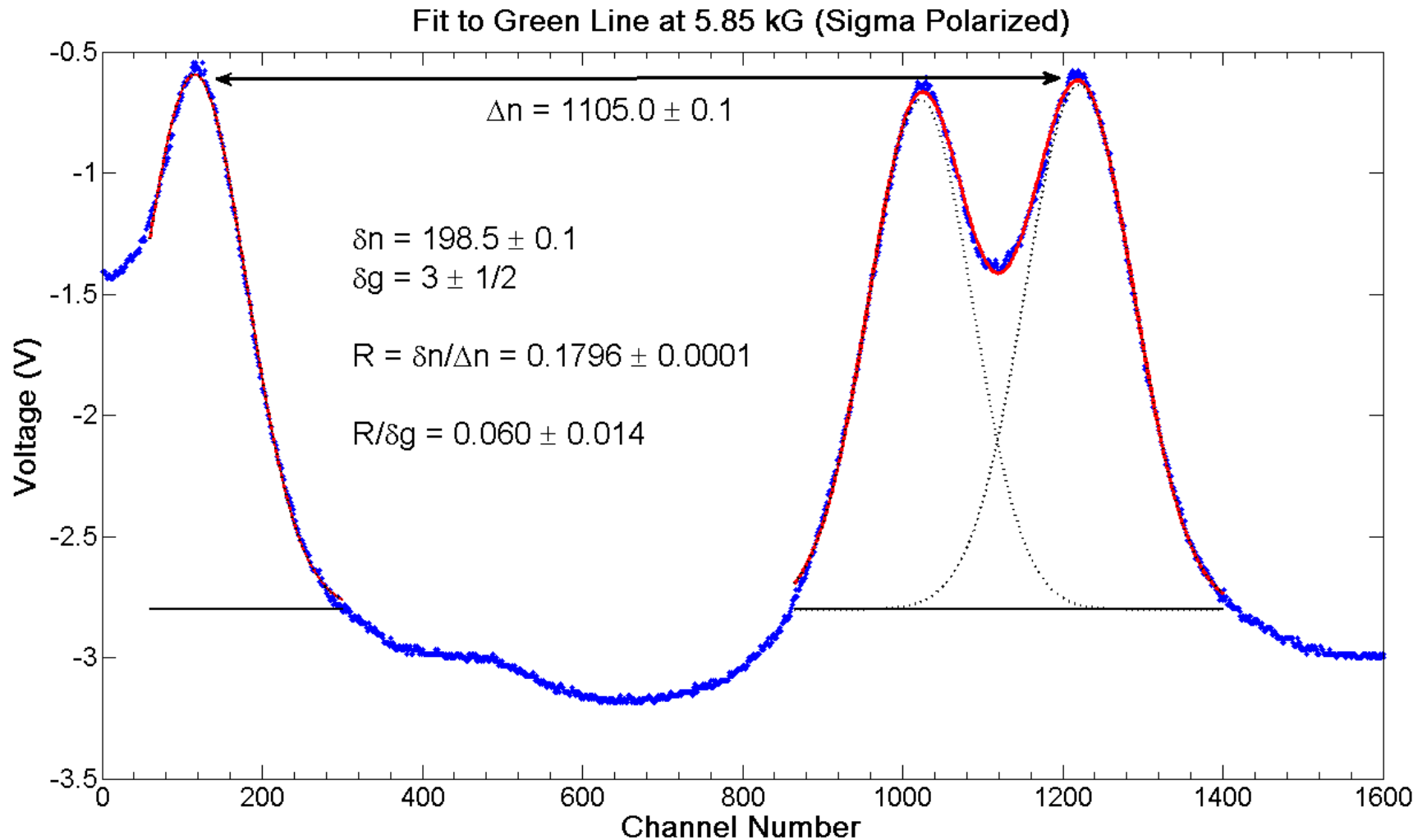


Fitting Procedure: Method I Summary

- ▶ δn is the *average* of consecutive peaks
- ▶ Uncertainties on δn :
 - ▶ Statistical uncertainty: Uncertainty of splitting $n_j - n_{j-1}$
 - ▶ Systematic uncertainty: S.D. of all such splittings divided by square root of (peaks-1)
- ▶ Δn is the FSR (diff. between two reference peaks)
- ▶ The ratio $R = \delta n / \Delta n$ propagates all uncertainties
- ▶ Finally, extract $R / \delta g$ ($\delta g = 1/2$ for green)



Fitting Procedure: Method II



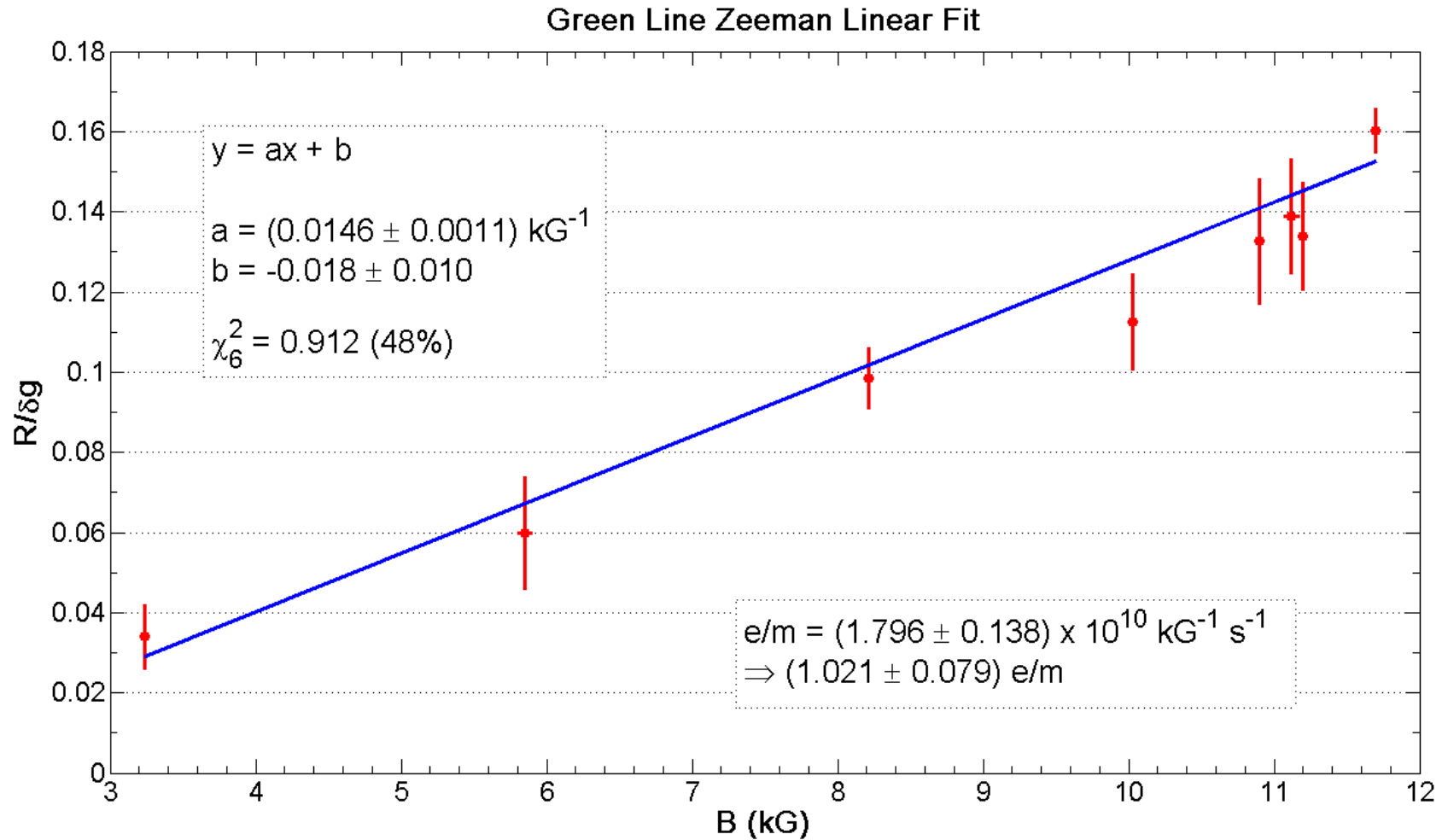
Fitting Procedure: Method II Summary

- ▶ δn is splitting of two *representative* lines
- ▶ Uncertainty on δn is just uncertainty of $n_j - n_{j-1}$
- ▶ Δn is the FSR (diff. between two reference peaks)
- ▶ Calculate the ratio $R = \delta n / \Delta n$ (small uncertainty)

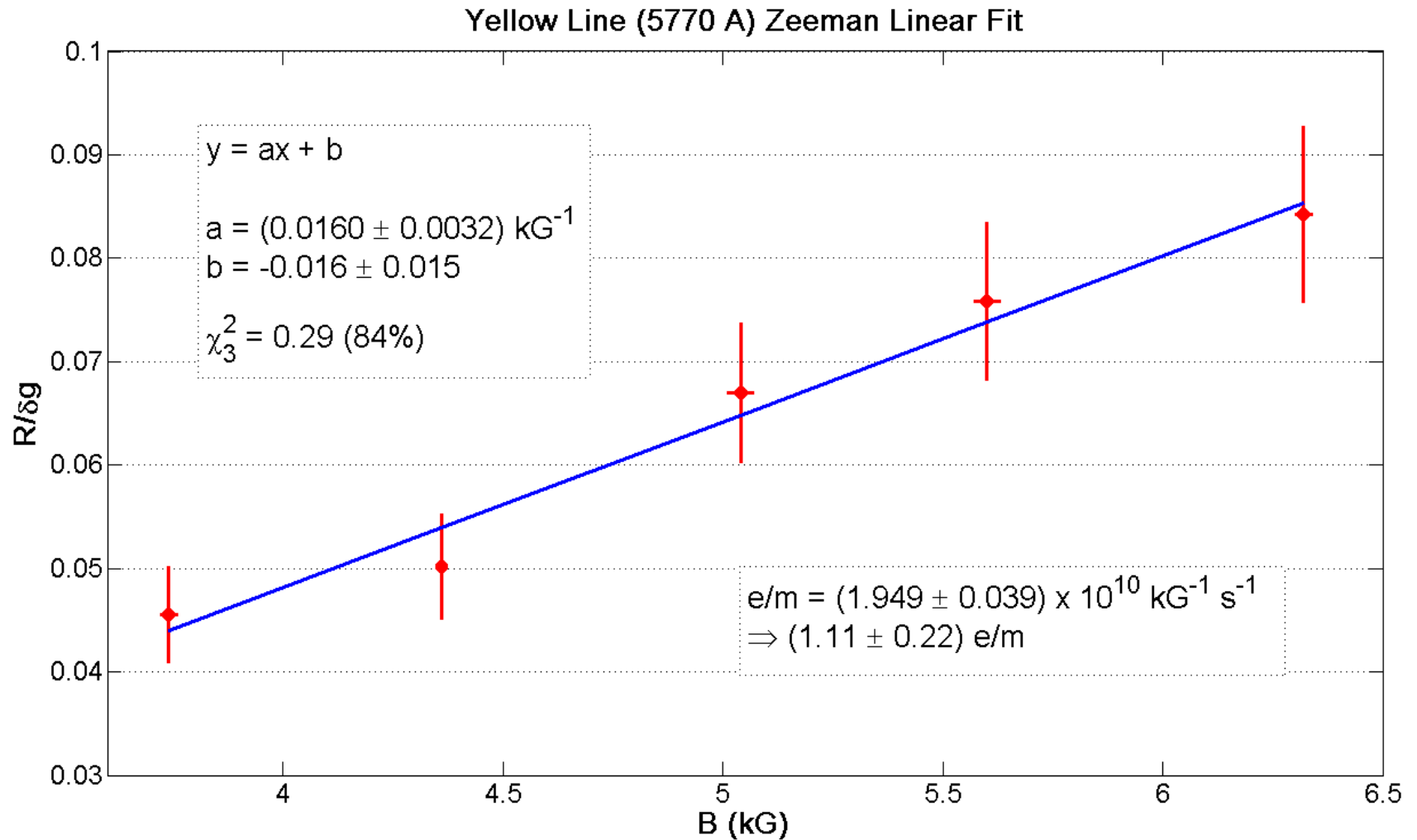
- ▶ δg is now between the two *representative* lines
 - ▶ $\delta g = 3$ for σ - σ green; $\delta g = 14/6$ for σ - σ 5770 yellow
- ▶ Uncertainty on δg : neighboring (unresolved) lines
 - ▶ $\pm 1/2$ for green line and $\pm 1/6$ for 5770 yellow



e/m From Green Line



e/m From Yellow Line (5770 Å)



Conclusions

- ▶ Observed splitting of energy degeneracy by Zeeman effect
- ▶ Observed polarization of emitted photons
- ▶ Final determination of e/m
 - ▶ $(1.813 \pm 0.130_{\text{rand.}} \pm 0.076_{\text{syst.}}) \times 10^{10} \text{ kG}^{-1}\text{s}^{-1}$
 - ▶ Correct value: $1.759 \times 10^{10} \text{ kG}^{-1}\text{s}^{-1}$
 - ▶ Result: $(1.031 \pm 0.074_{\text{rand.}} \pm 0.043_{\text{syst.}}) e/m$



Question and Answer

